COMMON ENTRANCE TEST - 2010

DATE	SUBJECT	TIME
29-04-2010	CHEMISTRY	02.30 PM to 03.50 PM
MAXIMUM MARKS	TOTAL DURATION	MAXIMUM TIME FOR ANSWERING
60	80 MINUTES	70 MINUTES

MENTION YOUR	QUESTION BOOKLET DETAILS		
CET NUMBER	VERSION CODE	SERIAL NUMBER	
	A - 1	715377	

DOs:

- 1. Check whether the CET No. has been entered and shaded in the respective circles on the OMR answer sheet.
- This Question Booklet is issued to you by the Invigilator after the 2nd Bell, i.e., after 02.30 p.m.
- 3. The Serial Number of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet.
- The Version Code of this question booklet should be entered on the OMR answer sheet and the respective circles should also be shaded completely.
- 5. Compulsorily sign at the bottom portion of the OMR answer sheet in the space provided.

DON'Ts:

- THE TIMING AND MARKS PRINTED ON THE OMR ANSWER SHEET SHOULD NOT BE DAMAGED/MUTILATED/SPOILED.
- Until the 3rd Bell is rung at 02.40 p.m.:
 - Do not remove the seal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet.
 - · Do not look inside this question booklet.
 - Do not start answering on the OMR answer sheet.

IMPORTANT INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- 1. This question booklet contains 60 questions and each question will have four different options / choices.
- After the 3rd Bell is rung at 02.40 p.m., remove the seal/staple present on the right hand side of this question booklet and start answering on the OMR answer sheet.
- 3. During the subsequent 70 minutes:
 - Read each question carefully.
 - Choose the correct answer from out of the four available options / choices given under each question.
 - Completely darken/shade the relevant circle with a BLUE OR BLACK INK BALLPOINT PEN
 against the question number on the OMR answer sheet.

CORRECT METHOD OF SHADING THE CIRCLE ON THE OMR SHEET IS AS SHOWN BELOW:

- Please note that even a minute unintended ink dot on the OMR sheet will also be recognized and recorded by the scanner. Therefore, avoid multiple markings of any kind on the OMR answer sheet.
- Use the space provided on each page of the question booklet for Rough Work. Do not use the OMR answer sheet for the same.
- After the last bell is rung at 03.50 p.m., stop writing on the OMR answer sheet and affix your LEFT HAND THUMB IMPRESSION on the OMR answer sheet as per the instructions.
- 7. Hand over the OMR ANSWER SHEET to the room Invigilator as it is.
- After separating and retaining the top sheet (KEA Copy), the Invigilator will return the bottom sheet replica (Candidate's copy) to you to carry home for self-evaluation.
- 9. Preserve the replica of the OMR answer sheet for a minimum period of ONE year.

CHEMISTRY

- 1. In the electrolytic refining of Zinc,
 - 1) the impure metal is at the cathode.
 - 2) graphite is at the anode.
 - 3) acidified zinc sulphate is the electrolyte.
 - 4) the metal ion gets reduced at the anode.
- - 1) n = 10 to n = 1

2) n = 3 to n = 1

3) n = 2 to n = 1

- 4) n = 9 to n = 1
- 3. Consider the following gaseous equilibria with equilibrium constants ${\cal K}_1$ and ${\cal K}_2$ respectively.

$$SO_{2(g)} + \frac{1}{2}O_{2(g)} \iff SO_{3(g)}$$

$$2SO_{3(g)} \rightleftharpoons 2SO_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)}$$

The equilibrium constants are related as

1)
$$2K_1 = K_2^2$$

2)
$$K_1^2 = \frac{1}{K_2}$$

3)
$$K_2^2 = \frac{1}{K_1}$$

4)
$$K_2 = \frac{2}{K_1^2}$$

- - 1) -100

2) -441

3) +100

- 4) +441
- 5. Which one of the following conversions involve change in both hybridization and shape?
 - 1) $NH_3 \longrightarrow NH_4^+$

 $2)\quad CH_{4}{\longrightarrow} C_{2}H_{6}$

3) $H_2O \longrightarrow H_3O^+$

4) $BF_3 \longrightarrow BF_4^-$

- 6. In chromite ore, the oxidation number of iron and chromium are respectively
 - 1) +3, +6

2) +3, +2

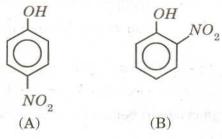
3) +2, +3

- 4) +2, +6
- 7. For the reversible reaction

$$A_{(g)} + B_{(g)} = C_{(g)} + D_{(g)} : \Delta G^0 = -350 \, \text{kJ}.$$

Which one of the following statements is true?

- 1) Equilibrium constant is greater than one.
- 2) The entropy change is negative.
- 3) The reaction is thermodynamically not feasible.
- 4) The reaction should be instantaneous.



- 1) lower than that of (A)
- 2) higher than that of (A)
- 3) same as that of (A)
- 4) higher or lower than (A), depending on the size of the vessel.
- 9. The amount of heat evolved when 500 cm³ of 0.1 M *HCl* is mixed with 200 cm³ of 0.2 M *NaOH* is
 - 1) 1.292 kJ

2) 2.292 kJ

3.392 kJ

- 4) 0.292 kJ
- 10. During the adsorption of krypton on activated charcoal at low temperature,
 - 1) $\Delta H < 0$ and $\Delta S < 0$
- 2) $\Delta H > 0$ and $\Delta S < 0$
- 3) $\Delta H < 0$ and $\Delta S > 0$
- 4) $\Delta H > 0$ and $\Delta S > 0$

11.	The set		utermo	ost electron for copper in its ground state
		$3, 2, 2, +\frac{1}{2}$	2)	$4, 1, 1, +\frac{1}{2}$
		$4, 2, 2, +\frac{1}{2}$		$4, 0, 0, +\frac{1}{2}$
		1, 2, 2, 1/2	**	2,0,0,1,2
12.	Peroxide	le ion		
	a) is	diamagnetic.		
	b) has	as five completely filled antibone	ding m	nolecular orbitals.
	c) is	isoelectronic with neon.	100	
	d) ha	as bond order one.		
	Which o	one of these is correct?		
	1)	a), b) and d)	2)	d) and c)
	3)	a) and d)	4)	a), b) and c)
13.	Which o	one of these is NOT true for ben	zene?	Jacon Company
	1)	There are three carbon-carbon bonds.	n sing	le bonds and three carbon-carbon double
	2)	It forms only one type of mon	osubst	ituted product.
	3)	The bond angle between the ca	arbon-	carbon bonds is 120° .
	4)	The heat of hydrogenation of h	oenzen	e is less than the theoretical value.
14.	to precip	ipitate all the Ca^{+2} ions as calciu	m carl	is treated with sodium carbonate solution bonate. The calcium carbonate so obtained percentage of $NaCl$ in the mixture (atomic
	1)		2)	75
	- 2003)	69.4	4)	25
15.	For one	e mole of an ideal gas, increasing	the te	emperature from 10°C to 20°C
	1)	increases the rms velocity by	$\sqrt{2}$ tin	nes.
	2)	N 192 14 18 14 18		
	3)			ergy and rms velocity, but not significantly.
	4)			The state of the s
		(Space for	Rough	n Work)

			0	A - 1
16.	16.	Generally, the first ionization energy increases along a period. But there exceptions. One which is NOT an exception is		
		1) Na and Mg	2) N and O	
		3) Be and B	4) Mg and Al	

- - 1) 10 cm³ 2) 12 cm³ 3) 10.5 cm³ 4) 25 cm³
- 18. In which one of the following, does the given amount of chlorine exert the least pressure in a vessel of capacity 1 dm³ at 273K?
 - 1) 0.071 g 2) 0.0355 g 3) 0.02 mole 4) 6.023 × 10²¹ molecules
- 19. Based on the first law of thermodynamics, which one of the following is correct?
 - 1) For an adiabatic process : $\Delta U = -w$ 2) For an isochoric process : $\Delta U = -q$
 - 3) For a cyclic process : q = -w
 - 4) For an isothermal process: q = +w'
- 20. For alkali metals, which one of the following trends is INCORRECT?
 - 1) Ionization energy: Li > Na > K > Rb
 - 2) Hydration energy : Li > Na > K > Rb
 - 3) Atomic size : Li < Na < K < Rb
 - 4) Density: Li < Na < K < Rb

21.		ween 10 cm ³ of molten zinc and 100 cm ³ of molten r in the zinc layer is approximately
	1) 91	2) 89
	3) 94	4) 97
22.		with the formula C_3H_8O reacts completely with hen 'Y' is boiled with aqueous alkali forms Z . Z und 'A' is
Tigin	1) Propan-1-ol	2) Propan-2-ol
	3) methoxyethane	4) ethoxyethane
23.	. The IUPAC name of $K_2 [Ni(CN)_4]$ is	
	1) Potassium tetracyanatonicko	elate (II)
	Potassium tetracyanonickela	
	3) Potassium tetracyanonickel	(III)
	4) Potassium tetracyanatonicke	el (II)
24.	The spin only magnetic moment of Mr.	⁺⁴ ion is nearly
	1) 6 BM	2) 3 BM
	3) 5 BM	4) 4 BM
25.	In Kjeldahl's method, ammonia from percentage of nitrogen in the food is	5 g of food neutralizes 30 cm ³ of 0.1 N acid. The
	1) 8.4	2) 0.84
	3) 1.68	4) 16.8

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d N

26. Carbon can reduce ferric oxide to iron at a temperature above 983 K because

2) carbon monoxide formed is thermodynamically less stable than ferric oxide.

4) free energy change for the formation of carbon dioxide is less negative than

1) carbon has a higher affinity towards oxidation than iron.

3) iron has a higher affinity towards oxygen than carbon.

that for ferric oxide.

27.	only org	a carboxylic acid as th The organic compoun				
	is		9)	an aldalanda		
		a primary alcohol	2)	an aldehyde	1	
	3)	a ketone	4)	a secondary alcol	101	
28.		pound obtained when ace	taldehyde rea	acts with dilute aqu	ieous sodium hydroxid	e
				di 'ameyarenide		
	1)		411			
	2)	geometric isomerism				
	3)	both optical and geomet	ric isomerism	n		
	4)	neither optical nor geon	netric isomer	rism		
29.		tivation energy for a re I J mol ⁻¹ . The ratio of the				е
	1)	10^{-2}	2)	10^{-1}	100	
	3)	2×10^{-2}	4)	2×10^{-3}		
30.		mo derivative of an alk rbon. The derivative is		with sodium meta	al to form an alicycli	С
	1)	2, 2-dibromobutane	2)	1, 1-dibromoprop	pane	
	3)	1, 4-dibromobutane	4)	1, 2-dibromoetha	ne	
		(Space	ce for Rough	Work)		

- Time required for 100 percent completion of a zero order reaction is
 - 1) 2k

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3) ak

- 0.023 g of sodium metal is reacted with 100 cm3 of water. The pH of the resulting solution is
 - 1) 11

2) 10

3) 12

- 4) 9
- Which one of the following is wrongly matched?

 - 1) $\left[Ni\left(CO\right)_{4}\right]$ neutral ligand 2) $\left[Cu\left(NH_{3}\right)_{4}\right]^{+2}$ square planar
 - 3) $\left[Co\left(en\right)_{3}\right]^{+3}$ follows EAN rule 4) $\left[Fe\left(CN\right)_{6}\right]^{-3}$ $sp^{3}d^{2}$
- Which one of the following conformations of cyclohexane is the least stable?
 - 1) Boat

2) Half-chair

3) Chair

- 4) Twisted-boat
- Which one of the following is a molecular crystal?
 - 1) Quartz

Rock salt

3) Diamond

4) Dry ice

- - pK_a

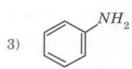
2) $pK_a - Log 2$

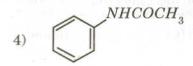
3) $pK_a + Log 2$

- 4) $pK_a + 2$
- 37. Which one of the following has the most nucleophilic nitrogen?









- 38. Chloroacetic acid is a stronger acid than acetic acid. This can be explained using
 - 1) -I effect

2) -M effect

3) +I effect

- 4) + M effect
- 39. The correct sequence of reactions to convert p-nitrophenol into quinol involves
 - 1) hydrolysis, diazotization and reduction
 - 2) reduction, diazotization and hydrolysis
 - 3) diazotization, reduction and hydrolysis
 - 4) hydrolysis, reduction and diazotization
- - 1) CH₃CONH₂

2) CH_3Br

3) CHBr₃

4) CH_3NH_2

41. The letter 'D' in D-glucose signifies

I i

	1)	dextrorotatory		
	2)	configuration at all chiral ca		
	3)	configuration at a particular	chiral c	arbon
	4)	that it is a monosaccharide		of the law
42.	Reaction	of methyl bromide with aque	eous sod	ium hydroxide involves
	1)	S _N 1 mechanism	2)	racemisation
	3)	S _N 2 mechanism	4)	inversion of configuration
43.	magnesi	강경 김 회에 나는 이 4 급입 한 것 같아 있다면 하나 보는 것이 되었다면 그 👼 하는 것이 없는 것이다면 모든 모든	mpletely	used anhydrous magnesium chloride. The converted into a Grignard reagent. The ined is
	1)	1×10 ⁻⁴	2)	5×10^{-4}
- 400	3)	1×10^{-5}	4)	5×10^{-5}
44.	Which o	one of the following does NOT	involve	coagulation?
	1)	Peptization		
	2)	Formation of delta regions		
	3)	Clotting of blood by the use	of ferric	chloride
	4)	Treatment of drinking water	by pota	sh alum
45.	In alkali	ine medium, alanine exists pre	edomina	ntly as/in
	1)	zwitterion	2)	anion
	3)	covalent form	4)	cation
		(Space fo	r Rough	Work)

is 0.59 V. The equilibrium constant for the reaction of the cell is

47. Benzaldehyde and acetone can be best distinguished using

1) sodium hydroxide solution

 $1) 10^{20}$

 $3) 10^{30}$

The standard emf of a galvanic cell involving 3 moles of electrons in its redox reaction

2) 1025

 10^{15}

2) Fehling's solution

	3)	Tollens' reagent	4) 2, 4-DNPH	
48.	Which o	one of the following statement	s is true?	
	1)	Drying of oil involves hydro		
	2)	Saponification of oil yields a	diol.	
	3)	Refining of oil involves hyd		
	4)	Addition of antioxidant to o	il minimizes rancidity	S. S. Street, P. L.
49.	The foll	lowing data is obtained du	ring the first order thermal	decomposition of
		$\longrightarrow B_{(g)} + C_{(s)}$, at constant volv		o oznatkan
	Sr. No.	Time	The state of the s	(E)
	Sr. No.	Time	Total pressure in Pascal	
	1.	At the end of 10 minutes	300	B.F
	2.	After completion	200	1,6
	The rate	constant in min ⁻¹ is		
	1)	6.93	2) 0.0693	3)
	3)	69.3	4) 0.00693	Too
50.	Phenol	$X \rightarrow forms$ a tribromo der	ivative. "X" is	of the second
	1)	bromine in water		(8)
	2)	bromine in benzene		
	3)	bromine in carbon tetrachlo	ride at 0°C.	
	4)	potassium bromide solution		
	24			
		(Space for	or Rough Work)	

	•	13	A - 1
51.	The corr	rect sequence of steps involved in the mechanism of Cannizzaro's reaction is	s
	1)	transfer of H^- , transfer of H^+ and nucleophilic attack	
	2)	nucleophilic attack, transfer of H^- and transfer of H^+	
	3)	electrophilic attack by OH^- , transfer of H^+ and transfer of H^-	
	4)	transfer of H^+ , nucleophilic attack and transfer of H^-	
52.	Which o	one of the following is an example for homogeneous catalysis?	
	1)	Manufacture of ammonia by Haber's process	
	2)	Manufacture of sulphuric acid by contact process	
	3)	Hydrogenation of oil I have to be seen as the second of th	
	4)	Hydrolysis of sucrose in presence of dilute hydrochloric acid	
53.		pirical formula of a nonelectrolyte is $C_1H_2O_1$. A solution containing 6 g of a courts, the same essentic pressure as that of 0.05 M glucose solution of	

same temperature. The molecular formula of the compound is

1) $C_3H_6O_3$

2) $C_2H_4O_2$

3) $C_A H_S O_A$

4) $C_5H_{10}O_5$

54. A white crystalline salt A reacts with dilute HCl to liberate a suffocating gas B and also forms a yellow precipitate. The gas B turns potassium dichromate acidified with dilute H_2SO_4 to a green coloured solution C. A, B and C are respectively

- 1) $Na_2S_2O_3$, SO_2 , $Cr_2(SO_4)_3$
- Na₂SO₃, SO₂, Cr₂ (SO₄)₃
- 3) Na_2SO_4 , SO_2 , $Cr_2(SO_4)_3$
- 4) Na₂S, SO₂, Cr₂ (SO₄)₃

Molecules of a noble gas do not possess vibrational energy because a noble gas

- 1) is chemically inert
- 2) is monoatomic

3) is diamagnetic

4) has completely filled shells

56. One dm³ solution containing 10^{-5} moles each of Cl^{-1} ions and CrO_4^{-2} ions is treated with 10^{-4} mole of silver nitrate. Which one of the following observations is made?

$$\begin{bmatrix} K_{SP} Ag_2 Cr O_4 = 4 \times 10^{-12} \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\begin{bmatrix} K_{SP} AgCl = 1 \times 10^{-10} \end{bmatrix}$$

- 1) Silver chromate gets precipitated first.
- 2) Precipitation does not occur.
- 3) Both silver chromate and silver chloride start precipitating simultaneously.
- 4) Silver chloride gets precipitated first.
- 57. pH value of which one of the following is not equal to one?
 - $1) \quad 0.05\,\mathrm{M}\; H_2 SO_4$
 - 2) 0.1 M HNO₃
 - 3) $50 \,\mathrm{cm^3}$ of $0.4 \,\mathrm{M}$ $HCl + 50 \,\mathrm{cm^3}$ of $0.2 \,\mathrm{M}$ NaOH
 - 4) 0.1 M CH₃COOH
- 58. E_1 , E_2 and E_3 are the emf values of the three galvanic cells respectively.
 - a) $Zn | Zn_{1M}^{+2} | | Cu_{0.1M}^{+2} | Cu$
 - b) $Zn | Zn_{1M}^{+2} | | Cu_{1M}^{+2} | Cu$
 - c) $Zn \mid Zn_{0.1M}^{+2} \mid \mid Cu_{1M}^{+2} \mid \mid Cu$

Which one of the following is true?

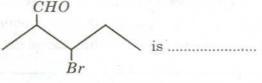
1)
$$E_3 > E_2 > E_1$$

2)
$$E_2 > E_3 > E_1$$

3)
$$E_1 > E_3 > E_2$$

4)
$$E_1 > E_2 > E_3$$

59. The IUPAC name of



- 1) 3-bromo-2-methylbutanal
- 2) 2-methyl-3-bromohexanal
- 3) 3-bromo-2-methylpentanal
- 4) 2-methyl-3-bromobutanal
- 60. Which one of the following forms propanenitrile as the major product?
 - 1) Propyl bromide + alcoholic KCN
 - 2) Ethyl bromide + alcoholic KCN
 - 3) Ethyl bromide + alcoholic AgCN
 - 4) Propyl bromide + alcoholic AgCN