

## TOC Unit II MCQ

**1. Which of the following pairs of regular expressions are equivalent?**

- a.  $1(01)^*$  and  $(10)^*1$
- b.  $x(xx)^*$  and  $(xx)^*x$
- c.  $x^+$  and  $x^+x^+(*+)$
- d. All of the mentioned

Answer: (d). All of the mentioned

**2. Which of the following are not regular?**

- a. String of 1's which has length that is a perfect square
- b. Palindromes Consisting of 0's 1's
- c. String of 0's whose length is a prime number
- d. All of the mentioned

Answer: (d). All of the mentioned

**3. Regular expression  $(x/y)(x/y)$  denotes the set**

- a.  $\{xy, xy\}$
- b.  $\{xx, xy, yx, yy\}$
- c.  $\{x, y\}$
- d.  $\{x, y, xy\}$

Answer: (b).  $\{xx, xy, yx, yy\}$

**4. Regular expression  $x/y$  denotes the set**

- a.  $\{x, y\}$
- b.  $\{xy\}$
- c.  $\{x\}$
- d.  $\{y\}$

Answer: (a).  $\{x, y\}$

**5. The regular expressions denote zero or more instances of an x or y is**

- a.  $(x+y)$
- b.  $(x+y)^*$
- c.  $(x^* + y)$
- d.  $(xy)^*$

Answer: (b).  $(x+y)^*$

**6. The regular expression denote a language comprising all possible strings of even length over the alphabet  $\{0, 1\}$**

- a.  $1 + 0(1+0)^*$

- b.  $(0+1)(1+0)^*$
- c.  $(1+0)$
- d.  $(00+0111+10)^*$

Answer: (d).  $(00+0111+10)^*$

**7. The RE gives none or many instances of an x or y is**

- a.  $(x+y)$
- b.  $(x+y)^*$
- c.  $(x^* + y)$
- d.  $(xy)^*$

Answer: (b).  $(x+y)^*$

**8. The RE in which any number of 0's is followed by any number of 1's followed by any number of 2's is**

- a.  $(0+1+2)^*$
- b.  $0^*1^*2^*$
- c.  $0^* + 1 + 2$
- d.  $(0+1)^*2^*$

Answer: (b).  $0^*1^*2^*$

**9. Which of the following pairs of regular expression are equivalent?**

- a.  $1(01)^*$  and  $(10)^*1$
- b.  $X(xx)^*$  and  $(xx)^*x$
- c. None of the mentioned
- d. Both of the mentioned

Answer: (d). Both of the mentioned

**10. Which of the following identity is true?**

- a.  $\epsilon + RR^* = R^* = \epsilon + R^*R$
- b.  $(R_1R_2)^*R_1 = R_1(R_2R_1)^*$
- c.  $R^*R^* = R^*$
- d. All of the mentioned

Answer: (d). All of the mentioned

**11. The set of all strings over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  in which a single a is followed by any number of b's a single b followed by any number of a's is**

- a.  $ab^* + ba^*$
- b.  $ab^*ba^*$
- c.  $a^*b + b^*a$

d. None of the mentioned

Answer: (a).  $ab^* + ba^*$

**12. The set of all strings over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  in which strings consisting a's and b's and ending with in bb is**

a. ab

b.  $a^*bbb$

c.  $(a+b)^*bb$

d. All of the mentioned

Answer: (c).  $(a+b)^*bb$

**13. If P, Q, R are three regular expressions and if P does not contain a then the equation  $R = R + RP$  has a unique solution given by**

a.  $R = QP^*$

b.  $R = P^*Q$

c.  $R = RP$

d. None of the mentioned

Answer: (a).  $R = QP^*$

**14. Which of the following is true ?**

a.  $(01)^*0 = 0(10)^*$

b.  $(0+1)^*0(0+1)^*1(0+1) = (0+1)^*01(0+1)^*$

c.  $(0+1)^*01(0+1)^*+1^*0^* = (0+1)^*$

d. All of the mentioned

Answer: (d). All of the mentioned

**15. Let the class of language accepted by finite state machine be L1 and the class of languages represented by regular expressions be L2 then**

a.  $L1=L2$

b.  $L1 \cup L2 = .^*$

c.  $L1=L2$

d. None of the above

Answer: (c).  $L1=L2$

**16. Which of the following is not a regular expression?**

a.  $[(a+b)^*-(aa+bb)]^*$

b.  $[(0+1)-(0b+a1)^*(a+b)]^*$

c.  $(01+11+10)^*$

d.  $(1+2+0)^*(1+2)^*$

Answer: (b).  $[(0+1)-(0b+a1)^*(a+b)]^*$

**17. According to the given language, which among the following expressions does it corresponds to?**

**Language  $L = \{x \in \{0,1\} \mid x \text{ is of length 4 or less}\}$**

a.  $(0+1+0+1+0+1+0+1)^4$

b.  $(0+1)^4$

c.  $(01)^4$

d.  $(0+1+\epsilon)^4$

Answer: (d).  $(0+1+\epsilon)^4$

**18. Which among the following looks similar to the given expression?**

**$((0+1) \cdot (0+1))^*$**

a.  $\{x \in \{0,1\}^* \mid x \text{ is all binary number with even length}\}$

b.  $\{x \in \{0,1\} \mid x \text{ is all binary number with even length}\}$

c.  $\{x \in \{0,1\}^* \mid x \text{ is all binary number with odd length}\}$

d.  $\{x \in \{0,1\} \mid x \text{ is all binary number with odd length}\}$

Answer: (a).  $\{x \in \{0,1\}^* \mid x \text{ is all binary number with even length}\}$

**19. A finite automaton accepts which type of language:**

a. Type 0

b. Type 1

c. Type 2

d. Type 3

Answer: (d). Type 3

**20. Simplify the following regular expression:**

**$\epsilon + 1^*(011)^*(1^*(011)^*)^*$**

a.  $(1+011)^*$

b.  $(1^*(011)^*)^*$

c.  $(1+(011)^*)^*$

d.  $(1011)^*$

Answer: (a).  $(1+011)^*$