



KAVI MUGILAN R 2024-CSE ▾

K2

Started on	Wednesday, 20 August 2025, 10:22 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 20 August 2025, 10:30 AM
Time taken	8 mins 46 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void function (int n)
```

```
{
```

```
    int i= 1;
```

```
    int s =1;
```

```
    while(s <= n)
```

```
    {
```

```
        i++;
```

```
        s += i;
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

For example:

Input	Result
9	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2
3
4  void function(int n)
5  {
6      int counter=0;
7      int i=1;
8      counter++;
9      int s=1;
10     counter++;
11     while(s <=n)
12     {
13         counter++;
14         i++;
15         counter++;
16         s+=i;
17         counter++;
18     }
19     counter++;
20     printf("%d",counter);
21
22 }
23 int main(){
24
25
26     int n;
27     scanf("%d",&n);
28     function(n);
29     return 0;
30 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9	12	12	✓

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	9	9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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KAVI MUGILAN R 2024-CSE ▾

K2**Started on** Wednesday, 20 August 2025, 10:50 AM**State** Finished**Completed on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 9:49 PM**Time taken** 1 day 10 hours**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1  #include <stdio.h>
2
3  int main() {
4      int n;
5      int count = 0;
6
7      scanf("%d", &n);
8      count++;
9      if (n == 1) {
10         count++;
11     } else {
12         for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {
13             count++;
14             for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++) {
15                 count++;
16                 count++;
17                 count++;
18                 break;
19             }
20             count++;
21         }
22         count++;
23     }
24
25     printf("%d", count);
26
27     return 0;
28 }
29
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	12	12	✓
✓	1000	5002	5002	✓
✓	143	717	717	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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KAVI MUGILAN R 2024-CSE ▾

K2

Started on	Wednesday, 20 August 2025, 10:54 AM
State	Finished
Completed on	Thursday, 21 August 2025, 11:29 PM
Time taken	1 day 12 hours
Marks	1.00/1.00

Grade 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {
{
    for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
    {
        if (num % i == 0)
        {
            printf("%d ", i);
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void Factor(int num){
3  int counter=0;
4  for(int i=1; i<=num; i++){
5      counter++;
6      counter++;
7  if(num % i==0){
8      counter++;
9  }
10 }
11 counter++;
12 printf("%d", counter);
13 }
14 }
15 int main(){
16 int num;
17 scanf("%d",&num);
18 Factor(num);
19 return 0;
20 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	31	31	✓
✓	25	54	54	✓
✓	4	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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KAVI MUGILAN R 2024-CSE ▾

K2

Started on	Thursday, 21 August 2025, 11:08 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Thursday, 21 August 2025, 11:29 PM
Time taken	20 mins 36 secs
Marks	1.00/1.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time

complexity using counter method.

```
void function(int n)
{
    int c= 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void function(int n)
3  {
4      int counter=0;
5      int c= 0;
6      counter++;
7
8      for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++){
9          counter++;
10
11         for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j){
12             counter++;
13
14             for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2){
15                 counter++;
16
17                 c++;
18                 counter++;
19             }
20             counter++;
21         }
22         counter++;
23     }
24     counter++;
25     printf("%d",counter);
26 }
27 int main(){
28     int n;
29     scanf("%d",&n);
30     function(n);
31     return 0;
32
33 }
34
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	30	30	✓
✓	10	212	212	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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KAVI MUGILAN R 2024-CSE ▾

K2**Started on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 11:16 PM**State** Finished**Completed on** Thursday, 21 August 2025, 11:28 PM**Time taken** 12 mins 26 secs**Marks** 1.00/1.00**Grade** 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct | Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n/= 10;
    }
    print(rev);
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void reverse(int n)
3  {
4      int counter=0;
5      int rev = 0, remainder;
6      counter++;
7      counter++;
8      while (n != 0)
9      {
10         counter++;
11         remainder = n % 10;
12         counter++;
13         rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
14         counter++;
15         n/= 10;
16         counter++;
17     }
18     counter++;
19     printf("%d",counter);
20 }
21
22 int main(){
23     int n;
24     scanf("%d",&n);
25     reverse(n);
26     return 0;
27 }
28
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	11	11	✓
✓	1234	19	19	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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