

Flexibility Modeling

Modeling framework

- **Input**

- Generation (Capacity, Variable cost, Fixed cost, Ramping constraints, Type, Slot wise availability for RE)
- Substation level load (Aggregation of flexible, RE, adjustable, battery loads etc)
- Feeder level load (Aggregation of flexible, RE, adjustable, battery loads etc)
- Tariff category wise (Flexible loads, RE loads, adjustable loads, battery loads etc)
- Scenarios (End use pattern for different pricing scenarios)

- **Model**

- Objective function, Problem formulation etc

- **Output**

- Dynamic pricing signal, Tariff structure, Base case load curve, Load curves for scenarios, Benefit to utility, Benefits to consumer etc.

Overall objectives

- **Renewable energy utilization maximization**
 - RE prioritization
 - Carbon tax on conventional power
- **Consumer bill minimisation**
 - Shifting and adjusting loads to achieve minimum energy cost
- **Utility power purchase cost minimisation**
 - Utilisation of low cost RE, embedded RE to reduce overall power cost
 - Optimal resource utilisation

Data

- Generation
 - MODCON.xlsx, RE power PPA.xlsx, RE.xlsx
- Demand side
 - Consumer indexing, End use assumptions, Solar rooftop, Tariff plan, Various scenarios
- Assumptions
 - Fraction of solar adoption, fraction of DF participation, number of consumers, solar capacity, losses etc

Generation

Plant	Capacity	Variable cost	Fixed cost	Type	Ramping_up	Ramping down	Startup cost
1	87	4.8538	0	Thermal	52.2	-52.2	10
2	144	0	0	Nuclear	86.4	-86.4	11
3	391	0	0	Hydro	234.6	-234.6	12
4	50	4.3015	0	Thermal	30	-30	13
5	128	1.18	1.48	Thermal	76.8	-76.8	14
6	620	2.26	0.95	Thermal	372	-372	15
7	420	3.07	0.84	Thermal	252	-252	16
8	180	1.92	2.51	Gas	108	-108	17
9	140	2.43	1.1	Thermal	84	-84	18
10	166	1.38	1.69	Thermal	99.6	-99.6	19

Solar	Wind
3.7017921	4.47885

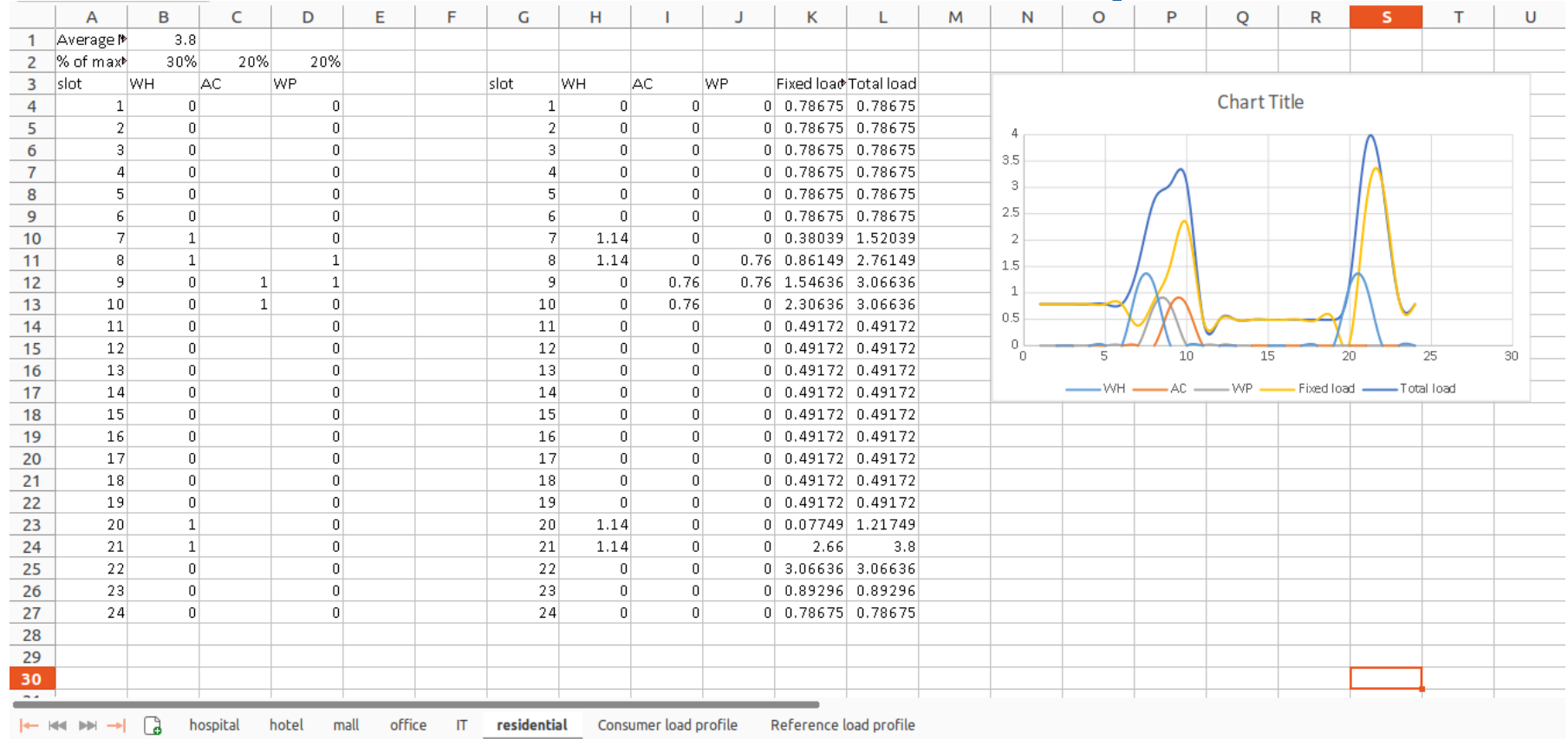
Solar	Wind
0	1186
0	901
0	793
0	587
0	649
0	630
39.815	737
816.58	650
1745	444
2353	429
2697.8	398
2976.3	494
2999.1	595
2810.6	614
2368.7	653
1584.4	596
636.67	878
98.419	827
0	1158
0	803
0	744
0	985
0	1149
0	1022

Demand

Feeder Name	11 KV SHREEYASH FEEDER			22 KV MCCH FEEDER		
	Sum of SALE MWh	Sum of NO OF CONS	% SHARE	Sum of SALE MWh	Sum of NO OF CONS	% SHARE
Row Labels						
HT RAILWAY/METRO/MONO 11 KV	12.32	1	2%	0.00	0	0%
LT-COMMERCIAL	136.21	692	25%	552.63	1861	42%
LT-DOMESTIC	338.73	2708	62%	501.43	3426	38%
LT-INDUSTRIAL	28.67	10	5%	45.65	20	3%
LT-PD CONSUMERS	0.05	643	0%	0.00	0	0%
LT-PUBLIC SER.-OTHER	27.77	13	5%	72.54	36	5%
ST.LIGHT	0.00	1	0%	18.94	13	1%
HT Commercial 22 KV	0.00	0	0%	86.84	3	7%
HT Public Services Govt. Educational Inst	0.00	0	0%	7.55	1	1%
HT Public Services Others 22 KV	0.00	0	0%	40.60	1	3%
Total Commercial + Domestic	474.94	3400.00	87%	1140.89	5290.00	86%

FEEDER NAME	FEEDER TYPE	FEEDER KV	CATEGORY	2212
11 KV SHREEYASH FEEDER	58	11	1.Res	20
11 KV SHREEYASH FEEDER	58	11	2.Com	3
11 KV SHREEYASH FEEDER	58	11	7.Public S	2
22KV MCCH SOCIETY	58	22	1.Res	11
22KV MCCH SOCIETY	58	22	2.Com	1
22KV MCCH SOCIETY	58	22	7.Public S	3

Demand – end use assumptions



Demand - scenarios

[illegible]

Setup

Base loads	(= end use assumptions)
Residential	eua_total
Hospital	eua_total
Hotel	eua_total
Mall	eua_total
Office	eua_total
IT	eua_total
...	
etc	eua_total

Setup

N = 50

Base scenarios						
Residential	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Hospital	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Hotel	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Mall	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Office	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
IT	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
...						
etc	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N

Create solar base loads

Base loads solar (= <i>base loads</i> – (<i>solar capacity</i> * <i>solarper1w</i>)	
Residential	base_solar
Hospital	base_solar
Hotel	base_solar
Mall	base_solar
Office	base_solar
IT	base_solar
...	
etc	base_solar

Create solar scenarios

N = 50

Base scenarios solar (= *base scenarios – base loads solar*)

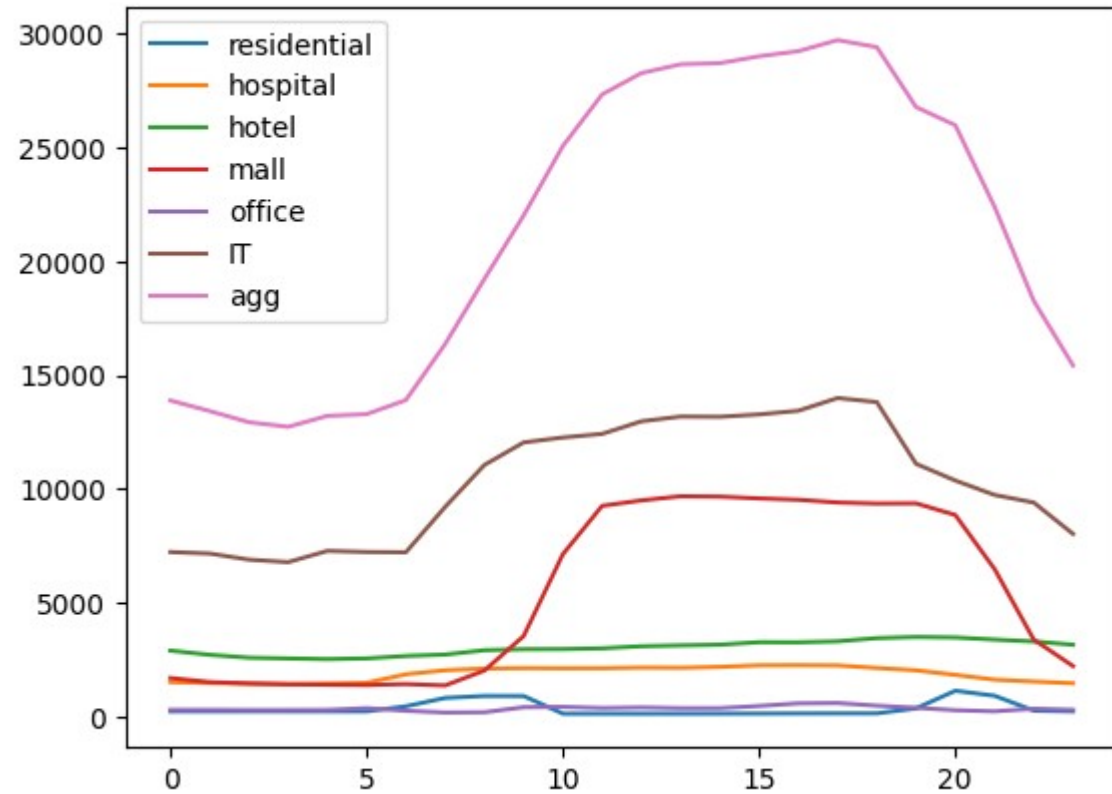
Residential	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Hospital	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Hotel	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Mall	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
Office	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
IT	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N
...						
etc	Scnr_1	Scnr_2	Scnr_3	Scnr_4	...	Scnr_N

aggregate_base_load()

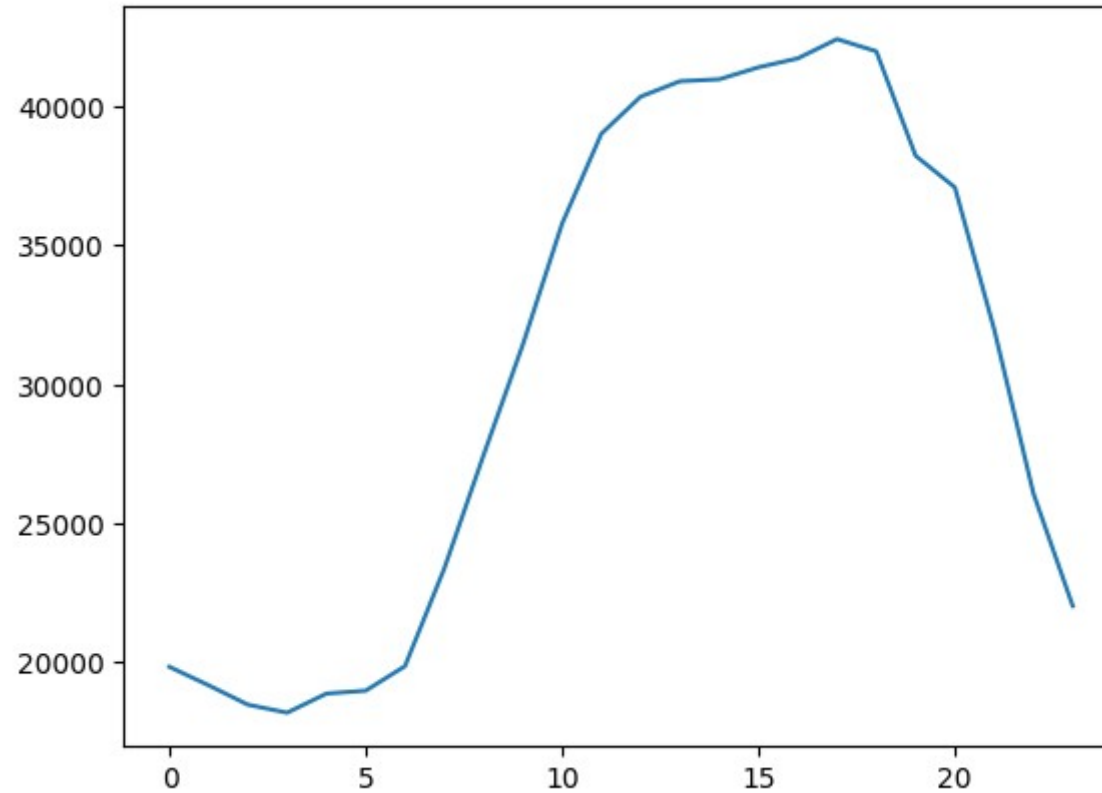
- Returns total_base_load and total_bill
- Total = solar + non_solar

	residential	hospital	hotel	mall	office	IT	agg
0	236.024845	1518.600638	2900.517573	1699.032434	299.482252	7228.166533	13881.824276
1	236.024845	1479.319658	2717.049831	1520.168983	300.100459	7163.405842	13416.069618
2	236.024845	1450.853971	2590.454983	1460.888525	293.222915	6895.734646	12927.179885
3	236.024845	1431.182222	2557.911050	1421.708913	293.338828	6785.233770	12725.399627
4	236.024845	1459.210296	2528.316081	1406.718452	297.202617	7279.465752	13206.938042

Total base load

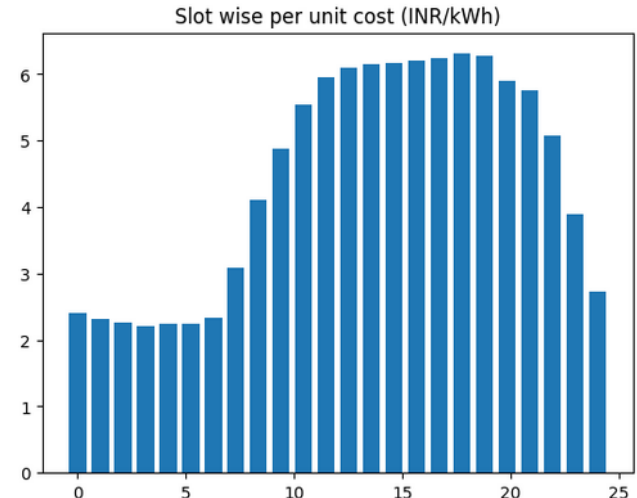
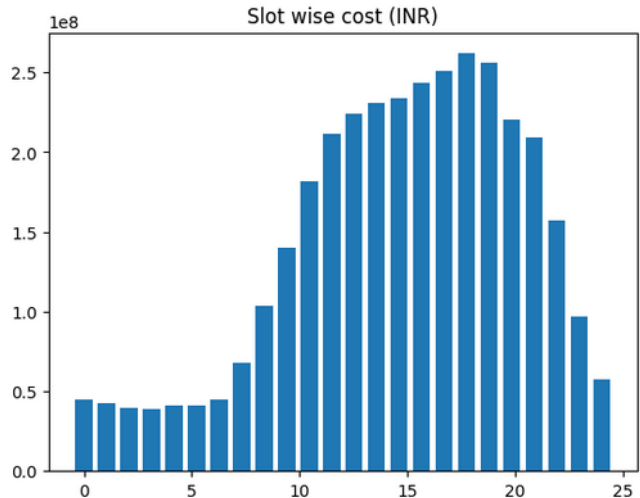


Projected load ($\neq 1 - \text{losses}$)

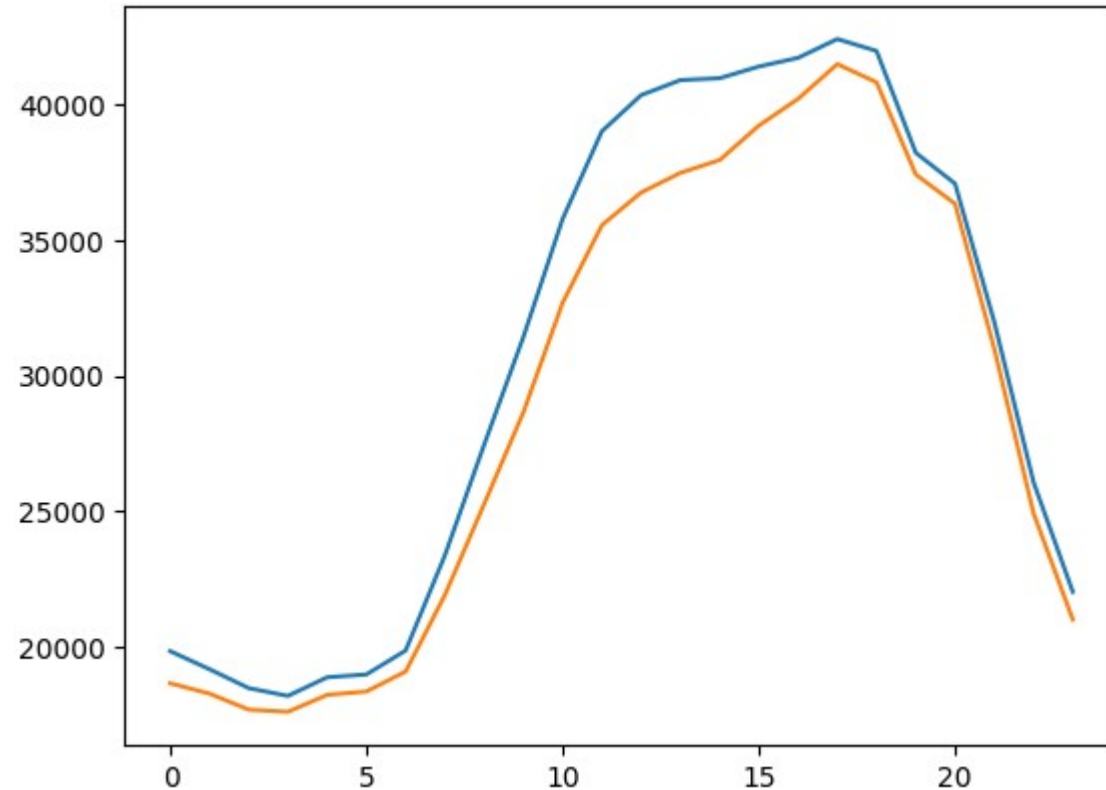


Generation cost optimization

- *compute_gen_curve* (*projected_demand*, *n*)
- Returns slot wise cost, slot wise per unit cost



Projected load vs scheduled gen



compute_optimal_load_curve()

- Input: pricing signal (tariff plan initially)
- Returns: optimal_load_curve, optimal_bill

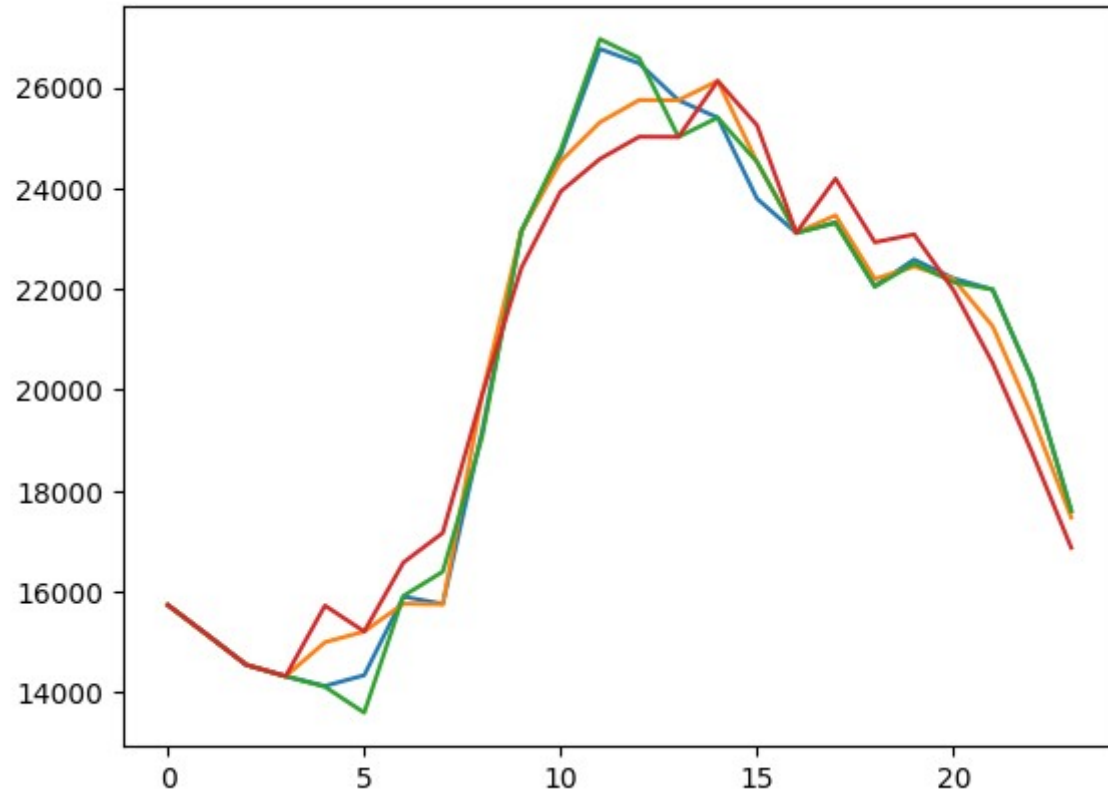
Demand flexibility algorithm

- Compute num_customers : solar (s), nonsolar (ns)
- compute participating num_customers : solar (ps), nonsolar (pns)
- customer_segment = [residential, hospital, hotel, mall, office, IT]

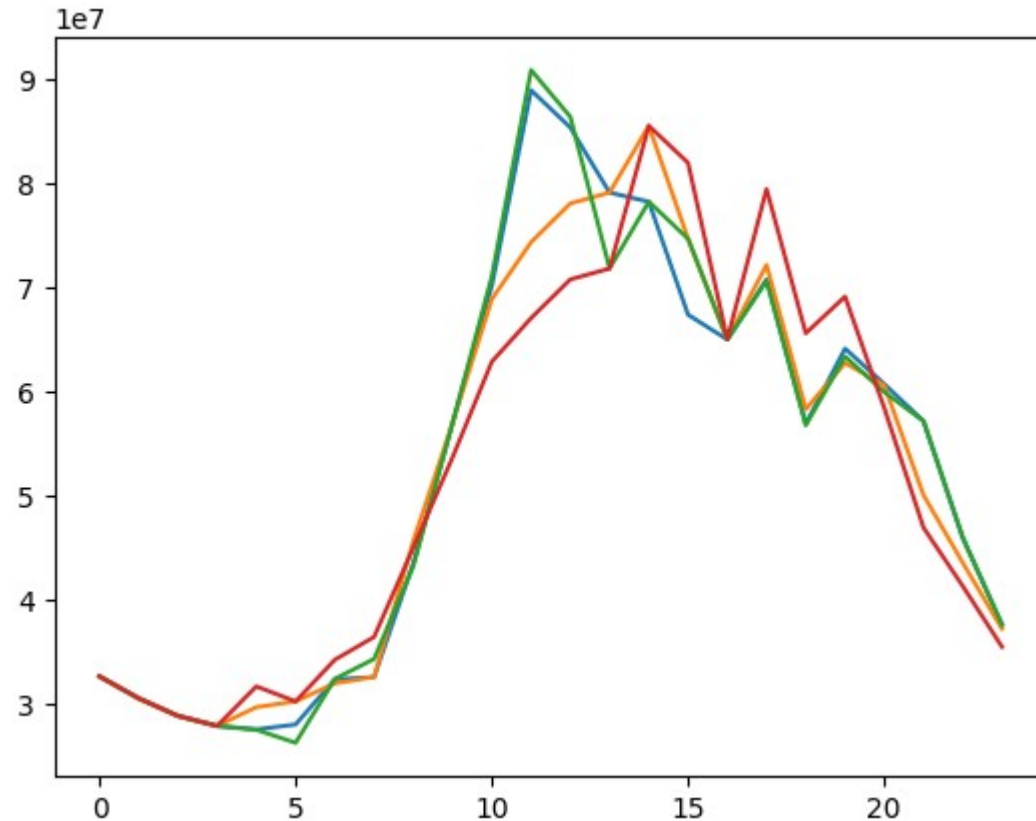
for every segment in customer_segment:

- scn = base load profile for that segment (single user)
- solar_scn = base load profile with solar for that scenario (single user)
- $a = \text{scn} * (\text{ns} - \text{pns}) + \text{solar_scn} * (\text{s} - \text{ps})$
- bill_a = a * tariff_plan
- find optimal scenarios, optimal_scn and optimal_solar_scn
 - + use s, ns and tariff signal plus
 - + use ps, pns and pricing signal
- $b = \text{optimal_scn} * (\text{pns}) + \text{optimal_solar_scn} * (\text{ps})$
- bill_b = b * pricing_signal
- agg_load = a + b
- agg_bill = agg_a + agg_b
- compute projected_demand from agg_load by factoring losses
- compute generation cost per slot
- run pricing signal update rule

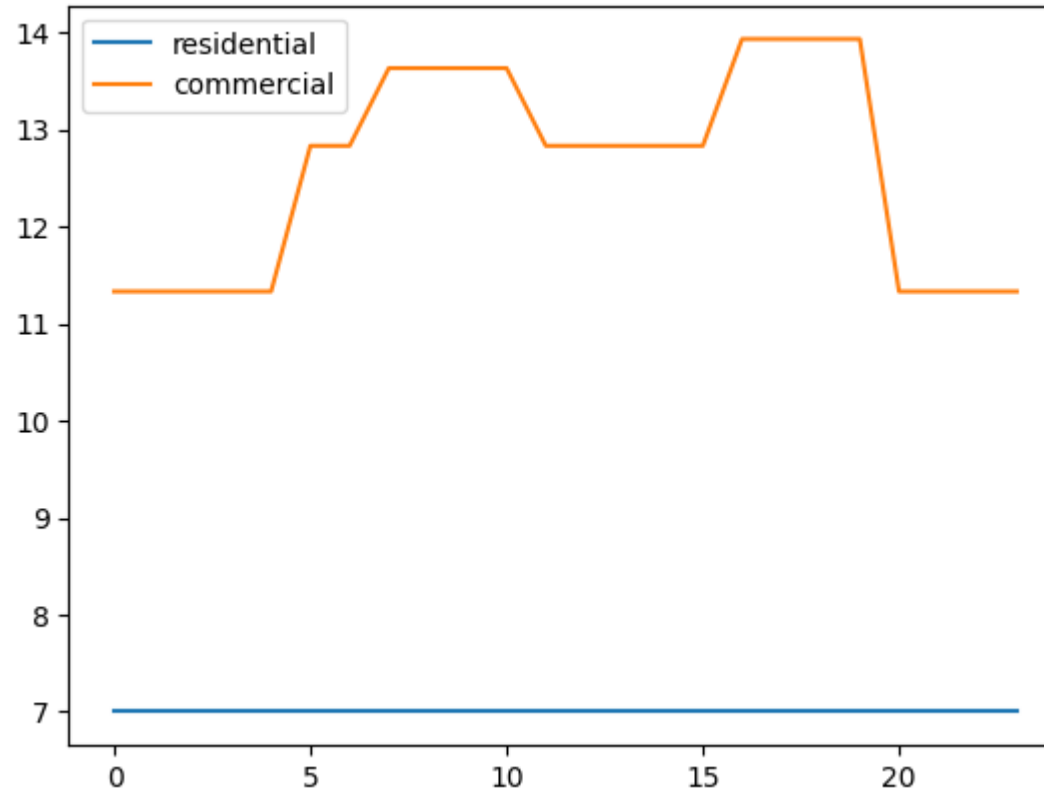
Load through iterations



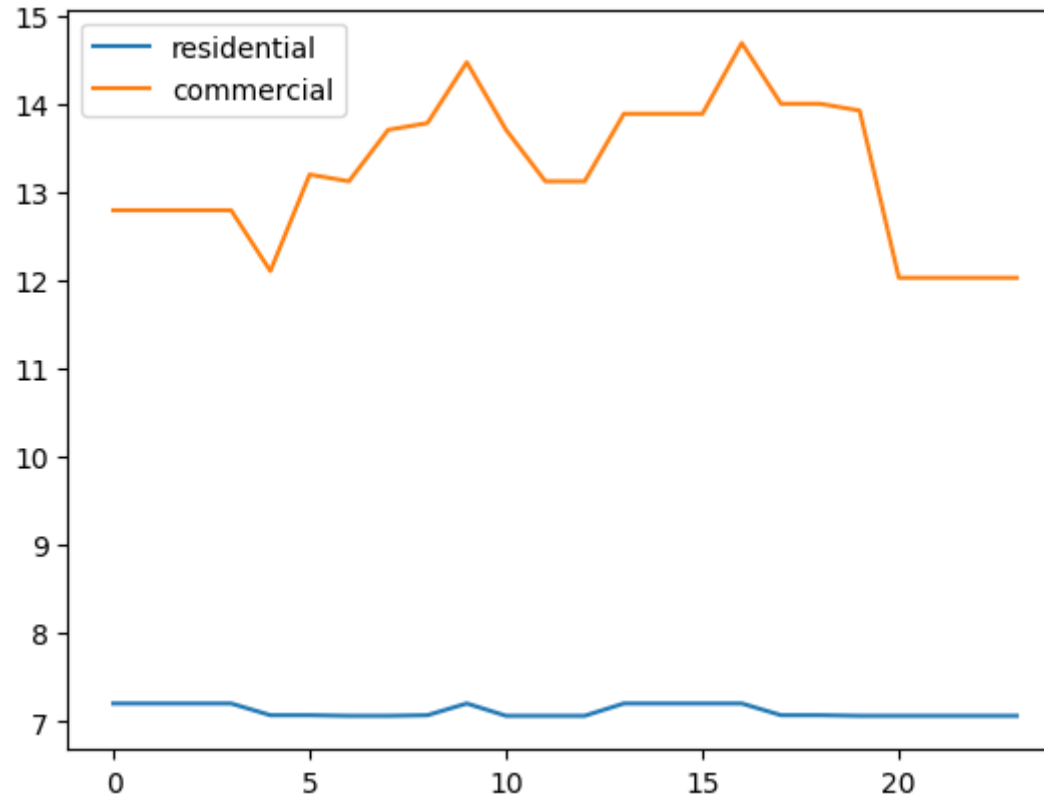
Generation cost through iterations



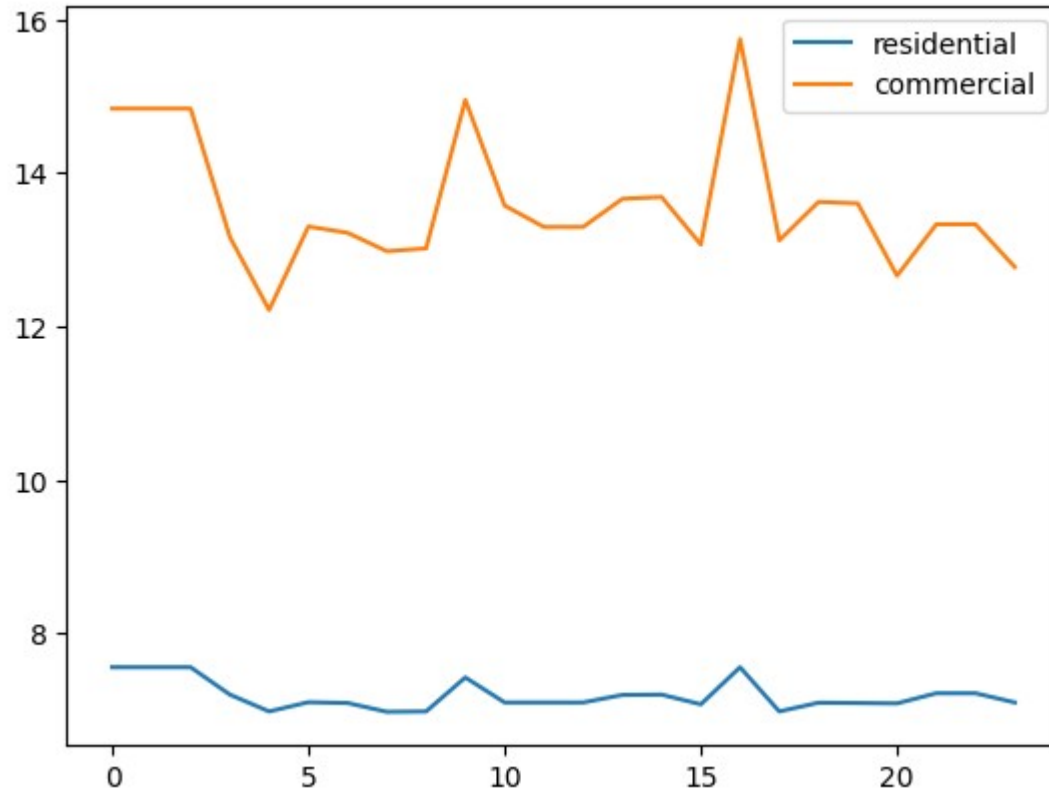
Initial pricing signal



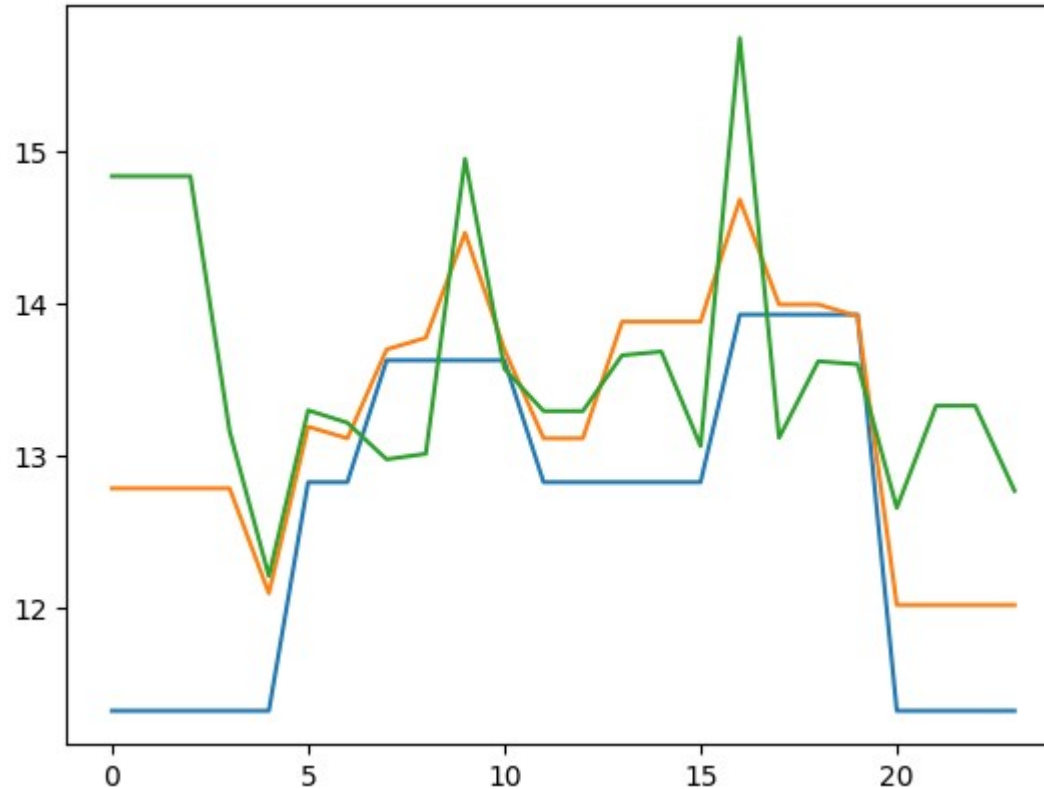
Pricing signal later



Pricing signal at the end



Pricing signal for commercial



Profit = bill – generation cost

