

SQL-представления.

Использование представлений для скрытия столбцов.

```
bookshop=# create view BookYear AS select name, id_author, year from Book ORDER BY name;
CREATE VIEW
bookshop=# select * from BookYear;
   name      | id_author | year
-----+-----+-----
Война и мир  |      101 | 1863
Капитанская дочка |      102 | 1836
Муму        |      103 | 1852
(3 строки)
```

```
bookshop=# create view Journal2 AS select id_book, date, number, sum from Journal;
CREATE VIEW
bookshop=# select * from Journal2;
 id_book |   date   | number | sum
-----+-----+-----+-----
    201  | 2023-03-25 |    25  | 10000
    202  | 2023-03-25 |    20  |  6000
    203  | 2023-03-25 |    10  |  4000
    201  | 2023-03-26 |    14  |  4000
    202  | 2023-03-26 |     5  |  1000
(5 строк)
```

Следующий оператор определяет представление, содержащее дату покупки только тех книг, которые купил покупатель 501.

```
bookshop=# create view BookSale AS select id_book, date from Journal where id_salesman = '501';
CREATE VIEW
bookshop=# select * from BookSale;
 id_book |   date   |
-----+-----+
    201  | 2023-03-25 |
    202  | 2023-03-25 |
    203  | 2023-03-25 |
(3 строки)
```

Использование представления для отображения вычисляемых столбцов.

```
bookshop=# create view Buyer2 AS select id, (('|| card || ')) || phone AS Data from Buyer;
CREATE VIEW
bookshop=# select * from Buyer2;
 id | data
-----+-----
 301 | (1234567890123)89207305638
 302 | (1234567895396)89507305699
 303 | (89204366666)89507305111
(3 строки)
```

Использование представления для скрытия сложного синтаксиса.

```
bookshop=# create view SaleBook AS select S.fio_s AS Salesman, B.name AS Book FROM Salesman S
JOIN Journal J ON S.id = J.id_salesman JOIN Book B ON J.id_book = B.id;
CREATE VIEW
bookshop=# select * from SaleBook;
 salesman      | book
-----+-----
Иванов Иван Иванович | Муму
Иванов Иван Иванович | Капитанская дочка
Иванов Иван Иванович | Война и мир
Петров Петр Петрович | Капитанская дочка
Петров Петр Петрович | Война и мир
(5 строк)
```

Хранимая процедура.

```
bookshop=# CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION NewBuy(
bookshop(# newname IN text,
bookshop(# newfio OUT text,
bookshop(# newyear OUT char,
bookshop(# newdate OUT date,
bookshop(# newsum OUT char
bookshop(# )
bookshop-# AS $NewBuy$
bookshop$$ DECLARE new_record RECORD;
bookshop$$ BEGIN
bookshop$$ for new_record in select Book.name, Author.fio, Book.year, Journal.date, Journal.sum FROM Book JOIN Journal ON B
ook.id = Journal.id_book JOIN Author ON Book.id_author = Author.id WHERE Book.name = newname
bookshop$$ LOOP
bookshop$$ newfio := new_record.fio;
bookshop$$ newyear := new_record.year;
bookshop$$ newdate := new_record.date;
bookshop$$ newsum := new_record.sum;
bookshop$$ RAISE NOTICE 'Книга % автора % года издания % куплена % числа на сумму %', newname, newfio, newyear, newdate, ne
wsum;
bookshop$$ END LOOP;
bookshop$$ END;
bookshop$$ $NewBuy$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE FUNCTION
bookshop=# select NewBuy ('Муму');
ЗАМЕЧАНИЕ: Книга Муму автора Тургенев Иван Сергеевич года издания 1852 куплена 2023-03-25 числа на сумму 4000
newbuy
-----
("Тургенев Иван Сергеевич",1852,2023-03-25,4000)
(1 строка)

bookshop=# select NewBuy ('Капитанская дочка');
ЗАМЕЧАНИЕ: Книга Капитанская дочка автора Пушкин Александр Сергеевич года издания 1836 куплена 2023-03-25 числа на сумму 6
000
ЗАМЕЧАНИЕ: Книга Капитанская дочка автора Пушкин Александр Сергеевич года издания 1836 куплена 2023-03-26 числа на сумму 1
000
newbuy
-----
("Пушкин Александр Сергеевич",1836,2023-03-26,1000)
(1 строка)
```

Использование триггеров для проверки допустимости вводимых данных.

```
bookshop=# CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION new_buyer() RETURNS trigger AS
bookshop-# $new_buyer$
bookshop$$ BEGIN
bookshop$$ IF EXISTS (SELECT * FROM Buyer WHERE phone = NEW.phone) THEN
bookshop$$ RAISE EXCEPTION 'Такой номер телефона % уже имеется', NEW.phone;
bookshop$$ END IF;
bookshop$$ RETURN NEW;
bookshop$$ END;
bookshop$$ $new_buyer$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
CREATE FUNCTION
bookshop=# CREATE TRIGGER new_buyer
bookshop-# BEFORE INSERT ON Buyer
bookshop-# FOR EACH ROW EXECUTE FUNCTION new_buyer();
CREATE TRIGGER
bookshop=# select * from Buyer;
 id |      card      |      phone
-----+-----+-----
 301 | 1234567890123 | 89207305638
 302 | 1234567895396 | 89507305699
 303 | 89204366666   | 89507305111
(3 строки)

bookshop=# insert into Buyer (id, card, phone) values ('304', '1234567890', '89207305638'
);
ОШИБКА: Такой номер телефона 89207305638 уже имеется
```

Сводная таблица.

```
bookshop=# SELECT DATE_TRUNC('year', date) AS YEAR,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS JAN,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS FEB,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 3 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS MAR,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 4 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS APR,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 5 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS MAY,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 6 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS JUN,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 7 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS JUL,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 8 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS AUG,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 9 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS SEP,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 10 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS OCT,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 11 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS NOV,
bookshop=# SUM(CASE WHEN EXTRACT(MONTH FROM date) = 12 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS DEC
bookshop=# FROM Journal
bookshop=# GROUP BY 1
bookshop=# ORDER BY 1;
```

year	jan	feb	mar	apr	may	jun	jul	aug	sep	oct	nov	dec
2023-01-01 00:00:00+03	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

(1 строка)

Словарь метаданных.

Получим список ограничений.

```
bookshop=# select * from information_schema.table_constraints;
```

constraint_catalog	constraint_schema	constraint_name	table_catalog	table_schema	table_name	constraint_type
is_deferrable	initially_deferred	enforced	nullable	distinct		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_proc_oid_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_proc	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_proc_proname_args_nsp_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_proc	UNIQUE
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_type_oid_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_type	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_type_typname_nsp_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_type	UNIQUE
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attribute_relid_attnam_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attribute	UNIQUE
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attribute_relid_attnum_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attribute	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_class_oid_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_class	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_class_relnam_nsp_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_class	UNIQUE
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attrdef_adrelid_adnum_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attrdef	UNIQUE
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attrdef_oid_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_attrdef	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_constraint_conrelid_contypid_conname_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_constraint	UNIQUE
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_constraint_oid_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_constraint	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_inherits_relid_seqno_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_inherits	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_operator_oid_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_operator	PRIMARY KEY
NO	NO	YES				
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_operator_oprname_l_r_n_index	bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_operator	UNIQUE

Получим список внешних ключей

```
bookshop=# select * from information_schema.referential_constraints;
```

constraint_catalog	constraint_schema	constraint_name	unique_constraint_catalog	unique_constraint_schema	unique_constraint_name	match_option	update_rule	delete_rule
bookshop	public	book_id_author_fkey	bookshop	public	author_pkey	NONE	NO ACTION	NO ACTION
bookshop	public	journal_id_buyer_fkey	bookshop	public	buyer_pkey	NONE	NO ACTION	NO ACTION
bookshop	public	journal_id_salesman_fkey	bookshop	public	salesman_pkey	NONE	NO ACTION	NO ACTION
bookshop	public	fk_book	bookshop	public	book_pkey	NONE	NO ACTION	NO ACTION
bookshop	public	journal_id_book_fkey	bookshop	public	book_pkey	NONE	NO ACTION	NO ACTION
bookshop	public	fk_journal	bookshop	public	journal_pkey	NONE	NO ACTION	NO ACTION

(6 строк)

Получим список последовательностей.

```
bookshop=# select * from information_schema.sequences;
```

sequence_catalog	sequence_schema	sequence_name	data_type	numeric_precision	numeric_precision_radix	numeric_scale	start_value	minimum_value	maximum_value	increment	cycle_option
bookshop	public	author_id_seq	integer	32	2	0	1	1	2147483647	1	NO
bookshop	public	buyer_id_seq	integer	32	2	0	1	1	2147483647	1	NO
bookshop	public	salesman_id_seq	integer	32	2	0	1	1	2147483647	1	NO
bookshop	public	book_id_seq	integer	32	2	0	1	1	2147483647	1	NO
bookshop	public	journal_id_seq	integer	32	2	0	1	1	2147483647	1	NO
bookshop	public	seq_author	bigint	64	2	0	101	100	9223372036854775807	1	NO
bookshop	public	seq_book	bigint	64	2	0	201	200	9223372036854775807	1	NO
bookshop	public	seq_buyer	bigint	64	2	0	301	300	9223372036854775807	1	NO
bookshop	public	seq_journal	bigint	64	2	0	401	400	9223372036854775807	1	NO
bookshop	public	seq_salesman	bigint	64	2	0	501	500	9223372036854775807	1	NO

(10 строк)

Получим список таблиц.

```
bookshop=# select * from information_schema.tables;
table_catalog | table_schema | table_name | table_type | self_referencing_column_name | reference_generation | user_defined_type_catalog |
g | user_defined_type_schema | user_defined_type_name | is_insertable_into | is_typed | commit_action
```

bookshop	public	book	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	public	buyer	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	public	salesman	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	public	journal_book	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	public	author	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	public	journal	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_statistic	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_type	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_foreign_table	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_authid	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_shadow	NO	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_roles	NO	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	public	bookyear	YES	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	public	journal2	YES	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	public	buyer2	YES	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_statistic_ext_data	YES	BASE TABLE	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_settings	NO	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_file_settings	NO	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_hba_file_rules	NO	VIEW	NO		
bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_ident_file_mappings	NO	VIEW	NO		

Получим список представлений.

```
bookshop=# select * from information_schema.views;
table_catalog | table_schema | table_name | view_definition | check_option | is_updatable | is_insertable_into | is_trigger_updatable | is_trigger_deletable
```

bookshop	pg_catalog	pg_shadow	SELECT pg_authid.rolname AS username,	+	NONE	NO	NO	NO
	NO		pg_authid.oid AS usesysid,	+				
			pg_authid.rolcreatedb AS usecreatedb,	+				
				+				
			pg_authid.rolreplication AS use repl,	+				
			pg_authid.rolbypassrls AS usebypassrls,	+				
			pg_authid.rolpassword AS passwd,	+				
			pg_authid.rolvaliduntil AS valuntil,	+				
			s.setconfig AS useconfig	+				

[illegible]

```
bookshop=# select * from information_schema.triggers;
 trigger_catalog | trigger_schema | trigger_name | event_manipulation | event_object_catalog | event_object_schema | event_object_table | action_orde
er | action_condition | action_statement | action_orientation | action_timing | action_reference_old_table | action_reference_new_table
| action_reference_old_row | action_reference_new_row | created
-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
bookshop      | public      | new_buyer   | INSERT              | bookshop           | public          | buyer            |
1 | EXECUTE FUNCTION new_buyer() | ROW              | BEFORE              | public             | buyer
(1 строка)
```