

## MSRI UP 2023 - HW 1 - DAY 4

**Due:** Saturday 6/17 by 7:00am. Submit your assignment to your personal dropbox.

**Important:** You don't have to complete the entire assignment, but do as much of it as possible. Make sure to present your (partial) solutions in a neat and organized manner. Discuss the problems with at least two other people, but write your solutions on your own.

- (1) Let  $L \in \mathbb{N}$  and let  $f(t) = \sin(Lt)$  for  $t \in \mathbb{R}$ . Recall that the sliding window of  $f$  at  $t$ , with parameters  $d \in \mathbb{N}$  and  $\tau > 0$ , is given by the vector

$$SW_{d,\tau}f(t) = \begin{bmatrix} f(t) \\ f(t+\tau) \\ \vdots \\ f(t+d\tau) \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$$

The goal of this problem is to determine optimal choices for  $d$  and  $\tau$  so that the sliding window point cloud

$$\mathbb{S}W_{d,\tau}f = \{SW_{d,\tau}f(t) : t \in [0, 2\pi)\}$$

has maximal persistence in dimension 1. That is, we seek to maximize the quantity

$$mp_1 = \max\{b - a : (a, b) \in \mathbf{dgm}_1(\mathcal{R}(\mathbb{S}W_{d,\tau}f))\} \quad (1)$$

- (a) If  $f(t) = \sin(Lt)$ , show that there exist vectors  $\mathbf{u}, \mathbf{v} \in \mathbb{R}^{d+1}$ , which do not depend on  $t$ , and so that

$$SW_{d,\tau}f(t) = \sin(Lt)\mathbf{u} + \cos(Lt)\mathbf{v} \quad (2)$$

- (b) Note that if the vectors from part (a) are linearly independent, then the curve given by equation (2) traces a planar ellipse. Determine the minimum value of  $d$  needed for  $\mathbf{u}$  and  $\mathbf{v}$  to be linearly independent.
- (c) Please provide an argument for the following fact: Of all the planar ellipses  $E$  with fixed perimeter  $\ell$ , the circle (i.e., the ellipse with equal major and minor axes) has maximal 1-persistence (i.e., the largest  $mp_1 = \max\{b - a : (a, b) \in \mathbf{dgm}_1(\mathcal{R}(E))\}$ ).
- (d) Determine values of  $\tau$ , as a function of  $L$  and  $d$ , which maximize  $mp_1$  in equation (1).

- (2) Let  $(X, d_X)$  be a metric space, let  $\mathcal{C}_X$  be the set of Cauchy sequences in  $X$ , and let  $\sim$  be the equivalence relation in  $\mathcal{C}_X$  given by  $\underline{a} = \{a_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}} \sim \{b_n\}_{n \in \mathbb{N}} = \underline{b}$  if and only if  $\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} d_X(a_n, b_n) = 0$ .

- (a) Show that

$$\tilde{d}_{\mathcal{C}_X}([\underline{a}], [\underline{b}]) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} d_X(a_n, b_n)$$

is a metric in the space of equivalence classes  $\mathcal{C}_X / \sim = \{[\underline{a}] : \underline{a} \in \mathcal{C}_X\}$ .

- (b) Show that  $(\mathcal{C}_X / \sim, \tilde{d}_{\mathcal{C}_X})$  is a complete metric space.
- (c) Show there is an isometric embedding  $\varphi : X \rightarrow \mathcal{C}_X / \sim$ , so that the closure of its image — i.e.,  $\overline{\varphi(X)}$  — is equal to  $\mathcal{C}_X / \sim$ .