

#This block of code takes the dataset and apply transaction encoding on it

```
import pandas as pd
from mlxtend.preprocessing import TransactionEncoder
import numpy as np
from mlxtend.frequent_patterns import apriori

#ds=[[1],[2],[3,4],[1,2],[1,2],[1,2],[1,2,3,4,5],[1],[2],[3,5]]
ds=pd.read_csv("pumsb_sample1.csv")
ds=ds.values.tolist()
te = TransactionEncoder()
te_ary = te.fit(ds).transform(ds)
df = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
#print(df)
```

#####

```
def calc_sup(item):
    count =0
    for row in range(0,len(df)):
        l=len(item)
        c=0
        for i in range(0,l):
            if df.get_value(row,item[i])==True:
                c=c+1
        if c==l:
            count=count+1

    return(count/len(df))

def calc_hc(item):

    subset=list(itertools.combinations(item,1))
    l=[]

    for i in range(len(subset)):
        temp=list(subset[i])
        l.append(calc_sup(temp))

    maximum=max(l)
    return(calc_sup(item)/maximum)
    #hc_dict.update({item:sup_dict[item]/maximum})
```

```
#x=list(map(list,x))

#print(calc_sup(x[0]))
#calc_hc(x[0])
```

```
#Alternate code for step1
ck=[]
```

```
for i in list(df.columns):
    col=df.loc[:,i]
    col=list(col)
    support_count=0
    for item in col:
        if item==True:
            support_count+=1
```

```
ck=list(map(frozenset,ck))
print((ck))
```

```
↳ [frozenset({0}), frozenset({1}), frozenset({2}), frozenset({3}), frozenset({4}), frozenset({0, 1}), frozenset({0, 2}), frozenset({0, 3}), frozenset({0, 4}), frozenset({1, 2}), frozenset({1, 3}), frozenset({1, 4}), frozenset({2, 3}), frozenset({2, 4}), frozenset({3, 4}), frozenset({0, 1, 2}), frozenset({0, 1, 3}), frozenset({0, 1, 4}), frozenset({0, 2, 3}), frozenset({0, 2, 4}), frozenset({0, 3, 4}), frozenset({1, 2, 3}), frozenset({1, 2, 4}), frozenset({1, 3, 4}), frozenset({2, 3, 4}), frozenset({0, 1, 2, 3}), frozenset({0, 1, 2, 4}), frozenset({0, 1, 3, 4}), frozenset({0, 2, 3, 4}), frozenset({1, 2, 3, 4}), frozenset({0, 1, 2, 3, 4})]
```

```
#Step 2 ---> Iteration over i=2 to k-1
#inside the iteration all the pruning functions are called and final result is printed by this funct
```

```
def myfunc(min_sup, hc):
    ck=[]
    count=0
    for i in list(df.columns):
        col=df.loc[:,i]
        col=list(col)
        support_count=0
        for item in col:
            if item==True:
                support_count+=1

    #support_dict.update({i:support_count/len(df)})
    support=support_count/len(df)
    if support >= min_sup : #hard_coded
        x=[]
        x.append(i)
        ck.append(x)
```

```
ck=list(map(frozenset,ck))
print(ck)
count+=len(ck)
```

#####

```
k=len(df.columns)
```

$L_k = c_k$  #  $c_k$  from previous step 1

```
#sup_dict, hc_dict=calc_vals(ds)
```

```
for i in range(2,k):
```

```
print(i)
CK1=aprioriGen(Lk,i-1)    #i-1
```

ck1=CK1

```
ck1=antimonotone(Lk,ck1,i-1) #i-1
```

```
ck1=cross_support(ds,ck1,hc)
```

```

#code for step 4 here
ck_updated=[]
for item in ck1:
    #print((item))
    dt=list(map(int,item))
    #print(dt)
    #print(calc_sup(item[0]))
    if(calc_sup(dt)>min_sup):
        ck_updated.append(item)

ck_updated1=[]

for item in ck_updated:
    dt=list(map(int,item))
    #print(dt)
    #print(calc_hc(dt))
    if(calc_hc(dt)>hc):
        ck_updated1.append(item)

print(set(ck_updated1))
count+=len(ck_updated1)
if len(ck_updated1)==0:
    print("=====")
    break
else:
    Lk=ck_updated1
return count
#code to check if ck1 is empty if not the Lk=ck1

#myfunc(0.5,0.99)

ms=[0.1,0.2,0.3,0.4,0.5]
hct=[0.95,0.98,0.99]
y1=[]
y2=[]
y3=[]

for i in ms:
    y1.append(myfunc(i,0.95))
    y2.append(myfunc(i,0.98))
    y3.append(myfunc(i,0.99))

import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

x=ms
plt.plot(x, y1, label = "hc=0.95")
plt.plot(x, y2, label = "hc= 0.98")
plt.plot(x, y3, label = "hc= 0.99")
plt.xlabel('Minimum Support Thresholds')
plt.ylabel('Number of Hyperclique Patterns')
plt.title('On the Pumsb data set Number of patterns generated by hyperclique miner ')

plt.legend()

plt.show()

```

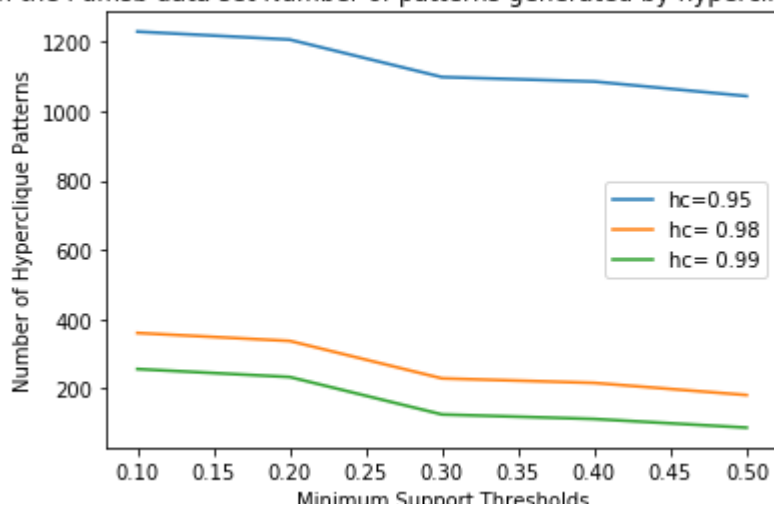


```

set()
=====
[frozenset({14}), frozenset({15}), frozenset({17}), frozenset({66}), frozenset({84}), fr
2
{frozenset({4440, 4414}), frozenset({4527, 4727}), frozenset({4432, 188}), frozenset({68
3
{frozenset({4426, 180, 4428}), frozenset({4426, 188, 4428}), frozenset({4680, 4780, 4518
4
set()
=====
[frozenset({14}), frozenset({15}), frozenset({17}), frozenset({66}), frozenset({84}), fr
2
{frozenset({4440, 4414}), frozenset({4527, 4727}), frozenset({6856, 5946}), frozenset({1
3
{frozenset({4785, 4527, 4727}), frozenset({4785, 4627, 4727}), frozenset({6856, 4953, 59
4
set()
=====
[frozenset({15}), frozenset({17}), frozenset({66}), frozenset({84}), frozenset({111}), f
2
{frozenset({4527, 4727}), frozenset({4432, 188}), frozenset({4434, 7092}), frozenset({17
3
{frozenset({4426, 188, 7062}), frozenset({188, 180, 4428}), frozenset({17, 3404, 4404}),
4
set()
=====
[frozenset({15}), frozenset({17}), frozenset({66}), frozenset({84}), frozenset({111}), f
2
{frozenset({4440, 4414}), frozenset({4527, 4727}), frozenset({4432, 188}), frozenset({17
3
{frozenset({4426, 180, 4428}), frozenset({4426, 188, 4428}), frozenset({170, 188, 4426})
4
set()
=====
[frozenset({15}), frozenset({17}), frozenset({66}), frozenset({84}), frozenset({111}), f
2
{frozenset({4440, 4414}), frozenset({161, 84}), frozenset({188, 4438}), frozenset({4527,
3
{frozenset({4785, 4627, 4727}), frozenset({4527, 4627, 4727}), frozenset({4785, 4627, 45
4
set()
=====

```

On the Pumsb data set Number of patterns generated by hyperclique miner



minsup\_vs\_patterns

```
# Apriori Gen function
```

```
def aprioriGen(Lk, k):  
    ck1=[].  
  
    for i in range(len(Lk)):  
        for j in range(i+1, len(Lk)):  
            L1 = list(Lk[i])  
            L1=L1[0:k-1]  
            L2 = list(Lk[j])  
            L2=L2[0:k-1]  
            L1.sort()  
            L2.sort()  
            if L1==L2:  
                ck1.append(Lk[i] | Lk[j])  
    return ck1
```

```
#Anti Monotone function
```

```
import itertools  
def antimonotone(prev_ck,current_ck,k):  
  
    ck_updated=[].  
    for item in current_ck: #ck  
        subset=list(itertools.combinations(item, k))  
        subset=list(map(frozenset,subset))
```

```

count=0
L=len(subset)
for item1 in subset:
    for item2 in prev_ck:
        if item1==item2:
            count=count+1

    #print(L)
    #print(count)
    if L == count:
        ck_updated.append(item)
        #print(item)

ck_updated=list(map(frozenset,ck_updated))
return ck_updated

#s = {1, 2, 3}
#n = 2
#Lk=list(map(frozenset,findsubsets(s, n)))
#print(findsubsets(s, n))
#Lk
#L1=[[1,2,3],[2,3,4]]
#L1=list(map(frozenset,L1))
#L2=[[1,2],[1,3],[2,3],[3,4],[4,6]]
#L2=list(map(frozenset,L2))
#current_ck=antimonotone(L2,L1,2)
#current_ck

#Cross_Support(hC constant liya hai bhoolna mat)

import itertools
import pandas as pd
from mlxtend.preprocessing import TransactionEncoder
import numpy as np

support_dict={}
def cross_support(CK1,ck,hc):
    te = TransactionEncoder()
    te_ary = te.fit(CK1).transform(CK1)
    df = pd.DataFrame(te_ary, columns=te.columns_)
    # print(df)
    # print(len(df))

    for i in list(df.columns):
        col=df.loc[:,i]
        col=list(col)
        support_count=0
        for item in col:

            if item==True:
                support_count+=1

        support_dict.update({i:support_count/len(df)})

ck=list(map(list,ck))
ck_updated=[]
#print(support_dict)
for item in ck:
    subset=list(itertools.combinations(item, 2))

    for i in range(0,len(subset)):
        temp=subset[i]
        #print(2*support_dict[subset[i][0]])
        #print(support_dict[subset[i][1]])
        flag=0
        if support_dict[subset[i][0]]<(support_dict[subset[i][1]]*hc):
            #print((item))

```