

\* Tutorial Number - 7 (z-Transform).

Q → Find Z transform of the following :-

1)  $3^k, k < 0$ .

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^k, k < 0$$

$$Z(3^k) = \sum_{-\infty}^{-1} (3^k \cdot z^{-k}) = \sum_{-\infty}^{-1} (z/3)^{-k}$$

$$= \left[ \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + 1 + \frac{z}{3} + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^3 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + \frac{1}{1 - (\frac{z}{3})} \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + \frac{3}{3-z} \right]$$

$$= \left[ \frac{-3+z+3}{3-z} \right]$$

$$Z(3^k) = \frac{z}{3-z}, |z| < 3.$$

2)  $3^k, k > 0$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^k, k > 0$$

$$Z(3^k) = \sum_{01}^{\infty} (3^k \cdot z^{-k}) = \sum_{1}^{\infty} (3/z)^k$$

$$= \left[ \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + 1 + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left[ -1 + \frac{1}{1-(3/z)} \right] \\
 &= \left[ -1 + \frac{z}{z-3} \right] \\
 F(z) &= \left[ \frac{3}{z-3} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{z(3^k) = \frac{3}{z-3}, |z| \geq 3, k \geq 0}$$

$$3) 3^k, k \leq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^k, k \leq 0.$$

$$z(3^k) = \sum_{k \leq 0} 3^k \cdot z^{-k} = \sum_{k \leq 0} (z/3)^{-k}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \left[ \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\
 &= \left[ 1 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{z}{3}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\
 &= \left[ \frac{1}{1-(z/3)} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

$$F(z) = \frac{3}{3-z}$$

$$\boxed{z(3^k) = \frac{3}{3-z}, |z| < 3, k \leq 0}$$

$$4) 3^k, k \geq 0.$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^k, k \geq 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 z(3^k) &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (3^k) z^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (3/z)^k \\
 &= \left[ \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\
 &= \left[ 1 + \frac{3}{z} + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)} \\
 F(z) &= \frac{z}{z-3}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$z(3^k) = \frac{z}{z-3}, |z| > |3|$$

$$5) 3^{-k}, k < 0.$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^{-k}, k < 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 z(3^{-k}) &= \sum_{k=-\infty}^0 3^{-k} z^{-k} = \sum_{k=-\infty}^0 (3z)^{-k} \\
 &= \left[ (3z)^1 + (3z)^2 + \dots \right] \\
 &= \left[ -1 + 1 + 3z + (3z)^2 + \dots \right] \\
 &= \left[ -1 + \frac{1}{1-3z} \right] \\
 F(z) &= \left[ \frac{3z}{1-3z} \right] \quad |1-3z| < 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

$$z(3^{-k}) = \left[ \frac{3z}{1-3z} \right], |z| < \frac{1}{3}$$

$$6) 3^{-k}, k > 0$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^{-k}, k > 0$$

$$z(3^{-k}) = \sum_{k>0}^{\infty} (3^{-k}), z^{-k} = \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} (1/3z)^k$$

$$= \left[ \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + 1 + \frac{1}{3z} + \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + \frac{1}{1-(1/3z)} \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + \frac{3z}{(3z)-1} \right]$$

$$F(z) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{3z-1} & |3z-1| < 0 \\ \frac{1}{3z-1} & |z| > \frac{1}{3} \end{cases}$$

$$\boxed{z(3^{-k}) = \frac{1}{3z-1}, |z| > \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$7) 3^{-k}, k \leq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^{-k}, k \leq 0$$

$$z(3^{-k}) = \sum_{k \leq 0}^{\infty} 3^{-k}, z^{-k} = \sum_{-\infty}^0 (3z)^{-k}$$

$$= \left[ (3z)^0 + (3z)^1 + (3z)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ 1 + 3z + (3z)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$F(z) = \left[ \frac{1}{1-3z} \right]$$

$$\boxed{z(3^{-k}) = \frac{1}{1-3z}, |z| > \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$8) 3^{-k}, k \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^{-k}, k \geq 0$$

$$Z\left(\sum_{k \geq 0} 3^{-k}\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (3^{-k}) \cdot z^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)^k$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left[ \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\ &= \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{3z} + \frac{1}{(3z)^2} + \dots \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{1}{1 - \left(\frac{1}{3z}\right)} \right] \\ F(z) &= \left[ \frac{3z}{3z - 1} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{Z\left(\sum_{k \geq 0} 3^{-k}\right) = \frac{3z}{3z - 1}, |z| > \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$9) 3^k + 4^k, k \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = 3^k + 4^k, k \geq 0$$

$$Z\left(\sum_{k \geq 0} (3^k + 4^k)\right) = Z\left(\sum_{k \geq 0} 3^k\right) + Z\left(\sum_{k \geq 0} 4^k\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (3^k) \cdot z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (4^k) \cdot z^{-k}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \left[ \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{3}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\ &\quad + \left[ \left(\frac{4}{z}\right)^0 + \left(\frac{4}{z}\right)^1 + \left(\frac{4}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{1}{1 - (3/z)} + \frac{1}{1 - (4/z)} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{Z\left(\sum_{k \geq 0} (3^k + 4^k)\right) = \left[ \frac{z}{z-3} + \frac{z}{z-4} \right], |z| > 3.}$$

10)  $3^{-|k|}$  for all  $k$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = \begin{cases} 3^{-k}, & k \geq 0 \\ 3^k, & k < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$Z\left(\sum_{\text{all } k} 3^{-|k|}\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 3^k \cdot z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 3^{-k} \cdot z^{-k}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (z/3)^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (1/3z)^k$$

$$= \left[ \left( \frac{z}{3} \right)^{-1} + \left( \frac{z}{3} \right)^2 + \dots \right] + \left[ \left( \frac{1}{3z} \right)^0 + \left( \frac{1}{3z} \right)^1 + \left( \frac{1}{3z} \right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + \frac{1}{z} + \frac{z}{3} + \left( \frac{z}{3} \right)^2 + \dots \right] + \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{3z} + \frac{1}{(3z)^2} + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + \frac{1}{z - (z/3)} \right] + \left[ \frac{1}{z - (1/3z)} \right]$$

$$Z\left(\sum_{\text{all } k} 3^{-|k|}\right) = \left[ \frac{z}{3-z} + \frac{3z}{3z-1} \right], \quad \left| \frac{1}{3} \right| < |z| < (3)$$

11)  $\left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{|k|}$  for all  $k$ .

$$\rightarrow f(k) = \begin{cases} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^k, & k \geq 0 \\ \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{-k}, & k < 0 \end{cases}$$

$$Z\left(\sum_{\text{all } k} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{|k|}\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^{-k} \cdot z^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^k \cdot z^{-k}$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{5}\right)^{-k} + \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{1}{5z}\right)^k$$

$$= \left[ \frac{z}{5} + \left(\frac{z}{5}\right)^2 + \dots \right] + \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{5z} + \left(\frac{1}{5z}\right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$= \left[ -1 + 1 + \frac{z}{5} + \left(\frac{z}{5}\right)^2 + \dots \right] + \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{5z} + \left(\frac{1}{5z}\right)^2 + \dots \right]$$

$$F(z) = \left[ -1 + \frac{1}{1-(z/5)} \right] + \left[ \frac{1}{1-(1/5z)} \right]$$

$|z| < 0.1$        $\left| \frac{1}{5z} \right| < 0.1$

$$\boxed{z \left[ \frac{\left( \frac{1}{5} \right)^{|k|}}{1-k} \right] = \left[ \frac{z}{5-z} + \frac{5z}{sz-1} \right], |z| < 5, |z| > \frac{1}{5}}$$

12)  $e^{-ak}, k \geq 0$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = e^{-ak}, k \geq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} z \left[ \sum_{k \geq 0} (e^{-a})^k \right] &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (e^{-a})^k \cdot (z)^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{e^{-a}}{z} \right)^k \\ &= \left[ 1 + \frac{e^{-a}}{z} + \left( \frac{e^{-a}}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{1 - \left( \frac{e^{-a}}{z} \right)}, \quad \frac{e^{-a}}{z} > 1. \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{z \left[ \sum_{k \geq 0} (e^{-a})^k \right] = \frac{z}{z - e^{-a}}, |z| > e^{-a}}$$

13)  $e^{ak}, k \geq 0$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = e^{ak}, k \geq 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} z \left[ \sum_{k \geq 0} e^{ak} \right] &= \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (e^a)^k \cdot (z)^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left( \frac{e^a}{z} \right)^k \\ &= \left[ 1 + \frac{e^a}{z} + \left( \frac{e^a}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right] \\ &= \left[ \frac{1}{1 - \left( \frac{e^a}{z} \right)} \right], \quad \frac{e^a}{z} < 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$F(z) = \left[ \frac{z}{z - e^a} \right], |z| > e^a$$

$$\boxed{z [e^{ak}]_{k \geq 0} = \left[ \frac{z}{z - e^a} \right], |z| > e^a}$$

$$14) e^{ak} + e^{-ak}, k \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = e^{ak} + e^{-ak}, k \geq 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} z [e^{ak} + e^{-ak}]_{k \geq 0} &= z [e^{ak}]_{k \geq 0} + z [e^{-ak}]_{k \geq 0} \\ &= \sum_0^{\infty} [(e^a)^k] z^{-k} + \sum_0^{\infty} [(e^{-a})^k] z^{-k} \\ &= \left[ 1 + \frac{e^a}{z} + \left( \frac{e^a}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right] + \left[ 1 + \frac{e^{-a}}{z} + \left( \frac{e^{-a}}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$= \left[ \frac{1}{1 - \frac{e^a}{z}} \right] + \left[ \frac{1}{1 - \frac{e^{-a}}{z}} \right]$$

$$F(z) = \left[ \frac{z}{z - e^a} + \frac{z}{z - e^{-a}} \right], \frac{|e^a|}{z} < 1, \frac{|e^{-a}|}{z} < 1.$$

$$\boxed{z [e^{ak} + e^{-ak}]_{k \geq 0} = \left[ \frac{z}{z - e^a} + \frac{z}{z - e^{-a}} \right], |z| > e^a, |z| > e^{-a}}$$

15)  $\sin ak$ ,  $k \geq 0$

$$\rightarrow \sin ak = \frac{e^{iak} - e^{-iak}}{2i}$$

$$f(k) = \frac{e^{iak}}{2i} - \frac{e^{-iak}}{2i}, k \geq 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} z \left[ \frac{1}{2i} \left[ (e^{ia})^k - (e^{-ia})^k \right] \right] &= \frac{1}{2i} \cdot z \left[ (e^{ia})^k - (e^{-ia})^k \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2i} \left[ z \left[ (e^{ia})^k \right] - z \left[ (e^{-ia})^k \right] \right]_{k \geq 0} \\ &= \frac{1}{2i} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} [e^{ia}]^k \cdot z^{-k} - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} [e^{-ia}]^k \cdot z^{-k} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2i} \left[ \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(e^{ia})^k}{z} - \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \frac{(e^{-ia})^k}{z} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2i} \left[ \left\{ 1 + \frac{e^{ia}}{z} + \left( \frac{e^{ia}}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right\} - \left\{ 1 + \frac{e^{-ia}}{z} + \left( \frac{e^{-ia}}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right\} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{2i} \left[ \left\{ \frac{1}{1 - \left( \frac{e^{ia}}{z} \right)} \right\} - \left\{ \frac{1}{1 - \left( \frac{e^{-ia}}{z} \right)} \right\} \right] \\ &\quad e^{ia} \not\subset |z|, e^{-ia} \not\subset |z| \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{z \left[ \sin ak \right] = \frac{1}{2i} \left[ \frac{z}{z - e^{ia}} - \frac{z}{z - e^{-ia}} \right], |z| > e^{ia}, |z| > e^{-ia}}$$

16)  $\cos ak$ ,  $k \geq 0$

$$\rightarrow \cos ak = \frac{e^{iak} + e^{-iak}}{2}$$

$$f(k) = \frac{e^{iak}}{2} + \frac{e^{-iak}}{2}, k \geq 0$$

$$z \left[ \frac{1}{2} (e^{ia})^k + \frac{1}{2} (e^{-ia})^k \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left[ z[(e^{ia})^k] + z[(e^{-ia})^k] \right]_{k \geq 0}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{ia})^k z^{-k} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (e^{-ia})^k z^{-k} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(e^{ia})^k}{z} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{(e^{-ia})^k}{z} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left\{ 1 + \frac{e^{ia}}{z} + \left( \frac{e^{ia}}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right\} + \right.$$

$$\left. \left\{ 1 + \frac{e^{-ia}}{z} + \left( \frac{e^{-ia}}{z} \right)^2 + \dots \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \left\{ \frac{1}{1 - \frac{e^{ia}}{z}} \right\} + \left\{ \frac{1}{1 - \frac{e^{-ia}}{z}} \right\} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{z}{z - e^{ia}} + \frac{z}{z - e^{-ia}} \right]$$

$$\boxed{z \left[ \cos ak \right] = \frac{1}{2} \left[ \frac{z}{z - e^{ia}} + \frac{z}{z - e^{-ia}} \right], |z| > e^{ia}, |z| > e^{-ia}}$$

$$17) \frac{2}{3}, k \geq 0$$

$$\rightarrow f(k) = \frac{2}{3}, k \geq 0.$$

$$\begin{aligned} Z\left[\frac{2}{3}\right] &= \frac{2}{3} \cdot Z[1]_{k \geq 0} = \frac{2}{3} \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^{-k} \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{z} + \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \left[ \frac{1}{1 - (1/z)} \right], \frac{1}{z} < 1 \\ &= \frac{2}{3} \left[ \frac{z}{z-1} \right] \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{Z\left[\frac{2}{3}\right]_{k \geq 0} = \frac{2z}{3(z-1)}, |z| > 1}$$

Q → Multiple choice questions on Z-transform :-

$$1) Z\{1\} = ? \text{ for } k \geq 0.$$

$$\rightarrow Z\{1\}_{k \geq 0} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 1 \cdot z^{-k} = 1 \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{z} + \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] = \left[ \frac{1}{1 - (1/z)} \right] = \left[ \frac{z}{z-1} \right], |z| > 1 \quad (B)$$

$$2) Z\{3\} = ? \text{ for } k$$

$$\rightarrow Z\{3\}_{k \geq 0} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 3 \cdot z^{-k} = 3 \left[ 1 + \frac{1}{z} + \left(\frac{1}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] = 3 \left[ \frac{1}{1 - (1/z)} \right] = \frac{3z}{z-1}, |z| > 1 \quad (B)$$

$$3) Z\{5^k\} = ? \text{ for } k \geq 0.$$

$$\rightarrow Z\{5^k\}_{k \geq 0} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 5^k \cdot z^{-k} = \left[ 1 + \frac{5}{z} + \left(\frac{5}{z}\right)^2 + \dots \right] = \left[ \frac{1}{1 - (5/z)} \right] = \frac{z}{z-5}, |z| > 5 \quad (A)$$

$\frac{5}{z} < 1$

$$4) z\{4^k\} = ? \text{ for } k \geq 0.$$

$$\rightarrow z\{4^k\} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} 4^k z^{-k} = \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left(\frac{z}{4}\right)^{-k} = \left[1 + \frac{z}{4} + \left(\frac{z}{4}\right)^2 + \dots\right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \frac{z}{4}}, \quad \frac{z}{4} < 1$$

$$= \frac{4}{4-z}, \quad |z| < 4 \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$5) z\{5^{k+1}\} = ? \text{ for } k \geq 0.$$

$$\rightarrow z\{5^{k+1}\} = 5z\{5^k\} = 5 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} [5^k] z^{-k} = 5 \cdot \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} \left[\frac{5}{z}\right]^k$$

$$= 5 \left[1 + \frac{5}{z} + \left(\frac{5}{z}\right)^2 + \dots\right]$$

$$= 5 \left[ \frac{1}{1 - 5/z} \right], \quad \frac{5}{z} < 1$$

$$= \frac{5z}{z-5}, \quad |z| > 5. \quad \textcircled{A}$$