

Two variable Linear Regression Model:

Following Assumptions were taken:

- 1) The regression model is linear in parameters.
- 2) Zero mean value of disturbance.
- 3) Zero covariance between the independent term and disturbance term.
- 4) Homoscedasticity is present i.e. variance of disturbance term is constant.
- 5) No autocorrelation between the disturbance terms.

Setting Hypothesis:

Null Hypothesis, H_0 : There is no significant difference between two variables i.e. there is no relation exist between dependent and independent variables.

Alternative Hypothesis, H_1 : There is significant difference between two variables i.e. there is some relation exist between dependent and independent variables.

Test Statistic:

Importing Libraries:

In [1]:

```
import math
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

Assigning values to the variables:

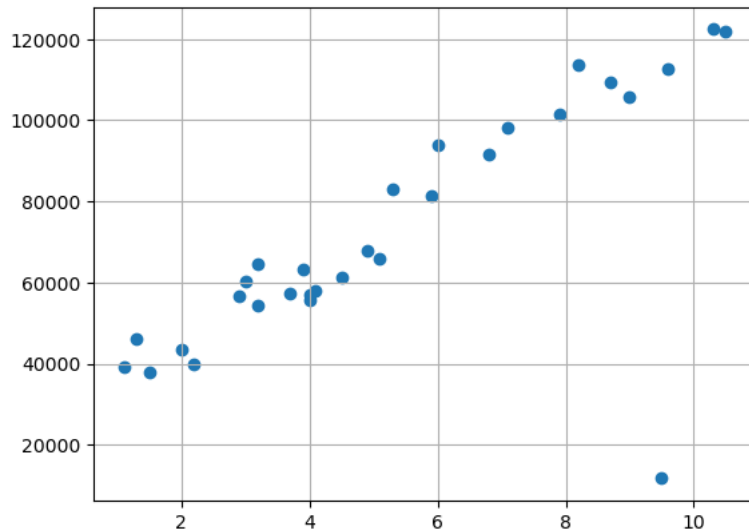
In [2]:

```
with open("file.txt", "r") as f: #To read data from .txt file
    data=f.readlines()
    l=[]
    for i in data:
        l.append(i.strip().split(","))
    X = [eval(i) for i in l[0][1:]] #Independent Variable
    Y = [eval(i) for i in l[1][1:]] #Dependent Variable
    print("Y =",Y)
    print("X =",X)
```

```
Y = [39343, 46205, 37731, 43525, 39891, 56642, 60150, 54445, 64445, 57189, 63218, 55794, 56957, 57891, 61111, 67938, 66029,
83088, 81363, 93940, 91738, 98273, 101302, 113812, 109431, 105582, 11696, 112635, 122391, 121872]
X = [1.1, 1.3, 1.5, 2.0, 2.2, 2.9, 3.0, 3.2, 3.2, 3.7, 3.9, 4.0, 4.0, 4.1, 4.5, 4.9, 5.1, 5.3, 5.9, 6.0, 6.8, 7.1, 7.9, 8.
2, 8.7, 9.0, 9.5, 9.6, 10.3, 10.5]
```

In [3]:

```
plt.scatter(X,Y)
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



In [4]:

```
sum_X=0
for i in range(len(X)):
    sum_X=sum_X+X[i]
mean_X=sum_X/len(X)
print("Mean of X( $\bar{X}$ )=",mean_X)
```

Mean of $X(\bar{X}) = 5.313333333333335$

In [5]:

```
sum_X2=0
for i in range(len(X)):
    sum_X2=sum_X2+(X[i]*X[i])
print("  $\Sigma X^2$  =",sum_X2)
```

$$\Sigma X^2 = 1080.5$$

In [6]:

```
sum_Y=0
for j in range(len(Y)):
    sum_Y=sum_Y+Y[j]
mean_Y=sum_Y/len(Y)
print("Mean of Y( $\bar{Y}$ ) =", mean_Y)
```

Mean of $Y(\bar{Y}) = 72520.9$

In [7]:

```
sum_Y2=0
for j in range(len(Y)):
    sum_Y2=sum_Y2+(Y[j]*Y[j])
print("ΣY^2 =",sum_Y2)
```

$$\Sigma Y^2 = 181636834897$$

Calculating deviation of X from it's mean i.e. x:

In [8]:

```
x=[]
for i in range(len(X)):
    dx=X[i]-mean_X
    x.append(dx)
print("(X- $\bar{X}$ ) =", x)
```

```
(X- $\bar{X}$ ) = [-4.213333333333333, -4.013333333333334, -3.813333333333335, -3.313333333333335, -3.113333333333333, -2.41333333
3333336, -2.313333333333335, -2.113333333333333, -2.113333333333333, -1.613333333333333, -1.413333333333336, -1.31333
3333333335, -1.313333333333335, -1.213333333333338, -0.813333333333335, -0.413333333333331, -0.2133333333333382, -0.0
13333333333333641, 0.5866666666666669, 0.6866666666666665, 1.4866666666666664, 1.7866666666666662, 2.586666666666667, 2.886
6666666666666, 3.386666666666666, 3.6866666666666665, 4.186666666666665, 4.286666666666666, 4.986666666666667, 5.1866666666
666665]
```

Square of Deviation of X i.e. x^2 :

In [9]:

```
x2=[]
sum_x2=0
for k in range(len(x)):
    dx2=x[k]**2
    x2.append(dx2)
    sum_x2=sum_x2+dx2
print(" $\sum(X-\bar{X})^2$  =", sum_x2)
```

$$\sum(X-\bar{X})^2 = 233.55466666666663$$
Calculating deviation of Y from it's mean i.e. y:

In [10]:

```
y=[]
for j in range(len(Y)):
    dy=Y[j]-mean_Y
    y.append(dy)
print("(Y- $\bar{Y}$ ) =", y)
```

```
(Y- $\bar{Y}$ ) = [-33177.899999999994, -26315.899999999994, -34789.899999999994, -28995.899999999994, -32629.899999999994, -15878.89
9999999994, -12370.899999999994, -18075.899999999994, -8075.899999999994, -15331.899999999994, -9302.899999999994, -16726.8
99999999994, -15563.899999999994, -14629.899999999994, -11409.899999999994, -4582.899999999994, -6491.899999999994, 10567.1
00000000006, 8842.100000000006, 21419.100000000006, 19217.100000000006, 25752.100000000006, 28781.100000000006, 41291.10000
0000006, 36910.100000000006, 33061.100000000006, -60824.899999999994, 40114.100000000006, 49870.100000000006, 49351.1000000
00006]
```

Square of Deviation of Y i.e. y^2 :

In [11]:

```
y2=[]
sum_y2=0
for l in range(len(y)):
    dy2=y[l]**2
    y2.append(dy2)
    sum_y2=sum_y2+dy2
print(" $\sum(Y-\bar{Y})^2$  =", sum_y2)
```

$$\sum(Y-\bar{Y})^2 = 23858406792.7$$
Product of deviation of X and Y i.e. xy and it's sum i.e. $\sum xy$:

In [12]:

```
xy=[]
sum_xy=0
for m in range(len(x)):
    dxy=x[m]*y[m]
    xy.append(dxy)
    sum_xy=sum_xy+dxy
print(" $\sum xy$  =", sum_xy)
```

$$\sum xy = 1765357.0399999996$$

Calculating β_2 _cap:

In [13]:

```
B2_cap=sum_xy/sum_x2
print("Estimated value of  $\beta_2$  =", B2_cap)
```

Estimated value of β_2 = 7558.645970108353**Calculating β_1 _cap:**

In [14]:

```
B1_cap=mean_Y-(B2_cap*mean_X)
print("Estimated value of  $\beta_1$  =",B1_cap)
```

Estimated value of β_1 = 32359.294412157607**Calculating estimated Y i.e. Y_cap:**

In [15]:

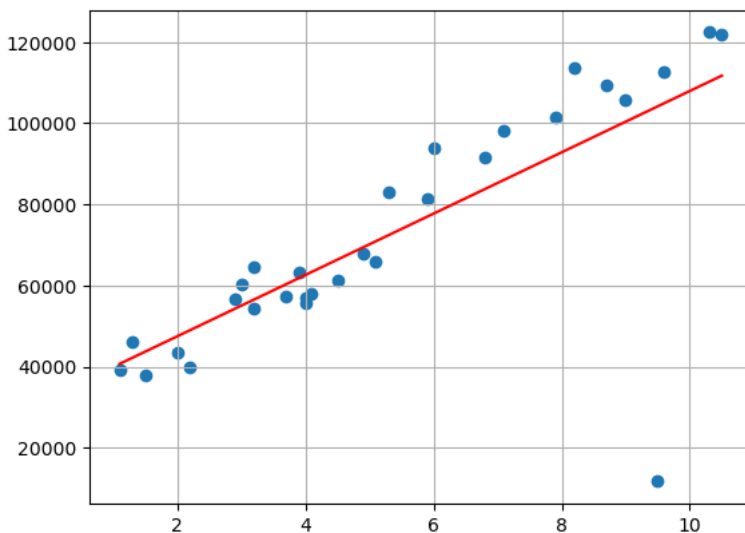
```
Y_cap=[]
for i in range(len(X)):
    Y=B1_cap+(B2_cap*X[i])
    Y_cap.append(Y_)
print("Estimated value of Y =",Y_cap)
```

Estimated value of Y = [40673.8049792768, 42185.53417329847, 43697.263367320134, 47476.58635237432, 48988.315546395985, 54279.367725471835, 55035.23232248267, 56546.961516504336, 56546.961516504336, 60326.28450155852, 61838.013695580186, 62593.87829259102, 62593.87829259102, 63349.742889601854, 66373.20127764519, 69396.65966568854, 70908.3888597102, 72420.11805373189, 76955.30563579689, 77711.17023280772, 83758.0870088944, 86025.68079992692, 92072.59757601359, 94340.19136704609, 98119.51435210026, 100387.10814313279, 104166.43112818696, 104922.2957251978, 110213.34790427366, 111725.07709829533]

Plotting Regression Line:

In [16]:

```
plt.scatter(X,Y)
plt.plot(X,Y_cap,'r')
plt.grid()
plt.show()
```



Calculating Stochastic Residual term i.e. μ_cap :

In [17]:

```
u_cap=[]
for n in range(len(Y)):
    e=Y[n]-Y_cap[n]
    u_cap.append(e)
print("Estimated value of error( $\mu$ ) =",u_cap)
```

Estimated value of error(μ) = [-1330.8049792767997, 4019.465826701533, -5966.263367320134, -3951.5863523743174, -9097.315546395985, 2362.632274528165, 5114.767677517331, -2101.961516504336, 7898.038483495664, -3137.284501558519, 1379.9863044198137, -6799.87829259102, -5636.87829259102, -5458.742889601854, -5262.201277645188, -1458.6596656885376, -4879.388859710205, 10667.881946268113, 4407.694364203111, 16228.829767192277, 7979.912991105593, 12247.319200073078, 9229.402423986408, 19471.808632953907, 11311.485647899739, 5194.891856867209, -92470.43112818696, 7712.704274802207, 12177.652095726342, 10146.922901704675]

Calculating Square of Stochastic Residual term i.e. μ^2_cap and it's Sum i.e. $\Sigma\mu^2_cap$:

In [18]:

```
u_cap2=[]
sum_u2=0
for c in range(len(u_cap)):
    e_2=u_cap[c]**2
    u_cap2.append(e_2)
    sum_u2=sum_u2+e_2
print("Σ $\mu^2\_cap$  =",sum_u2)
```

$\Sigma\mu^2_cap$ = 10514697916.501587

Calculating Sigma cap Square i.e. σ^2_cap :

In [19]:

```
sigma_2=sum_u2/(len(X)-2)
print("σ $^2\_cap$  =",sigma_2)
```

σ^2_cap = 375524925.5893424

Calculating Variance of β_2_cap :

In [20]:

```
var_B2_cap=sigma_2/sum_x2
print("Variance of  $\beta_2\_cap$  =",var_B2_cap)
```

Variance of β_2_cap = 1607867.361200272

Calculating Standard Error of β_2_cap :

In [21]:

```
SD_B2_cap=math.sqrt(var_B2_cap)
print("Standard Error of  $\beta_2\_cap$  =",SD_B2_cap)
```

Standard Error of β_2_cap = 1268.017098149813

T-Statistic for β_2 :

In [22]:

```
T_B2=B2_cap/SD_B2_cap
print("T-test of  $\beta_2\_cap$  =",T_B2)
```

T-test of β_2_cap = 5.960996883352214

Calculating Variance of β_1_cap :

In [23]:

```
var_B1_cap=sigma_2*(sum_X2/(len(X)*sum_x2))
print("Variance of  $\beta_1\_cap$  =",var_B1_cap)
```

Variance of β_1_cap = 57910022.792563125

Calculating Standard Error of β_{1_cap} :

```
In [24]:
SD_B1_cap=math.sqrt(var_B1_cap)
print("Standard Error of  $\beta_{1\_cap}$  =",SD_B1_cap)

Standard Error of  $\beta_{1\_cap}$  = 7609.863519969535
```

T-Statistic for β_1 :

```
In [25]:
T_B1=B1_cap/SD_B1_cap
print("T-test of  $\beta_{1\_cap}$  =",T_B1)

T-test of  $\beta_{1\_cap}$  = 4.252283149000174
```

Calculating Explained Sum of Squares i.e. ESS:

```
In [26]:
ESS=B2_cap*B2_cap*sum_x2
print("Explained Sum of Squares =",ESS)

Explained Sum of Squares = 13343708876.198406
```

Calculating Residual Sum of Squares i.e. RSS:

```
In [27]:
RSS=sum_u2
print("Residual sum of Squares =",RSS)

Residual sum of Squares = 10514697916.501587
```

Calculating Total Sum of Squares i.e. TSS:

```
In [28]:
TSS=ESS+RSS
print("Total Sum of Squares =",TSS)

Total Sum of Squares = 23858406792.699993
```

Calculating Coefficient of Determination i.e. r^2 :

```
In [29]:
r_2=ESS/TSS
print("Regression Coefficient( $r^2$ ) =",r_2)

Regression Coefficient( $r^2$ ) = 0.559287507843198
```

ANOVA Table:

```
In [30]:
data={"Source of Variation":["Due to Regression(ESS)","Due to Residuals(RSS)","Total sum of Squares(TSS)"],
      "Sum of Squares":[ESS,RSS,TSS],
      "Degree of Freedom":[1,len(X)-2,len(X)-1],
      "Mean Sum of Squares":[ESS/1,RSS/(len(X)-2),TSS/(len(X)-1)]}
df=pd.DataFrame(data)
df.head()

Out[30]:
```

	Source of Variation	Sum of Squares	Degree of Freedom	Mean Sum of Squares
0	Due to Regression(ESS)	1.334371e+10	1	1.334371e+10
1	Due to Residuals(RSS)	1.051470e+10	28	3.755249e+08
2	Total sum of Squares(TSS)	2.385841e+10	29	8.227037e+08

F-Statistic:

In [31]:

```
F=(ESS/1)/(RSS/(len(X)-2))
print("F-test =",F)
```

F-test = 35.533483843334814

Level of significance:

Take level of significance as 0.05 or 5%.

Critical Values of T-statistic and F-statistic:

Tabulated Values of T-statistic:

In [32]:

```
t_tabulated=[12.71,4.303,3.182,2.776,2.571,2.447,2.365,2.306,2.262,2.228,2.201,2.179,2.160,2.145,2.131,2.120,2.110,2.101,2.093,2.086,2.080]
```

Tabulated Values of F-statistic:

In [33]:

```
f_tabulated=[161.4476,18.5128,10.1280,7.7086,6.6079,5.9874,5.5914,5.3177,5.1174,5.9646,4.8443,4.7472,4.6672,4.6001,4.5431,4.4940,4.4513,4
```

Confidence Interval:

In [34]:

```

CI_1=B2_cap+(t_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1]*SD_B2_cap)
CI_2=B2_cap-(t_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1]*SD_B2_cap)
if (CI_1>CI_2):
    print("Range of confidence interval of B1_cap will be from ",CI_2," to ",CI_1)
else:
    print("Range of confidence interval of B1_cap will be from ",CI_1," to ",CI_2)

```

Range of confidence interval of B1 cap will be from 4969.355055686436 to 10147.93688453027

Result:

In [35]:

```
print("Y_cap = ({B1_cap}) + ({B2_cap}) X_cap \t r_2 = {r_2}")
print("S.E. = ({SD_B1_cap}) ({SD_B2_cap}) \t\t d.f. = {len(X)-2} ")
print("F-T-test = ({T_B1}) ({T_B2}) \t\t t tab = {t_tabulated[{len(X)-2}+1]}")
```

$$\begin{aligned} Y_{\text{cap}} &= (32359.294412157607) + (7558.645970108353) X_{\text{cap}} & r_2 &= 0.559287507843198 \\ \text{S.E.} &= (7609.863519969535) & (1268.017098149813) & \text{d.f.} = 28 \\ \text{T-test} &= (4.252283149000174) & (5.960996883352214) & t_{\text{tab}} = 2.042 \end{aligned}$$

Interpretation:

In [36]:

```

print("1")
print("For  $\beta_1$  cap:")
print("Calculated t-value = ", T_B1, " and Tabulate t-value = ", t_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1])
if (B1_cap > t_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1]):
    print("Null Hypothesis is Rejected for  $\beta_1$  cap i.e. There is significant difference between two variables")
else:
    print("Null Hypothesis is Accepted for  $\beta_1$  cap i.e. there is no significant difference between two variables")

print()
print()
print("2")
print("For  $\beta_2$  cap:")
print("Calculated t-value = ", T_B2, " and Tabulate t-value = ", t_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1])
if (B2_cap > t_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1]):
    print("Null Hypothesis is Rejected for  $\beta_2$  cap i.e. There is significant difference between two variables")
else:
    print("Null Hypothesis is Accepted for  $\beta_2$  cap i.e. there is no significant difference between two variables")

print()
print()
print("3")
print("All over")
print("Calculated f-value = ", F, " and Tabulate f-value = ", f_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1])
if (F > f_tabulated[(len(X)-2)+1]):
    print("Null Hypothesis is Rejected for i.e. There is significant difference between two variables")
else:
    print("Null Hypothesis is Accepted for i.e. there is no significant difference between two variables")

print()
print()
print("4")
print("Point Estimation")
print("If there is a change of one unit in the value of X variable then the change in Y variable will be = ", B2_cap)

print()
print()
print("5")
print("Interval Estimation")
if (CI_1 > CI_2):
    print("If there is a change of one unit in the value of X variable then the change in Y variable will be in range from: \n", CI_2, " to")
else:
    print("If there is a change of one unit in the value of X variable then the change in Y variable will be in range from; \n ", CI_1, " to")

print()
print()
print("6")
print("Coefficient of Determination is ", r_2, " i.e. our model is ", 100*r_2, " explained.")

print()
print()
print("7")
print("We assumed 5% Level of Significance i.e. there are 95% chances that our estimated model is correct.")

```


1)

For β_{1_cap} :

Calculated t-value = 4.252283149000174 and Tabulate t-value = 2.042

Null Hypothesis is Rejected for β_{1_cap} i.e. There is significant difference between two variables

2)

For β_{2_cap} :

Calculated t-value = 5.960996883352214 and Tabulate t-value = 2.042

Null Hypothesis is Rejected for β_{2_cap} i.e. There is significant difference between two variables

3)

All over

Calculated f-value = 35.533483843334814 and Tabulate f-value = 4.1709

Null Hypothesis is Rejected for i.e. There is significant difference between two variables

4)

Point Estimation

If there is a change of one unit in the value of X variable then the change in Y variable will be = 7558.645970108353

5)

Interval Estimation

If there is a change of one unit in the value of X variable then the change in Y variable will be in range from:

4969.355055686436 to 10147.93688453027

6)

Coefficient of Determination is 0.559287507843198 i.e. our model is 55.9287507843198 explained.

7)

We assumed 5% Level of Significance i.e. there are 95% chances that our estimated model is correct.