Thresholding

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2.1 Thresholding

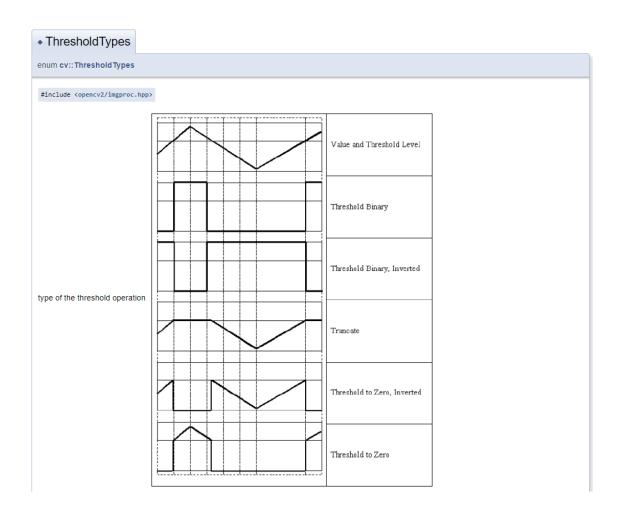
2.1.1 1. Simple thresholding:

• For every pixel, the same threshold value is applied. If the pixel value is smaller than the threshold, it is set to 0, otherwise it is set to a maximum value. The function cv.threshold is used to apply the thresholding.

2.1.2 2. Adaptive thresholding:

- In the simple thresholding, we used one global value as a threshold. But this might not be good in all cases, e.g. if an image has different lighting conditions in different areas.
- Adaptive thresholding algorithm determines the threshold for a pixel based on a small region around it. So we get different thresholds for different regions of the same image which gives better results for images with varying illumination.

Reference: https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/d7/d4d/tutorial_py_thresholding.html



```
[]: import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

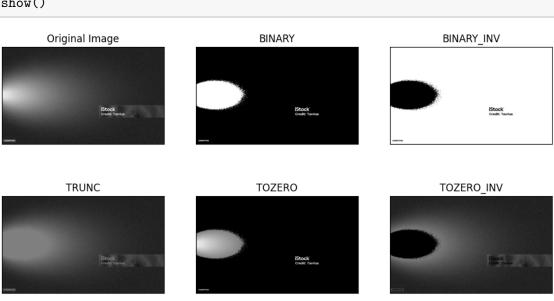
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))

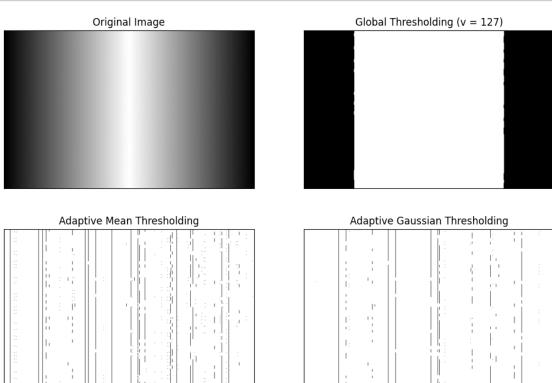
# Input your image!
img = cv.imread('./assets/gradient.jpg', cv.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

threshold = 127
# print(img)
assert img is not None, "file could not be read, check with os.path.exists()"
ret,thresh1 = cv.threshold(img,threshold,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY)
ret,thresh2 = cv.threshold(img,threshold,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV)
ret,thresh3 = cv.threshold(img,threshold,255,cv.THRESH_TRUNC)
ret,thresh4 = cv.threshold(img,threshold,255,cv.THRESH_TOZERO)
ret,thresh5 = cv.threshold(img,threshold,255,cv.THRESH_TOZERO_INV)
```

```
titles = ['Original Image', 'BINARY', 'BINARY_INV', 'TRUNC', 'TOZERO', 'TOZERO_INV']
images = [img, thresh1, thresh2, thresh3, thresh4, thresh5]

for i in range(6):
    plt.subplot(2,3,i+1),plt.imshow(images[i], 'gray', vmin=0, vmax=255)
    plt.title(titles[i])
    plt.xticks([]),plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```





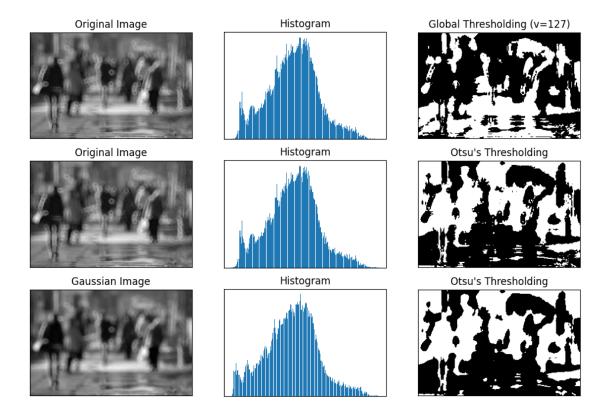
2.2 Otsu's Binarization

2.2.1 How it works??

https://docs.opencv.org/4.x/d7/d4d/tutorial_py_thresholding.html

```
[]: import cv2 as cv
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
```

```
img = cv.imread('./assets/blur.jpg', cv.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)
assert img is not None, "file could not be read, check with os.path.exists()"
# global thresholding
ret1,th1 = cv.threshold(img,127,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY)
# Otsu's thresholding
ret2,th2 = cv.threshold(img,0,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV+cv.THRESH_OTSU)
# Otsu's thresholding after Gaussian filtering
blur = cv.GaussianBlur(img,(5,5),0)
ret3,th3 = cv.threshold(blur,0,255,cv.THRESH_BINARY_INV+cv.THRESH_OTSU)
# plot all the images and their histograms
images = [img, 0, th1,
          img, 0, th2,
          blur, 0, th3]
titles = ['Original Image', 'Histogram', 'Global Thresholding (v=127)',
          'Original Image', 'Histogram', "Otsu's Thresholding",
          'Gaussian Image', 'Histogram', "Otsu's Thresholding"]
for i in range(3):
    plt.subplot(3,3,i*3+1),plt.imshow(images[i*3],'gray')
    plt.title(titles[i*3]), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
    plt.subplot(3,3,i*3+2),plt.hist(images[i*3].ravel(),256)
    plt.title(titles[i*3+1]), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
    plt.subplot(3,3,i*3+3),plt.imshow(images[i*3+2],'gray')
    plt.title(titles[i*3+2]), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```



2.2.2 Task: (10 points)

1. Read an image and apply global, adaptive, and Otsu's thresholding.

2. Visualize the results.

```
[]: import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Step 1: Read the image in grayscale
img = cv2.imread('assets/brain.jpg', cv2.IMREAD_GRAYSCALE)

# Step 2: Apply global thresholding
threshold = 127
ret1, thresh_global = cv2.threshold(img, threshold, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY) #__
Fill the missing values

# Step 3: Apply adaptive thresholding
thresh_adaptive = cv2.adaptiveThreshold(img, 255, cv2.
ADAPTIVE_THRESH_GAUSSIAN_C, cv2.THRESH_BINARY, 3, 1)

# Step 4: Apply Otsu's thresholding
```

```
ret2, thresh_otsu = cv2.threshold(img, 0, 255, cv2.THRESH_BINARY + cv2.

THRESH_OTSU)

# Step 5: Visualize the images
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
plt.subplot(131), plt.imshow(thresh_global, cmap='gray'), plt.title('Global_u Thresholding')
plt.subplot(132), plt.imshow(thresh_adaptive, cmap='gray'), plt.title('Adaptive_u Thresholding')
plt.subplot(133), plt.imshow(thresh_otsu, cmap='gray'), plt.title('Otsu\'su Thresholding')
plt.show()
```

