

# PART- 2

**Spring-ORM** 

# **Spring ORM**

- □ The Spring Framework provides integration with Hibernate, JDO, Oracle TopLink, iBATIS SQL
   Maps and JPA: in terms of resource management, DAO implementation support, and transaction
   strategies.
- ⇒ For example for Hibernate, there is first-class support with lots of IoC convenience features, addressing many typical Hibernate integration issues.
- All of these support packages for O/R (Object Relational) mappers comply with Spring's generic transaction and DAO exception hierarchies.
- There are usually two integration styles: either using Spring's DAO 'templates' or coding DAOs against plain Hibernate/JDO/TopLink/etc APIs. In both cases, DAOs can be configured through Dependency Injection and participate in Spring's resource and transaction management.

# Q) What is the traditional style of achieving persistence in java based enterprise application?

⇒ Sending SQL statements to the Database using JDBC API

# Q.) What are the limitations of the traditional approach?

- ⇒ Application portability to the DB is lost. (Vendor lock: diff SQL statement for the db's)
- Mismatches between Object oriented data representation and relational data representation are not properly addressed.
- ⇒ Requires the extensive knowledge of DB
- Too many steps to maintain transactions
- ⇒ Need to tune your queries
- ⇒ Need to implement caching manually.

# Q.) what is an alternative for traditional approach?

- ⇒ ORM (Object Relational mapping)
- Object Relational mapping is technique of mapping objected oriented data representation to that of relational data representation
- Through ORM technique persistence services (database) are provided to business layer in pure object oriented manner by overcoming all limitations of the traditional approach.

## Q.) What are the ORM frameworks are there?

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# By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional)

- Hibernate
- Toplink
- Ibatis
- JDO
- JPA(Java Persistence API)

# Q.) Is Spring ORM an implementation of ORM (Object Relational Model) like Hibernate?

- ⇒ No, it is not ORM implementation
- ⇒ It is the one of the modules of spring framework, which is used to integrate any ORM into spring framework

# Q.) Why to integrate ORM modules into spring framework?

There are some of the following common practices are there in all most all ORM implementation frameworks

- 1. Exception Handling Logic
- 2. Transaction Management Logic
- 3. Resource allocation Logic
- 4. Resource Releasing logic

## **Exception Handling Loigc**

- ⇒ Spring Frame Work provides the **Fine Grind Exception Handling** mechanism to deal with DataBase i.e. it defines specific Exceptions for each and every problem that occurs while dealing with the DB.
- □ DataAccessException: org.springframework.dao.DataAccessException is the top most Exception in spring DAO exception hierarchy.
- □ In Spring DAO Exception Hierarchy we have a support (or **Spring ExceptionTranslator**) to Transform Io-level Data Access API Exceptions to the Spring DAO Exceptions.
- □ DataAccess Exception is the child class of RuntimeException so all Spring DAO Exceptions are unchecked Exceptions
- ⇒ Spring provides **Declarative Exception Handling** Mechanism, means we can handle the Exceptions in the "Spring-Configuration" file.

#### Transaction Management Logic

⇒ Spring allows you to wrap your O/R mapping code with either a declarative, AOP style method interceptor, or an explicit 'template' wrapper class at the Java code level.

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⇒ In either case, transaction semantics are handled for you, and prop transaction handling (rollback, etc) in case of exceptions is taken care of. As discussed below, you so get the benefit of being able to use and swap various transaction managers, without your Hiberna (1)DO related code being affected:

⇒ For example, between local transactions and JTA, with the same full services (such as declarative transactions) available in both scenarios.

As an additional benefit, JDBC-related code can fully integrate tran ditionally with the code you use to do O/R mapping.

⇒ Spring Framework supports Distributive Transaction Management.

# **Resource allocation Logic**

⇒ XXXTemplate provided by the spring which, abstract the DB Resource Allocation Logic.

# Resource Releasing logic

Spring provided XXXTemplate, which automatically releases the DB esources.

# Q.) Develop Hibernate application, in which we can perform account creation, retrieve, update and delete?

- - ⊿ 🥭 src
    - 🎍 🔁 com.neo.hibernate.config
      - hibernate.cfg.xml
    - - AccountDao.java
    - 🗸 📇 com.neo.hibernate.mapping
      - 🏥 Account.hbm.xml
    - - AccountService.java
    - a 🖶 com.neo.hibernate.util
      - SessionUtil.java
    - - Account.java
  - JRE System Library [Java5E-1.6]

  - Referenced Libraries
    - р 🕟 ojdbc14.jar E:\Resources\database-jars

#### **ACCOUNT TABLE**

ACNO	NAME	BAL
1003	sekharreddy	6500
1001	sekhar	9800
1002	somu + '	6899

# hibernate.cfg.xml

- 1. <?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
- 2. <! DOCTYPE hibernate-configuration PUBLIC
- 3. "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Configuration DTD 3.0//EN"
- 4. "http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-configuration-3.0.dtd">
- 5. <hibernate-configuration>
- 6. <session-factory>
- 7.

- 10. property name="connection.username">system /property>

- 15. cproperty name="show\_sql">true</property>
- 16. property name="format sql">true

</property>

```
<mapping resource="com/neo/hibernate/mapping/Account.hbm.xml" />
20.
21.
      </session-factory>
22.
      </hibernate-configuration>
SessionUtil.java
1. package com.neo.hibernate.util;
3. import org.hibernate.Session;
4. import org.hibernate.SessionFactory;
5. import org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration;
7. public class SessionUtil {
      private static final String CONFIGURATION_FILE_LOCATION =
8.
9.
                                              "com/neo/hibernate/config/hibernate.cfg.xml";
            private static SessionFactory factory;
10.
            private static final ThreadLocal<Session> t1 = new ThreadLocal<Session>();
11.
12.
13.
            private SessionUtil() {
14.
15.
16.
            static {
17.
18.
                         factory = new Configuration()
19.
                                    .configure(CONFIGURATION_FILE_LOCATION)
20.
                                     .buildSessionFactory();
21.
                  } catch (Exception e) {
22.
                         e.printStackTrace();
23.
24.
25.
            public static Session getSession() {
26.
27.
                  return factory.openSession();
28.
29.
30.
            public static void closeSession(Session session) {
31.
                  if (session != null) {
32.
                         session.close();
33.
34.
35.
            public static Session getCurrentSession() {
36.
37.
                  Session session = tl.get();
38.
                  if (session == null) {
39.
                         session = factory.openSession();
40.
                         tl.set(session);
41.
42.
                  return session;
43.
44.
            public static void closeCurrentSession() {
45.
                  Session session = tl.get();
46.
47.
                  tl.set(null);
48.
                  if (session != null) {
49.
                         session.close();
```

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```
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50.
51.
52.
53.
Account.java
1. package com.neo.hibernate.vo;
3. public class Account {
      private int accno;
      private String name;
      private double balance;
7.
      public int getAccno() {
8.
            return accno;
9.
10.
            public void setAccno(int accno) {
11.
                  this.accno = accno;
12.
13.
            public String getName() {
14.
                  return name;
15.
16.
            public void setName(String name) {
17.
                  this.name = name;
18.
19.
            public double getBalance() {
20.
                  return balance;
21.
22.
            public void setBalance(double balance) {
23.
                  this.balance = balance;
24.
25.
26.
Account.hbm.xml
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2. <!DOCTYPE hibernate-mapping PUBLIC "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Mapping DTD 3.0//EN"
3. "http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-mapping-3.0.dtd" >
4. <hibernate-mapping>
5.
6.
      <class name="com.neo.hibernate.vo.Account" table="ACCOUNT">
7.
            <id name="accno" column="aCNO"></id>
            cproperty name="name" ></property>
8.
9.
            cproperty name="balance" column="BaL"></property>
10.
11.
            </class>
12.
13.
      </hibernate-mapping>
AccountDao.java
1. package com.neo.hibernate.dao;
import org.hibernate.HibernateException;
4. import org.hibernate.Session;
5. import org.hibernate.SessionFactory;
```

```
6. import org.hibernate.Transaction;
 7. import org.hibernate.cfg.Configuration;
9. import com.neo.hibernate.util.SessionUtil;
       import com.neo.hibernate.vo.Account;
11.
12.
       public class AccountDao {
13.
             public Account get(int accno) {
14.
15.
                   Session session = null;
16.
                   Account account = null;
17.
18.
                         session = SessionUtil.getSession();
19.
                         account = (Account) session.get(Account.class, accno);
20.
                   } catch (HibernateException e) {
21.
                         e.printStackTrace();
22.
                   } finally {
23.
                         SessionUtil.closeSession(session);
24.
25.
26.
                   return account;
27.
28.
29.
            public void insert(Account account) {
30.
31.
                   Session session = null;
32.
33.
                         session = SessionUtil.getSession();
                         session.getTransaction().begin();
34.
35.
                         session.save(account);
36.
                         session.getTransaction().commit();
37.
                   } catch (HibernateException e) {
38.
                         session.getTransaction().rollback();
39.
                         e.printStackTrace();
40.
                   } finally {
41.
                         SessionUtil.closeSession(session);
42.
43.
44.
45.
            public void update(Account account) {
46.
                   Session session = null;
47.
48.
                         session = SessionUtil.getSession();
49.
                         session.getTransaction().begin();
50.
                         session.update(account);
51.
                         session.getTransaction().commit();
52.
                   } catch (HibernateException e) {
53.
                         session.getTransaction().rollback();
54.
                         e.printStackTrace();
55.
                   } finally {
56.
                         SessionUtil.closeSession(session);
57.
58.
59.
60.
            public void delete(Account account) {
```

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```
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61.
                   Session session = null;
                   Transaction transaction = null;
62.
63.
                   try {
64.
                         session = SessionUtil.getSession();
65.
                         transaction = session.beginTransaction();
66.
                         session.delete(account);
67.
                         transaction.commit();
68.
                   } catch (HibernateException e) {
69.
                         transaction.rollback();
70.
                         e.printStackTrace();
71.
                   } finally {
72.
                        SessionUtil.closeSession(session);
73.
74.
75.
76.
AccountService.java
1. package com.neo.hibernate.service;
2. import com.neo.hibernate.dao.AccountDao;
3. import com.neo.hibernate.vo.Account;
4.
5. public class AccountService {-
6.
      public static void main(String[] args) {
7.
            AccountDao dao = new AccountDao();
8.
9.
            // Retrieve Account
10.
                  Account rAccount = dao.get(1001);
11.
                  System.out.println("Account details ....");
12.
                  System.out.println("Accno : " + rAccount.getAccno());
13.
                  System.out.println("Name : " + rAccount.getName());
14.
                  System.out.println("Balance : " + rAccount.getBalance());
15.
16.
                  // Create Account .
17.
                  Account cAccount = new Account();
18.
                  cAccount.setAccno(1004);
19.
                  cAccount.setName("somasekhar");
20.
                  cAccount.setBalance(6899);
21.
                  dao.insert(cAccount);
22.
                  System.out.println("Account created successfully");
23.
24.
                  // Update Account
25.
                  Account uAccount = new Account();
26.
                  uAccount.setAccno(1002);
27.
                  uAccount.setName("l.n.rao");
28.
                  uAccount.setBalance(4500);
29.
                  dao.update(uAccount);
30.
                  System.out.println("Account updated successfully");
31.
32.
                  // Delete Account
33.
                  Account dAccount = new Account();
34.
                  dAccount.setAccno(1003);
35.
                  dao.delete(dAccount);
36.
                  System.out.println("Account is deleted successfully");
```

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37. 38.

# **After Execution ACCOUNT TABLE:**

A 1000 A	ACNO	NAME	BAL
Herber of Albert	1004	somasekh <b>a</b> r	6899
WOOD E SOUND	1001	sekhar	9800
AND STATE OF STREET	1002	at the least	4500

# Spring-HibernateIntegration

- In spring-hibernate integration, we have to add both spring and hibernate capabilities.
- In hibernate, we have configuration file(hibernate.cfg.xml) and mapping file (Account.hbm.xml).
- In hibernate.cfg.xml we provide the Database details and Dialect class and mapping file information.
- So, there will be two configuration files i.e., spring configuration file(applicationContext.xml) and hibernate configuration file(hibernate.cfg.xml).
- But in general while integrating spring and hibernate we won't write hibernate.cfg.xml, we give this
  file(hibernate.cfg.xml) information also in the spring configuration file. it is recommend. So Database details(ur!
  username, password, driver class), Dialect class, other hibernate properties(show\_sql, hbm2.ddl.auto ...etc.),
  hibernate mapping file information and some in the spring configuration file.
- We will configure all these information to LocalSessionFacotyBean of spring framework.
- Note that switching from a local Jakarta Commons DBCP BasicDataSource to a JNDI-locate DataSource (usually managed by an application server) is just a matter of configuration:

#### <beans>

# </beans>

- a 🐸 spring\_HibernateTemplate
  - 🛥 🕮 src
    - ▲ Com.neo.hibernate.config.
      - 😘 hibernate.cfg.xml
    - com.neo.hibernate.mapping
       Account.hbm.xml
    - com.neo.spring.orm.bean
      - Account java
    - Com.neo.spring.orm.config
       applicationContext.xml
    - com.neo.spring.orm.dao
      - > 1 AccountDaoImpl.java
    - de com.neo.spring.orm.service
      - D Client.java
  - JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.6]
  - Spring 2.5 Core Libraries
  - Spring 2.5 Persistence Core Libraries
  - Spring 2.5 AOP Libraries
  - Hibernate 3.1 Core Libraries
  - Referenced Libraries
    - b ojdbc14.jar

# hibernate.cfg.xml

```
1. <?xml version='1.0' encoding='UTF-8'?>
2. <!DOCTYPE hibernate-configuration PUBLIC
З.
             "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Configuration DTD 3.0//EN"
4.
             "http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-configuration-3.0.dtd">
5.
6. <hibernate-configuration>
7.
8. <session-factory>
9.
        cproperty name="hibernate.dialect">
10.
                               org.hibernate.dialect.OracleDialect</property>
11.
      connection.url">
12.
                  jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:XE</property>
13.
      cproperty name="connection.username">system</property>
14.
      cproperty name="connection.password">tiger</property>
15.
      cproperty name="connection.driver_class">
16.
                   oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver</property>
17.
      cproperty name="hibernate.show_sql">true/property>
18.
      <mapping resource="com/neo/hibernate/mapping/Account.hbm.xml" />
19.
      </session-factory>
20.
21.
      </hibernate-configuration>
```

NOTE: this file is not required if we use, DataSource in spring configuration file itself.

#### Account.hbm.xml

```
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2. <!DOCTYPE hibernate-mapping PUBLIC "-//Hibernate/Hibernate Mapping DTD 3.0//EN"
   "http://hibernate.sourceforge.net/hibernate-mapping-3.0.dtd" >
4.
  <hibernate-mapping>
      <class name="com.neo.spring.orm.bean.Account" table="ACCOUNT">
5.
             <id name="accno" column="ACCNO"></id>
6.
7.
             property name="name" column="NAME">
             column="BAL">
8.
9.
   </class>
10.
11. </hibernate-mapping>
```

#### applicationContext.xml

```
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
  <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</p>
3.
      xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xmlns:p="http://www.springframework.org/schema/p"
5.
      xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
6.
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-2.5.xsd">
7.
      <bean id="ds"
8.
9.
             class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource">
10.
             cproperty name="driverClassName" value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"/>
11.
             cproperty name="username" value="system"></property>
12.
             cproperty name="password" value="tiger"></property>
13.
```

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```
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        </bean>
14.
 15.
        <bean id="Isfb"
16.
              class="org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.LocalSessionFactoryBean">
17.
18.
       <!--
19.
       <property name="configLocations" value="com/neo/hibernate/config/hibernate.cfg.xml" />
20.
21.
       cproperty name="dataSource" ref="ds"></property>
22.
       cproperty name="mappingResources">
23.
              st>
24.
25.
                     <value>com/neo/hibernate/mapping/Account.hbm.xml</value>
              </list>
26.
27.
       </property>
28.
29.
       cproperty name="hibernateProperties">
30.
              ops>
                     31.
                     cprop key="hibernate.show_sql">true
32.
              </props>
33.
34.
       </property>
35.
       </bean>
36.
37.
       <bean id="ht" class="org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.HibernateTemplate">
              <constructor-arg ref="Isfb"></constructor-arg>
38.
39.
       </bean>
40.
       <bean id="daoImpl" class="com.neo.spring.orm.dao.AccountDaoImpl">
41.
42.
              cproperty name="hibernateTemplate" ref="ht"></property>
43.
       </bean>
44.
45. </beans>
Account.java
   package com.neo.spring.orm.bean;
1.
2.
   public class Account {
3.
       private int accno;
4.
       private String name;
5.
       private double balance;
6.
7.
       // setters & getters
8.
  }
AccountDaoImpl.java
   package com.neo.spring.orm.dao;
2.
   import org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.HibernateTemplate;
3.
4.
   import com.neo.spring.orm.bean.Account;
5.
```

```
public class AccountDaoImpl {
 7.
 8.
         public void insert(Account account){
                hibernateTemplate.save(account);
 9.
 10.
                System.out.println("Account is inserted successfully");
 11.
 12.
        }
13.
14.
        public Account get(int accno){
15.
                return (Account) hibernateTemplate.get(Account.class, accno);
16.
17.
18.
        public void update(Account account){
                hibernateTemplate.update(account);
19.
                System.out.println("Account is updated successfully");
20.
21.
22.
23.
        public void delete(int accno){
24.
25.
                Account account = new Account();
26.
                account.setAccno(accno);
27.
                hibernateTemplate.delete(account);
                System.out.println("Account is deleted successfully");
28.
29.
        }
30.
31.
        private HibernateTemplate hibernateTemplate;
32.
        public void setHibernateTemplate(HibernateTemplate hibernateTemplate) {
33.
                this.hibernateTemplate = hibernateTemplate;
34.
35.
36. }
Client.java
    package com.neo.spring.orm.service;
2.
3.
   import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
4.
    import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
5.
6.
   import com.neo.spring.orm.bean.Account;
7.
    import com.neo.spring.orm.dao.AccountDaoImpl;
8.
9.
    public class Client {
10.
        private static ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(
11.
                        "com/neo/spring/orm/config/applicationContext.xml");
12.
13.
        public static void main(String[] args) {
14.
                AccountDaoImpl daoImpl = (AccountDaoImpl) context.getBean("daoImpl");
15.
                // insert
16.
17.
                Account accountA = new Account();
```

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```
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```

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```
accountA.setAccno(8001);
18.
               accountA.setName("somasekhar");
19.
               accountA.setBalance(5978.0);
20.
               daoImpl.insert(accountA);
21.
22.
               // select
23.
24.
               Account accountB = daoImpl.get(8004);
25.
               System.out.println(accountB.getAccno());
               System.out.println(accountB.getName());
26.
27.
               System.out.println(accountB.getBalance());
28.
29.
               // update
               Account accountC = daoImpl.get(8005);
30.
31.
               accountC.setName("yellareddy-2");
               accountC.setBalance(8600.0);
32.
               daoImpl.update(accountC);
33.
34.
35.
               // delete
36.
               daoImpl.delete(8002);
37.
38.
39. }
```

# **Before application execution ACCOUNT table:**

ACCNO	NAME	BAL
8002	sekhar	6790
8004	kesavareddy	9999
8005	yellareddy	8690

# Before application execution ACCOUNT table:

			۵.
ACCNO	NAME	BAL	
8001	somasekhar	5978	
8004	kesavareddy	9999	
8005	yellareddy-2	8600	

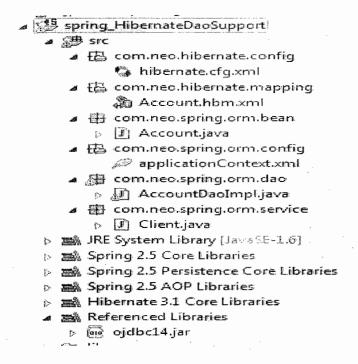
#### Q.) What is HibernateDaoSupport?

- ➡ While working with hibernate, into all dao classes we need to inject HibernateTemplate object. So injecting HibernateTemplate object, logic is repeating in all the dao classes. So spring people has given one abstract class called HibernateDaoSupport, which contains this common HibernateTemplate object injection logic.
- ⇒ So while writing Dao class it is better to extend HibernateDaoSupport, so that we no need to write injection logic of HibernateTemplate.
- ⇒ When we need **HibernateTemplate** object in dao class just we call **getHibernateTemplate()**. So, by extending this class we can get **HibernateTemplate**, on that we can perform our operations.
- One more advantage of HibernateDaoSupport is we can directly inject LocalSessionFactoryBean to dao class instead of HibernateTemplate

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Q.) Develop an application where we can use HibernateDaoSupport instead of HibernateTemplate?



## hibernate.cfg.xml

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

NOTE: this file is not required if we use, DataSource in spring configuration file itself.

#### Account.hbm.xml

19.

```
<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->
applicationContext.xml
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
  <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
      xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
3.
   xmlns:p="http://www.springframework.org/schema/p"
      xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
5.
6.
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-2.5.xsd">
7.
8.
      <ben id="ds"
             class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource">
9.
             property name="driverClassName" value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"/>
10.
             11.
12.
             coperty name="username" value="system">
             cproperty name="password" value="tiger"></property>
13.
14.
      </bean>
15.
      <bean id="Isfb"
16.
17.
             class="org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.LocalSessionFactoryBean">
18.
```

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```
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Spring-ORM
       cproperty name="configLocations" value="com/neo/hibernate/config/hibernate.cfg.xml" />
20.
21.
       cproperty name="dataSource" ref="ds"></property>
22.
       property name="mappingResources">
23.
24.
                    <value>com/neo/hibernate/mapping/Account.hbm.xml</value>
25.
              </list>
26.
27.
       </property>
28.
       cproperty name="hibernateProperties">
29.
30.
              cprops>
                    31.
                    prop key="hibernate.show_sql">true>
32.
33.
34.
       </property>
       </bean>
35.
36.
       <bean id="daoImpl" class="com.neo.spring.orm.dao.AccountDaoImpl">
37.
38.
             content
39.
       </bean>
40.
41. </beans>
Account.java
<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->
AccountDaoImpl.java
1.
   package com.neo.spring.orm.dao;
2.
   import org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.support.HibernateDaoSupport;
3.
4.
   import com.neo.spring.orm.bean.Account;
5.
   public class AccountDaoImpl extends HibernateDaoSupport{
6.
7.
      public void insert(Account account){
8.
9.
             getHibernateTemplate().save(account);
             System.out.println("Account is inserted successfully");
10.
11.
12.
      }
13.
14.
      public Account get(int accno){
             return (Account) getHibernateTemplate().get(Account.class, accno);
15.
16.
17.
```

18.

19.

20.

21.

22. 23. }

public void update(Account account){

getHibernateTemplate().update(account);

System.out.println("Account is updated successfully");

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```
24. public void delete(int accno){
25. Account account = new Account();
26. account.setAccno(accno);
27. getHibernateTemplate().delete(account);
28. System.out.println("Account is deleted successfully");
29. }
30.
31. }
```

# Client.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

## Before application execution ACCOUNT table:

	ACCNO	NAME	BAL
and annual rate	8002	sekhar	6790
	8004	kesavareddy	9999
ľ	8005	yellareddy	

#### Before application execution ACCOUNT table :

ACCNO	NAME	BAL	2
8001	somasekhar	5978	
8004	kesavareddy	9999	
8005	yellareddy-2	3600	

#### Q) Why we are going for Callback mechanism?

Ans: When we are unable to implement underlying framework or technology functionality using xxxTemplate then we need to go for Callback mechanism.

#### Q) What we can achieve with xxxCallback?

Ans: Any specific functionality of underlying framework or technology can be implemented. Because in the Callback mechanism they will pass underlying framework resource (Connection, Session, SqlMap ... etc).

## HibernateCallback:

When we are not getting the specific functionality of hibernate by using HibernateTemplate those functionalities we can achieve by using HibernateCallback.

Q.) Develop an application where I can use where we can use HibernateCallback?

17.

spring\_HibernateCallback 🐉 ہے ⊿ ﷺ src 🎍 🔠 com.neo.hibernate.config 👣 hibernate.cfg.xml 👸 com.neo.hibernate.mapping Account.hbm.xml @ com.neo.spring.orm.bean D Account.java **虚** com.neo.spring.orm.config 🔊 applicationContext.xml AccountDaoImpl.java com.neo.spring.orm.service Client.java JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.6] Spring 2.5 Core Libraries Spring 2.5 Persistence Core Libraries Spring 2.5 AOP Libraries Hibernate 3.1 Core Libraries Referenced Libraries b odbc14.jar Þ 🗁 lib hibernate.cfg.xml <-- SAME AS ABOVE --> NOTE: this file is not required if we use, DataSource in spring configuration file itself. Account.hbm.xml <-- SAME AS ABOVE --> applicationContext.xml <-- SAME AS ABOVE --> Account.java <-- SAME AS ABOVE --> AccountDaoImpl.java 1. package com.neo.spring.orm.dao; import java.sql.SQLException; import java.util.List; 3. 4. import org.hibernate.HibernateException; 6. import org.hibernate.Session; 7. import org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.HibernateCallback; 8. import org.springframework.orm.hibernate3.support.HibernateDaoSupport; 9. 10. import com.neo.spring.orm.bean.Account; 12. public class AccountDaoImpl extends HibernateDaoSupport { public List<Account> get() { 13. 14. 15. return (List<Account>) getHibernateTemplate() .execute(new AccountHibernateCallback()); 16.

```
Spring-ORM
```

28.}

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```
18.
19.
        private class AccountHibernateCallback implements HibernateCallback {
20.
21.
            public Object doInHibernate(Session session) throws HibernateException, SQLException {
                List<Account> accounts = session.createCriteria(Account.class).list();
22.
23.
                return accounts;
24.
25.
26.
27. }
Client.java
    package com.neo.spring.orm.service;
2.
    import java.util.List;
3.
4.
    import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
5.
    import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
6.
7.
8.
    import com.neo.spring.orm.bean.Account;
    import com.neo.spring.orm.dao.AccountDaoImpl;
10.
11. public class Client {
        private static ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(
12.
13.
                        "com/neo/spring/orm/config/applicationContext.xml");
14.
15.
        public static void main(String[] args) {
16.
                AccountDaoImpl daoImpl = (AccountDaoImpl) context.getBean("daoImpl");
17.
18.
                // select
19.
                List<Account> accounts = daoImpl.get();
20.
21.
                for(Account account : accounts){
22.
                       System.out.println(account.getAccno());
                       System.out.println(account.getName());
23.
24.
                        System.out.println(account.getBalance());
25.
               }
26.
27.
        }
```

# **IBATIS**

# What is iBatis?

- A JDBC Framework
  - o Developers write SQL, iBATIS executes it using JDBC.
  - No more try/catch/finally/try/catch.
- An SQL Mapper
  - o Automatically maps object properties to prepared statement parameters.
  - Automatically maps result sets to objects.
  - Support for getting rid of N+1 queries.
- · A Transaction Manager
  - o iBATIS will provide transaction management for database operations if no other transaction manager is available.
  - o iBATIS will use external transaction management (Spring, EJB CMT, etc.) if available.
- Great integration with Spring, but can also be used without Spring (the Spring folks were early supporters of iBATIS).

# What isn't iBATIS?

- An ORM
  - o Does not generate SQL
  - o Does not have a proprietary query language
  - Does not know about object identity
  - Does not transparently persist objects
  - Does not build an object cache

# iBATIS Design Philosophies:

iBATIS comes with the following design philosophies:

- **Simplicity:** iBATIS is widely regarded as being one of the simplest persistence frameworks available today.
- Fast Development: iBATIS's philosophy is to do all it can to facilitate hyper-fast development.
- Portability: iBATIS can be implemented for nearly any language or platform like Java, Ruby, and C# for Microsoft .NET.
- **Independent Interfaces:** iBATIS provides database-independent interfaces and APIs that help the rest of the application remain independent of any persistence-related resources,
- Open source: iBATIS is free and an open source software.

# Advantages of IBATIS

Here are few advantages of using IBATIS:

# Spring-ORM

- Supports Stored procedures: iBATIS encapsulates SQL in the form of stored procedures so that business logic is kept out of the database, and the application is easier to deploy and test, and is more portable.
- Supports Inline SQL: No precompiler is needed, and you have full access to all of the features of SQL.
- Supports Dynamic SQL: iBATIS provides features for dynamically building SQL queries based on parameters.
- Supports O/RM: iBATIS supports many of the same features as an O/RM tool, such as lazy loading, join fetching, caching, runtime code generation, and inheritance

```
ibatis_project
   🕮 src
      com.neo.ibatis.config
         x sqlMapConfig.xml
      com.neo.ibatis.dao
         AccountDaoImpl.java
      @ com.neo.ibatis.mapping
         X Account.xml
      com.neo.ibatis.model
         J Account java
      com.neo.ibatis.service
        Client.java
      com.neo.ibatis.util
         SqlMapClientUtil.java
   JRE System Library [Java5E-1.6]
   Referenced Libraries
      (iii) ibatis-2.3.0.677.jar
      ojdbc14.jar - E:\Resources\database-jars
   mylib
```

#### sqlMapConfig.xml

```
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
2. <!DOCTYPE sqlMapConfig PUBLIC "-//iBATIS.com//DTD SQL Map Config 2.0//EN"
3. "http://www.ibatis.com/dtd/sql-map-config-2.dtd">
4. <sqlMapConfig>
5.
        <settings useStatementNamespaces="true" />
6.
        <transactionManager type="JDBC">
7.
     <dataSource type="SIMPLE">
             cproperty name="JDBC.Driver" value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver" />
8.
9.
             cproperty name="JDBC.ConnectionURL"
                                value="jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:xe" />
10.
11.
      cproperty name="JDBC.Username" value="system" />
12.
      cproperty name="JDBC.Password" value="tiger" />
13.
14.
      <!-- these properties are optional -->
      cproperty name="Pool.MaximumActiveConnections" value="10" />
15.
16.
      cproperty name="Pool.MaximumIdleConnections" value="5" />
17.
       property name="Pool.MaximumCheckoutTime" value="120000" />
      cproperty name="Pool.TimeToWait" value="10000" />
18.
      cproperty name="Pool.PingConnectionsOlderThan" value="0" />
19.
20.
      cproperty name="Pool.PingConnectionsNotUsedFor" value="0" />
21.
      <!-- these properties are optional -->
```

```
Spring-ORM
```

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```
22.
        </dataSource>
 23.
       </transactionManager>
 24.
        <sqlMap resource="com/neo/ibatis/mapping/Account.xml" />
 25.
        </sqlMapConfig>
 Account.xml
 26.
       <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
 27.
       <!DOCTYPE sqlMap PUBLIC "-//iBATIS.com//DTD SQL Map 2.0//EN"</pre>
28.
       "http://www.ibatis.com/dtd/sql-map-2.dtd">
29.
       <sqlMap namespace="accountNamespace">
30.
                     <insert id="insert" parameterClass="com.neo.ibatis.model.Account">
31.
                            INSERT INTO
32.
                            ACCOUNT (ACCNO, NAME, BAL)
33.
                            VALUES(#accno#, #name#, #balance#)
34.
                    </insert>
35.
36.
       <delete id="delete" parameterClass="integer">
37.
              DELETE FROM ACCOUNT WHERE
38.
              ACCNO=#accno#
39.
       </delete>
40.
41.
       <update id="update" parameterClass="com.neo.ibatis.model.Account">
42.
              UPDATE ACCOUNT SET
43.
              NAME=#name#,
44.
              BAL=#balance# WHERE ACCNO=#accno#
45.
       </update>
46.
47.
       <select id="myselect" parameterClass="integer"</pre>
48.
                     resultClass="com.neo.ibatis.model.Account">
49.
              SELECT ACCNO AS accno, NAME AS name,
50.
              BAL AS balance FROM
51.
              ACCOUNT
52.
              WHERE ACCNO=#accno#
53.
       </select>
54.
55.
56.
       <select id="myselects" resultClass="com.neo.ibatis.model.Account">
57.
              SELECT ACCNO AS accno, NAME AS name, BAL AS balance FROM ACCOUNT
58.
       </select>
59.
       -->
60.
61.
       <resultMap id="resultId" class="com.neo.ibatis.model.Account">
62.
              <result property="accno" column="ACCNO" columnIndex="1" />
63.
              <result property="name" column="NAME" columnIndex="2" />
64.
              <result property="balance" column="BAL" columnIndex="3" />
65.
       </resultMap>
66.
67.
       <select id="myselects" resultMap="resultId">
68.
              SELECT ACCNO , NAME, BAL FROM ACCOUNT
69.
       </select>
70.
71.
       <parameterMap id="accountProcParams" class="map" >
72.
              <parameter property="P_ACCNO"</pre>
                                                jdbcType="INTEGER"
73.
                                javaType="java.lang.Integer" mode="IN"/>
74.
              <parameter property="P NAME"</pre>
                                                jdbcType="VARCHAR"
75.
                                javaType="java.lang.String" mode="IN" />
```

3. import java.io.IOException;

```
<parameter property="P BAL"</pre>
76.
                                             jdbcType="DOUBLE"
                              .javaType="java.lang.Double" mode="IN"/>
77.
78.
             <parameter property="P_RESULT" jdbcType="VARCHAR"</pre>
                            javaType="java.lang.String" mode="OUT" />
79.
80.
81.
       </parameterMap>
82.
       cprocedure id="myprocedure" parameterMap="accountProcParams" >
83.
             {call ACCOUNT_INSERT_PROC(?,?,?,?)}
84.
85.
       </procedure>
86.
87.
       </sqlMap>
Account.java
1. package com.neo.ibatis.model;
3. public class Account {
      private int accno;
      private String name;
      private double balance;
7.
       // setters & getters
SqlMapClientUtil.java
1. package com.neo.ibatis.util;
2.
3. import java.io.Reader;
4.
5. import com.ibatis.common.resources.Resources;
6. import com.ibatis.sqlmap.client.SqlMapClient;
7. import com.ibatis.sqlmap.client.SqlMapClientBuilder;
9. public class SqlMapClientUtil {
10.
             private static SqlMapClient mapClient;
11.
             static{
12.
                   try {
                         Reader reader = Resources.getResourceAsReader(
13.
14.
                                      "com/neo/ibatis/config/sqlMapConfig.xml");
15.
                         mapClient =
                                 SqlMapClientBuilder.buildSqlMapClient(reader);
16.
17.
                   } catch (Exception e) {
18.
                          e.printStackTrace();
19.
20.
21.
22.
             public static SqlMapClient getSqlMapClient() {
23.
                   return mapClient;
24.
25.
26.
AccountDaoImpl.java
1. package com.neo.ibatis.dao;
```

```
4. import java.sql.SQLException;
5. import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.List;
7. import java.util.Map;
8.
9. import com.ibatis.sqlmap.client.SqlMapClient;
10.
       import com.neo.ibatis.model.Account;
11.
       import com.neo.ibatis.util.SqlMapClientUtil;
12.
13.
       public class AccountDaoImpl {
14.
       public void insert(Account account) throws IOException{
15.
              try {
16.
                    SqlMapClient mapClient = SqlMapClientUtil.getSqlMapClient();
17.
                    mapClient.insert("accountNamespace.insert", account);
18.
              ) catch (SQLException e) {
19.
                    e.printStackTrace();
20.
21.
22.
23.
24.
       public void delete(int accno) {
25.
              try {
26.
                    SqlMapClient mapClient = SqlMapClientUtil.getSqlMapClient();
27.
                    mapClient.delete("accountNamespace.delete", accno);
28.
              } catch (Exception e) {
29.
                     e.printStackTrace();
30.
31.
32.
33.
       public void update(Account account) {
34.
              try {
35.
                    SqlMapClientUtil.getSqlMapClient().update(
                         "accountNamespace.update", account);
36.
37.
              } catch (Exception e) {
38.
                    e.printStackTrace();
39.
40.
41.
42.
       public Account get(int accno){
43.
             Account account = null;
44.
             try {
45.
                    account = (Account)SqlMapClientUtil.getSqlMapClient().
                         queryForObject("accountNamespace.myselect",accno);
46.
47.
              } catch (Exception e) {
48.
                    e.printStackTrace();
49.
50.
             return account;
51.
52.
53.
       public List<Account> get(){
54.
              List<Account> accounts = null;
55.
              try {
56.
                    accounts =
57.
                           (List<Account>)SqlMapClientUtil.getSqlMapClient().
58.
                                   queryForList("accountNamespace.myselects");
59.
              } catch (Exception e) {
```

```
60.
                   e.printStackTrace();
61.
62.
             return accounts;
63.
64.
65.
      public void callProcedure(Account account) {
             Map<String, Object> map = new HashMap<String, Object>();
66.
67.
             map.put("P ACCNO", account.getAccno());
68.
             map.put("P_NAME", account.getName());
             map.put("P_BAL", account.getBalance());
69.
70.
             try {
71.
                   SqlMapClientUtil.getSqlMapClient().
72.
                           queryForObject("accountNamespace.myprocedure", map);
73.
                   System.out.println("Procedure execution status : "
74.
                                                      +map.get("P RESULT"));
75.
             } catch (Exception e) {
76.
                   e.printStackTrace();
77.
78
79.
Client.java
1. package com.neo.ibatis.service;
import java.io.IOException;
4. import java.util.List;
5.
import com.neo.ibatis.dao.AccountDaoImpl;
7. import com.neo.ibatis.model.Account;
9. public class Client {
             public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
10.
11.
                   AccountDaoImpl impl = new AccountDaoImpl();
12.
                   // Insert
                   Account accountA = new Account();
13.
                   accountA.setAccno(8002);
14.
                   accountA.setName("sekhar");
15.
                   accountA.setBalance(9569.0);
16.
17.
                   impl.insert(accountA);
18.
                   sop("Account inserted");
19.
20.
                   // Delete
21.
                   impl.delete(8001);
22.
                   sop("Account deleted");
23.
24.
                   // Retrieve
25.
                   Account account = impl.get(8004);
26.
                   sop("Account Detials are...");
27.
                   sop(account.getAccno());
28.
                   sop(account.getName());
29.
                   sop(account.getBalance());
30.
31.
                   // Update
32.
                   Account accountB = new Account();
33.
                   accountB.setAccno(8005);
```

```
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accountB.setName("sekhar-updated");

accountB.setBalance(678.9);

impl.update(accountB);

sop("Account updated");
```

```
// Retrieve multiple
40.
                   List<Account> accounts = impl.get();
                   sop("Account Detials are...");
41.
                   for (Account accountC: accounts) {
42.
43.
                         sop(accountC.getAccno());
44.
                         sop(accountC.getName());
45.
                         sop(accountC.getBalance());
46.
47.
48.
                  Account accountD = new Account();
49.
                   accountD.setAccno(6002);
50.
                   accountD.setName("sekhar");
51.
                   accountD.setBalance(9569.0);
52.
                   impl.callProcedure(accountD);
53.
54.
55.
56.
            public static void sop(Object object) {
57.
                  System.out.println(object);
```

38. 39.

58. 59.

# Spring Framework with iBatis - Integration

Place the ibatis-2.3.0.677 jar in the application's classpath. At minimum, you must define and place the following three configuration files in the classpath

- Spring config This file defines the database connection parameters, the location of the SQL Map config file, and one or more Spring beans for use within the application. (applicationContext.xml).
- SQL Map config This file defines any iBATIS-specific configuration settings that you may need and declares the location for any SQL Map files that should be accessible through this config file. (SqlMapConfig.xml)
- SQL Map(s) � One or more SQL Map files are declared in the SQL Map config and typically mapped to
  a single business entity within the application ,often represented by a single Java class
  (domainObject.xml).

```
spring_iBatis_SqlMapClientTemplate
     ⊿ 🎥 src
        🎍 🕰 com.neo.ibatis.config
              x sqlMapConfig.xml
          🔁 com.neo.ibatis.mapping
               X Account xml
          & commeo.spring.config
              applicationContext.xml
        🎍 🚰 com.neo.spring.dao
           AccountDacImpl.java
          🖽 com.neo.spring.model
           D Account.java
          com.neo.spring.service
           D Client.java
      JRE System Library (JavaSE-1.6)
    Spring 2.5 Core Libraries
      Spring 2.5 Persistence IBATIS Libraries
      Spring 2.5 AOP Libraries
    Spring 2.5 Persistence Core Libraries
      Referenced Libraries
        b @ ibatis-2.3.0.677.jar
        ojdbc14.jar
    mylib
Account.java
   package com.neo.spring.model;
2.
  public class Account {
4.
      private int accno;
5.
      private String name;
6.
      private double balance;
7.
8. //getters & setters
9.
10. }
sqlMapConfig.xml
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
   <!DOCTYPE sqlMapConfig PUBLIC "-//iBATIS.com//DTD SQL Map Config 2.0//EN"</p>
3.
                                        "http://www.ibatis.com/dtd/sql-map-config-2.dtd">
4.
  <sqlMapConfig>
      <settings useStatementNamespaces="true" />
5.
      <sqlMap resource="com/neo/ibatis/mapping/Account.xml"/>
7. </sqlMapConfig>
Account.xml
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" standalone="no"?>
2. <!DOCTYPE sqlMap PUBLIC "-//iBATIS.com//DTD SQL Map 2.0//EN"
3. "http://www.ibatis.com/dtd/sql-map-2.dtd">
4. <sqlMap namespace="accountNamespace">
```

```
<typeAlias alias="accountAlias" type="com.neo.spring.model.Account"/>
 6.
 7.
        <insert id="insert" parameterClass="accountAlias">
 8.
                INSERT INTO
9.
 10.
                ACCOUNT(ACCNO, NAME, BAL)
                VALUES(#accno#, #name#, #balance#)
11.
12.
        </insert>
13.
        <delete id="delete" parameterClass="integer">
14.
15.
                DELETE FROM ACCOUNT WHERE
16.
                ACCNO=#accno#
        </delete>
17.
18.
19.
        <update id="update" parameterClass="accountAlias">
20.
                UPDATE ACCOUNT SET
21.
                NAME=#name#,
22.
                BAL=#balance# WHERE ACCNO=#accno#
23.
        </update>
24.
25.
        <select id="myselect" parameterClass="integer"</pre>
               resultClass="accountAlias">
26.
27.
               SELECT ACCNO AS accno, NAME AS name,
               BAL AS balance FROM
28.
29.
               ACCOUNT
30.
               WHERE ACCNO=#accno#
31.
        </select>
32.
33.
        <!--
               <select id="myselects" resultClass="accountAlias">
34.
35.
               SELECT ACCNO AS accno, NAME AS name, BAL AS balance FROM ACCOUNT
36.
               </select>
37.
38.
39.
        <resultMap id="resultId" class="accountAlias">
               <result property="accno" column="ACCNO" columnIndex="1" />
40.
41.
               <result property="name" column="NAME" columnIndex="2" />
42.
               <result property="balance" column="BAL" columnIndex="3" />
43.
        </resultMap>
44.
        <select id="myselects" resultMap="resultId">
45.
               SELECT ACCNO, NAME, BAL FROM
46.
47.
               ACCOUNT
48.
        </select>
49.
50.
        <parameterMap id="accountProcParams" class="map" >
51.
               <parameter property="P_ACCNO"</pre>
                                                     jdbcType="INTEGER"
52.
                                                          javaType="java.lang.Integer" mode="IN"/>
53.
               <parameter property="P_NAME"</pre>
                                                     jdbcType="VARCHAR"
54.
                                                           javaType="java.lang.String" mode="IN" />
               <parameter property="P_BAL" jdbcType="DOUBLE"</pre>
55.
```

```
Spring-ORM
                                     By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional)
                                                  javaType="java.lang.Double" mode="IN"/>
56.
                                              jdbcType="VARCHAR"
57.
             <parameter property="P_RESULT"</pre>
                                                 javaType="java.lang.String" mode="OUT" />
58.
59.
60.
       </parameterMap>
61.
       countProcParams" >{call
62.
63.
                                               ACCOUNT_INSERT_PROC(?,?,?,?)}</procedure>
64. </sqlMap>
applicationContext.xml
   <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</pre>
   xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
3.
   xmlns:p="http://www.springframework.org/schema/p"
   xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
6.
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-2.5.xsd">
7.
8.
       <ben id="ds"
9.
             class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource">
10.
             property name="driverClassName"
                                           value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"></property>
11.
             12.
13.
             coperty name="username" value="system">
14.
             cproperty name="password" value="tiger"></property>
15.
      </bean>
16.
17.
      <br/><bean id="smcfb" class="org.springframework.orm.ibatis.SqlMapClientFactoryBean">
18.
             cproperty name="dataSource" ref="ds"></property>
19.
             configLocation" value="com/neo/ibatis/config/sqlMapConfig.xml" />
20.
      </bean>
21.
22.
      <bean id="smct" class="org.springframework.orm.ibatis.SqlMapClientTemplate">
23.
             cproperty name="sqlMapClient" ref="smcfb"></property>
      </bean>
24.
25.
26.
      <bean id="daoImpl" class="com.neo.spring.dao.AccountDaoImpl">
27.
             coperty name="sqlMapClientTemplate" ref="smct">
```

#### AccountDaoImpl.java

</bean>

- 1. package com.neo.spring.dao;
- 2.

28.

29.

**30.** </beans>

- 3. import java.io.IOException;
- 4. import java.util.HashMap;
- import java.util.List;
- 6. import java.util.Map;

7.

```
8. import org.springframework.orm.ibatis.SqlMapClientTemplate;
 9.
 10. import com.neo.spring.model.Account;
 11.
 12. public class AccountDaoImpl {
         public void insert(Account account) throws IOException{
 13.
 14.
                        sqlMapClientTemplate.insert("accountNamespace.insert", account);
 15.
 16.
 17.
 18.
         public void delete(int accno){
19.
                sqlMapClientTemplate.delete("accountNamespace.delete", accno);
20.
21.
22.
        public void update(Account account){
23.
                sqlMapClientTemplate.update("accountNamespace.update", account);
24.
25.
26.
        public Account get(int accno){
27.
                return
28.
                (Account)sqlMapClientTemplate.queryForObject("accountNamespace.myselect",accno);
29.
30.
31.
        public List<Account> get(){
32.
                return
33.
                   (List<Account>)sqlMapClientTemplate.queryForList("accountNamespace.myselects");
34.
35.
36.
        public void callProcedure(Account account){
37.
                Map<String, Object> map = new HashMap<String, Object>();
38.
                map.put("P_ACCNO", account.getAccno());
39.
                map.put("P_NAME", account.getName());
                map.put("P_BAL", account.getBalance());
40.
41.
                sqlMapClientTemplate.queryForObject("accountNamespace.myprocedure",map);
42.
                System.out.println("Account procedure execution status: "+map.get("P_RESULT"));
43.
44.
45.
        private SqlMapClientTemplate sqlMapClientTemplate;
46.
        public void setSqlMapClientTemplate(
47.
                       SqlMapClientTemplate sqlMapClientTemplate) {
48.
                this.sqlMapClientTemplate = sqlMapClientTemplate;
49.
        }
50. }
Client.java
    package com.neo.spring.service;
2.
3.
    import java.io.IOException;
4.
   import java.util.List;
5.
```

```
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
     import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
 7.
 8.
    import com.neo.spring.dao.AccountDaoImpl;
 9.
 10. import com.neo.spring.model.Account;
 11.
 12. public class Client {
13.
        private static ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(
14.
         "com/neo/spring/config/applicationContext.xml");
15.
        public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
16.
                AccountDaoImpl impl = (AccountDaoImpl)context.getBean("daoImpl");
17.
18.
19.
                Account accountA = new Account();
20.
                accountA.setAccno(8005);
                accountA.setName("sekhar");
21.
22.
                accountA.setBalance(9569.0);
23.
                impl.insert(accountA);
24.
                sop("Account inserted");
25.
                // Delete
26.
                impl.delete(8001);
27.
28.
                sop("Account deleted");
29.
30.
                // Retrieve
                Account account = impl.get(8002);
31.
                sop("Account Detials are...");
32.
33.
                sop(account.getAccno());
                sop(account.getName());
34.
35.
                sop(account.getBalance());
36.
37.
                // Update
38.
                Account accountB = new Account();
                accountB.setAccno(1001);
39.
40.
                accountB.setName("yellareddy-2");
                accountB.setBalance(2678.9);
41.
42.
                impl.update(accountB);
                sop("Account updated");
43.
44.
                // Retrieve multiple
45.
46.
                List<Account> accounts = impl.get();
47.
                sop("Account Detials are...");
48.
                for (Account accountC: accounts) {
49.
                        sop(accountC.getAccno());
50.
                        sop(accountC.getName());
51.
                        sop(accountC.getBalance());
52.
53.
54.
                Account accountD = new Account();
55.
                accountD.setAccno(6002);
```

```
56.
                accountD.setName("sekhar");
                accountD.setBalance(9569.0);
57.
                impl.callProcedure(accountD);
58.
59.
60.
        }
61.
        public static void sop(Object object) {
62.
63.
                System.out.println(object);
64.
        }
65. }
```

## Before Execution ACCOUNT table

≣ A	CCNO	NAME	BAL
F	1001	yellareddy	5689
	8001	somu	9569
	8002	kesavareddy	3456

## After Execution ACCOUNT table

ACCNO	NAME	BAL
1001	yellareddy-2	2678.9
8005	sekhar	9569
6002	sekhar	9569
8002	kesavareddy	3456

#### Q.) What is SqlMapClientDaoSupport?

- ➡ While working with IBatis, into all dao classes we need to inject SqlMapClientTemplate object. So injecting SqlMapClientTemplate object, logic is repeating in all the dao classes. So spring people has given one abstract class called SqlMapClientDaoSupport, which contains this common SqlMapClientTemplate object injection logic.
- So while writing Dao class it is better to extend SqlMapClientDaoSupport, so that we no need to write injection logic of SqlMapClientTemplate.
- ⇒ When we need SqlMapClientTemplateobject in dao class just we call getSqlMapClientTemplate() . So, by extending this class we can get SqlMapClientTemplate, on that we can perform our operations.
- One more advantage of SqlMapClientDaoSupport is we can directly inject SqlMapClientFactoryBean to dao class instead of SqlMapClientTemplate
- Q.) Develop an application where we can use SqlMapClientDaoSupport instead of SqlMapClientTemplate?

# sqlMapConfig.xml

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

## Account.xml

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

#### Client.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

## AccountDaoImpl.java

- package com.neo.spring.dao;
- 2.
- 3. import java.io.IOException;
- 4. import java.util.HashMap;
- 5. import java.util.List;
- import java.util.Map;

7.

- 8. import org.springframework.orm.ibatis.support.SqlMapClientDaoSupport;
- 9.
- **10.** import com.neo.spring.model.Account;
- 11.
- 12. public class AccountDaoImpl extends SqlMapClientDaoSupport{
- 13. public void insert(Account account) throws IOException{
- 14. getSqlMapClientTemplate().insert("accountNamespace.insert", account);
- 15.
- 16.
- 17.

```
18.
       public void delete(int accno){
               getSqlMapClientTemplate().delete("accountNamespace.delete", accno);
19.
20.
21.
22.
       public void update(Account account){
               getSqlMapClientTemplate().update("accountNamespace.update", account);
23.
24.
25.
26.
       public Account get(int accno){
27.
               return
28.
          (Account)getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject("accountNamespace.myselect",accno);
29.
30.
       public List<Account> get(){
31.
32.
              return
33.
             (List<Account>)getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForList("accountNamespace.myselects");
34.
       }
35.
       public void callProcedure(Account account){
36.
              Map<String, Object> map = new HashMap<String, Object>();
37.
              map.put("P ACCNO", account.getAccno());
38.
              map.put("P_NAME", account.getName());
39.
              map.put("P_BAL", account.getBalance());
40.
              getSqlMapClientTemplate().queryForObject("accountNamespace.myprocedure",map);
41.
              System.out.println("Account procedure execution status: "+map.get("P_RESULT"));
42.
43.
       }
44.
45. }
applicationContext.xml
   <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"</p>
2.
3.
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
   xmlns:p="http://www.springframework.org/schema/p"
5.
   xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-2.5.xsd">
6.
7.
       <bean id="ds"
8.
9.
              class="org.springframework.jdbc.datasource.DriverManagerDataSource">
10.
              property name="driverClassName"
                                              value="oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"></property>
11.
              12.
13.
              cproperty name="username" value="system"></property>
              cproperty name="password" value="tiger"></property>
14.
15.
       </bean>
16.
       <bean id="smcfb" class="org.springframework.orm.ibatis.SqlMapClientFactoryBean">
17.
18.
              coperty name="dataSource" ref="ds">
              configLocation" value="com/neo/ibatis/config/sqlMapConfig.xml"/>
19.
20.
```

- 21.
- 22. <bean id="daoImpl" class="com.neo.spring.dao.AccountDaoImpl">
- 23. cproperty name="sqlMapClient" ref="smcfb">
- 24. </bean>
- 25. </beans>

#### Before Execution ACCOUNT table

<b>■</b> ACCNO	NAME	BAL
▶ 1001	yellareddy	5689
8001	somu	9569
8002	kesavareddy	3456

# After Execution ACCOUNT table

ACCNO	NAME	BAL
1001	yellareddy-2	2678.9
8005	sekhar	9569
6002	sekhar	9569
8002	kesavareddy	3456

## Q) Why we are going for Callback mechanism?

Ans: When we are unable to implement underlying framework or technology functionality using xxxTemplate then we need to go for XXXCallback mechanism.

## Q) What we can achieve with xxxCallback?

Ans: Any specific functionality of underlying framework or technology can be implemented, Because in the Callback mechanism they will pass underlying framework resource (Connection, Session, SqlMap, EntityManager ... etc).

#### SqlMapClientback:

When we are not getting the specific functionality of iBatis by using **SqlMapClientTemplate** those functionalities we can achieve by using **SqlMapClientCallback**.

- Q.) Develop an application where I can use where we can use SqlMapClientCallback?
- Spring\_iBatis\_SqlMapClientCallback
  - ø ∰ src
    - € com.neo.ibatis.config
      - X sqlMlapConfig.xml
    - a 🔁 com.neo.ibatis.mapping
      - X Account.xml
    - com.neo.spring.config
    - a 🚜 com.neo.spring.dao
      - 🌣 🔊 AccountDaoImpl.java
    - com.neo.spring.model
    - com.neo.spring.service
      - Client.java
  - JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.6]
  - Spring 2.5 Core Libraries
  - DE Spring 2.5 Persistence IBATIS Libraries
  - Spring 2.5 AOP Libraries
  - Spring 2.5 Persistence Core Libraries
  - Referenced Libraries
    - ⊳ 👩 ibatis-2.3.0.677.jar
    - > [iii] ojdbc14.jar
  - mylib

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http://javabynataraj.blogspot.compage 17

# Spring-ORM

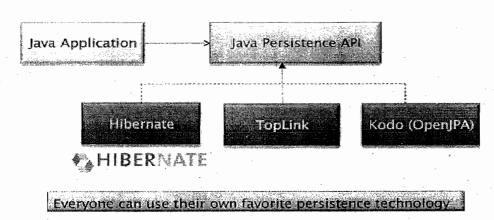
# By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional)

```
10. import com.neo.spring.model.Account;
11.
12. public class Client {
        private static ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(
13.
14.
        "com/neo/spring/config/applicationContext.xml");
15.
        public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
16.
                AccountDaoImpl impl = (AccountDaoImpl)context.getBean("daoImpl");
17.
18.
19.
                // Retrieve multiple
                List<Account> accounts = impl.get();
20.
                sop("Account Detials are...");
21.
                for (Account accountC: accounts) {
22.
                        sop(accountC.getAccno());
23.
24.
                        sop(accountC.getName());
                        sop(accountC.getBalance());
25.
26.
27.
28.
        }
29.
        public static void sop(Object object) {
30.
31.
                System.out.println(object);
32.
33. }
```

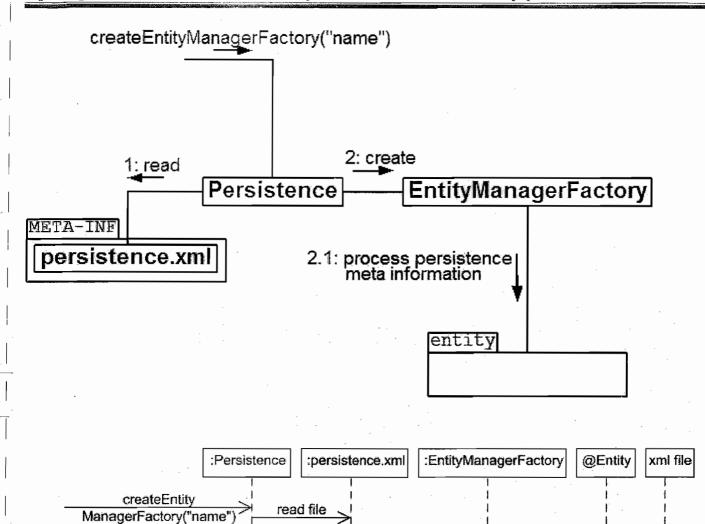
# JPA(Java Persistence API)

- ⇒ Java Persistence API (JPA) provides POJO (Plain Old Java Object) standard and object relational mapping (OR mapping) for data persistence among applications.
- ⇒ Persistence, which deals with storing and retrieving of application data, can now be programmed with Java Persistence API starting from EJB 3.0.
- ⇒ This API has borrowed many of the concepts and standards from leading persistence frameworks like Toplink (from Oracle) and Hibernate (from JBoss). One of the great benefits of JPA is that it is an independent API.

# JPA Architecture



- ⇒ Here we use annotation to map object with table. Mapping information given in the persistence class itself with annotations.
  - @Entity: It is attached to a class and it signifies that a class is persistent.
  - **@Id:** Each entity must have an identity. An Identity of an entity could simply be a class variable annotated with @Id.
  - @Column: We have to put on a class variable annotated with @Column.
- ⇒ JPA allows us to work with entity classes, which are denoted as such using the annotation @Entity or configured in an XML file (we'll call this persistence meta information). When we acquire the Entity Manager Factory using the Persistence class, the Entity Manager Factory finds and processes the persistence meta information.
- ⇒ To work with a database using JPA, we need an **Entity Manager**. Before we can do that, we need to create an **Entity Manager Factory**.

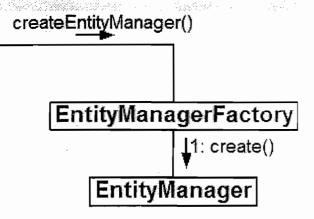


To acquire an Entity Manager Factory, we use the class javax.persistence.Persistence. It reads a file called persistence.xml in the META-INF directory. It then creates the named Entity Manager Factory, which processes persistence meta information stored in XML files or annotations (we only use annotations).

create

process

⇒ Creating an Entity Manager once we have the Entity Manager Factory is simple:



Once we have an **Entity Manager**, we can ask it to perform several operations such as persisting or removing an entity from the database or creating a query.

Term	Description
javax.persistence.Persistence	This is a class used as an entry point for using JPA. The primary method you'll use on this class is createEntityManagerFactory("someName") to retrieve an entity manager factory with the name "someName". This class <i>requires</i> a file called <b>persistence.xml</b> to be in the class path under a directory called <b>META-INF</b> .
EntityManagerFactory	An instance of this class provides a way to create entity managers. Entity Managers are not multi-thread safe so we need a way to create one per thread. This class provides that functionality. The Entity Manager Factory is the inmemory representation of a Persistence Unit.
EntityManager	An Entity Manager is <b>the</b> interface in your underlying storage mechanism. It provides methods for persisting, merging, removing, retrieving and querying objects. It is <b>not</b> multi-thread safe so we need one per thread. The Entity Manager also serves as a first level cache. It maintains changes and then attempts to optimize changes to the database by batching them up when the transaction completes.
persistence.xml	A required file that describes one or more persistence units. When you use the javax.persistence.Persistence class to look up an named Entity Manager Factory, the Persistence class looks for this file under the META-INF directory.
Persistence Unit	A Persistence Unit has a name and it describes database connection information either directly (if working in a JSE environment) or indirectly by referencing a JNDI-defined data source (if working in a managed/JEE environment). A Persistence Unit can also specify the classes(entities) it

	should or should not manage.
Persistence Meta Information	Information describing the configuration of entities and the database and the association between entity classes and the persistence units to which they relate. This is either through annotations added to classes or though XML files. Note that XML files take precedence over annotations.

- Q.) Develop application where JPA uses toplink, hibernate, openJpa, eclipselink engines?
- ے نے JPA\_toplink-engine
  - - 🚁 🌐 com.neo.jpa.toplink.dao
    - a E com.neo.jpa.toplink.model
      - 🔑 🗓 Accountjawa
    - a 🔀 com.neo.jpa.toplink.service
      - > [] Clientjava
    - 🛥 🗃 com.neo.jpa.toplink.util
      - 🌼 🗓 EntityManagerUtil.java
    - META-INF
      - x persistence.xml
  - D RE System Library [JavaSE-1.6]
  - 🥃 🛋 Toplink Essentials Libraries
    - p 😡 toplink-essentials.jar C:\Users\SekharRe
    - > 🧓 toplink-essentials-agent.jar C:\Users\Se
  - Referenced Libraries
    - p 🚧 ojdbc14.jar
  - 🛥 😂 lib
    - ojdbc14.jar ( مُرَيِّنُ

#### Account.java

- 1. package com.neo.jpa.toplink.model;
- 2.
- 3. import javax.persistence.Column;
- 4. import javax.persistence.Entity;
- 5. import javax.persistence.ld;
- 6.
- 7. @Entity(name="ACCOUNT")
- 8. public class Account {
- 9. @ld
- **10.** @Column(name="ACCNO")
- **11.** private int accno;
- 12. @Column(name="NAME")
- **13.** private String name;
- 14. @Column(name="BAL")
- 15. private double balance;
- 16.
- 17. public int getAccno() {

```
18.
             return accno;
19.
       }
20.
       public void setAccno(int accno) {
21.
22.
             this.accno = accno;
23.
24.
25.
       public String getName() {
26.
             return name;
27.
28.
       public void setName(String name) {
29.
30.
             this.name = name;
31.
32.
33.
       public double getBalance() {
34.
             return balance;
35.
36.
37.
       public void setBalance(double balance) {
38.
             this.balance = balance;
39.
40.
41. }
persistence.xml
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <persistence xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence"</pre>
3.
     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4.
     xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence
     http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence/persistence_1_0.xsd" version="1.0">
5.
6.
      <persistence-unit name="JPA_toplinkEnginePU" transaction-type="RESOURCE_LOCAL">
7.
8.
             9.
             <class>com.neo.jpa.toplink.model.Account</class>
             cproperties>
10.
11.
              12.
              cproperty name = "toplink.jdbc.user" value = "system"/>
13.
14.
              cproperty name = "toplink.jdbc.password" value = "tiger"/>
15.
             </properties>
16.
      </persistence-unit>
17.
18.
      </persistence>
EntityManagerUtil.java
   package com.neo.jpa.toplink.util;
2.
```

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import javax.persistence.EntityManager;

import javax.persistence.EntityManagerFactory;

```
5. import javax.persistence.Persistence;
 6.
 7.
     public class EntityManagerUtil {
         private static EntityManagerFactory factory;
 9.
         static {
 10.
                try {
                         factory = Persistence
 11.
 12.
                                         .createEntityManagerFactory("JPA_toplinkEnginePU");
 13.
                } catch (Exception e) {
                         e.printStackTrace();
 14.
 15.
                }
 16.
 17.
18.
        public static EntityManager getEntityManager() {
19.
                return factory.createEntityManager();
20.
21.
        public static void closeEntityManager(EntityManager manager) {
                if (manager != null) {
23.
24.
                        manager.close();
25.
26.
27. }
AccountDaoImpl.java
    package com.neo.jpa.toplink.dao;
3.
    import java.io.IOException;
4.
    import javax.persistence.EntityManager;
6.
7.
    import com.neo.jpa.toplink.model.Account;
    import com.neo.jpa.toplink.util.EntityManagerUtil;
9.
10. public class AccountDaoImpl {
        public void insert(Account account) throws IOException {
11.
12.
                EntityManager manager = null;
13.
                try {
14.
                        manager = EntityManagerUtil.getEntityManager();
15.
                        manager.getTransaction().begin();
16.
                        manager.persist(account);
17.
                        manager.getTransaction().commit();
18.
                } catch (Exception e) {
19.
                        e.printStackTrace();
20.
                        manager.getTransaction().rollback();
21.
                } finally {
22.
                        EntityManagerUtil.closeEntityManager(manager);
23.
                }
24.
```

```
26.
        public void delete(int accno) {
27.
                EntityManager manager = null;
28.
                try {
                        manager = EntityManagerUtil.getEntityManager();
29.
30.
                        manager.getTransaction().begin();
                        Account account = manager.find(Account.class, accno);
31.
32.
                        manager.remove(account);
                        manager.getTransaction().commit();
33.
                } catch (Exception e) {
34.
35.
                        e.printStackTrace();
36.
                        manager.getTransaction().rollback();
                } finally {
37.
38.
                        EntityManagerUtil.closeEntityManager(manager);
39.
40.
        }
41.
42.
        public void update(Account account) {
43.
                EntityManager manager = null;
44.
                try {
                        manager = EntityManagerUtil.getEntityManager();
45.
                        manager.getTransaction().begin();
46.
                        Account account2 = manager.find(Account.class, account.getAccno());
47.
                        account2.setName(account.getName());
48.
                        account2.setBalance(account.getBalance());
49.
                        manager.getTransaction().commit();
50.
51.
                } catch (Exception e) {
                        e.printStackTrace();
52.
53.
                        manager.getTransaction().rollback();
54.
                } finally {
55.
                        EntityManagerUtil.closeEntityManager(manager);
56.
57.
        }
58.
59.
        public Account get(int accno) {
                Account account = null;
60.
                EntityManager manager = null;
61.
62.
                try {
                        manager = EntityManagerUtil.getEntityManager();
63.
64.
                        account = manager.find(Account.class, accno);
65.
                } catch (Exception e) {
66.
                        e.printStackTrace();
67.
               } finally {
68.
                        EntityManagerUtil.closeEntityManager(manager);
69.
70.
                return account;
71.
72. }
```

## Client.java

1. package com.neo.jpa.toplink.service;

# By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional)

```
2. import java.io.IOException;
    import com.neo.jpa.toplink.dao.AccountDaoImpl;
    import com.neo.jpa.toplink.model.Account;
    public class Client {
        public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException {
6.
                AccountDaoImpl impl = new AccountDaoImpl();
7.
                // Insert
8.
                Account accountA = new Account();
9.
                accountA.setAccno(8003);
10.
                accountA.setName("sekhar");
11.
                accountA.setBalance(9569.0);
12.
                impl.insert(accountA);
13.
14.
                sop("Account inserted");
15.
16.
                // Delete
                impl.delete(8002);
17.
                sop("Account deleted");
18.
19.
                // Retrieve
20.
21.
                Account account = impl.get(8004);
                sop("Account Detials are...");
22.
23.
                sop(account.getAccno());
24.
                sop(account.getName());
25.
                sop(account.getBalance());
26.
27.
                // Update
                Account accountB = new Account();
28.
29.
                accountB.setAccno(8008);
30.
                accountB.setName("sekhar-updated");
                accountB.setBalance(678.9);
31.
32.
                impl.update(accountB);
33.
                sop("Account updated");
34.
        }
35.
        public static void sop(Object object) {
36.
                System.out.println(object);
37.
38.
39. }
```

### JPA with Hibernate engine

A JPA\_hibernate-engine CH STC 🦠 🗓 AccountDaoImpl.java 🔠 com.neo.jpa.hibernate.model Account.java com.neo.jpa.hibernate.service 🥦 🗓 Client.jawa 🖽 com.neo.jpa.hibernate.util p 🗓 EntityManagerUtil.java META-INF (x) persistence.xml JRE System Library (JavaSE-1.6) - 画家 Hibernate 3.3 Annotations & Entity Manager Hibernate 3.3 Core Libraries Referenced Libraries p (aid) ojdbc14.jar 🎍 😂 lib ojdbc14.jar Account.java <-- SAME AS ABOVE --> EntityManagerUtil.java <-- SAME AS ABOVE --> AccountDaoImpl.java <-- SAME AS ABOVE --> Client.java <-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

```
persistence.xml
1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <persistence xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence"</pre>
     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
     xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence
4.
     http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence/persistence_1_0.xsd" version="1.0">
5.
6.
       <persistence-unit name="JPA hibernateEnginePU" transaction-type="RESOURCE LOCAL">
7.
8.
             org.hibernate.ejb.HibernatePersistence/provider>
9.
             <class>com.neo.jpa.hibernate.model.Account</class>
10.
             cproperties>
                    connection.driver_class" value =
11.
                                                         "oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"/>
12.
                    cproperty name = "hibernate.connection.url" value =
13.
14.
                                                     "jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:XE"/>
15.
                    connection.password" value = "tiger"/>
16.
17.
             </properties>
18.
      </persistence-unit>
```

# Spring-ORM

# By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional)

19.

20. </persistence>

### JPA with eclipseLink engine

- ے نے JPA\_ectipseLink-engine
  - a psrc
    - a 🌐 com.neo.jpa.eclipelink.model
      - I Account.java
    - a 🖶 com.neo.jpa.eclipselink.dao
    - a 🔠 com.neo.jpa.eclipselink.service
      - [J] Client.java
    - a 🖽 com.neo.jpa.eclipselink.util
      - 🍃 🗓 EntityManagerUtil.java
    - META-INF
      - x persistence.xml
  - JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.6]
  - EclipseLink Libraries
  - Referenced Libraries
    - ojdbc14.jar
  - a 😝 lib
    - ☑ ojdbc14.jar

## Account.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

### EntityManagerUtil.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

#### AccountDaolmpl.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

# Client.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

#### persistence.xml

- 1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
- <persistence xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence"</li>
- 3. xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
- 4. xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence
- 5. http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence/persistence\_1\_0.xsd" version="1.0">

- 9. <class>com.neo.jpa.eclipselink.model.Account</class>

# By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional) Spring-ORM 11. cproperty name = "eclipselink.jdbc.driver" value = 12. "oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"/> 13. roperty name = "eclipselink.jdbc.url" value = 14. "jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:XE"/> cproperty name = "eclipselink.jdbc.user" value = "system"/> 15. 16. cproperty name = "eclipselink.jdbc.password" value = "tiger"/> 17. </properties> 18. </persistence-unit> 19. </persistence> JPA with openJPA engine 🊵 JPA\_openJPA 🎍 🗯 src a 🖽 com.neo.jpa.openjap.model 🕟 🗓 Account.java 🚁 🔠 com.neo.jpa.openjpa.dao J AccountDaoImpl.java 🎍 🔡 com.neo.jpa.openjpa.service ○ ☐ Client.java 🎍 🔠 com.neo.jpa.openjpa.util [] EntityManagerUtil.java X persistence.xml JRE System Library [JavaSE-1.6] DenJPA Libraries Referenced Libraries

## Account.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

Ca lib

## EntityManagerUtil.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

#### AccountDaolmpl.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

#### Client.java

<-- SAME AS ABOVE -->

#### persistence.xml

1. <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>

চ ভিন্ন ojdbc14.jar

ojdbc14.jar

- 2. <persistence xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence"
- 3. xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
- 4. xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence
- 5. http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence/persistence 1\_0.xsd" version="1.0">

```
<persistence-unit name="JPA_openJPAPU" transaction-type="RESOURCE_LOCAL">
          <class>com.neo.jpa.openjpa.model.Account</class>
9.
10.
          cproperties>
               11.
                                           "oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"/>
12.
               connectionURL" value =
13.
14.
                                        "jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:XE"/>
               connectionUserName value = "system"/>
15.
16.
               connectionPassword" value = "tiger"/>
          </properties>
17.
     </persistence-unit>
18.
   </persistence>
19.
```

#### **JPA-Spring Integration**

```
spring_JPA_JpaTemplate
    SFC
     🗸 🔂 com.neo.spring.config
          applicationContext.xml
       com.neo.spring.dae
        AccountDaoImpl.java
       com.neo.spring.model
        ★ com.neo.spring.service
        Client,java
       META-INF
          x persistence.xml
   JRE System Library (JavaSE-1.6)
    Spring 2.5 Core Libraries
    Spring 2.5 Persistence Core Libraries
    Spring 2.5 AOP Libraries
    Toplink Essentials Libraries
    Referenced Libraries
     p pig ojdbc14.jar
  ⊳ 😂 lib
```

#### persistence.xml

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
   <persistence xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence"</pre>
     xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
3.
4.
     xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence
5.
     http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/persistence/persistence_1_0.xsd" version="1.0">
6.
       <persistence-unit name="spring_JPA_JpaTemplatePU" transaction-type="RESOURCE_LOCAL">
7.
              8.
9.
              <class>com.neo.spring.model.Account</class>
10.
              cproperties>
11.
                     property name = "toplink.jdbc.driver"
                                                    value = "oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"/>
13.
                     property name = "toplink.jdbc.url"
                                               value = "jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:XE"/>
14.
15.
                     coperty name = "toplink.jdbc.user" value = "system"/>
```

```
By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional)
 Spring-ORM
16.
                     property name = "toplink.jdbc.password" value = "tiger"/>
17.
              </properties>
18.
       </persistence-unit>
19. </persistence>
applicationContext.xml
    <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2.
       xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
3.
4.
       xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
5.
       xmlns:p="http://www.springframework.org/schema/p"
       xsi:schemaLocation="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans
6.
7.
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans/spring-beans-2.5.xsd
   http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx/spring-
8.
   tx-2.5.xsd" xmlns:tx="http://www.springframework.org/schema/tx">
9.
10.
11. <br/>bean id="emf" class="org.springframework.orm.jpa.LocalEntityManagerFactoryBean">
12.
              cproperty name="persistenceUnitName" value="spring_JPA_JpaTemplatePU" />
13. </bean>
14.
15.
       <bean id="jt" class="org.springframework.orm.jpa.JpaTemplate">
              16.
17.
       </bean>
18.
19.
       <bean id="daoImpl" class="com.neo.spring.dao.AccountDaoImpl">
20.
              cproperty name="jpaTemplate" ref="jt"></property>
21.
       </bean>
22.
23.
       <bean id="tm" class="org.springframework.orm.jpa.JpaTransactionManager">
24.
              cproperty name="entityManagerFactory" ref="emf" />
25.
26.
       <tx:annotation-driven transaction-manager="tm" />
27.
28. </beans>
Account.java
   package com.neo.spring.model;
   import javax.persistence.Column;
3.
   import javax.persistence.Entity;
4.
   import javax.persistence.ld;
5.
6.
   @Entity(name="ACCOUNT")
7.
   public class Account {
8.
       @ld
```

Naresh i Technologies, Opp. Satyam Theatre, Ameerpet, Hyderabad, Ph. 040-23746666, 23734842

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9.

10.

11.

12.

13.

@Column(name="ACCNO")

@Column(name="NAME")

private int accno;

private String name;

@Column(name="BAL")

```
14.
         private double balance;
 15.
 16.
         public int getAccno() {
 17.
                return accno;
 18.
 19.
 20.
         public void setAccno(int accno) {
                this.accno = accno;
 21.
 22.
 23.
         public String getName() {
 24.
                return name;
 25.
 26.
         public void setName(String name) {
27.
                this.name = name;
28.
29.
         public double getBalance() {
30.
                return balance;
32.
33.
        public void setBalance(double balance) {
                this.balance = balance;
35.
36. }
AccountDaoImpl.java
    package com.neo.spring.dao;
    import org.springframework.orm.jpa.JpaTemplate;
3. import org.springframework.transaction.annotation.Transactional;
4. import com.neo.spring.model.Account;
    @Transactional
    public class AccountDaoImpl {
7.
        private JpaTemplate jpaTemplate;
8.
9.
        public void setJpaTemplate(JpaTemplate jpaTemplate) {
10.
                this.jpaTemplate = jpaTemplate;
11.
12.
13.
        public Account get(int accno) {
14.
                return jpaTemplate.find(Account.class, accno);
15.
16.
17.
        public void create(Account account) {
18.
                jpaTemplate.persist(account);
19.
20.
21.
        public void update(Account account) {
22.
                Account existingAccount = jpaTemplate.find(Account.class, account
23.
                                .getAccno());
24.
                existingAccount.setName(account.getName());
                existingAccount.setBalance(account.getBalance());
```

```
By Mr. SomasekharReddy(Certified Professional)
Spring-ORM
26.
27.
28.
        public void delete(int accno) {
                Account account = jpaTemplate.find(Account.class, accno);
29.
30.
                jpaTemplate.remove(account);
31.
32. }
Client.java
    package com.neo.spring.service;
2. import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
    import org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;
3.
    import com.neo.spring.dao.AccountDaoImpl;
4.
    import com.neo.spring.model.Account;
    public class Client {
6.
7.
        private static ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext(
                       "com/neo/spring/config/applicationContext.xml");
8.
9.
        public static void main(String[] args) {
10.
11.
               AccountDaoImpl daoImpl = (AccountDaoImpl) context.getBean("daoImpl");
12.
13.
               // insert
               Account accountA = new Account();
14.
                accountA.setAccno(9001);
15.
               accountA.setName("somasekhar");
16.
17.
                accountA.setBalance(9999.0);
18.
               daoImpl.create(accountA);
               System.out.println("Account Inserted");
19.
20.
21.
               // select
22.
               Account accountB = daoImpl.get(8001);
               System.out.println("Account details are...");
23.
24.
               System.out.println(accountB.getAccno());
25.
               System.out.println(accountB.getName());
26.
               System.out.println(accountB.getBalance());
27.
28.
               // update
29.
               Account accountC = new Account();
30.
               accountC.setAccno(8002);
31.
               accountC.setName("somu");
               accountC.setBalance(8600.0);
32.
               daoImpl.update(accountC);
33.
34.
               System.out.println("Account updated");
35.
36.
               // delete
37.
               daoImpl.delete(8003);
38.
               System.out.println("Account Deleted...");
39.
       }
```

40. }