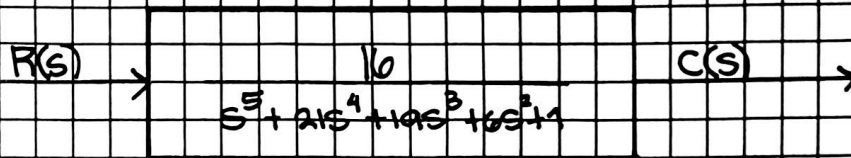


## PROBLEM 2



### SOLUTION

$$\frac{C(s)}{R(s)} = \frac{16}{s^5 + 21s^4 + 19s^3 + 6s^2 + 1}$$

$$\mathcal{L}\{s^5 C(s) + 21s^4 C(s) + 19s^3 C(s) + 6s^2 C(s) + C(s) = 16R(s)\}$$

$$\ddot{\ddot{C}} + 21\ddot{\ddot{C}} + 19\ddot{\ddot{C}} + 6\ddot{C} + C = 16r$$

$$21\ddot{\ddot{C}} + 19\ddot{\ddot{C}} + 7\ddot{C} + C = 16r$$

$$\begin{aligned} x_1 &= C(t) & \dot{x}_1 &= \dot{C}(t) = x_2 & u_1 &= r \\ x_2 &= \dot{C}(t) & \dot{x}_2 &= \ddot{C}(t) = x_3 \\ x_3 &= \ddot{C}(t) & \dot{x}_3 &= \ddot{\ddot{C}}(t) = x_4 \\ x_4 &= \ddot{\ddot{C}}(t) & \dot{x}_4 &= \ddot{\ddot{\ddot{C}}}(t) \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{x}_1 = 0x_1 + 1x_2 + 0x_3 + 0x_4 + 0u_1$$

$$\dot{x}_2 = 0x_1 + 0x_2 + 1x_3 + 0x_4 + 0u_1$$

$$\dot{x}_3 = 0x_1 + 0x_2 + 0x_3 + 1x_4 + 0u_1$$

$$\dot{x}_4 = \frac{-1}{21}x_1 + 0x_2 - \frac{7}{21}x_3 - \frac{19}{21}x_4 + \frac{16}{21}u_1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} \dot{x}_1 \\ \dot{x}_2 \\ \dot{x}_3 \\ \dot{x}_4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -1/21 & 0 & -7/21 & -19/21 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 16/21 \end{bmatrix} u_1$$

$$y = C(t) = x_1$$

$$y = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ x_4 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \end{bmatrix} u_1$$

