For Loop - 1 [Basic flow]

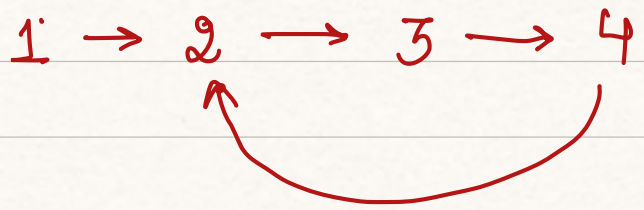
For Loop - 2 [New Logical Problems]

Ques. Print number from 1 to 10

```
int i = 1;          // initialization
while (i <= 10) {                    // condition
    S.O.Pln(i);                      // statement / task
    i++;                             // updating
}
```

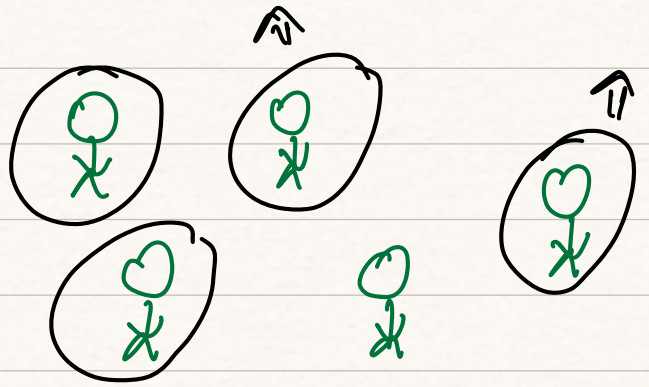
Order of execution

1. Initialisation
2. condition check
3. Loop work
4. update



For Loops.

sum:



For every employee

1. get the salary
2. add it

Syntax →

```
for ( initialise ; loop condition ; update ) {
// Loop work / task to be repeated
}
```

[once] — initialise

loop condition → true

update → loop condition

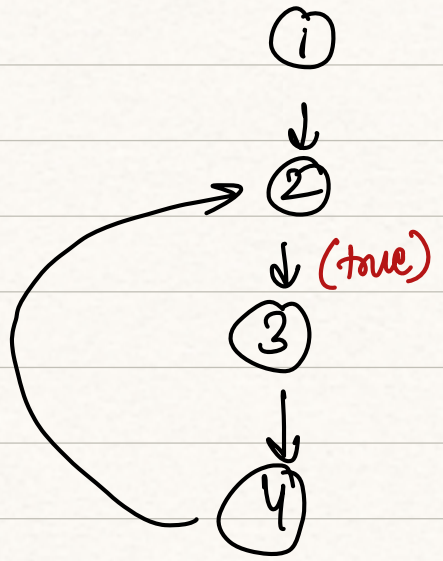
Print numbers from 1 to 10

```
int i = 1;
while (i <= 10) {
    S.O.Pln (i);
    i++;
}
```

```
for (int i=1; i<=10; i++) {
    S.O.Pln (i);
}
```

Print from 1 to n.

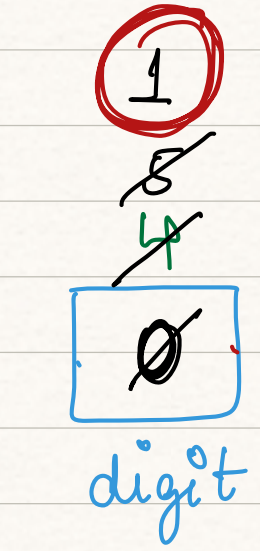
```
int n = scn.nextInt();
for ( int i=1 ; i <= n ; i++) {
    S.O.Pln(i);
}
```



n = 5

i	i <= 5	Output	i++
1	true	1	2
2	true	2	3
3	true	3	4
4	true	4	5
5	true	5	6
6	false →	Break	

```
int n = scn.nextInt();
int digit = 0;
for( int i = n ; i > 0 ; i = i/10 ){
    → digit = i%10;
      S.o.Pln (digit);
}
```



S.o.Pln (digit); 1 4

n = 154 5

1

(i%10)

i	i > 0	digit	Output	i = i/10
154	true	4	4	15
15	true	5	5	1
1	true	1	1	0
0	false	→	→	Break

Print the first and last digit of a number.

n = 1965 → 1 5

MSD ↵ (first digit)

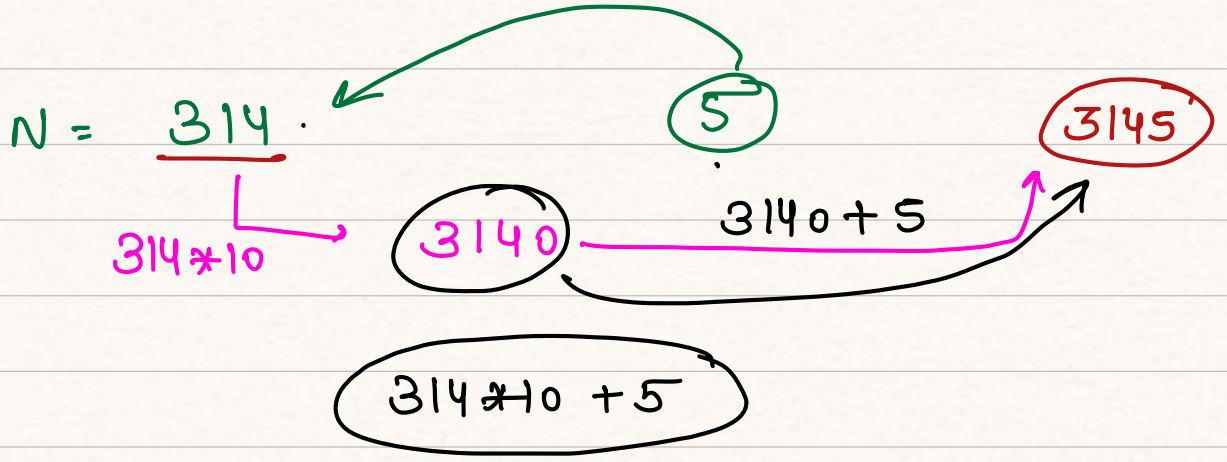
↳ LSD (last digit)

n = 6105 → 6 5

Ques. Given a positive number N, reverse the number.

154 ⟶ 451

N = 6123 ⟶ 3216
N = 712 ⟶ 217
N = 1000 ⟶ 1
N = 270 ⟶ 72

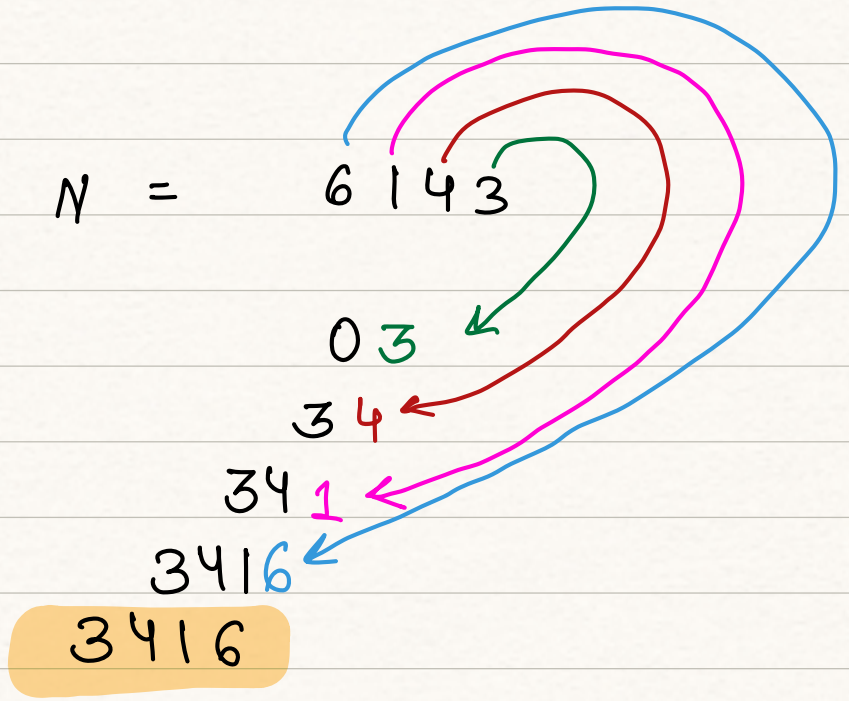


617

$617 * 10 + 1$

Add the digit d ("1") to the back of the number r ("617")

$r * 10 + d$



N = 7834

rev = 0

rev = rev * 10 + (7834 % 10)

rev = 0 * 10 + 4

rev ⇒ 4

N = 7834 / 10 ⇒ 783

rev = rev * 10 + (783 % 10)

= 4 * 10 + 3

= 43

N = 783 / 10 = 78

rev = rev * 10 + (78 % 10)

= 43 * 10 + 8

= 438

N = 78 / 10 = 7

rev = rev * 10 + (7 % 10)

= 438 * 10 + 7

= 4387

N = 7 / 10 = 0

① get last digit [N % 10]

② add to the back of rev [rev * 10 + digit]

③ N = N / 10

Doubts

Bank Account -2

Balance

total no. of operation

For each operation
- ① type
- ② Amount

type = 1 (add)

type = 2 (subtract)
- (amount > balance) Insufficient Funds
- difference

1000
3
1 500
2 1400
2 500

Balance = ~~1000~~ ~~1500~~ 100

t = 3

type = 2

amount = 500

Output →

1500
100
Insufficient funds

```
long balance = scn.nextLong();
int t = scn.nextInt()
while (t>0) {
    int type = scn.nextInt();
    long amount = scn.nextLong();
    if (type==1) {
        balance = balance + amount;
        S.O.Pln(balance);
    } else {
```

```
if (amount > balance){
    S.O.Pln ("Insufficient funds");

} else {
    balance = balance - amount;
}    S.O.Pln (balance);

}

t--;

}
```

Sum of Odd & Even Index digit

N = 4 5 2 4 1 2 6

7 6 5 4 3 2 1 ← Index

Odd Index → 1, 3, 5, 7

Odd Index Digit → 6 + 1 + 2 + 4 = 13

Even Idex → 2 4 6

Even Index Digits → 2 + 4 + 5 = 11

```
int n = scn.nextInt();
int oddsum = 0;
int evensum = 0;
int index = 1;
```

```
while (n > 0) {
    int digit = n % 10;
    if (index % 2 == 0) {
        evensum = evensum + digit;
    } else {
        oddsum = oddsum + digit;
    }
    index++;
    n = n / 10;
}
```

Armstrong Numbers!

Sum of cubes of each digits is equal to number itself.

```
int n = scn.nextInt();
int i = 1;
while (i <= n) {
    // check whether i is Armstrong
    int num = i;
    int sum = 0;
    while (num > 0) {
        int digit = num % 10;
```

```
        sum = sum + (digit * digit * digit);
        num = num / 10;
    }
    if (sum == i ){
        S.O.Pln (i);
    }
    i++;
}
```

count of digits

```
int t = scn.nextInt();
while (t > 0) {
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    int count = 0;
    if (n == 0) {
        count = 1;
    }
    while (n > 0) {
        n = n/10;
        count++;
    }
    S.O.Pln(count);
    t--;
}
```

n = 0
↳ 1
count = 1