Title:PL/SQL ASSIGNMENT

Author: KAMAL B

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Question 1: Create a Procedure to Insert Employee Data Write a PL/SQL procedure named insert_employee to insert employee data into the EMPLOYEES table: Table structure: EMPLOYEES (EMP_ID NUMBER, EMP_NAME VARCHAR2(100), DEPARTMENT VARCHAR2(50), SALARY NUMBER)

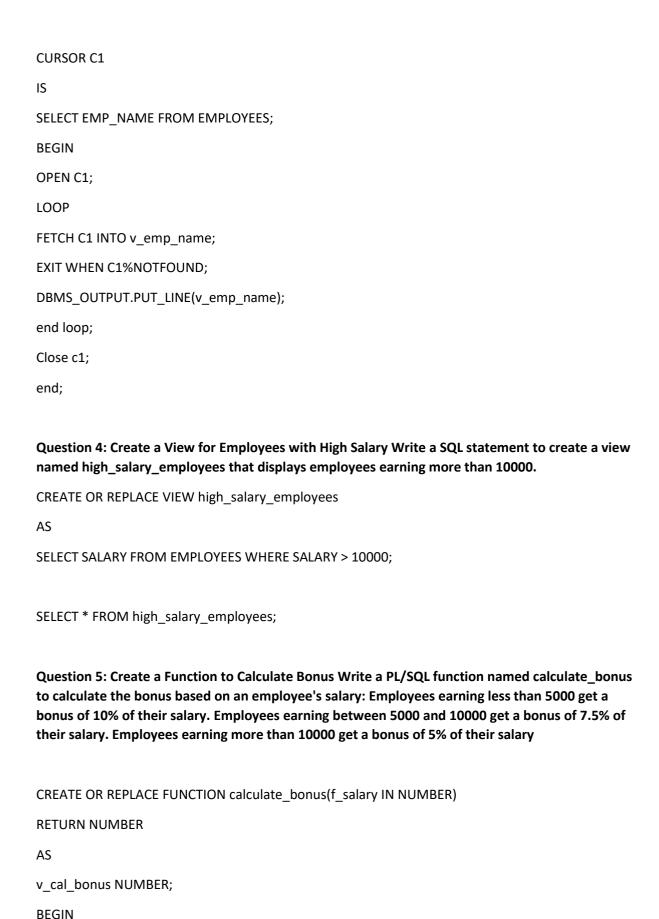
```
create table EMPLOYEES (
EMP_ID NUMBER,
EMP_NAME VARCHAR2(100),
DEPARTMENT VARCHAR2(50),
SALARY NUMBER
);
SET SERVEROUTPUT ON;
DESC EMPLOYEES;
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE insert_employee
AS
BEGIN
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES VALUES(1,'Arul','CSE',38000);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES VALUES(2, 'sanjay', 'CSE', 3000);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES VALUES(3,'Gayathri','CSE',7000);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES VALUES(4,'Saran','CSE',8000);
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES VALUES(5,'Anbu','CSE',10000);
COMMIT;
END;
EXECUTE insert_employee;
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES;
TRUNCATE TABLE EMPLOYEES;
```

Question 2: Create a Procedure to Update Employee Salary Write a PL/SQL procedure named update_salary to update an employee's salary based on their current salary: If the current salary is less than 5000, increase it by 10%. If the current salary is between 5000 and 10000, increase it by 7.5%. If the current salary is more than 10000, increase it by 5%.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE update_salary(up_emp_id IN number)
AS
v current salary EMPLOYEES.SALARY%TYPE;
v new salary EMPLOYEES.SALARY%TYPE;
BEGIN
SELECT SALARY INTO v_current_salary FROM EMPLOYEES WHERE EMP_ID = up_emp_id;
IF v_current_salary < 5000 THEN
   v_new_salary := v_current_salary * 1.10;
ELSIF v_current_salary BETWEEN 5000 AND 10000 THEN
   v_new_salary := v_current_salary * 1.075;
ELSE
   v new salary := v current salary * 1.05;
END IF:
UPDATE EMPLOYEES SET SALARY = v_new_salary WHERE EMP_ID=up_emp_id;
COMMIT;
END;
EXECUTE update salary(1);
SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES;
```

Question 3: Use a Cursor to Display Employee Names Write a PL/SQL block using a cursor to fetch and display all employee names from the EMPLOYEES table.

```
DECLARE v_emp_name EMPLOYEES.EMP_NAME%TYPE;
```



IF f_salary < 5000 THEN

```
v_cal_bonus := f_salary * 0.10;
ELSIF f_salary BETWEEN 5000 AND 10000 THEN
   v_cal_bonus := f_salary * 0.075;
ELSE
   v_cal_bonus :=f_salary * 0.05;
END IF;
RETURN v_cal_bonus;
END calculate_bonus;
SELECT calculate bonus(13000) FROM EMPLOYEES;
Question 6: Create a Trigger to Log Employee Insertions Write a PL/SQL trigger named
log_employee_insert to log whenever an employee is inserted into the EMPLOYEES table.
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER log_employee_insert
BEFORE INSERT ON EMPLOYEES
FOR EACH ROW
ENABLE
DECLARE
v_emp_insert VARCHAR2(20);
BEGIN
SELECT EMP_NAME INTO v_emp_insert FROM EMPLOYEES;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE(v_emp_insert);
END;
INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES VALUES(6, 'SRIYAZHINI', 'CSE', 13000);
7. consider the order and order_items tables from the sample database.
CREATE TABLE ORDERS (
 ORDER_ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
```

```
CUSTOMER_ID NUMBER,
  STATUS VARCHAR2(50),
  SALESMAN_ID NUMBER,
  ORDER_DATE DATE
 );
 DROP TABLE ORDERS;
 CREATE TABLE ORDER_ITEMS (
  ORDER_ID NUMBER PRIMARY KEY,
  ITEM_ID NUMBER,
  PRODUCT_ID NUMBER,
  QUANTITY NUMBER,
  UNIT_PRICE NUMBER,
  FOREIGN KEY (ORDER_ID) REFERENCES ORDERS(ORDER_ID)
 );
 8.: Write a program in PL/SQL to show the uses of implicit cursor without using
 any attribute.
 CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEES_DETAILS (
  EMPLOYEE_ID NUMBER,
  FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(50),
  LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(50),
  EMAIL VARCHAR2(100),
  PHONE_NUMBER VARCHAR2(20),
  HIRE_DATE DATE,
  JOB_ID VARCHAR2(10),
  SALARY NUMBER,
  COMMISSION_PCT NUMBER,
  MANAGER_ID NUMBER,
  DEPARTMENT_ID NUMBER
);
```

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DETAILS (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, HIRE_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY, COMMISSION_PCT, MANAGER_ID, DEPARTMENT ID)

VALUES (1, 'Arul', 'Praba', 'arul06@gmail.com', '9876543210', TO_DATE('2002-09-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'IT PROG', 65000, 0.15, 2, 1);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DETAILS (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, HIRE_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY, COMMISSION_PCT, MANAGER_ID, DEPARTMENT ID)

VALUES (2, 'Sanjay', 'Kumar', 'sanjay@gmail.com', '9876543219', TO_DATE('2003-03-27', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'HR REP', 40000, 0.08, 1, 2);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DETAILS (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, HIRE_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY, COMMISSION_PCT, MANAGER_ID, DEPARTMENT ID)

VALUES (3, 'Gayathri', 'lyer', 'gayathri@gmail.com', '9876543218', TO_DATE('2002-11-14', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'AD_VP', 95000, 0.12, 2, 3);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DETAILS (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, HIRE_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY, COMMISSION_PCT, MANAGER_ID, DEPARTMENT_ID)

VALUES (4, 'Saran', 'Ravi', 'saran@gmail.com', '9876543217', TO_DATE('2004-03-21', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'IT_MGR', 78000, 0.10, 3, 4);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DETAILS (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, HIRE_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY, COMMISSION_PCT, MANAGER_ID, DEPARTMENT ID)

VALUES (5, 'Anbu', 'Kumar', 'anbu@gmail.com', '9876543216', TO_DATE('2005-07-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'FIN_MGR', 82000, 0.09, 4, 5);

COMMIT;

DROP TABLE EMPLOYEES_DETAILS;

SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES_DETAILS;

```
DECLARE
CURSOR C2
IS
SELECT EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME FROM EMPLOYEES_DETAILS;
v_employee_id EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.EMPLOYEE_ID%TYPE;
v_first_name EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.FIRST_NAME%TYPE;
v_last_name EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.LAST_NAME%TYPE;
BEGIN
OPEN C2;
LOOP
FETCH C2 INTO v employee id,v first name,v last name;
EXIT WHEN C2%NOTFOUND;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee_ID: ' | | v_employee_id);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('First_Name: ' | | v_first_name);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Last_Name: ' || v_last_name);
END LOOP;
CLOSE C2;
END;
```

9. Write a program in PL/SQL to create a cursor displays the name and salary of each employee in the EMPLOYEES table whose salary is less than that specified by a passed in parameter value.

```
DECLARE

CURSOR C3

IS

SELECT FIRST_NAME,LAST_NAME,SALARY FROM EMPLOYEES_DETAILS;

v_first_name EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.FIRST_NAME%TYPE;

v_last_name EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.LAST_NAME%TYPE;
```

```
v_salary EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.SALARY%TYPE;
BEGIN
OPEN C3;
LOOP
FETCH C3 INTO v_first_name,v_last_name,v_salary;
EXIT WHEN C3%NOTFOUND;
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('First_Name: ' | | v_first_name);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Last_Name: ' | | v_last_name);
DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Salary: ' | | v_salary);
end loop;
Close c3:
end;
10. Write a code in PL/SQL to create a trigger that checks for duplicate values in a specific
column and raises an exception if found.
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER trg_check_duplicate_email
BEFORE INSERT OR UPDATE ON EMPLOYEES DETAILS
FOR EACH ROW
DECLARE
 v_count NUMBER;
BEGIN
SELECT COUNT(*) INTO v_count FROM EMPLOYEES_DETAILS WHERE EMAIL = :NEW.EMAIL AND
EMPLOYEE_ID <> :NEW.EMPLOYEE_ID;
IF v_count > 0 THEN
 DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Duplicate Occurs');
ELSE
  DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('No Duplicate Occurs');
END IF;
END;
```

11. Write a PL/SQL procedure for selecting some records from the database using some parameters as filters.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE PROCEDURE get_employees_by_salary(p_salary IN NUMBER)
IS
CURSOR emp cursor IS
SELECT EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, HIRE_DATE, JOB_ID,
SALARY, COMMISSION_PCT, MANAGER_ID, DEPARTMENT_ID
FROM EMPLOYEES_DETAILS
WHERE SALARY > p_salary;
v_employee_id EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.EMPLOYEE_ID%TYPE;
v_first_name EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.FIRST_NAME%TYPE;
v_last_name EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.LAST_NAME%TYPE;
v email EMPLOYEES DETAILS.EMAIL%TYPE;
v phone number EMPLOYEES DETAILS.PHONE NUMBER%TYPE;
v hire date EMPLOYEES DETAILS.HIRE DATE%TYPE;
v_job_id EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.JOB_ID%TYPE;
v_salary EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.SALARY%TYPE;
v_commission_pct EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.COMMISSION_PCT%TYPE;
v_manager_id EMPLOYEES_DETAILS.MANAGER_ID%TYPE;
v department id EMPLOYEES DETAILS.DEPARTMENT ID%TYPE;
BEGIN
OPEN emp_cursor;
LOOP
 FETCH emp_cursor INTO v_employee_id, v_first_name, v_last_name, v_email, v_phone_number,
v_hire_date, v_job_id, v_salary, v_commission_pct, v_manager_id, v_department_id;
 EXIT WHEN emp_cursor%NOTFOUND;
   DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Employee ID: ' | | v_employee_id);
   DBMS OUTPUT.PUT LINE('First Name: ' | | v first name);
```

```
DBMS_OUTPUT_PUT_LINE('Last Name: ' || v_last_name);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Email: ' || v_email);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Phone Number: ' || v_phone_number);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Hire Date: ' || TO_CHAR(v_hire_date, 'YYYY-MM-DD'));

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Job ID: ' || v_job_id);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Salary: ' || v_salary);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Commission Percentage: ' || v_commission_pct);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Manager ID: ' || v_manager_id);

DBMS_OUTPUT.PUT_LINE('Department ID: ' || v_department_id);

END LOOP;

CLOSE emp_cursor;

END get_employees_by_salary;

/

EXECUTE get_employees_by_salary(55000);
```

12. Write PL/SQL code block to increment the employee's salary by 1000 whose employee_id is 102 from the given table below.

```
CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEES_DATA(

EMPLOYEE_ID NUMBER,

FIRST_NAME VARCHAR2(50),

LAST_NAME VARCHAR2(50),

EMAIL VARCHAR2(100),

PHONE_NUMBER VARCHAR2(20),

JOIN_DATE DATE,

JOB_ID VARCHAR2(10),

SALARY NUMBER

);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DATA (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, JOIN_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY)
```

VALUES (100, 'Arul', 'Praba', 'arul.praba@gmail.com', '9876543210', TO_DATE('2020-06-06', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'IT_PROG', 26000.00);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DATA (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, JOIN_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY)

VALUES (101, 'Sanjay', 'Kumar', 'sanjay.kumar@gmail.com', '9876543211', TO_DATE('2021-02-08', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'HR_REP', 18000.00);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DATA (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE NUMBER, JOIN DATE, JOB ID, SALARY)

VALUES (102, 'Gayathri', 'lyer', 'gayathri.iyer@gmail.com', '9876543212', TO_DATE('2016-05-14', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'AD_VP', 19000.00);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DATA (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, JOIN_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY)

VALUES (103, 'Saran', 'Ravi', 'saran.ravi@gmail.com', '9876543213', TO_DATE('2019-06-24', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'IT PROG', 10000.00);

INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES_DATA (EMPLOYEE_ID, FIRST_NAME, LAST_NAME, EMAIL, PHONE_NUMBER, JOIN_DATE, JOB_ID, SALARY)

VALUES (104, 'Anbu', 'Kumar', 'anbu.kumar@gmail.com', '9876543214', TO_DATE('2018-08-30', 'YYYY-MM-DD'), 'FIN MGR', 22000.00);

SELECT * FROM EMPLOYEES_DATA;

DECLARE

BEGIN

UPDATE EMPLOYEES_DATA SET SALARY=SALARY+1000 WHERE EMPLOYEE_ID=102;

COMMIT;

END;