

## Tutorial 8

- 1) i) Input nodes - A, B, C  
 ii) Hidden nodes - D, E  
 iii) Output nodes - F, G  
 iv) # Params -  $3 \times 2 + 2 \times 2 = 10$   
 with bias  $\Rightarrow 3 \times 2 + 2 \times 2 + 1 \times 2 + 1 \times 2 = 14$

2.1)  $D \rightarrow 0.1 \times 4 + 0.2 \times 3 + 0.2 \times 1 = 1.2$   
 $E \rightarrow 0.1 \times 2 + 0.2 \times 5 + 0.2 \times 6 = 2.4$

2.2)  $D_o \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + e^{-1.2}} = 0.77$

$E_o \rightarrow \frac{1}{1 + e^{-2.4}} = 0.92$

2.3)  $F \rightarrow 0.77 \times 1 + 0.92 \times 2 = 2.61$   
 $G \rightarrow 0.77 \times 3 + 0.92 \times 4 = 5.99$

2.4)  $F_o \rightarrow \frac{e^{2.61}}{e^{2.61} + e^{5.99}} = 0.03$

$G_o \rightarrow \frac{e^{5.99}}{e^{2.61} + e^{5.99}} = 0.97$

2.5) Loss  $\Rightarrow$  Cross Entropy Loss  
 $= -\sum y \log \hat{y}$

$\Rightarrow -(0 \times \log F_o + 1 \times \log G_o) = -\log_2(0.967)$

$= 0.0146$

3) Yes, input  $X = \begin{bmatrix} 0.1 \\ 0.2 \\ 0.2 \end{bmatrix}$  output  $Y = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Weights,

$W_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

$W_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

To get out,  $\Rightarrow \text{Softmax} (w_2^T \sigma(w_1^T x))$

- 4) If we don't use non-linear functions, the neural network simply does a linear operation on the inputs and so can't model a non-linear function.

$$5) \sigma(u) = \frac{1}{1+e^{-u}} \quad \frac{d\sigma(u)}{du} = \frac{-1}{(1+e^{-u})^2} \cdot -e^{-u}$$

$$\frac{d\sigma(u)}{du} = \frac{1+e^{-u}-1}{(1+e^{-u})^2} = \frac{1}{1+e^{-u}} - \left(\frac{1}{1+e^{-u}}\right)^2$$

$$= \sigma(u) - (\sigma(u))^2 = \sigma(u)(1-\sigma(u))$$

$$6) \tanh(u) = \frac{e^u - e^{-u}}{e^u + e^{-u}} = e^{2u} \frac{1 - e^{-2u}}{1 + e^{-2u}}$$

$$\frac{d \tanh(u)}{du} = \frac{2e^{-2u}}{1+e^{-2u}} + (1-e^{-2u}) \cdot \frac{-1}{(1+e^{-1u})^2} \cdot -2e^{-2u}$$

$$= \frac{2e^{-2u}}{1+e^{-2u}} + 2e^{-2u} \frac{(1-e^{-2u})}{(1+e^{-2u})^2}$$

$$= \frac{2e^{-2u}}{1+e^{-2u}} \left( 1 + \frac{1-e^{-2u}}{1+e^{-2u}} \right)$$

$$= \left( 1 - \frac{(1-e^{-2u})}{1+e^{-2u}} \right) \left( 1 + \frac{1-e^{-2u}}{1+e^{-2u}} \right)$$

$$= (1 - \tanh(u))(1 + \tanh(u))$$

$$= 1 - (\tanh(u))^2$$

$$7) \sigma(x) = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

$$\tanh(x) = \frac{e^{+x} - e^{-x}}{e^{+x} + e^{-x}} = \frac{1 - e^{-2x}}{1 + e^{-2x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-2x}} - \frac{(1 + e^{-2x}) - 1}{1 + e^{-2x}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-2x}} - 1 + \frac{1}{1 + e^{-2x}}$$

$$= 2 \cdot \frac{1}{1 + e^{-2x}} - 1$$

$$= (2\sigma(2x) - 1) ,$$