

## Unifikationsalgorithmus: $\text{unify}(C) =$

```
if  $C == \emptyset$  then []  
else let  $\{\theta_l = \theta_r\} \cup C' = C$  in  
  if  $\theta_l == \theta_r$  then  $\text{unify}(C')$   
  else if  $\theta_l == Y$  and  $Y \notin FV(\theta_r)$  then  $\text{unify}([Y \dot{=} \theta_r] C') \circ [Y \dot{=} \theta_r]$   
  else if  $\theta_r == Y$  and  $Y \notin FV(\theta_l)$  then  $\text{unify}([Y \dot{=} \theta_l] C') \circ [Y \dot{=} \theta_l]$   
  else if  $\theta_l == f(\theta_l^1, \dots, \theta_l^n)$  and  $\theta_r == f(\theta_r^1, \dots, \theta_r^n)$   
    then  $\text{unify}(C' \cup \{\theta_l^1 = \theta_r^1, \dots, \theta_l^n = \theta_r^n\})$   
  else fail
```

$Y \in FV(\theta)$  **occur check**, verhindert zyklische Substitutionen

## Korrektheitstheorem

$\text{unify}(C)$  terminiert und gibt *mgu* für  $C$  zurück, falls  $C$  unifizierbar, ansonsten **fail**.

Beweis: Siehe [Pie02]