## Sets

A set is a collection which is unordered, mutable and does not allow duplicates.

Note: Set elements must be of an immutable type.

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In [1]:
         #defining a set:
          my set = {}
          my_set = set()
          my set = \{1, 2, 3, 10, 12, 15\}
          my set = set([1,2,3,10,12,15])
          my_set = set((1,2,3,10,12,15))
          print(my_set)
          {1, 2, 3, 10, 12, 15}
In [28]: str_set = set("Banana")
          print(str_set)
          {'n', 'B', 'a'}
          Sets are unorderd and unindexed, so you can't access a item in a set by index.
 In [3]: #adding an item to the a set:
          my_set.add(5)
          my set.add(6)
         print(my_set)
          {1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 10, 12, 15}
In [30]: #update a set with another set:
          s1 = {'a', 'b', 'c'}
          s2 = \{'d', 'e', 'f', 'a'\}
          s1.update(s2)
          print(s1)
          {'d', 'e', 'b', 'f', 'a', 'c'}
 In [4]: #removing an item from a set:
          my set.remove(5)
          print(my_set)
          {1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 12, 15}
 In [8]: my set.remove(7)
         KeyError
                                                      Traceback (most recent call last)
         <ipython-input-8-3b6ad967bf1d> in <module>
          ---> 1 my_set.remove(7)
         KeyError: 7
 In [9]: my_set.discard(7)
In [10]: #removing an item randomly from a set:
          x = my set.pop()
          print(x)
          1
 In [ ]: #clears a set
          my set.clear()
In [14]: #checking membership in a set:
          5 in my_set
Out[14]: False
         2 in my set
In [15]:
Out[15]: True
In [16]: from IPython.display import Image
          \textbf{from IPython.core.display import} \ \texttt{HTML}
          Image(url= "./union.png")
Out[16]:
In [19]: #union of two sets:
          s1 = {'eins', 'zwei','drei'}
          s2 = {'vier', 'fünf', 'sechs'}
          s3 = s1.union(s2)
          print(s3)
          {'eins', 'sechs', 'fünf', 'drei', 'vier', 'zwei'}
In [21]: Image(url= "./intersection.png")
Out[21]:
In [23]: s1 = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}
          s2 = \{3, 4, 5, 6\}
          s3 = s1.intersection(s2)
          print(s3)
          {3, 4}
         s1 = {'apple', 'banana', 'cherry', 'orange'}
In [25]:
          for item in s1:
             print(item)
          cherry
         banana
         orange
         apple
```

Go to the link below for more:

In [ ]: