Projecting agro-hydrological outcomes using the "APEXgraze (Agricultural Policy/Environmental eXtender Graze) Model" and various climate scenarios from Global Circulation Models

UTA USDA-ARS Program

Katherine Atkins; Yike Shen¹; Amanda Nelson²; Mahesh Maskey²

¹The University of Texas at Arlington, Department of Earth and Environmental Science, ²USDA - Agricultural Research Service, Sustainable Water Management Research Unit





Project Objectives

- Create projections of agricultural watersheds utilizing a calibrated APEXgraze model and various climate scenarios suggested by the Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC)
- Investigate the impacts of grazing activities on grasslands and croplands under different climate scenarios
- Develop and refine post processing the results from APEXgraze





APEX

- Agricultural Policy/Environmental Extender (APEX): an agro-hydrological model
 - Process-Based Model
 - Can perform long-term, continuous simulations
 - Originally written in Fortran with pyAPEX companion scripts more recently developed
 - pyAPEX is used to feed input parameters and post-processing of the model

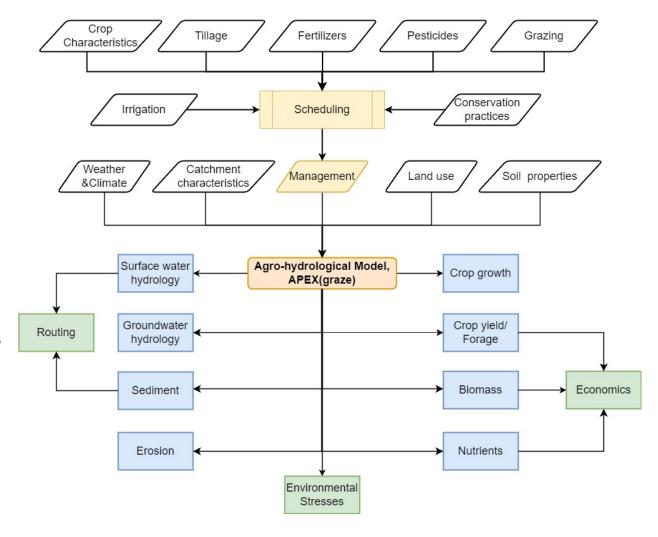




APEXgraze

 APEXgraze is a modified APEX model with grazing modules and grazing databases

- Aids in land management systems:
 - Better understanding of grazing impacts
 - Suggests sustainable agricultural practices under different climate scenarios
 - Platform for future research

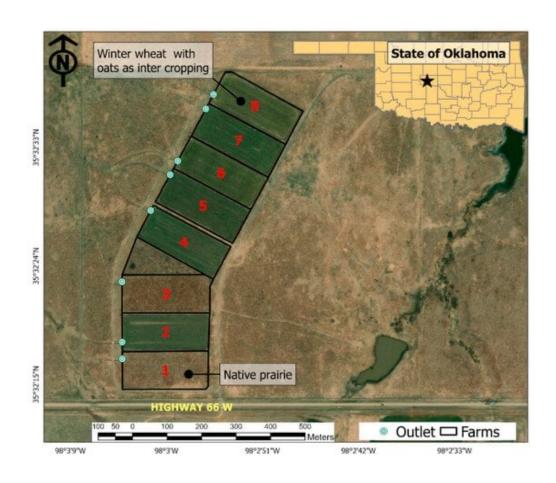






Background

- Sampling Site: USDA-ARS Oklahoma and Central Plains Agricultural Research Center
 - Eight Water Resource and Erosion (WRE)
 watersheds established to measure precipitation
 and surface runoff quality and quantity
 - Focused on two watersheds: a) grass land with native prairie and b) cropland with winter wheat and one season of oats.
 - Both these watersheds were grazed
 - Located near El Reno, OK
 - Data collected from 1977-1999







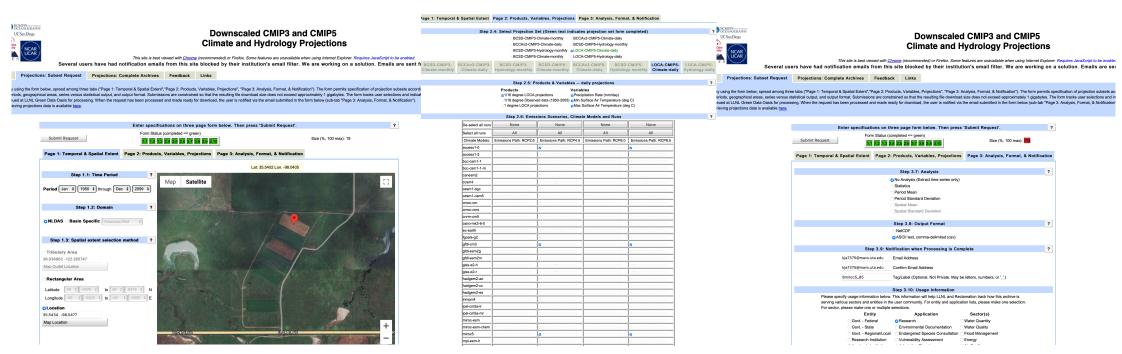
How to Run the APEX graze Model:

- Collect Global Circulation Model Data from IPCC reports (climate projection data)
- Convert .CSV files to .DLY (APEX readable format)
- Concatenate climate, historical, and projection data into one .DLY file
- Adjust the model's reading parameters
- Run the model using concatenated .DLY file





Collect GCM Data from IPCC reports (climate projection data)



- Time Period: Jan. 1st 1950 to Dec. 31st 2099
- Access1 4.5 & 8.5
- GFDL-cm3 4.5 & 8.5
- Miroc5 4.5 & 8.5

Temperature Max, Temperature Min, and Precipitation





Convert .CSV files to .DLY

Spacing data using FortranFormatter

```
esting_converter2.py X main_run.py X pyapexscu.py X testing_data_merger.py* X combinder.py X combining_trial_data.py >
  import pandas as pd
  import fortranformat as ff
 def write_line_ff(df_row):
     mm = int(df_row[1])

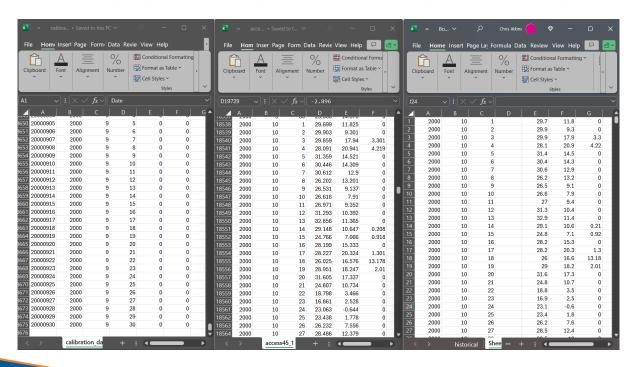
dd = int(df_row[2])

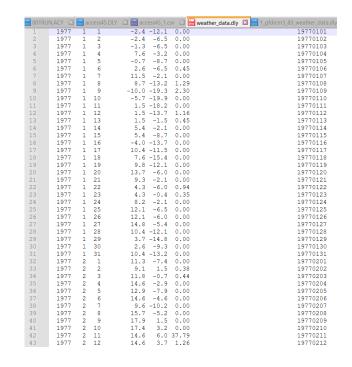
# rcp45 = float(df_row[3])
     tmax = float(df_row[3])
tmin = float(df_row[4])
prcp = float(df_row[5])
     date = pd.to datetime()
     # adding this part to make the "define format based on available columns" part work
     rhum = None
     ws = None
     # Define format based on available columns
     if sr is None and rhum is None and ws is None:
         write format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(I6, I4, I4, A6, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, A6, A6, A25)')
      elif rhum is None and ws is None:
        write_format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(16, 14, 14, F6.1, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, A6, A6, A25)')
     elif sr is None and ws is None:
        write format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(I6, I4, I4, A6, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, F6.1, A6, A25)')
     elif sr is None and rhum is None:
         write_format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(I6, I4, I4, A6, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, A6, F6.1, A25)')
         write_format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(I6, I4, I4, F6.1, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, F6.1, F6.1, A25)')
     line_write = write_format.write([yr, mm, dd, sr, tmax, tmin, prcp, rhum, ws, date])
 # convert CSV file to .dly file but original file doesn't have headers
 def convert_csv_to_dly(csv_file, dly_file):
     df = pd.read_csv(csv_file, header=None)
     with open(dly_file, 'w') as f:
    for index, row in df.iterrows():
              line_write = write_line_ff(row)
              f.write(line_write + '\n')
 csv file = 'access45 1.csv'
 dly_file = 'access45_1_!.dly
 convert_csv_to_dly(csv_file, dly_file)
```





 Concatenate historical and projection data using dates provided from calibration data into one .DLY file

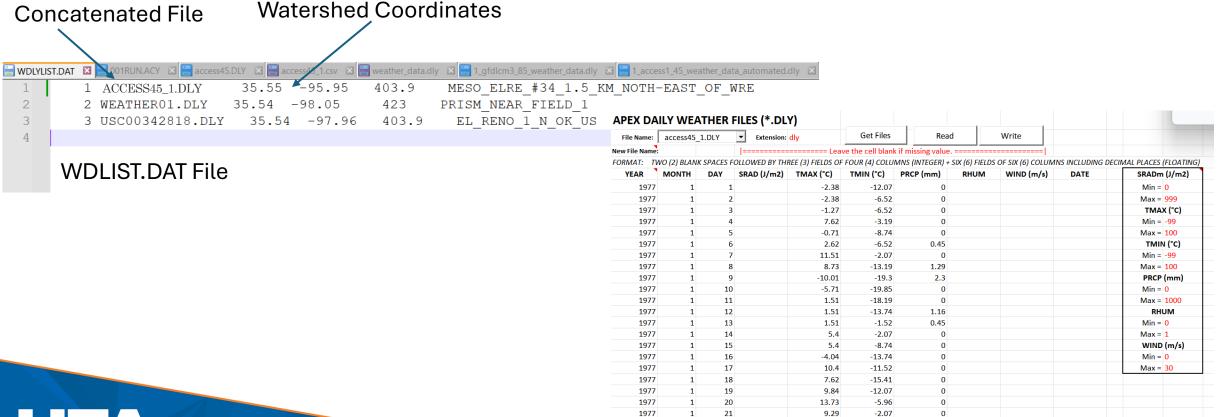








Adjust the model's reading parameters

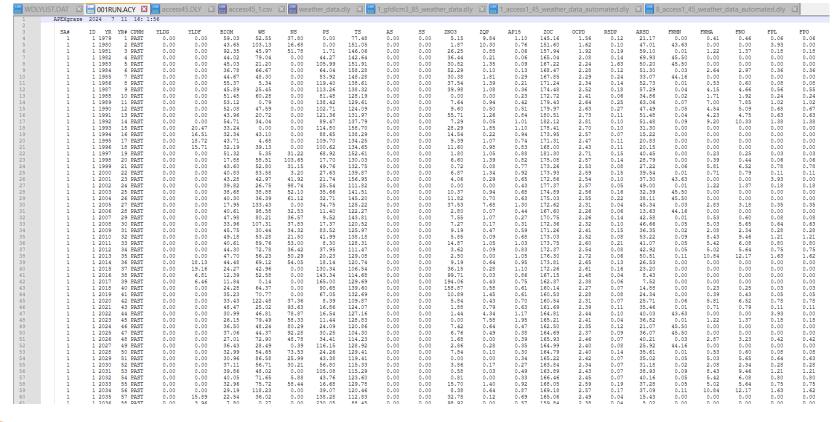






Run the model using concatenated .DLY file

Final file is from Jan. 1st 1979 to Dec. 31st 2099







How can we make this better?





An Automated System:

Finding end_date of calibration data

Processing the GCM data and finding the last data entry of the century

```
ort fortranformat as ff
                                                                                                                                                                                   def process_gcm_data(gcm_file_path, historical_df, end_date, output_csv_path):
wa<mark>rnings.filterwarnings('ignore')</mark>
                                                                                                                                                                                         df_climate = pd.read_csv(gcm_file_path, header=0)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 # Format the line using the write format
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 line_write = write_format.write([yr, mm, dd, sr, tmax, tmin, prcp, rhum, ws, date_str])
    process_calibration_data(file_path):
                                                                                                                                                                                         calibration_df = pd.read_csv(file_path)
                                                                                                                                                                                               raise ValueError("The GCM data must contain 'YEAR', "NONTH', and 'DAY' columns.")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            def convert_csv_to_dly(csv_file, dly_file):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 df = pd.read_csv(csv_file, header=0)
                                                                                                                                                                                         end_of_century = pd.to_datetime('2099-12-31')
          raise ValueError("The calibration data must contain 'Year', 'Month', and 'Day' columns.")
                                                                                                                                                                                         df_climate['DATE'] = pd.to_datetime(df_climate[['YEAR', 'MONTH', 'DAY']])
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 with open(dly_file, 'w') as f:
                                                                                                                                                                                         df_2_climate = df_climate[(df_climate['DATE'] > end_date) & (df_climate['DATE'] <= end_of_century)]</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         for index, row in df.iterrows():
        Step 2: Concatenate Year, Month, and Day into a new 'Date' column
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               line write = write line ff(row)
       alibration_df['Date'] = pd.to_datetime(calibration_df[['Year', 'Month', 'Day']])
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               f.write(line write + '\n')
                                                                                                                                                                                         df_weather = pd.concat([historical_df, df_2_climate], ignore_index=True)
    end date = calibration df['Date'].iloc[-1]
                                                                                                                                                                                         df_weather.to_csv(output_csv_path, index=False)
     return calibration_df, end_date
                                                                                                                                                                                         print(f"Weather data saved to {output_csv_path}")
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                # File paths
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 calibration_file_path = 'calibration_data.csv'
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 dly_file_path = 'WREMESONET.dly'
def read_dly_file(file_path):
                                                                                                                                                                                   def write_line_ff(df_row):
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 gcm_file_path = '8_access1 45.csv'
                                                                                                                                                                                         yr = int(df_row[0])
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  output_csv_path = '8_access1_45_weather_data_automated!.csv'
    with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
                                                                                                                                                                                         mm = int(df_row[1])
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  dly_file_output_path = '8_access1_45_weather_data_automated.dly'
          lines = file.readlines()
                                                                                                                                                                                         dd = int(df_row[2])
                                                                                                                                                                                         tmax = float(df row[3]
                                                                                                                                                                                         tmin = float(df row[4]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 calibration_df, end_date = process_calibration_data(calibration_file_path)
     read_format = ff.FortranRecordReader('(I6, I4, I4, A6, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, A6, A6, A25)')
                                                                                                                                                                                         prcp = float(df_row[5])
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 historical df = read dly file(dly file path)
    weather_lines = [read_format.read(line) for line in lines]
                                                                                                                                                                                         rhum - None
    \label{eq:df-pd}  df = \mbox{pd}. DataFrame(weather\_lines, columns=['YEAR', 'MONTH', 'DAY', 'SRAD (J/m2)', 'TMAX (°C)', 'TMIN (°C)', 'PRCP (mm)', 'TMAX (°C)', 'TMIN (°C)', 'PRCP (mm)', 'TMAX (°C)', 'TMIN (°C)', 'PRCP (mm)', 'TMIN (°C)', 
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 historical_df = historical_df[historical_df['DATE'] <= end_dat:]
                                                                                                                                                                                        # Define format based on available columns
                                                                         'RHUM', 'WIND (m/s)', 'DATE'])
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 process_gcm_data(gcm_file_path, historical_df, end_date, output_csv_path)
                                                                                                                                                                                             write_format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(I6, I4, I4, A6, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, A6, A6, A25)')
    # Convert 'DATE' column to datetime format
                                                                                                                                                                                         elif rhum is None and ws is None
    df['DATE'] = pd.to_datetime(df[['YEAR', 'MONTH', 'DAY']])
                                                                                                                                                                                               write_format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(I6, I4, I4, F6.1, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, A6, A6, A25)')
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  convert_csv_to_dly(output_csv_path, dly_file_output_path)
                                                                                                                                                                                              write format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(I6, I4, I4, A6, F6.1, F6.1, F6.2, F6.1, A6, A25)')
     return df[['YEAR', 'MONTH', 'DAY', 'TMAX (°C)', 'TMIN (°C)', 'PRCP (mm)', 'DATE']]
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  print("Processing complete. The CSV and DLY files have been generated.")
                                                                                                                                                                                         elif sr is None and rhum is None
                                                                                                                                                                                               write_format = ff.FortranRecordWriter('(16, 14, 14, A6, F6.1, F6.1, F6.1, A6, F6.1, A25)')
```

Converting historical data into readable file and making a Date-Time column

Using FortranFormatter to convert from .CSV to .DLY

Inputting file names





Moving Forward

- Continue working with this amazing team
- Refine post-processing
- Visualize results
- Assist in outlining a manuscript
- Speak at conferences and research symposiums
 - Tri-Society Meeting 2024 San Antonio
 - American Society of Agronomy, Crop Science Society of America, Soil Science Society of America





Moving Forward

- Make APEXgraze accessible
 - Potential web-based tools
 - Potential python packages
- Make automated scripts available
 - Useful for similar models
 - Platform for future research
 - Peer Review







Thank you



