

## SUMMARY AND RECOMMENDATIONS

### Objective :

The objective of analyzing the dataset is to derive actionable insights that can help enhance customer satisfaction, improve restaurant service quality, and expand market reach.

### Key Insights:

#### 1. Restaurant Ratings:

- The ratings follow a clear trend where:
  - **Ratings between 4.5 and 4.9** are considered **excellent**.
  - **Ratings from 4.0 to 4.4** are deemed **very good**.
  - The **highest frequency** of ratings falls between **2.5 and 3.4**, which are **average to poor**, indicating potential service issues or customer dissatisfaction in this segment.
- **Unrated restaurants** have a high count, suggesting many establishments either lack sufficient feedback or customer engagement.

#### 2. Top Countries by Restaurant Listings:

- The top countries represented in Zomato's data include **India, UAE, and the United States**.
- **Online delivery** options are only available in **India and UAE**, limiting Zomato's potential reach in other countries.
- **Currency** usage varies by country, and a grouped analysis provides insights into how Zomato can better price services or offer promotions.

### 3. City Analysis:

- **Delhi** has the **highest market share** of Zomato listings at **68%**, followed by other key cities like **Bangalore** and **Mumbai**.
- The data suggests that Zomato has a significant influence in Indian cities, with room for growth in other global markets.

### 4. Average Cost and Price Range:

- The **average cost for two** diners is **₹1,199**, with most restaurants falling within a **price range of 1-2 (low to moderate)**.
- There are a few outliers with costs as high as **₹8,00,000**, skewing the data, but the bulk of restaurants remain affordable.
- **Price range** data shows that **customers primarily prefer** budget-friendly options, which is consistent with Zomato's core market demographic.

### 5. Rating Colors and Distribution:

- **Rating color** classification adds another layer to understanding customer satisfaction:
  - **Green ratings (3.5-4.9)** are associated with **good to excellent** service.
  - **Yellow and orange ratings (2.5-3.4)** are more prevalent, indicating that service quality in this range could be a pain point.
- **Maximum ratings** are clustered between **2.5 and 3.4**, signaling a need to improve overall customer experience.

### Visualization Summary:

- **Pie charts** indicate that **Delhi** dominates with **68% of Zomato listings** in cities, reflecting strong market penetration in India.
  - **Bar charts** highlighting **aggregate ratings** show that **most restaurants** fall in the **2.5 to 3.4 range**, with a smaller percentage achieving higher ratings.
  - **Count plots of rating colors** emphasize that many restaurants are struggling with low customer satisfaction, especially in the **2.5-3.4 rating band**.
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## Recommendations:

### 1. Focus on Service Quality Improvement for Mid-Tier Restaurants:

- **Action:** Prioritize improving service for restaurants with **ratings between 2.5 and 3.4**, as they form the largest segment of restaurants in the dataset. Efforts should include better staff training, menu optimization, or improving ambiance.
- **Rationale:** These restaurants are rated as "average" or "poor" by customers, which may lead to a high churn rate. Enhancing their service can boost ratings, attract more customers, and increase revenue.

### 2. Expand Online Delivery in Untapped Markets:

- **Action:** Roll out online delivery services in key markets outside of **India and UAE** where there is high restaurant presence but limited delivery options.
- **Rationale:** Expanding online delivery options to other countries could meet increasing customer demand for convenience, enhance customer satisfaction, and increase market share.

### 3. Revisit Pricing Strategies:

- **Action:** Analyze price-sensitive segments and adjust pricing structures for restaurants in regions where the **average cost for two** is perceived as too high relative to local income levels.
- **Rationale:** The average cost for two people is around **₹1,199**, but a significant range exists, with some restaurants charging significantly higher amounts. Providing more value-driven pricing strategies for budget-conscious customers could improve ratings and attract a wider audience.

### 4. Capitalize on High-Rated Restaurants:

- **Action:** Highlight and promote restaurants with **excellent ratings (4.5 to 4.9)** through Zomato's marketing campaigns.
- **Rationale:** Customers trust highly-rated restaurants, and promoting these establishments could boost overall engagement on the platform, leading to increased orders and visibility.

5. **Diversify City Focus Beyond Delhi:**

- **Action:** Allocate resources to increase Zomato's influence in cities beyond **Delhi**, which currently holds the **highest market share** at 68%.
- **Rationale:** Focusing on other cities, especially tier-2 cities where Zomato has fewer listings, could increase its market penetration and revenue potential.

These recommendations aim to improve **customer satisfaction**, **increase revenue**, and **enhance market presence** by leveraging insights from the existing data.