Data Mining mini projest

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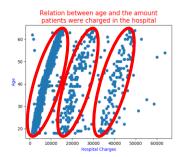
Linear Regression: Medical Cost

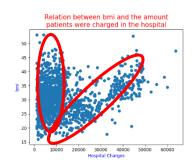
The dataset of insurance contains 10 columns. **ID**, **age**, **sex**, **bmi** of 1380 patients, whether they have **partner** or **children**, if they are **smoker**, the **region** they live, and hospital **charges** as dependent variable. Age has 18, smoker 32 and charges 15 missing values.

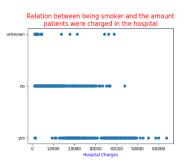
<u>mean</u> is used to replace age missing values, "<u>unknown</u>" to replace smoker missing values and the 15 rows including missing values of y=charges are dropped. After cleaning we have 1365 rows of data. Encoding on categorical variables, sex with 2 levels male=1, female=2, , partner with 2 levels yes=1, no=0, smoker with 3 levels unknown=0, no=1, yes=2 and region with 4 levels northeast=1, northwest=2, southeast=3 and southwest=4 is done.

ID	age	sex	bmi	children	smoker	region	charges	partner	sex_C	smoker_C
10001	27	female	31.4	0	yes	southwest	34838.87	yes	2	2
10002	39	female	39.71	0	yes	northeast	13143.34	no	2	2
10006	23	female	28.31	0	yes	northwest	18033.97	no	2	2

Correlation and association between variables:







As the age increases, the amount of charges also increases.

For the amount of less than 10,000, bmi doesn't show a specific association with charges, but as the amount increases, patients tend to have higher bmi.

Smoker patients have a bigger variation over their hospital charges and the highest charges belong to smokers.

Being smoker and the amount of charges has the highest correlation.

Also number of children and having a partner is correlated.

									ID -									- 1.0	,
	ID	age	bmi	children	charges	sex_C	smoker_C	region_	age -									- 0.8	3
ID	1								bmi -										
age	0.0250	1.0000							children -									- 0.6	j
bmi	-0.0423	0.1061	1						charges -				_					- 0.4	1
children	0.0037	0.1525	0.0273	1					sex_C -										
charges	-0.0249	0.2873	0.1859	0.1006	1				smoker_C -									- 0.2	1
sex_C	-0.0417	0.0194	-0.0500	0.0012	-0.0447	1			region_C -			٠,						- 0.0)
smoker_C	-0.0363	0.0517	-0.0151	0.0626	0.7244	-0.0533	1		partner_c -	- QI	age -	dren -	rges -	ex_c-	- o_a	on_C	er_c -		
region_C	0.0110	-0.0011	0.1520	0.0100	-0.0082	-0.0055	-0.0058	1				=	io.	03	*	-	_		
partner_C	0.0091	0.0642	0.0202	0.4705	0.0335	0.0326	0.0633	-0.0155	5	1									

Linear Regression Model:

X = [age, bmi, children, sex, smoker, region, partner]

y = charges

y = -26562.1157 + 200.596 age + 335.825 bmi + 384.039 children - 44.8978 sex_C + 19319.8 smoker_C - 376.116 region_C - 1133.59 partner_C

R2 (Train)= 0.6043 R2 (Test)=0.6621

Children has the highest pvalue which makes it insignificant and the next insignificant X is bmi.

y = -17126.4998 + 221.689 age - 276.906 sex_C + 19300.7 smoker_C - 135.451 region_C - 709.801 partner_C

Х	P-Value
age	0.000
sex_C	0.000
smoker_C	0.000
region_C	0.000
partner_C	0.010

With 1365, **5-fold** regressions were developed to check the validation on the model. The values are 0.6272, 0.5068, 0.6075, 0.5257, 0.6265 with average of **0.5787**.

R-Square from final test model is **0.6442.** R2-Adj= **0.6481**

$$\bar{R}^2 = 1 - (1 - R^2) \left[\frac{n-1}{n - (k+1)} \right]$$