

# Assignment 1

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## Exercise 1

$$\textcircled{1} \quad T(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } n = 1. \\ T(n-1) + \frac{1}{n}, & \text{if } n > 1. \end{cases}$$

$$T(n) = T(n-1) + \frac{1}{n}$$

Substituting  $T(n-1) = T(n-2) + \frac{1}{n-1}$

$$T(n) = T(n-2) + \frac{1}{n-1} + \frac{1}{n}$$

$$T(n) = T(n-3) + \frac{1}{n-2} + \frac{1}{n-1} + \frac{1}{n}$$

Performing substitution  $n$  times

$$T(n) = T(n-k) + \frac{1}{n-(k-1)} + \frac{1}{n-(k-2)} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$$

$$T(1) = 1$$

$$n-k = 1 \Rightarrow k = n-1$$

$$T(n) = T(1) + \frac{1}{n-(n-2)} + \frac{1}{n-(n-3)} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$$

$$T(n) = 1 + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \dots + \frac{1}{n}$$

This is a harmonic series

Therefore, Time Complexity =  $O(\log n)$ .

$$\textcircled{2} \quad T(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } n = 0. \\ T(n-2) + n^2, & \text{if } n > 0. \end{cases}$$

$$T(n) = T(n-2) + n^2$$

$$T(n-2) = T(n-4) + (n-2)^2$$

$$T(n-4) = T(n-6) + (n-4)^2$$

$$T(n) = T(n-4) + (n-2)^2 + n^2$$

$$= T(n-6) + (n-4)^2 + (n-2)^2 + n^2$$

$$= T(n-8) + (n-6)^2 + (n-4)^2 + (n-2)^2 + n^2$$

⋮  
k times

$$= T(n-2k) + (n-2k+2)^2 + (n-2k+4)^2 + (n-2k+6)^2 + \dots + n^2$$

$$n-2k=0 \Rightarrow k = \frac{n}{2}$$

$$T(n) = T\left(n - 2 \cdot \frac{n}{2}\right) + \left(n - 2 \cdot \frac{n}{2} + 2\right)^2 + \left(n - 2 \cdot \frac{n}{2} + 4\right)^2 + \dots + n^2$$

$$= T(0) + 2^2 + 4^2 + 6^2 + \dots + n^2$$

$$= 1 + 4 + 16 + 36 + \dots + n^2$$

$$= 1 + 4(1 + 4 + 9 + 16 + \dots + n^2)$$

$$= 1 + 4(1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + \dots + n^2)$$

$$= 1 + 4 \sum_{k=1}^n k^2 = 1 + 4 \left( \frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6} \right)$$

$$= \frac{2n^3 + n^2 + 2n^2 + n}{6}$$

$$\text{Time Complexity} = O(n^3)$$

③

$$T(n) = \begin{cases} 10, & \text{if } n=0 \\ T(n-2) + \log n, & \text{if } n>0 \end{cases}$$

$$T(n) = T(n-2) + \log n$$

$$T(n-2) = T(n-4) + \log(n-2)$$

$$T(n) = T(n-4) + \log(n-2) + \log n$$

$$= T(n-6) + \log(n-4) + \log(n-2) + \log n$$



$$T(n) = T(n-8) + \log(n-6) + \log(n-4) + \log(n-2) + \log n$$

⋮  
k times

$$T(n) = T(n-2k) + \log(n-2k+2) + \log(n-2k+4) + \log(n-2k+6) + \dots + \log n$$

$$n-2k=0 \Rightarrow k=n/2$$

$$T(n) = T\left(n-2 \cdot \frac{n}{2}\right) + \log\left(n-2 \cdot \frac{n}{2}+2\right) + \log\left(n-2 \cdot \frac{n}{2}+4\right) + \dots + \log n$$

$$\begin{aligned} T(n) &= T(0) + \log 2 + \log 4 + \log 6 + \dots + \log n \\ &= 10 + \log(2 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot \dots \cdot n) \\ &= 10 + \log(n!) \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Time Complexity} = O(n).$$

## Exercise 2

$$f(n) = n \text{ and } g(n) = n^{(1+\sin n)}.$$

## Statement 1

$$f(n) = O(g(n))$$

$$f(n) \leq c_1 \cdot (g(n))$$

$$n \leq c_1 \cdot n^{(1+\sin n)}.$$

$$c_1 \geq n^{1-1-\sin n}.$$

$$c_1 \geq \frac{1}{n^{\sin n}} \rightarrow \text{Dependent on } n$$

$$f(n) \neq O(g(n))$$

Statement 2

$$f(n) = \Omega(g(n))$$

$$f(n) \geq c_2 \cdot (g(n))$$

$$n \geq c_2 \cdot n^{(1+\sin n)}$$

$$c_2 \leq \frac{1}{n^{\sin n}} \rightarrow \text{Dependent on } n$$

$$f(n) \neq \Omega(g(n))$$

None of the statements are correct.

Exercise 3

$$f_1(n) = 2^n, f_2(n) = n^{\frac{3}{2}}, f_3(n) = n \log_2 n, \\ f_4(n) = n^{\log_2 n}$$

$$n \log_2 n \ll n^{\frac{3}{2}} \ll \log n^{\log_2 n} \ll 2^n$$

$$f_3(n) \ll f_2(n) \ll f_4(n) \ll f_1(n)$$