Final Project

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Libraries

```
library(readxl)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidyverse)
## Warning: package 'tidyr' was built under R version 4.4.3
## -- Attaching core tidyverse packages ----- tidyverse 2.0.0 --
## v dplyr 1.1.4 v readr
                                    2.1.5
## v forcats 1.0.0
                       v stringr
                                    1.5.1
## v lubridate 1.9.4
                        v tibble
                                    3.2.1
## v purrr
              1.0.2
                        v tidyr
                                    1.3.1
## -- Conflicts ----- tidyverse_conflicts() --
## x dplyr::filter() masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                    masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts to become error
library(plotly)
## Warning: package 'plotly' was built under R version 4.4.3
##
## Attaching package: 'plotly'
## The following object is masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
      last_plot
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
      filter
## The following object is masked from 'package:graphics':
##
##
      layout
```

Aesthetics

```
if (knitr::is latex output()) {
  # PDF output: light theme
  theme set(
   theme_minimal(base_size = 14, base_family = "Georgia") +
        plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", color = "black", hjust = 0.5),
        plot.subtitle = element_text(color = "black", hjust = 0.5),
        axis.title.x = element_text(color = "black", margin = margin(t = 10)),
        axis.title.y = element_text(color = "black", margin = margin(r = 10)),
        axis.text.x = element_text(color = "black"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(color = "black"),
        panel.background = element_rect(fill = "white", color = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "white", color = NA),
        panel.grid.major.x = element_line(color = "grey70"),
        panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey70"),
       panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
        legend.position = "none"
} else {
  # HTML output: dark theme
  theme set(
   theme minimal(base size = 14, base family = "Georgia") +
        plot.title = element_text(face = "bold", color = "#f8f8f8", hjust = 0.5),
       plot.subtitle = element_text(color = "#cccccc", hjust = 0.5),
        axis.title.x = element_text(color = "#f8f8f8", margin = margin(t = 10)),
        axis.title.y = element_text(color = "#f8f8f8", margin = margin(r = 10)),
        axis.text.x = element_text(color = "#f8f8f8"),
        axis.text.y = element_text(color = "#f8f8f8"),
        panel.background = element_rect(fill = "#222222", color = NA),
        plot.background = element_rect(fill = "#222222", color = NA),
        panel.grid.major.x = element_line(color = "grey30"),
        panel.grid.major.y = element_line(color = "grey30"),
       panel.grid.minor = element blank(),
       legend.position = "none"
 )
}
pastel colors <- c("Physical" = "#C3E2C2", "Eink" = "#D8C7FF")</pre>
#used https://ggplot2.tidyverse.org/reference/ggtheme.html to learn how to change the theme.
```

Data

```
SleepandReadData <- read_excel("C:/Users/kathr/OneDrive/School/Data211/Final Project/Data 211 project To SleepandReadData <- SleepandReadData %>%
```

```
mutate(
  Format = str_to_title(Format))
```

Hypothesis 1: Does the format I use significantly affect the minutes spent reading?

Hypothesis

```
\mu_e= Average minutes spent reading eink \mu_p= Average minutes spent reading physical H_0:\mu_e=\mu_p H_a:\mu_e\neq\mu_p t.test(MinutesReading ~ Format, data = SleepandReadData, alternative = "two.sided")
```

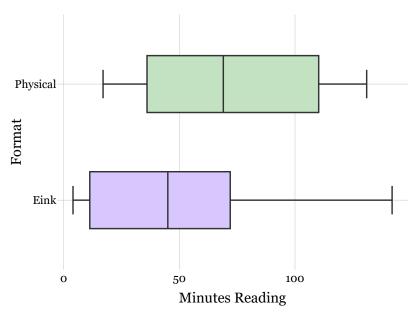
```
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: MinutesReading by Format
## t = -0.8722, df = 11.854, p-value = 0.4004
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Eink and group Physical is not equal
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -75.03211 32.17497
## sample estimates:
## mean in group Eink mean in group Physical
## 50.57143 72.00000
```

Conclusion:

p-value = $.4004 > \alpha = .05$, therefore with a 5% significance level, we fail to reject H_0 . There is not sufficient evidence to support the claim that the format used significantly affects the amount of minutes spent reading.

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Reading Time by Format



Hypothesis 2: Is the amount of sleep I get different based on the format I read before bed?

Hypothesis

 μ_e = Average sleep minutes after eink

```
\mu_p = Average sleep minutes after physical
H_0: \mu_e = \mu_p
H_a: \mu_e \neq \mu_p
t.test(TotalTimeAsleep ~ Format, data = SleepandReadData, alternative = "two.sided")
##
##
   Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: TotalTimeAsleep by Format
## t = -1.8106, df = 11.784, p-value = 0.09576
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Eink and group Physical is not equal
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -213.96426
                 19.96426
## sample estimates:
##
       mean in group Eink mean in group Physical
##
                  295.4286
                                          392.4286
```

Conclusion:

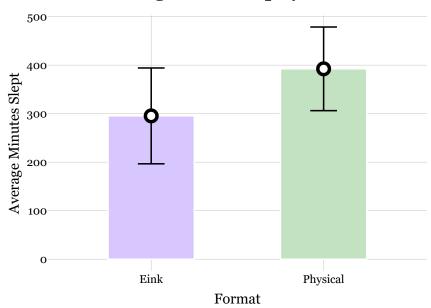
p-value = $.09576 > \alpha = .05$, therefore with a 5% significance level, we fail to reject H_0 . There is not sufficient evidence to support the claim that the format chosen greatly affects the amount of sleep I get each night.

```
SummaryTable <- SleepandReadData %>%
  group_by(Format) %>%
  summarise(
   ave = mean(TotalTimeAsleep, na.rm = TRUE),
   se = sd(TotalTimeAsleep, na.rm = TRUE) / sqrt(n()),
   n = n()
    tstar = qt(1 - 0.05/2, df = n() - 1)
  )
SleepvsFormat <- ggplot(SummaryTable, aes(x = Format, y = ave, fill = Format)) +</pre>
  geom_col(width = 0.5,
           color = "white") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = ave - tstar * se, ymax = ave + tstar * se),
                width = 0.2,
                linewidth = 0.8) +
  geom_point(shape = 21,
             size = 4,
             color = "black",
             fill = "white",
             stroke = 1.2) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = pastel_colors) +
  labs(title = "Average Total Sleep by Format",
       y="Average Minutes Slept")
```

ggplotly(SleepvsFormat)

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Average Total Sleep by Format



Hypothesis 3: Does the format that I use affect the speed at which I read?

Hypothesis

```
\mu_e = Average pages per minute with eink.
\mu_p = Average pages per minute with physical
H_0: \mu_e = \mu_p
H_a: \mu_e \neq \mu_p
t.test(PagesPerMinute ~ Format, data = SleepandReadData, alternative = "two.sided")
##
## Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: PagesPerMinute by Format
## t = -0.60455, df = 8.2952, p-value = 0.5616
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Eink and group Physical is not equal
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -1.6088694 0.9372314
## sample estimates:
       mean in group Eink mean in group Physical
                                          1.878776
##
                  1.542957
```

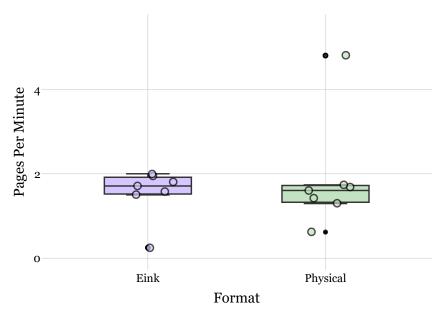
Conclusion:

p-value = $.562 > \alpha = .05$, therefore with a 5% significance level, we fail to reject H_0 . There is not sufficient evidence to support the claim that the format used greatly affects my reading speed.

```
PagesBoxPlot <- ggplot(SleepandReadData, aes(x = Format, y = PagesPerMinute, fill = Format)) +</pre>
  geom_boxplot(width = 0.5,
               outlier.shape = 21,
               outlier.fill = "white",
               outlier.color = "black",
               outlier.size = 2) +
  geom_jitter(width = 0.15,
              size = 2.5,
              color = "black",
              alpha = 0.7) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = pastel_colors) +
  labs(
    title = "Pages Per Minute by Format",
    y = "Pages Per Minute",
    x = "Format"
  )+
 ylim(0,5.5)
ggplotly(PagesBoxPlot)
```

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Pages Per Minute by Format



Hypothesis 4: Does the format that I use affect how quickly I fall asleep?

Hypothesis

```
\mu_e = Average minutes to fall asleep after eink
\mu_p = Average minutes to fall asleep after physical
H_0: \mu_e = \mu_p
H_a: \mu_e \neq \mu_p
t.test(MinutesToSleep ~ Format, data = SleepandReadData, alternative = "two.sided")
##
##
  Welch Two Sample t-test
##
## data: MinutesToSleep by Format
## t = -0.92872, df = 6.0311, p-value = 0.3887
## alternative hypothesis: true difference in means between group Eink and group Physical is not equal
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -112.57453
                  50.57453
## sample estimates:
##
       mean in group Eink mean in group Physical
##
                  9.142857
                                          40.142857
```

Conclusion:

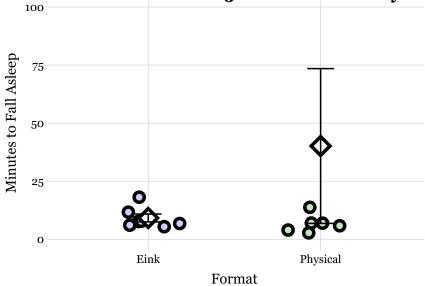
p-value = .3887 > α = .05, therefore with a 5% significance level, we fail to reject H_0 . There is not sufficient evidence to support the claim that the format used greatly affects how long it takes to fall asleep.

```
TimetoSleepPlot <- ggplot(SleepandReadData, aes(x = Format, y = MinutesToSleep, fill = Format)) +
  geom_jitter(width = 0.2,
              size = 3.5,
              shape = 21,
              color = "black",
              stroke = 1.2) +
  stat summary(fun = mean,
               geom = "point",
               shape = 23,
               size = 5,
               fill = "white",
               color = "black",
               stroke = 1.2) +
  stat_summary(fun.data = mean_se,
               geom = "errorbar",
               width = 0.2,
               linewidth = 1) +
  scale_fill_manual(values = pastel_colors) +
   title = "Minutes to Fall Asleep by Format\n(Note: One outlier above 250 minutes not fully shown)",
   y = "Minutes to Fall Asleep",
   x = "Format"
 ) +
  coord_cartesian(ylim = c(0, 100))
```

ggplotly(TimetoSleepPlot)

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Minutes to Fall Asleep by Format Note: One outlier above 250 minutes not fully sho



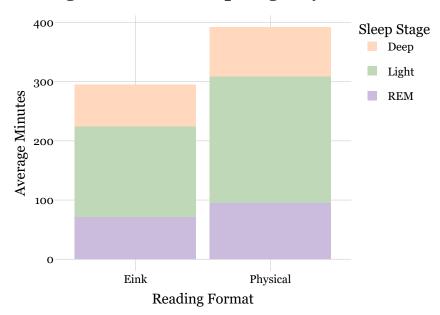
Additional Graphs

Stacked/clustered bar chart of average sleep stage minutes by format

```
SleepStageAvg <- SleepandReadData %>%
  group_by(Format) %>%
  summarise(
    REM = mean(REM),
   Light = mean(Light),
   Deep = mean(Deep)
  pivot_longer(cols = c(REM, Light, Deep),
               names_to = "Stage",
               values_to = "AvgMinutes")
StackedBars <- ggplot(SleepStageAvg, aes(x = Format, y = AvgMinutes, fill = Stage)) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("REM" = "#CBBBDD", "Light" = "#BFD8B8", "Deep" = "#FFD8BE")) +
  labs(title = "Average Minutes in Sleep Stages by Format",
       x = "Reading Format",
       y = "Average Minutes",
       fill = "Sleep Stage")+
  theme(legend.position="right")
ggplotly(StackedBars)
```

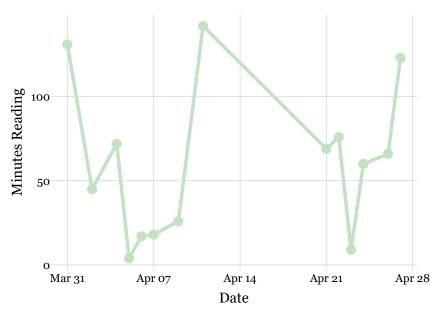
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Average Minutes in Sleep Stages by Format



Line chart showing reading time by date

Reading Minutes Over Time



Bar chart showing average pages read by day of week

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Average Pages Read by Day of Week

