

SLIATE

SRI LANKA INSTITUTE OF ADVANCED TECHNOLOGICAL EDUCATION

(Established in the Ministry of Higher Education, vide in Act No. 29 of 1995)

Higher National Diploma in Information Technology Second Year, Second Semester Examination – 2016 HNDIT2417- Mobile Application Development

Marking Scheme

Instructions
Answer **five** questionsonly
All questions carry equal marks.

No. of questions :6
No. of pages : 6

Time : Three hours

Question 01

[Total 20 Marks]

(i) Mention the code name of the latest Android version

(2 Marks)

Nougat

(ii) List the main components in Android architecture

(5 Marks)

Linux Kernel

Native Libraries

Android run time / DVM

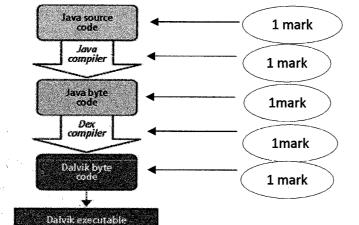
Application Libraries

Applications

Virtual Machine

Dalvik VM

(iii) Draw a diagram to illustrate the source code compilation process of Dalvik



(5 Marks)

(iv) Describe the four types of app components

(8 Marks)

- a. Activity: A "single screen" that's visible to user
- b. Service: Long-running background "part" of app
- c. ContentProvider: Manages app data and data access for queries
- d. BroadcastReceiver: Component that listens for particular Android system "events" and responds accordingly

Question 02

[Total 20 Marks]

(i) Name the following Android UI widgets

(5Marks)



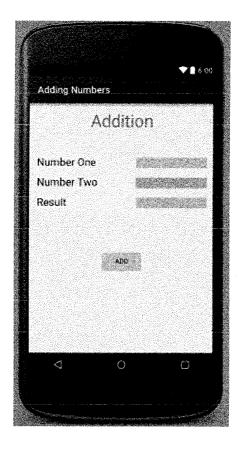








- (ii) What is the purpose of following properties of a Button widget?
- (5 Marks)
- a) id-Supply an identifier name for this view, to later retrieve it with View.findViewById()
- b) text Text to display.
- c) Background A drawable to use as the background. This can be an image or a color
- d) layout:gravity Defines how the button should be positioned
- e) textColor Color of text
- (iii) The following interface has been created with Android studio. When the user enters two numbers and click the "ADD" button, total will be displayed on the textView.



MainActivity.java file is given below. Fill in the blanks of this code.

(10 Marks)

```
public class MainActivityextends AppCompatActivity {
private
      EditText
                     firstNumber;
private
      EditText
                     secondNumber;
private
      TextView
                     addResult;
private
      Button
                     btnAdd;
double num1,num2,sum;
@Override
protected void onCreate(Bundle savedInstanceState) {
super.onCreate(savedInstanceState);
setContentView(.....(a).....activity main);
firstNumber= .....(b).....(R.id.txtNumber1);
secondNumber= .....(c).....(R.id.txtNumber2);
addResult= .....(d).....(R.id.txtResult);
btnAdd= .....(e).....(R.id.btnAdd);
btnAdd.....(f).....(new View.OnClickListener() {
public void onClick(View v) {
num1 = Double.parseDouble(firstNumber.....(g)......toString());
num2 = .....(h).....
sum = .....(i).....
addResult.setText(Double.toString(.....(j).....));
   });
```

- a) R.layout
- b) (EditText)findViewById
- c) (EditText)findViewById
- d) (TextView)findViewById
- e) (Button)findViewById
- f) setOnClickListener
- g) getText()
- h) Double.parseDouble(secondNumber. getText().toString());
- i) num1+num2
- j) sum

Question 03

[Total 20 Marks]

(i) List three layout types available in Android Studio

(3 Marks)

Linear Layout

Relative Layout

Grid Layout

Frame Layout

Table Layout

(ii) Sketch the output of the following code

(6 Marks)

```
<LinearLayout</pre>
```

```
xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
xmlns:tools="http://schemas.android.com/tools"
```

android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout height="match parent"

android:orientation="vertical">

<TextView

```
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
```

android: textAppearance="?android: attr/textAppearanceLarge"

/>

android:text="User Login"
android:id="@+id/UserLogin"

android:layout gravity="center"

<LinearLayout</pre>

```
android:layout_width="match_parent"
android:layout_height="wrap_content"
android:orientation="horizontal">
<TextViewandroid:text="User Name"
android:layout width="wrap content"</pre>
```

android:layout_height="wrap_content" />
<EditText</pre>

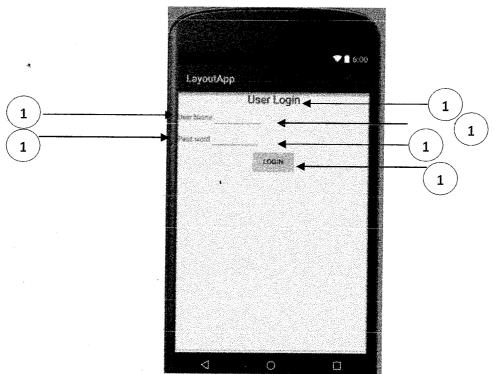
```
android:layout_width="wrap_content"
android:layout height="wrap content"
```

android:id="@+id/username"

android:width="100dp" />

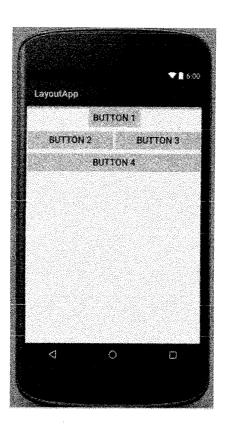
```
</LinearLayout>
<LinearLayout</pre>
android: layout width="match parent"
android: layout height="wrap content"
android:orientation="horizontal">
<TextViewandroid:text="Pass word"
android: layout width="wrap content"
android: layout height="wrap content" />
<EditText
android:layout width="wrap content"
android:layout_height="wrap content"
android:id="@+id/password"
android:inputType="textPassword"
android:width="100dp" />
</LinearLayout>
<Button
android:layout_width="wrap content"
android: layout height="wrap content"
android:id="@+id/loging"
android:text="login"
android:layout_gravity="center" />
```

</LinearLayout>



(iii) Using the LinearLayout write the XML code to generate the layout shown below.

(11 Marks)



<LinearLayoutxmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre> android:orientation="vertical" android:layout_width="match parent" 1 android:layout height="match parent"> <Button android:text="Button 1" android:layout height="wrap content" android:layout_gravity="center" android:layout_width="wrap_content" android:textSize="20dp"> </Button> <LinearLayoutandroid:layout_height="wrap_content"</pre> android:layout_width="match_parent" > <Button android:text="Button 2" droid:layout_height="wrap_content" 1 roid:layout_weight="1" android:layout_width="match_parent" android:textSize="20dp"> </Button> <Button android:text="Button 3" android:layout_height="wrap_content" \roid:layout_gravity="center" roid:layout weight="1" android:layout_width="match_parent" android:textSize="20dp"> </Button> </LinearLayout> <Button android:text="Button 4" pid:layout_height="wrap content" pid:layout_width="match_parent" android:textSize="20dp"> </Button> </LinearLayout>

Question 04 [Total 20 Marks] (i) a) What is an Android Adapter? (3 Marks) Android Adapter is a bridge between the View (e.g. ListView) and the underlying data for that view. b) List three types of adapters available in Android (3 Marks) Simple Adapter ArrayAdapter, BaseAdapter, CursorAdapter, SimpleCursorAdapter, SpinnerAdapter WrapperListAdapter c) Write the code to create an Array Adapter that maps the data in a String array called fruitsArray in to a list view called myList (4 Marks) ArrayAdapter<String> adapter = new ArrayAdapter<String> (this, R.layout.myList, fruitsArray) (ii) a) What is a Fragment? (2 Marks) A Fragment is a portion of the graphical interface of an Activity. b) Mention the two ways to add a Fragment to an Activity (2 Marks) Layout File **FragmentTransaction** c) The method Fragment on Create View() is used to assign a layout to a Fragment @Override public View on Create View (Layout Inflater inflater, View Group container, Bundle savedInstanceState) { returnsuper.onCreateView(inflater, container, savedInstanceState); Explain the three parameters inflater, container, savedInstanceStatein onCreateView

method (6 Marks)

Inflater - useful to retrieve a view from an xml file in layout folder Container - the ViewGroup that contains the Fragment.

savedInstanceState - the Bundle used to retrieve data saved before destroying

(i) List three data storage options available in Android

(3 Marks)

Shared Preferences

Internal Storage

External Storage

SQLite Databases

Network Connection

(ii) Mention four data types available in SQLite

(4 Marks)

CHAR

INT

DOUBLE

REAL

BLOB

(iii) Complete the following statement to create an SQLite database called 'InventoryDB'.

(2 Marks)

db = openOrCreateDatabase("InventoryDB", Context.MODE_PRIVATE, null);

(iv) Write the code to create the following Product table in SQLite

(5 Marks)

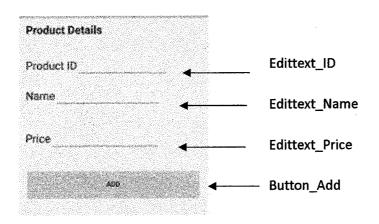
Product_ID	Name	Price
P001	CD	25
P002	DVD	35
P003	8GB Flash Drive	1000

db.execSQL("CREATE TABLE IF NOT EXISTS

product(product_IDVARCHAR,nameVARCHAR,price INT);");

(v) Write the code to insert data to the above product table through the interface given below

(6 Marks)



db.execSQL("INSERT INTO product VALUES(""+edittext_ID.getText().toString()
+"",""+edittext_Name.getText().toString()
+"",""+Integer.valueOf(edittext Price.getText().toString())+"");");

Question 06

[Total 20 Marks]

(i)

- a) What is a Shared Preference in Android? (2 Marks)

 It is an API which is used to save a small collection of data as key value pairs
- b) List two methods which can be used to create a new Shared Preference(3 Marks)

getSharedPreferences() , getPreferences()

(ii)

- a) What is the API used in Android to send SMS (2 Marks)

 SmsManager API
- b) Write the statement to set permission in Android manifest file to send SMS (3 Marks)

<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.SEND_SMS" />

(iii)

a) What does JSON stands for? JavaScript Object Notation

(2 Marks)

b) Why JSON is used in Android

(3 Marks)

JSON is used to send and receive data to the server

(iv)

- a) What is the package format used by Android operating system for distribution and installation of mobile apps

 (2 Marks)

 apk
- b) List the three main steps for publishing an app in Google play store(3 Marks)

Setting up a Google payments merchant account

Add the application through Google Play Developer Console