

Programming Paradigms Laboratory

B.Tech.



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Faculty	Engineering & Technology
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Name of the Laboratory	Programming Paradigms Laboratory
Laboratory Code	19CSL217A

Laboratory 4

Title of the Laboratory Exercise: Two dimensional arrays

1. Questions
 - a. Develop a GradeBookTest class with an instance variables **string course name** and **2D array(8*3) of marks** of several student, each row indicates students three term test marks and each column indicates grades of all students, define a constructor to initialize instance variables and display average marks of each student, lowest grade and highest grade.
 - b. Develop a java program to read a square matrix and print its upper and lower triangle of a square matrix.
2. Calculations/Computations/Algorithms

Part B:-

```
package lab4;
import java.util.Scanner;

public class Lab4 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc =new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("enter size:- ");
        int row=sc.nextInt();
        int matrix[][]= new int[row][row];
        System.out.println("enter elements:- ");
        for(int i=0;i<row;i++){
            for(int j=0;j<row;j++){
                int temp=sc.nextInt();
                matrix[i][j]=temp;
            }
        }
        System.out.println(" matrix is :- ");
        for(int i=0;i<row;i++){
            for(int j=0;j<row;j++){
                System.out.printf("%d ",matrix[i][j]);
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

```

System.out.println("upper triangle of matrix :- ");
for(int i=0;i<row;i++){
    for(int k=0;k<i;k++)System.out.printf(" ");
    for(int j=i;j<row;j++){
        System.out.printf("%d ",matrix[i][j]);

    }
    System.out.println();
}
System.out.println("lower triangle of matrix :- ");
for(int i=0;i<row;i++){
    for(int j=0;j<=i;j++){
        System.out.printf("%d ",matrix[i][j]);
    }
    System.out.println();
}
//m2 by putting tri in string
}
}

```

Part A:-

P.T.O

```

package lab4;
public class Lab4 {

    private String courseName;
    private int grades[][];

    public Lab4(String name, int gradesArray[][]) {
        courseName = name;
        grades = gradesArray;
    }

    public void setCourseName(String name) {
        courseName = name;
    }

    public String getCourseName() {
        return courseName;
    }

    public void displayMessage() {
        System.out.printf("Grade book for %s\n\n",
            getCourseName());
    }

    public void GetGrades() {
        outputGrades();
        System.out.printf("\n%s %d\n%s %d\n\n",
            "Lowest grade = ", getMinimum(),
            "Highest grade = ", getMaximum());
        outputBarChart();
    }

    public int getMinimum() {
        int lowGrade = grades[0][0];
        for (int studentGrades[] : grades) {
            for (int grade : studentGrades) {
                if (grade < lowGrade) {
                    lowGrade = grade;
                }
            }
        }
        return lowGrade;
    }
}

```

```

public int getMaximum() {
    int highGrade = grades[0][0];
    for (int studentGrades[] : grades) {
        for (int grade : studentGrades) {
            if (grade > highGrade) {
                highGrade = grade;
            }
        }
    }
    return highGrade;
}

public double getAverage(int setOfGrades[]) {
    int total = 0;
    for (int grade : setOfGrades) {
        total += grade;
    }
    return (double) total / setOfGrades.length;
}

```

```

public void outputBarChart() {
    System.out.println("Grade distribution in different ranges:");
    int frequency[] = new int[11];
    for (int studentGrades[] : grades) {
        for (int grade : studentGrades) {
            ++frequency[grade / 10];
        }
    }
    for (int count = 0; count < frequency.length; count++) {
        if (count == 10) {
            System.out.printf("%5d: ", 100);
        } else {
            System.out.printf("%02d-%02d: ",
                               count * 10, count * 10 + 9);
        }
        for (int stars = 0; stars < frequency[count]; stars++) {
            System.out.print("*");
        }
        System.out.println();
    }
}

```

```

public void outputGrades() {
    System.out.println("The grades are:\n");
    System.out.print("      | ");
    for (int test = 0; test < grades[0].length; test++) {
        System.out.printf(" TT-%d ", test + 1);
    }
    System.out.println("Average");
    for (int student = 0; student < grades.length; student++) {
        System.out.printf("Scholar %2d", student + 1);
        for (int test : grades[student]) {
            System.out.printf("%8d", test);
        }
        double average = getAverage(grades[student]);
        System.out.printf("%9.2f\n", average);
    }
}

```

Run | Debug

```

public static void main(String args[]) {
    int gradesArray[][] = {{88, 97, 77},{68, 87, 95},{94, 100, 91},{99, 81, 80},
        {66, 88, 83},{62, 97, 69},{85, 75, 89},{91, 84, 100},{59, 79, 87},
        {99, 88, 77}};
    Lab4 GradeTestBook = new Lab4("Data Structure ♥ ", gradesArray);
    GradeTestBook.displayMessage();
    GradeTestBook.GetGrades();
}
}

```

3. Presentation of Results:-

Part A:-

```
run:
Grade book for Data Structure ♥

The grades are:

      TT-1   TT-2   TT-3  Average
Scholar 1    88    97    77    87.33
Scholar 2    68    87    95    83.33
Scholar 3    94   100    91    95.00
Scholar 4    99    81    80    86.67
Scholar 5    66    88    83    79.00
Scholar 6    62    97    69    76.00
Scholar 7    85    75    89    83.00
Scholar 8    91    84   100    91.67
Scholar 9    59    79    87    75.00
Scholar 10   99    88    77    88.00

Lowest grade = 59
Highest grade = 100

Grade distribution in different ranges:
00-09:
10-19:
20-29:
30-39:
40-49:
50-59: *
60-69: ****
70-79: ****
80-89: *****
90-99: *****
100: **

BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 0 seconds)
```

Part B:-

```
run:
enter size:-
3
enter elements:-
1
2
3
4
5
6
7
8
9
matrix is :-
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
upper triangle of matrix :-
1 2 3
  5 6
    9
lower triangle of matrix :-
1
4 5
7 8 9
BUILD SUCCESSFUL (total time: 15 seconds)
```


4. Conclusions :-

Two – dimensional array is the simplest form of a multidimensional array. A two – dimensional array can be seen as an array of one – dimensional array for easier understanding.

Declaration Syntax:-

```
data_type[][] array_name = new data_type[x][y];
```

For example: `int[][] arr = new int[10][20];`

Initialization – Syntax:-

```
array_name[row_index][column_index] = value;
```

For example: `arr[0][0] = 1;`

5. Limitations of Experiments and Results

Disadvantages of array in java

- Arrays are Strongly Typed.
- Arrays does not have add or remove methods.
- We need to mention the size of the array. Fixed length.
- So there is a chance of memory wastage.
- To delete an element in an array we need to traverse throughout the array so this will reduce performance.