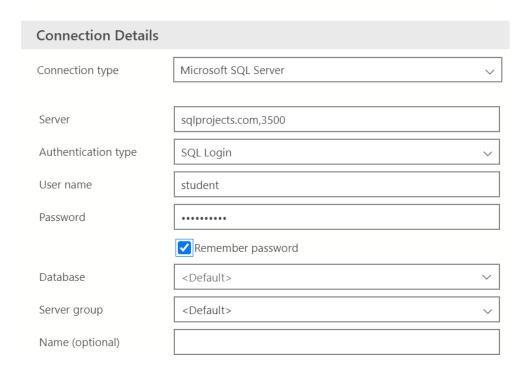
# LaunchCode T-SQL Workshop Class 1 Labs

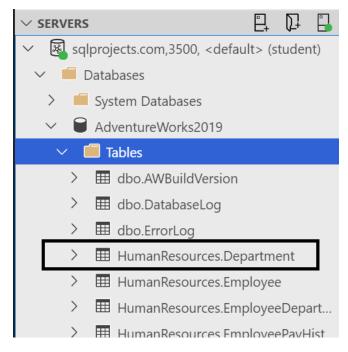
### Module 1

#### Lab 1

1. Connect to kkellen.database.windows.net with username Student1 and password Vermilion1\*



2. Navigate to Databases → AdventureWorks2019 → Tables → HumanResources.Department



- 3. Right-click and choose "Select TOP 1000 rows"
- 4. Comment out the ModifiedDate column and click Run. (You can use two dashes to comment out a line.)
- 5. In a query window type in and run the following:

```
PRINT 'T-SQL is fun!';
```

6. Type and run this statement:

```
SELECT 'T-SQL is fun!';
```

## Module 2

Use this information to help you write the queries:

### INFO for Lab 1

#### The SELECT statement

--Returns all columns and all rows

**SELECT** \*

FROM the Table;

--Returns just three columns but all the rows SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable;

#### TOP

--Returns just 100 rows
SELECT TOP(100) column1, column2, column3
FROM theTable;

--Returns just 10% of rows
SELECT TOP(10) PERCENT column1, column2, column3
FROM theTable;

## DISTINCT

--Returns a unique set of rows SELECT DISTINCT colum1, column2, column3 FROM theTable;

#### Aliases

--Using an alias

SELECT column1 AS [Another Name], column2 as TheColumn, column3 as "Another Column" FROM theTable AS A;

## INFO for Lab 2

#### **ORDER BY**

--Use ORDER BY to sort the rows returned

SELECT column1, column2 FROM theTable WHERE column1 > 1 ORDER BY column2;

--May specify multiple columnSELECT column1, column2FROM theTableWHERE column1 > 1ORDER BY column2, column1;

-- May specify DESC for descending order

SELECT column1, column2 FROM theTable WHERE column1 > 1 ORDER BY column2 DESC;

SELECT column1, column2 FROM theTable WHERE column1 > 1 ORDER BY column2 DESC, column1;

#### Lab 1: 15 minutes

- 1. Write a SELECT statement that queries the Sales. Customer table. Include the CustomerID, StoreID and the AccountNumber.
- 2. Write a SELECT statement that returns a unique list of FirstName and LastName values from Person.Person.
- 3. Write a SELECT statement that returns 50% of the Sales. Sales Order Header rows. Return Sales Order ID and Order Date.

### Lab 2: 10 minutes

- 1. Write a query that returns the BusinessEntityID and name columns from the Person.Person table. Sort the results by Lastname, Firstname, and MiddleName.
- 2. Modify the query written in question 1 so that the data is returned in the opposite order.

## Module 3

The WHERE clause is used to filter the rows returned.

## INFO for Lab 1

```
WHERE clause operators
```

- =, <>, !=
- <, >, <=, >=
- BETWEEN
- LIKE (with wildcards %,\_ and more)
- IN
- AND, OR for multiple expressions
- NOT
- Parentheses to enforce logic
- --Compare a column to a value SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable WHERE column1 = 1;
- --Use tick marks with dates and strings SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable WHERE column2 = '2011-06-07' AND column3 = 'test';
- --Between is inclusive, this will return rows where column1 = 1 and column1 = 5 SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable WHERE column1 BETWEEN 1 AND 5;
- --Use IN for a list SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable WHERE column1 IN (1,2,3);
- --AND means both expressions must return true. OR means at least one expression must return true SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable
- WHERE column1 = 1 OR column2 < '2011-06-07'
  --Use parenthesis to enforce logig
- SELECT column1, column2, column3
- FROM theTable
- WHERE (column1 = 1 OR column2  $\geq$  '2011-06-07') AND column3 = 'test';
- --NOT negates the expression SELECT column1, column2, column3

FROM the Table

WHERE NOT (column1 = 1 OR column2 = '2011-06-07') AND column3 = 'test';

## INFO for Lab 2

### Notes about NULL

NULL means UNKNOWN, not FALSE, not an empty string, not zero. Nothing can be compared to NULL and most expressions containing NULL return NULL.

--Use ISNULL or COALESCE to replace NULL SELECT ISNULL(column1, 'N/A') AS Column1 FROM theTable;

SELECT COALESCE(column1, column2, column3) AS TheAnswer FROM theTable;

--Use IS NULL or IS NOT NULL to compare NULL SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable WHERE column1 IS NULL;

SELECT column1, column2, column3 FROM theTable WHERE column1 IS NOT NULL;

### Lab 1: 15 minutes

- 1. Write a query using a WHERE clause that displays all the employees listed in the HumanResources. Employee table who have the job title "Research and Development Engineer". Display the Business Entity ID, Login ID, and the Job Title for each one. Remember to use tick marks around values in the WHERE clause.
- 2. Write a query displaying all the columns of the Production. ProductCostHistory table from the rows in which the standard cost is between the values of \$10 and \$13.
- 3. Write a query finding the name Mary Gibson from the Person.Person table. Return the BusinessEntityID, FirstName, and LastName columns.

#### Lab 2: 15 minutes

- 1. Return the SalesOrderID, OrderDate, and CurrencyRateID from the Sales.SalesOrderHeader table where there is no currency rate ID.
- 2. Rewrite the query so that it returns rows with no currency rate ID or it could be 1536
- 3. Write a query using the Person.Person table. Return BusinessEntityID, FirstName, MiddleName, LastName and a FullName column that includes all three.

## Solutions

# Module 1

#### Lab 1

Just follow the directions on this one

```
Module 2
Lab 1
--1
SELECT CustomerID, StoreID, AccountNumber
FROM Sales. Customer;
--2
SELECT DISTINCT FirstName, LastName
FROM Person. Person;
--3
SELECT TOP(50) PERCENT SalesOrderID, OrderDate
FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader;
Lab 2
--1
SELECT BusinessEntityID, FirstName, MiddleName, LastName
FROM Person Person
ORDER BY LastName, FirstName, MiddleName;
SELECT BusinessEntityID, FirstName, MiddleName, LastName
FROM Person.Person
ORDER BY LastName DESC, FirstName DESC, MiddleName DESC;
Module 3
Lab 1
SELECT BusinessEntityID, LoginID, JobTitle
FROM HumanResources. Employee
WHERE JobTitle = 'Research and Development Engineer';
--2
SELECT *
FROM Production.ProductCostHistory
WHERE StandardCost BETWEEN 10 AND 13;
--Another solution
SELECT *
FROM Production.ProductCostHistory
WHERE StandardCost >= 10 AND StandardCost <= 13;
--3
SELECT BusinessEntityID, FirstName, LastName
FROM Person Person
WHERE FirstName = 'Mary' AND LastName = 'Gibson';
Lab 2
SELECT SalesOrderID, OrderDate, CurrencyRateID
FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader AS SOH
WHERE CurrencyRateID IS NULL;
```

```
SELECT SalesOrderID, OrderDate, CurrencyRateID
FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader AS SOH
WHERE CurrencyRateID IS NULL OR CurrencyRateID = 1536
ORDER BY CurrencyRateID DESC;
SELECT SalesOrderID, OrderDate, CurrencyRateID
FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader AS SOH
WHERE ISNULL(CurrencyRateID,1536) = 1536
ORDER BY CurrencyRateID DESC;
SELECT SalesOrderID, OrderDate, CurrencyRateID
FROM Sales.SalesOrderHeader AS SOH
WHERE COALESCE(CurrencyRateID, 1536) = 1536
ORDER BY CurrencyRateID DESC;
--3
SELECT P.BusinessEntityID, P.FirstName, P.MiddleName, P.LastName,
    FirstName + ' ' + COALESCE(MiddleName, '') + ' ' + LastName AS FullName
FROM person.Person AS p;
```