6/5/2018 HTML Elements

HTML - ELEMENTS

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/html/html_elements.htm

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An **HTML element** is defined by a starting tag. If the element contains other content, it ends with a closing tag, where the element name is preceded by a forward slash as shown below with few tags –

Start Tag	Content	End Tag
	This is paragraph content.	
<h1></h1>	This is heading content.	
<div></div>	This is division content.	

So here is an HTML element, <h1>...</h1> is another HTML element. There are some HTML elements which don't need to be closed, such as <img.../>, <hr/> and
 elements. These are known as void elements.

HTML documents consists of a tree of these elements and they specify how HTML documents should be built, and what kind of content should be placed in what part of an HTML document.

HTML Tag vs. Element

An HTML element is defined by a starting tag. If the element contains other content, it ends with a closing tag.

For example, $\langle \mathbf{p} \rangle$ is starting tag of a paragraph and $\langle \mathbf{p} \rangle$ is closing tag of the same paragraph but $\langle \mathbf{p} \rangle$ This is $\mathbf{paragraph} \langle \mathbf{p} \rangle$ is a paragraph element.

Nested HTML Elements

It is very much allowed to keep one HTML element inside another HTML element –

Example

Live Demo

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</html>

This will display the following result –

This is italic heading

This is <u>underlined</u> paragraph