

# Galaxy

Galaxy on the Cloud

[www.galaxyproject.org](http://www.galaxyproject.org)

# Ways to run Galaxy

Galaxy Main: easiest solution, but because it is a shared resource there are limitations

Quotas: 250GB maximum storage, at most 6 concurrent jobs

## Other public Galaxy servers

See <https://wiki.galaxyproject.org/PublicGalaxyServers>

## Run your own Galaxy *instance*

Separate Galaxy instance on dedicated hardware, either on your own compute resources or using cloud computing

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# Cloud computing

network accessible compute resources that can be rapidly acquired, configured, and released on demand

**Software As a Service:** Software directly accessed from a remote server (e.g. Galaxy main)

**Platform As A Service:** a development platform which provides high-level components for building applications (e.g. Heroku, Google App Engine)

**Infrastructure as a service:** Compute resources provided and configured on demand (compute nodes, storage, network)

# Infrastructure as a service

Compute resources provided and configured on demand (compute nodes, storage, network)

Public commercial: Amazon Web Services, Rackspace, ...

Build your own: Eucalyptus, Nimbus, OpenStack, ...

**Here we will user Amazon Web Services**

<http://aws.amazon.com>

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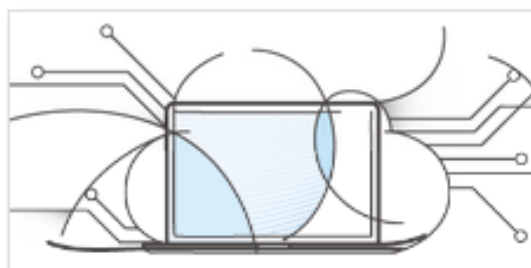
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Amazon EC2

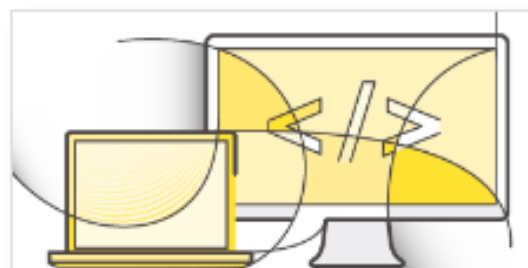
750 hours of Linux & Windows  
Micro Instances/month

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#### WHAT IS CLOUD COMPUTING?

Learn about the benefits  
of cloud computing.



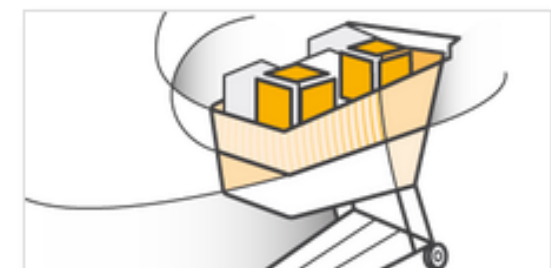
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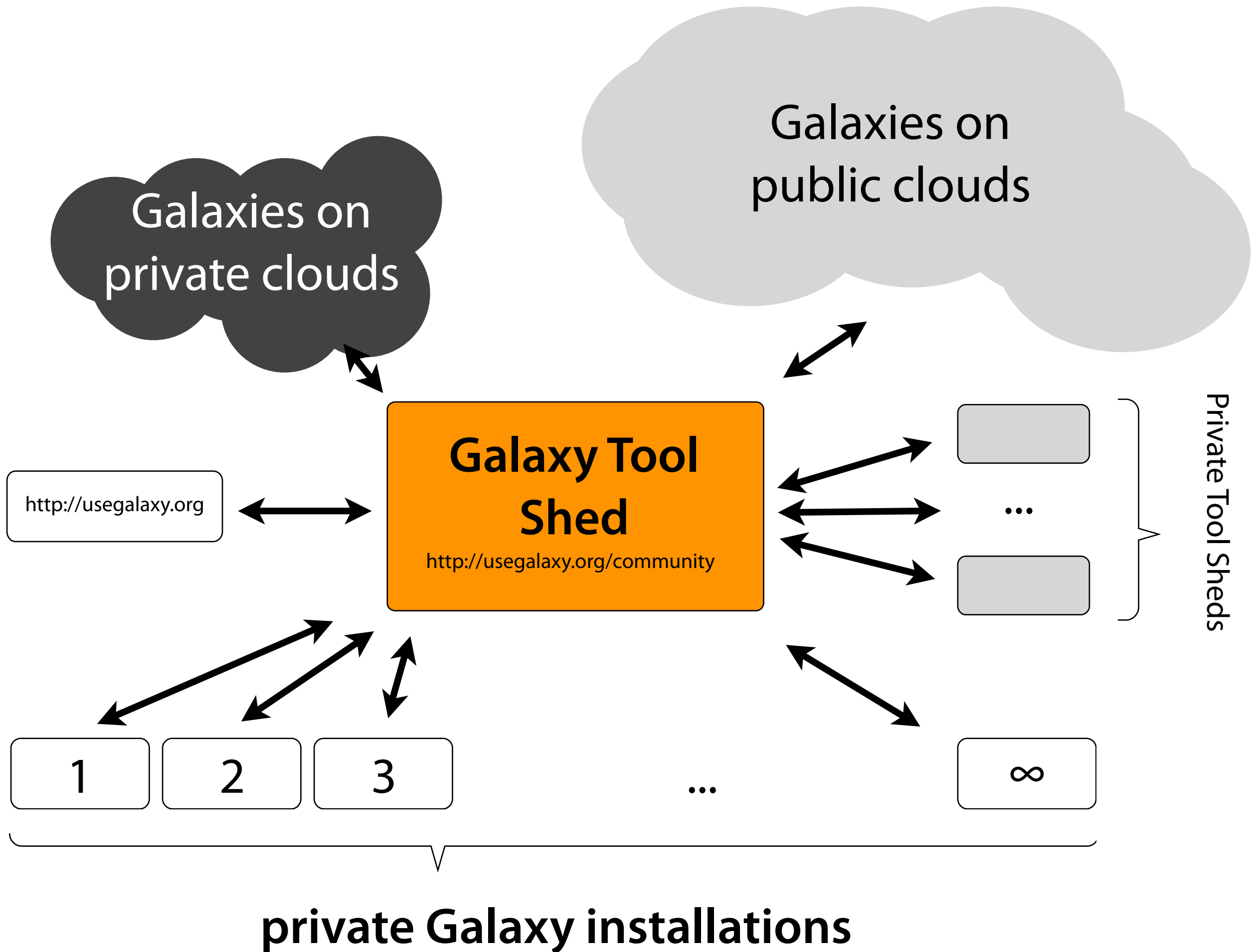
## Next Steps

Setup Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Create an AWS user for Galaxy

Get access keys from AWS console

Use clouddlaunch in Galaxy to launch a new  
instance using Cloudman



# Outline

Modify config file for administrator access and  
toolshed support

Install new tools from toolshed

# Cloudman as a reproducibility platform

The provenance and reproducibility guarantees that Galaxy provides only hold while the Galaxy instance is available

Who should own and maintain this? Is a centralized Galaxy sustainable? Do you trust us to keep your data available? Should you?

Cloudman allows instances to be packaged in a completely reproducible way, which can be instantiated by others later

Cost of reproducibility is now shared between data providers (archival costs) and consumers (usage)

**Cloudman for reproducibility**

Sharing an instance

Starting from a shared instance