#### **Fairness in Context**

# —Comparing Allocations in Dictator Games with Experiences and Money Duke

Katherine Zhong, Nitisha Desai, Scott Huettel
Department of Psychology and Neuroscience, Duke University

#### **Research Question**

Do people behave more fairly when allocating experiences compared to money?

## **Background**





What is special about experiences<sup>3</sup>:

- social connection
- self-identity
- resist comparison

#### Dictator Game

Rule: participant single-handedly deciding how much of a reward to give to another player

- participants on average give 28.35% of the endowment<sup>1</sup>
- nearly all studies used small monetary amounts as reward<sup>1</sup>

#### **Pilot Study Method**

- Baseline stage: participants indicate their willingness to pay (WTP)
- Raffle ticket allocation Dictator Game task with money and experiences <sup>4</sup>
- Two frames: give and keep
- Incentive compatible



#### **Experimental Design**



## Predicted variable: raffles

Mixed effects regression model

Predictor variables: type, frame, value, interaction effect between type

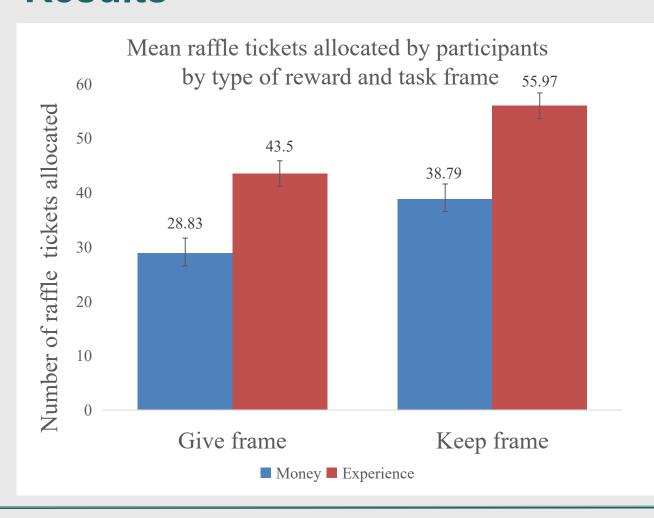
and frame

Random group: participants (Value is log-transformed)

Term	Estimate	SE	Df
Intercept	75.36***	2.69	173.64
Type	12.72***	0.63	8480.35
Frame	-16.59***	3.45	122.02
Value	-9.42***	0.32	8587.16
Type:Frame	-2.97**	0.87	8481.45

#### Results

**Money trials** 



**Money trials** 

## **Next Steps**

- Second round pilot testing
- Investigate why this behavioral difference exist after preregistration
- Explore other related topics under the same experimental framework, such as behavior dynamics, episodic simulation

#### Acknowledgment

This study was funded by the Duke Undergraduate Research Support Office and the Psychology Department. We thank the members of the Huettel Lab, who offered invaluable feedback on study design and analysis

#### References