Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: kavimalar D

Email: 241801118@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 241801118 Phone: 8015852020

Branch: REC

Department: I AI & DS FB

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - AI & DS



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 6_COD_Question 4

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 10 Marks Obtained : 0

Section 1: Coding

1. Problem Statement

Kavya, a software developer, is analyzing data trends. She has a list of integers and wants to identify the nth largest number in the list after sorting the array using QuickSort.

To optimize performance, Kavya is required to use QuickSort to sort the list before finding the nth largest number.

Input Format

The first line of input consists of an integer n, representing the size of the array.

The second line consists of n space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array nums.

The third line consists of an integer k, representing the position of the largest

number you need to print after sorting the array.

Output Format

The output prints the k-th largest number in the sorted array (sorted in ascending order).

Refer to the sample output for formatting specifications.

Sample Test Case

```
Input: 6
    -1012-1-4
    3
Output: 0
    Answer
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <stdlib.h>
    void swap(int *a, int *b) {
      int temp = *a;
       *a = *b:
       *b = temp;
    int partition(int arr[], int low, int high) {
      int pivot = arr[high];
      int i = low - 1;
      for (int j = low; j < high; j++) {
         if (arr[i] < pivot) {</pre>
           i++;
           swap(&arr[i], &arr[j]);
      swap(&arr[i + 1], &arr[high]);
      return i + 1;
```

```
24,180,1,18
                                                        241801118
void quickSort(int arr[], int low, int high) {
       if (low < high) {
         int pi = partition(arr, low, high);
         quickSort(arr, low, pi - 1);
         quickSort(arr, pi + 1, high);
      }
    }
    int findNthLargest(int arr[], int n, int k) {
       quickSort(arr, 0, n - 1);
       return arr[n - k];
                                                                                    241801118
                                                        24,801,18
    }
   int main() {
       int n, k;
       scanf("%d", &n);
       int* nums = (int*)malloc(n * sizeof(int));
       for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
         scanf("%d", &nums[i]);
       scanf("%d", &k);
       findNthLargest(nums, n, k);
       free(nums);
       return 0;
                                                                             Marks : 0/10
Status : Wrong
```

241801118

241801118

241801118

241801118