

#This block of code takes the dataset and apply transaction encoding on it

```
import pandas as pd
from mlxtend.preprocessing import TransactionEncoder
import numpy as np
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori
```

```
ds=pd.read_csv("pumsb.csv")
```

```
L=[0.80,0.85,0.90,0.95]
attr=[250,500,1000,1500]
```

```
y1=[]
y2=[]
y3=[]
y4=[]
```

```
for attribute in attr:
    ds1=ds[:attribute]
    ds1=ds1.values.tolist()
    te = TransactionEncoder()
    te_ary = te.fit(ds1).transform(ds1)
    df1 = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
    y1.append(myfunc(ds1,df1,0.01,0.80))
```

```
for attribute in attr:
    ds2=ds[:attribute]
    ds2=ds2.values.tolist()
    te = TransactionEncoder()
    te_ary = te.fit(ds2).transform(ds2)
    df2 = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
    y2.append(myfunc(ds2,df2,0.01,0.85))
```

```
for attribute in attr:
    ds3=ds[:attribute]
    ds3=ds3.values.tolist()
    te = TransactionEncoder()
    te_ary = te.fit(ds3).transform(ds3)
    df3 = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
    y3.append(myfunc(ds3,df3,0.01,0.90))
```

```
for attribute in attr:
    ds4=ds[:attribute]
    ds4=ds4.values.tolist()
    te = TransactionEncoder()
    te_ary = te.fit(ds4).transform(ds4)
    df4 = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
    y4.append(myfunc(ds4,df4,0.01,0.95))
```



2

```

,
4
=====
2
3
4
=====

```

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
x=attr
```

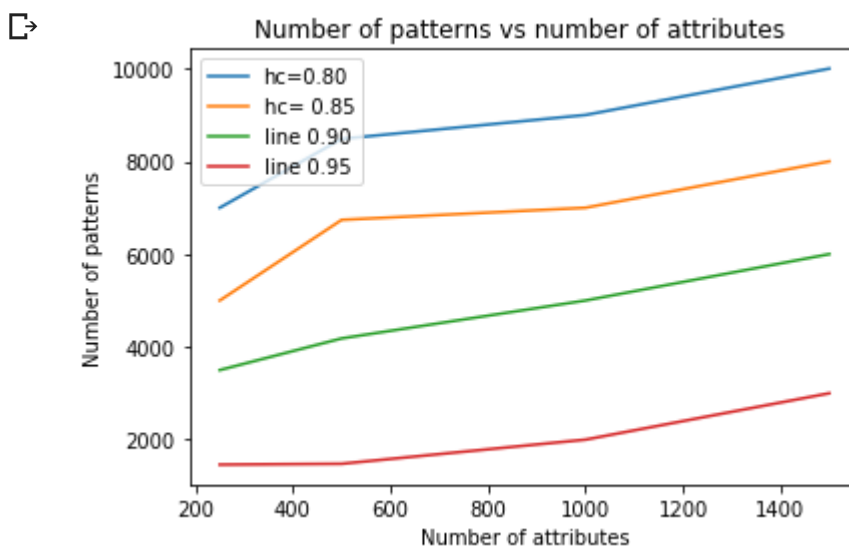
```

plt.plot(x, y1, label = "hc=0.80")
plt.plot(x, y2, label = "hc= 0.85")
plt.plot(x, y3, label = "line 0.90")
plt.plot(x, y4, label = "line 0.95")
plt.xlabel('Number of attributes')
plt.ylabel('Number of patterns')
plt.title('Number of patterns vs number of attributes ')

plt.legend()

plt.show()

```



```

def myfunc(ds,df,min_sup,hc):
    ck=[]
    count=0
    for i in list(df.columns):

```

```

col=df.loc[:,i]
col=list(col)
support_count=0
for item in col:
    if item==True:
        support_count+=1

support=support_count/len(df)
if support >= min_sup :
    x=[]
    x.append(i)
    ck.append(x)

ck=list(map(frozenset,ck))
#print(ck)
count+=len(ck)

#####

k=len(df.columns)

Lk=ck    # ck from previous step 1

for i in range(2,k):

    print(i)
    CK1=aprioriGen(Lk,i-1)    #i-1

    ck1=CK1

    ck1=antimonotone(Lk,ck1,i-1) #i-1
    ck1=cross_support(ds,ck1,hc)

    #code for step 4 here
    ck_updated=[]
    for item in ck1:
        #print((item))
        dt=list(map(int,item))
        #print(dt)
        #print(calc_sup(item[0]))
        if(calc_sup(dt,df)>min_sup):
            ck_updated.append(item)

    ck_updated1=[]

    for item in ck_updated:
        dt=list(map(int,item))
        if(calc_hc(dt,df)>hc):
            ck_updated1.append(item)

    # print(set(ck_updated1))
    count+=len(ck_updated1)
    if len(ck_updated1)==0:
        print("=====")
        break
    else:
        Lk=ck_updated1
return count

```

```
def calc_hc(item,df):

    subset=list(itertools.combinations(item,1))
    l=[]

    for i in range(len(subset)):
        temp=list(subset[i])
        l.append(calc_sup(temp,df))

    maximum=max(l)
    return(calc_sup(item,df)/maximum)
```

```
def calc_sup(item,df):
    count =0
    for row in range(0,len(df)):
        l=len(item)
        c=0
        for i in range(0,l):
            if df.get_value(row,item[i])==True:
                c=c+1
        if c==l:
            count=count+1

    return(count/len(df))
```

Apriori Gen function

```
def aprioriGen(Lk, k):
    ck1=[]

    for i in range(len(Lk)):
        for j in range(i+1, len(Lk)):
            L1 = list(Lk[i])
            L1=L1[0:k-1]
            L2 = list(Lk[j])
            L2=L2[0:k-1]
            L1.sort()
            L2.sort()
            if L1==L2:
                ck1.append(Lk[i] | Lk[j])

    return ck1
```

#Anti Monotone function

```
import itertools
def antimonotone(prev_ck,current_ck,k):

    ck_updated=[]
    for item in current_ck:      #ck
        subset=list(itertools.combinations(item, k))
        subset=list(map(frozenset,subset))
        count=0
        L=len(subset)
        for item1 in subset:
            for item2 in prev_ck:
                if item1==item2:
                    count=count+1
```

```

    #print(L)
    #print(count)
    if L == count:
        ck_updated.append(item)
        #print(item)

ck_updated=list(map(frozenset,ck_updated))
return ck_updated


import itertools
import pandas as pd
from mlxtend.preprocessing import TransactionEncoder
import numpy as np

support_dict={}
def cross_support(CK1,ck,hc):
    te = TransactionEncoder()
    te_ary = te.fit(CK1).transform(CK1)
    df = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
    # print(df)
    # print(len(df))

    for i in list(df.columns):
        col=df.loc[:,i]
        col=list(col)
        support_count=0
        for item in col:

            if item==True:
                support_count+=1

        support_dict.update({i:support_count/len(df)})

ck=list(map(list,ck))
ck_updated=[]
#print(support_dict)
for item in ck:
    subset=list(itertools.combinations(item, 2))

    for i in range(0,len(subset)):
        temp=subset[i]
        #print(2*support_dict[subset[i][0]])
        #print(support_dict[subset[i][1]])
        flag=0
        if support_dict[subset[i][0]]<(support_dict[subset[i][1]]*hc):
            #print((item))
            #ck.remove(item)
            flag=1
        if support_dict[subset[i][1]]<(support_dict[subset[i][0]]*hc):
            #print((item))
            #ck.remove(item)
            flag=1

        if flag!=1:
            ck_updated.append(item)

ck_updated=list(map(frozenset,ck_updated))
#print(ck_updated)
return ck_updated

```

