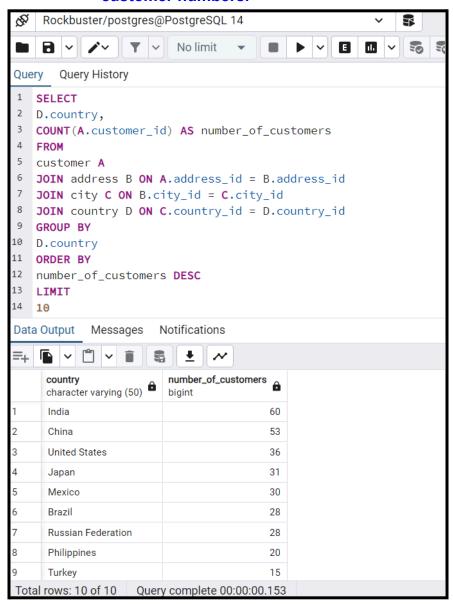
1. Write a query to find the top 10 countries for Rockbuster in terms of customer numbers.



How did you approach this query and why? You must be able to explain your thought process when writing queries, especially for future interviews.

- 1. We want to connect or **SELECT** the country column from the country table which is represented by 'D.'
- 2. Then we want to count the # of 'customer_ids' from the customer table which is represented by 'A' and will change the column name to "number of customers" on our output.
- 3. Then by using the **FROM** function, we use the customer table represented as 'A'
- Using the **JOIN** function we connect address table to retrieve the 'address_id' field
- 5. We also want to **JOIN** the city's table 'C.' with the address table with the 'city_id' field
- 6. Lastly use the **JOIN** function to join the country table represented as 'D' with the city table and the country_id field
- **7. GROUP BY** 'D.country': This groups the results by the country column from the country table.
- 8. Use **ORDER BY** function to sort the number of customer column in descending order (**DESC**)
- **9. LIMIT** function (by 10) tells the Quarry how many rows of results you want top 10 results.



2. Write a query to identify the top 10 cities that fall within the top 10 countries you identified in step 1.

Data Output Messages Notifications			
	country character varying (50)	city character varying (50)	number_of_customers bigint
1	United States	Aurora	2
2	Mexico	Acua	1
3	United States	Citrus Heights	1
4	Japan	Iwaki	1
5	India	Ambattur	1
6	China	Shanwei	1
7	Brazil	So Leopoldo	1
8	Russian Federation	Teboksary	1
9	China	Tianjin	1
10	Indonesia	Cianjur	1

- We first want to use the SELECT Function:
 - → Select the country column from the country table that aligns with 'D.'
 - → Select the city column from the city table that aligns with the 'c.'
 - → **COUNT** function will then count the customer_id values from the customer table aligned with 'A.' resulting in the count as number_of_customers.

2. FROM clause:

- → Then using the from clause select the customer table that aligns with 'A."
- → Join the address table (B) with the address_id field.
- → Join the city table (c.) with the address table with the city_id.
- → Join the country table with (D), with the city table using the country_id (D.)

WHERE clause:

→ This allows us to filter the data to only include information where the country values are aligned with quarry D (country table)

4. GROUP BY clause:

→ allows the Country column from the country table and the city column from the city table.

ORDER BY clause:

ightarrow This orders the result set by the number_of_customer column in descending order.

6. **LIMIT** clause:

 \rightarrow This limits the number of rows returned by the query to 10.

Write a short explanation of how you approached this query and why

I like to start by writing out what I need to retrieve from where before I start to think about how the quarry will be set up. This allows me to organize where I need to look to retrieve the data from the set since all of the columns are marked by numerical letters from where in the set I want to retrieve them and how the Query will function when trying to combined the different parts of the query in longer queries like these. I also like to stop and make sure that I don't write the whole Query all at once and check as I go along before adding more. This allows for checking mistakes along the way so it doesn't all have to be done at the end.

3. Now write a query to find the top 5 customers from the top 10 cities who've paid the highest total amounts to Rockbuster. The customer team would like to reward them for their loyalty!

```
No limit
                                                       ₩ ~
                                                                  £0
                                                  E
Query
       Query History
    SELECT
   A.customer_id,
 3
   A.first_name,
 4
   A.last_name,
   D.country,
 6
   C.city,
    SUM(B.amount) AS total_amount_paid
 8
    FROM
    customer A
10
    JOIN
11
    payment B ON A.customer_id = B.customer_id
12
    JOIN
13
    address E ON A.address_id = E.address_id
14
    JOIN
15
    city C ON E.city_id = C.city_id
16
    JOIN
17
    country D ON C.country_id = D.country_id
18
   WHERE
19
   C.city IN (
20
   SELECT city
21
    FROM customer A
22
    JOIN address E ON A.address_id = E.address_id
23
    JOIN city C ON E.city_id = C.city_id
24
    JOIN country D ON C.country_id = D.country_id
25
    GROUP BY C.city
26
   ORDER BY COUNT(A.customer_id) DESC
27
    LIMIT 10
28
29
   GROUP BY
30
   A.customer_id, A.first_name, A.last_name, D.country, C.city
```

