Weather CLI app

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Open-Meteo

Link: https://open-meteo.com/en

➤ Weather Forecast API

https://api.open-meteo.com/v1/forecast?latitude=37.9792&longitude=23.7166

current_weather is TRUE

```
latitude:
                            38
  longitude:
                            23.6875
  generationtime_ms:
                            0.3349781036376953
  utc_offset_seconds:
                            "GMT"
  timezone:
  timezone abbreviation:
                            "GMT"
  elevation:
                            51
▼ current_weather:
     temperature:
                            25.7
    windspeed:
                            8.3
    winddirection:
                            180
     weathercode:
                            2
                            "2022-10-03T15:00"
     time:
```

Open-Meteo

> Historical Weather API

https://archive-api.open-meteo.com/v1/era5?latitude=37.9792&longitude=23.7166

start_date is 2021-01-01

end_date is 2022-07-13

hourly is temperature_2m

latitude:	38
longitude:	24
<pre>generationtime_ms:</pre>	0.3210306167602539
<pre>utc_offset_seconds:</pre>	0
timezone:	"GMT"
timezone_abbreviation:	"GMT"
elevation:	144
▼ hourly_units:	
time:	"iso8601"
temperature_2m:	"°C"
▼ hourly:	
▶ time:	[]

[...]

▶ temperature_2m:

Process Description - Storing Weather Data

WeatherData:

> When asio timer is expired (every 24 hours), process updates the tables on DB.

ConnectionWeatherAPI:

> Functions for sending HTTP requests, receiving and parsing HTTP responses.

Process Description - Weather CLI

CC (WeatherCLI):

> It executes a specific action according to the user's input.

Command:

> It is a base class and its function is implemented by DISPLAY, COMPARE and AVERAGE sub-classes.

ControlCommands:

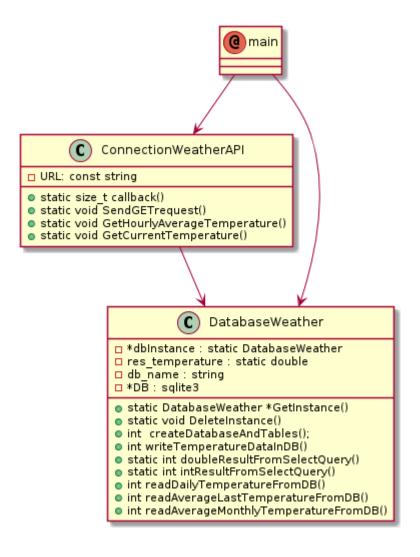
> It takes as input a command object in order to execute a specific action.

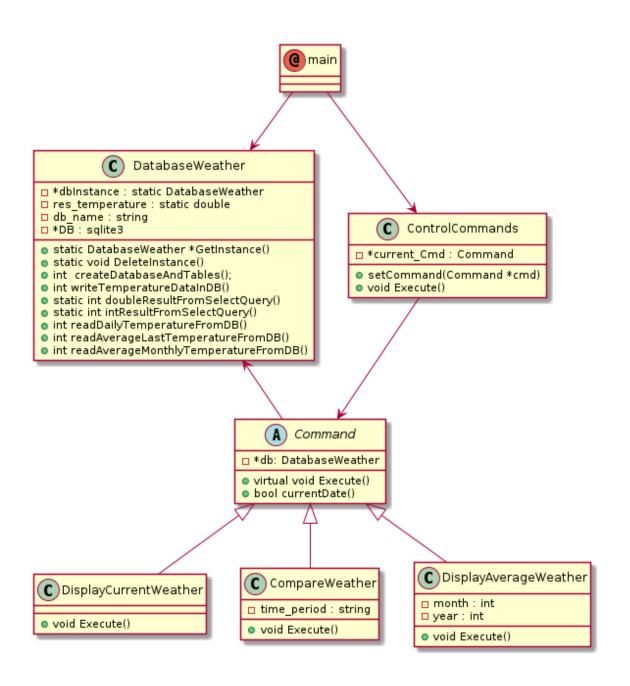
Processes Description

DatabaseWeather:

➤ It includes functions for (1) creating tables (2) writing on DB, (3) reading from DB and (4) storing data of specific SQL queries.

Structure of Processes





Write-Ahead Logging

Links:

https://sqlite.org/wal.html

https://sqlite.org/walformat.html

- ➤ The original content is mainting on the database file and the new content is stored initially on the WAL file. SQLite transfers all the transactions from WAL to the original database file automatically. (checkpoint)
- ➤ Threshold of 1000 pages
- > Reading from the original database and writing on the WAL file.
- > When the WAL is enabled:
 - ➤ Main database file (.db)
 - ➤ WAL file (.db-wal)
 - ➤ WAL-index (.db-shm): According to the SQLite documentation, it is the "shared memory for coordinating access to the database and a cache for quickly locating frame within the wal file"

Write-Ahead Logging

What I observed:

- > Before I set journal mode equal to WAL, all read requests were failing during parallel read-write requests
- > When I set journal mode equal to WAL, few read requests are failing (during parallel read-write requests)

> 1st Issue:

According to the SQLite documentation, processes with a different root directory will use different shared memory areas (it is possible to use different WAL-index files), that leads to database corruption

> 1st Possible Solution

According to the SQLite documentation, when exclusive locking mode is set, SQLite uses heap memory instead the memory-mapped shm file (WAL-index files).

➤ 2nd Issue:

- ➤ I did not manage to enable the exclusive locking mode with C++ code.
- > It is enabled only manually.

2nd Possible Solution

Use of Boost shared memory

Future Work - Improvements

- > ConnectionWeatherAPI class: use of namespace instead of class
- > currentDate() funciton: use of one source file
- > WeatherData process: should check if DB exists
- ➤ Updates on the *WeatherData* process makefile:

Future Work - Corrections

> DatabaseWeather class:

cout << endl << resName[0] << " = " << ((argv[0]) ? argv[0] : "NULL") << endl \rightarrow before if (argc == 1 && argv[0]!=nullptr)

> ConnectionWeatherAPI class:

- > remove unused variable
- > SendGETrequest(CURL* curl, string url, const string &receivedData, long &result_httpCode, CURLcode &result_curlCode)
- > Addition of curl_easy_cleanup(curl) on the GetCurrentTemperature() function