

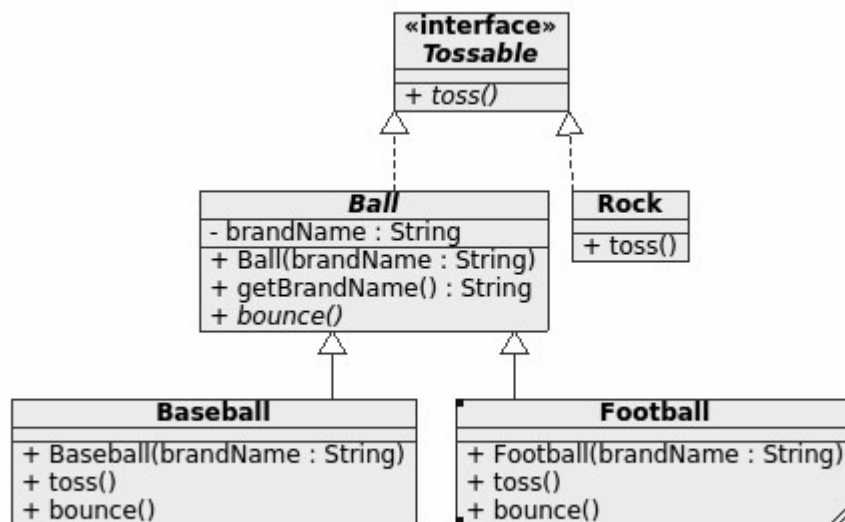
## Object Oriented Programming with Java

### Practical-5

#### Introduction to Package and Interface

#### EXERCISE

- 1) Create a package named as My Package with a class named as Calculate. The class should contain two methods:  
**volume()** : Accepts three double type arguments i.e. width, height, depth. Calculate volume and return double type value.  
**add()** : Accepts two integer type values, add them and returns the value.  
Import the package created in the previous program into a file named as PackageDemo and call the above two methods to add and find the volume.
- 2) Implement an interface Demo which has the method show(). Implement a class A which implements the interface Demo, class B which extends A, class C which extends B and each class having its show() method which displays "I am in" + [classname].
- 3) Implement the following class hierarchy. You do not need to fill in the method bodies for the toss or bounce methods. Make appropriate changes/ assumptions if required.



- 4) Create an interface called Arithmetic, which defines methods for sum, multiplication, division, subtraction. Implement this interface in a class in the same package and different package.
- 5) Create a class Employee which has member *no*, *name* and *getNo()*, *getName()*, *setNo()*, *setName()* and *Employee(no,name,hours,price)* . Create Inner Class *HourlyEmp* which has *hour* and *price* data members and *HourlyEmp(hours,price)*, *display()* method which displays all the information of inner and outer class members.  
Create a Demo class which creates Employee and HourlyEmp objects and access the inner and outer class methods.