

Laboratory 2

1. Questions

1. Write a program to read and perform addition and multiplication of two matrices of order $m * n$, add them and display the resultant matrix using functions.
2. Write a program to read a string and check for palindrome without using string related function (a string is palindrome if its half is mirror by itself eg: abcdcba).
3. Write a program to perform binary search. Use recursion.

2. Introduction

3. Algorithm

Q1:

Step1:- start

Step2:- take input of rows and columns of the matrices and then take input of the elements of matrices using for loop.

Step3:- make function addmatrix in which we have to run 2 nested loops one from (1 to r1) and other from (1 to c1). Hence add matrices by logic $add[i][j] = m1[i][j] + m2[i][j]$; and print the new matrix.

Step4:- make function multiplymatrix in which we have to run 3 nested loops one from (1 to r1) and other from (1 to c1) also other from (1 to c1). Hence multiply matrices by $mult[i][j] = mult[i][j] + m1[i][k] * m2[k][j]$; and print the new matrix.

Step5:- call the functions addmatrix and multiplymatrix.

Step6:- stop

Q2:

Step1:- start

Step2:- declare 2 strings s1 and s2, int k=0, l=0;

Step3:- take input of s1 string using gets(s1);

Step4:- run a while loop until last element of string is 0. Increment l++ for length.

Step5:- run another for loop to put reverse of string s1 into s2.

Step6:- run another for loop to compare each and every element of s1 and s2.

Step7:- if s1=s2 print("string is palindrome");

else print("string is not palindrome");

Step8:- stop

Q3:

Step1:- start

Step2:- declare static array {2,3,4,10,40};

Step3:- take x=10 which is the element we want to search.

Step4:- make function binary search() which should follow the following logic:-

- Compare x with the middle element.
- If x matches with middle element, we return the mid index.
- Else If x is greater than the mid element, then x can only lie in right half subarray after the mid element. So we recur for right half.
- Else (x is smaller) recur for the left half.

Step5:- if:- element is present then print its position

else:- print("element not found");

Step6:- stop

4. Program

Q1:-

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3  #include <string.h>
4  void addmatrix(int m1[20][20],int m2[20][20],int r1,int c1,int r2,int c2){
5      int i,j,k,add[20][20];
6      for(i=1;i<=r1;i++){
7          for(j=1;j<=c1;j++){
8              add[i][j]=0;
9              add[i][j]=m1[i][j]+m2[i][j];
10         }
11     }
12     for(i=1;i<=r1;i++){
13         for(j=1;j<=c1;j++){
14             printf("%d ",add[i][j]);
15             printf("\n");
16         }
17     }
18
19 void multiplymatrix(int m1[20][20],int m2[20][20],int r1,int c1,int r2,int c2){
20     int i,j,k,mult[20][20];
21     if(r1==c2||c1==r2){
22         for(i=1;i<=r1;i++){
23             for(j=1;j<=c1;j++){
24                 mult[i][j]=0;
25                 for(k=1;k<=c1;k++){
26                     mult[i][j]=mult[i][j]+m1[i][k]*m2[k][j];
27                 }
28             }
29         }
30     }
31     else{
32         printf("operations not possible");
33     }
34     for(i=1;i<=r1;i++){
35         for(j=1;j<=c1;j++){
36             printf("%d ",mult[i][j]);
37             printf("\n");
38         }
39     }
```

```
38 | }
39 | int main(int argc, char** argv) {
40 |     int m1[20][20], m2[20][20], i, j, k;
41 |     int r1, c1, r2, c2;
42 |     printf("enter no of rows and columns of matrix 1:\n");
43 |     scanf("%d %d", &r1, &c1);
44 |     printf("enter no of rows and columns of matrix 2:\n");
45 |     scanf("%d %d", &r2, &c2);
46 |
47 |     printf("enter matrix 1 :- ");
48 |     for(i=1; i<=r1; i++){
49 |         for(j=1; j<=c1; j++){
50 |             scanf("%d", &m1[i][j]);
51 |         }
52 |     }
53 |     printf("enter matrix 2 :- ");
54 |     for(i=1; i<=r2; i++){
55 |         for(j=1; j<=c2; j++){
56 |             scanf("%d", &m2[i][j]);
57 |         }
58 |     }
59 |     printf("addition of matrix is \n");
60 |
61 |     addmatrix(m1, m2, r1, c1, r2, c2);
62 |     printf("multiplication of matrix is \n");
63 |     multiplymatrix(m1, m2, r1, c1, r2, c2);
64 |     return (EXIT_SUCCESS);
65 | }
```

Q2:-

```
2  #include <stdio.h>
3  #include <stdlib.h>
4  #include <string.h>
5  int main(int argc, char** argv) {
6      char s1[20], s2[20];
7      gets(s1);
8
9      int k=0, l=0;
10     while(s1[k] != 0) {
11         l++;
12         k++;
13     }
14     int i, j=0;
15     for(i=l-1; i>=0; i--) {
16         s2[j]=s1[i];
17         j++;
18     }
19     s2[j]='\0';
20     int count=0;
21     for(i=0; i<=l-1; i++) {
22         if(s1[i] != s2[i]) {
23             count++;
24         }
25     }
26     // another method count=strcmp(s1, s2);
27     if(count==0) {
28         printf(" %s is palindrome", s1);
29     }
30     else{
31         printf(" %s is not palindrome", s1);
32     }
33     return (EXIT_SUCCESS);
34 }
```

Q3:-

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2  #include <stdlib.h>
3
4  int binarySearch(int arr[], int l, int r, int x)
5  {
6      while (l <= r)
7      {
8          int m = l + (r-l)/2;
9
10         if (arr[m] == x)
11             return m;
12
13         if (arr[m] < x)
14             l = m + 1;
15
16         else
17             r = m - 1;
18     }
19
20     return -1;
21 }
22
23 int main(void)
24 {
25     int arr[] = {2, 3, 4, 10, 40};
26     int n = sizeof(arr)/ sizeof(arr[0]);
27     int x = 10;
28     int result = binarySearch(arr, 0, n-1, x);
29     (result == -1)? printf("Element is not present in array")
30                  : printf("Element is present at index %d", result);
31     return 0;
32 }
```

5. Presentation of Results:-

Q1:-

```
enter no of rows and columns of matrix 1:
3 3
enter no of rows and columns of matrix 2:
3 3
enter matrix 1 :- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
enter matrix 2 :- 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
addition of matrix is
2 4 6
8 10 12
14 16 18
multiplication of matrix is
30 36 42
66 81 96
102 126 150

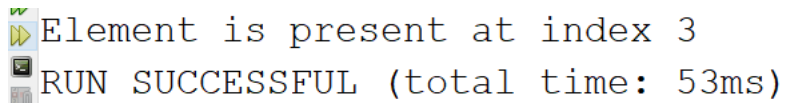
RUN SUCCESSFUL (total time: 22s)
```

Q2:-

```
malayalam
malayalam is palindrome
RUN SUCCESSFUL (total time: 5s)
```

```
kaushal
kaushal is not palindrome
RUN SUCCESSFUL (total time: 3s)
```

Q3:-



Element is present at index 3
RUN SUCCESSFUL (total time: 53ms)

6. Conclusions :-

We can conclude that all the programs have been executed without any errors. This experiment gave us brief about multiplying and adding matrices, to check a string is palindrome or not and to perform binary search using recursion.