

Kullback-Leibler Divergence

distance

between
distributions

(KLD)

$$KLD(P, Q) =$$

$$\sum_x P(x) \log \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)}$$

Relative

entropy

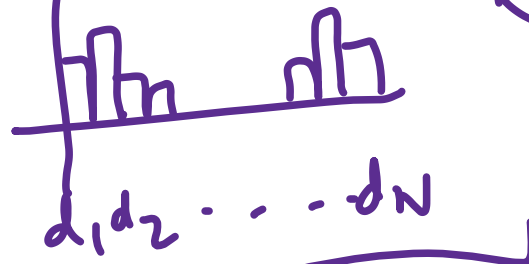
=

$$\sum_x P(x) \log P(x)$$

$$- \sum_x P(x) \log Q(x)$$

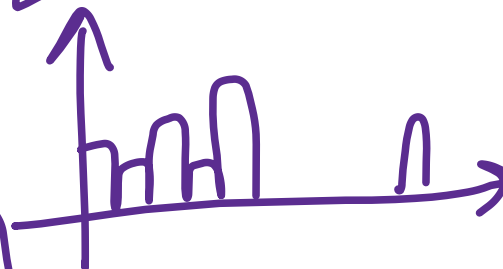
formalistic

w_1



pmf

w_2



$$\begin{aligned}
 \underline{KLD(P, Q)} &= D(P||Q) = \sum_x P(x) \log \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)} \\
 &= \underbrace{-\sum_x P(x) \log Q(x)}_{\text{Suboptimal}} - \underbrace{\left(-\sum_x P(x) \log P(x) \right)}_{\substack{\text{optimal} \\ \text{Entropy.} \\ x_i}}
 \end{aligned}$$

Relative Entropy

Q is a surrogate P

Suboptimal

$$\downarrow$$

≥ 0

$KLD = 0$ iff $P = Q$

- KLD {
- 1) asymmetric
 - 2) $KLD(P, Q) = 0$ iff $P = Q$
 - 3) $KLD(P, Q) \geq 0$
- }

$$\begin{aligned}
 &P(x) \log \frac{1}{P(x_i)} \\
 &\left[\begin{array}{c} a \\ b \\ \vdots \\ x \dots x \\ \vdots \\ x \rightarrow \longleftrightarrow \end{array} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\underline{KLD \geq 0}$$

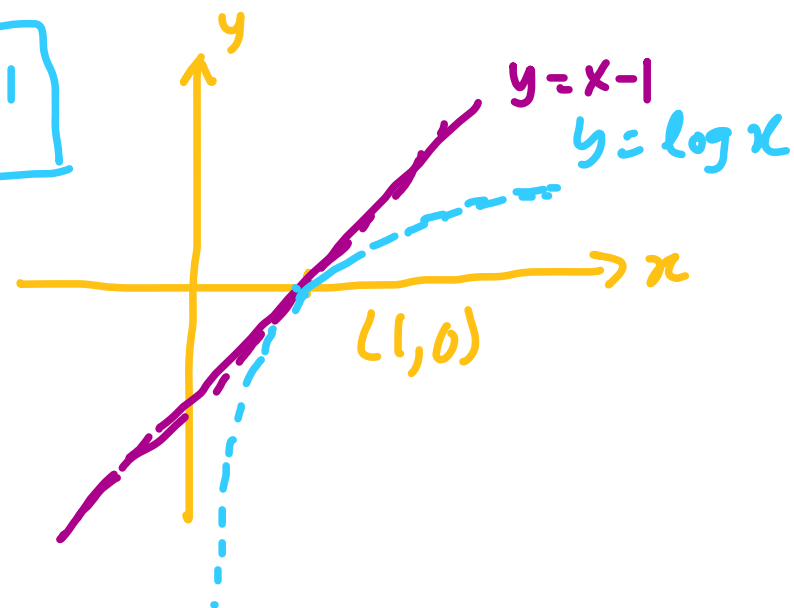
$$\underline{-KLD(P, Q)} = -\sum_{x|P(x)>0} P(x) \log \frac{P(x)}{Q(x)} = \sum_{x|P(x)>0} P(x) \log \frac{Q(x)}{P(x)}$$

$$\boxed{KLD(P, Q) \geq 0} \Leftarrow \leq \sum_{x|P(x)>0} P(x) \left[\frac{Q(x)}{P(x)} - 1 \right]$$

↙ Jensen's Inequality

$$= \underbrace{\sum_{x|P(x)>0} Q(x)}_{\leq 1} - \underbrace{\sum_{x|P(x)>0} P(x)}_{\textcircled{1}}$$

$$\boxed{\log x \leq x-1}$$



Symmetric

Jensen-Shannon Divergence (JSD)

$$\frac{1}{2} [D(P||M) + D(Q||M)]$$

$$M = \frac{P+Q}{2}$$

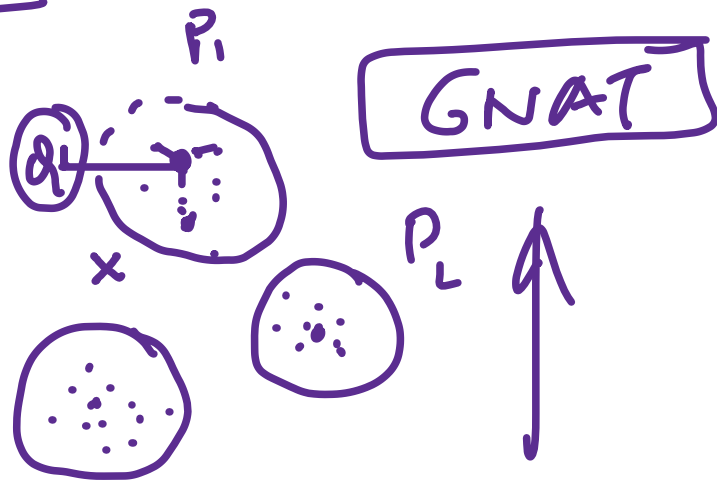
\sqrt{JSD}

$$\begin{aligned} d(Q, x) &\leq d(Q, P) + d(P, x) \\ d(Q, x) &\geq |d(Q, P) - d(P, x)| \end{aligned}$$

Metric

non-negativity
identity
Symmetry
triangle inequality

efficiency



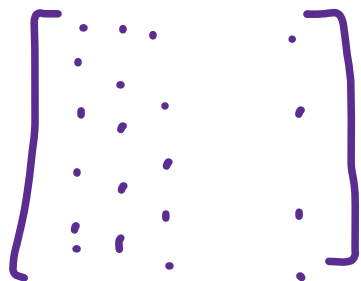
$\{ P_3 \}$ Geometric Near Neighbor Access Tree

[GRADE UPGRADE QUESTION]

→ { LSA
PLSA
KLD
Word Embeddings.

Why is anything more sophisticated
needed at all?

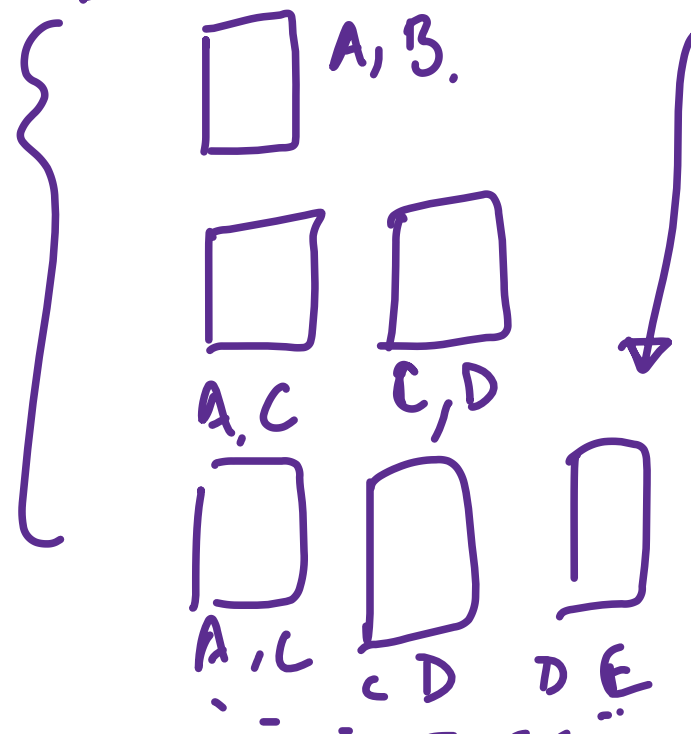
term term



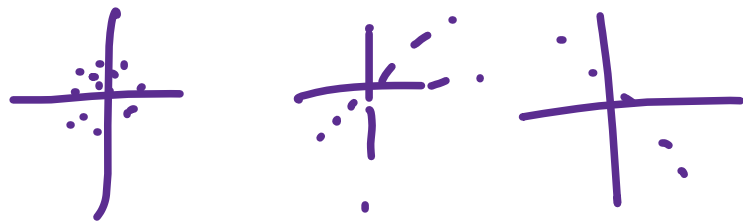
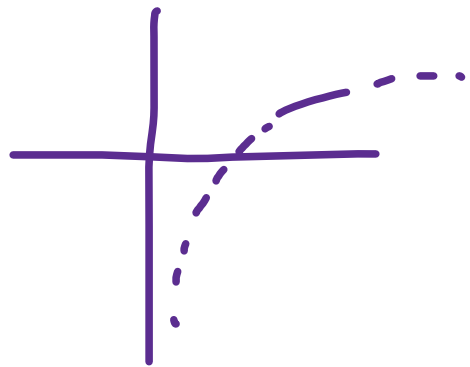
KLD



orders of association.



Intuition of negative PMI



$$\log \left[\frac{P(x, y)}{P(x) \cdot P(y)} \right]$$

$$\left[\log \frac{1}{P(y)} \right]$$

$$P(x|y) = P(x)$$

⊗

