

Ex No: 02
DATE:

DFS-Depth First Search.

AIM:-

Create a program to solve depth first search Algorithm

ALGORITHM:-

1. Initialize visited set:-

→ create an empty set 'visited' to keep track of visited node.

2. create the graph:-

→ Ask the user the number of nodes in graph.
→ For each node, ask the user to input the node's neighbour (adjacent nodes) and store the information in directed graph.

3. DFS function:-

→ Define a recursive function $dfs(visited, graph, node)$:

* check if node is visited.

→ If the node is not in the visited then set proceed.

* Visit the node.

→ Print the node and add it to visited set

* Recursively visit neighbours.

→ For each neighbour in $graph[nodes]$ call $dfs[visited, graph, neighbour]$ recursively.

4. Start DFS:-

→ Ask the user to input the starting node.

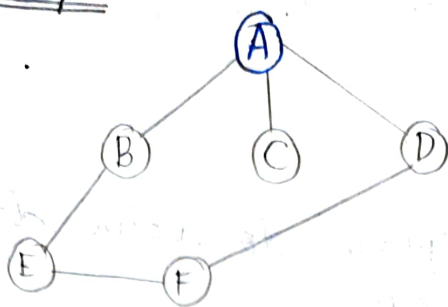
→ call the $dfs()$ function with the visited set, graph and start node.

5. End DFS:-

→ The DFS traversal is complete when all reachable nodes from the start node have been visited.

Example:

1)



ABEFDC

A

AB

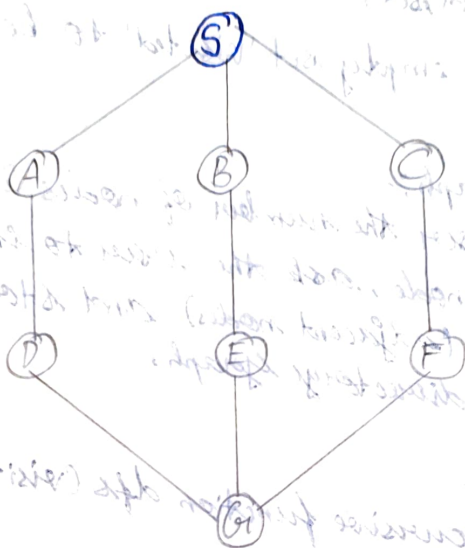
ABE

ABEF

ABEFD

ABEFD C

2)



S

S A

S A D

S A D G

S A D G E

S A D G E B

S A D G E B F

S A D G E B F C

S A D G E B F C

code:-

```
def dfs (visited, graph, node):  
    if node is not in visited:  
        print (node)  
        visited.add (node)  
        for neighbours in graph [node]:  
            dfs (visited, graph, node neighbours)
```

```
def create_graph():  
    graph = {}  
    num_nodes = int (input ("Enter no of nodes in graph:"))  
    for i in range (num_nodes):  
        node = input ("Enter the node:")  
        neighbours = input ("Enter the neighbours of {node}   
            separated by space: ").split()  
        graph [node] = neighbours  
    return graph
```

```
visited = set()  
graph = create_graph()  
start_node = input ("Enter the starting node:"):   
print ("Following is the Depth First Search")  
dfs (visited, graph, start_node)
```


Output:-

Enter the number of nodes in graph: 8

Enter the node: S

Enter the neighbours separate by space: a b c

Enter the node: a

Enter the neighbours separate by space: S d

Enter the node: d

Enter the neighbours separate by space: a g

Enter the node: g

Enter the neighbours separate by space: D E F

Enter the node: e

Enter the neighbours separate by space: G B

Enter the node: B

Enter the neighbours separate by space: E S

Enter the node: c

Enter the neighbours separate by space: S F

Enter the node: f

Enter the neighbours separate by space: C G

Enter the starting node: S

following is the depth first search.

S A D G E B F C.

RESULT:-

Thus, the DFS program is executed and output is received successfully.