

```
1 def min_coins_to_add(coins, target):
2     coins.sort()
3     current_sum = 0
4     additional_coins = 0
5
6     for x in range(1, target + 1):
7         if x > current_sum:
8             additional_coins += 1
9             current_sum += x
10        else:
11            for coin in coins:
12                if coin <= current_sum:
13                    current_sum += coin
14                else:
15                    break
16
17    return additional_coins
18
19 coins = [1, 4, 10]
20 target = 19
21 print(min_coins_to_add(coins, target))
```

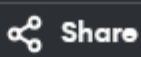
2

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```
1 def canDistribute(jobs, k, max_time):
2     workers = [0] * k
3     return backtrack(jobs, workers, 0, max_time)
4
5 def backtrack(jobs, workers, index, max_time):
6     if index == len(jobs):
7         return True
8     for i in range(len(workers)):
9         if workers[i] + jobs[index] <= max_time:
10            workers[i] += jobs[index]
11            if backtrack(jobs, workers, index + 1, max_time):
12                return True
13            workers[i] -= jobs[index]
14        if workers[i] == 0:
15            break
16    return False
17
18 def minimumTimeRequired(jobs, k):
19     left, right = max(jobs), sum(jobs)
20     while left < right:
21         mid = (left + right) // 2
22         if canDistribute(jobs, k, mid):
23             right = mid
24         else:
25             left = mid + 1
26    return left
27
28 jobs = [3, 2, 3]
29 k = 3
30 print(minimumTimeRequired(jobs, k))
```

3

=== Code Execution Successful ===



```
1 def jobScheduling(startTime, endTime, profit):
2     jobs = sorted(zip(startTime, endTime, profit), key=lambda x: x[1])
3     dp = [0] * (len(jobs) + 1)
4
5     for i in range(1, len(jobs) + 1):
6
7         current_profit = jobs[i - 1][2]
8
9         j = i - 1
10        while j > 0 and jobs[j - 1][1] > jobs[i - 1][0]:
11            j -= 1
12        dp[i] = max(dp[i - 1], current_profit + dp[j])
13
14    return dp[-1]
15
16 startTime = [1, 2, 3, 3]
17 endTime = [3, 4, 5, 6]
18 profit = [50, 10, 40, 70]
19 print(jobScheduling(startTime, endTime, profit))
```

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=== Code Execution Successful ===

```
1 def dijkstra(graph, source):
2     n = len(graph)
3     distances = [float('inf')] * n
4     distances[source] = 0
5     visited = [False] * n
6
7     for _ in range(n):
8         min_distance = float('inf')
9         min_index = -1
10        for v in range(n):
11            if not visited[v] and distances[v] < min_distance:
12                min_distance = distances[v]
13                min_index = v
14        visited[min_index] = True
15        for v in range(n):
16            if graph[min_index][v] != float('inf') and not visited[v]:
17                new_distance = distances[min_index] + graph[min_index][v]
18                if new_distance < distances[v]:
19                    distances[v] = new_distance
20    return distances
21
22 n = 5
23 graph = [
24     [0, 10, 3, float('inf'), float('inf')],
25     [float('inf'), 0, 1, 2, float('inf')],
26     [float('inf'), 4, 0, 8, 2],
27     [float('inf'), float('inf'), float('inf'), 0, 7],
28     [float('inf'), float('inf'), float('inf'), 9, 0]
29 ]
30 source = 0
31 shortest_paths = dijkstra(graph, source)
32 print(shortest_paths)
```

[0, 7, 3, 9, 5]

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```
1 def dijkstra(n, edges, source, target):
2
3     graph = {i: [] for i in range(n)}
4     for u, v, w in edges:
5         graph[u].append((v, w))
6         graph[v].append((u, w))
7     distances = [float('inf')] * n
8     distances[source] = 0
9     visited = set()
10    while len(visited) < n:
11        min_distance = float('inf')
12        min_vertex = None
13        for vertex in range(n):
14            if vertex not in visited and distances[vertex] < min_distance:
15                min_distance = distances[vertex]
16                min_vertex = vertex
17        if min_vertex is None:
18            break
19        visited.add(min_vertex)
20        for neighbor, weight in graph[min_vertex]:
21            if neighbor not in visited:
22                new_distance = distances[min_vertex] + weight
23                if new_distance < distances[neighbor]:
24                    distances[neighbor] = new_distance
25    return distances[target] if distances[target] != float('inf') else None
26
27 n = 6
28 edges = [(0, 1, 7), (0, 2, 9), (0, 5, 14), (1, 2, 10), (1, 3, 15),
29          (2, 3, 11), (2, 5, 2), (3, 4, 6), (4, 5, 9)]
30 source = 0
31 target = 4
```

^ The shortest path from 0 to 4 is: 20

=== Code Execution Successful ===



```
1 def max_weight(weights, max_capacity):
2     weights.sort(reverse=True)
3     total_weight = 0
4
5     for weight in weights:
6         if total_weight + weight <= max_capacity:
7             total_weight += weight
8         else:
9             break
10
11     return total_weight
12
13 n = 5
14 weights = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]
15 max_capacity = 60
16 result = max_weight(weights, max_capacity)
17 print(f"Maximum weight that can be loaded: {result}")
```

Maximum weight that can be loaded: 50

=== Code Execution Successful ===



```
1 def min_containers(weights, max_capacity):
2     weights.sort(reverse=True)
3     containers = 0
4     current_capacity = 0
5
6     for weight in weights:
7         if current_capacity + weight > max_capacity:
8             containers += 1
9             current_capacity = weight
10        else:
11            current_capacity += weight
12
13    if current_capacity > 0:
14        containers += 1
15
16    return containers
17
18 n = 7
19 weights = [5, 10, 15, 20, 25, 30, 35]
20 max_capacity = 50
21 print(min_containers(weights, max_capacity))
```

4

=== Code Execution Successful ===

```
1 class DisjointSet:
2     def __init__(self, n):
3         self.parent = list(range(n))
4         self.rank = [0] * n
5
6     def find(self, u):
7         if self.parent[u] != u:
8             self.parent[u] = self.find(self.parent[u])
9         return self.parent[u]
10
11    def union(self, u, v):
12        root_u = self.find(u)
13        root_v = self.find(v)
14        if root_u != root_v:
15            if self.rank[root_u] > self.rank[root_v]:
16                self.parent[root_v] = root_u
17            elif self.rank[root_u] < self.rank[root_v]:
18                self.parent[root_u] = root_v
19            else:
20                self.parent[root_v] = root_u
21                self.rank[root_u] += 1
22
23    def kruskal(n, edges):
24        edges.sort(key=lambda x: x[2])
25        ds = DisjointSet(n)
```

4

=== Code Execution Successful ===


```
26     mst = []
27     total_weight = 0
28
29     for u, v, weight in edges:
30         if ds.find(u) != ds.find(v):
31             ds.union(u, v)
32             mst.append((u, v, weight))
33             total_weight += weight
34
35     return mst, total_weight
36
37 n = 4
38 edges = [(0, 1, 10), (0, 2, 6), (0, 3, 5), (1, 3, 15), (2, 3, 4)]
39 mst, total_weight = kruskal(n, edges)
40 print("Minimum Spanning Tree:", mst)
41 print("Total Weight:", total_weight)
```

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Language Python 3

main.py

```
1 def maxCoins(piles):
2     # Sort the piles in descending order
3     piles.sort(reverse=True)
4
5     # Initialize your total coins
6     total_coins = 0
7
8     # Iterate through the piles, taking every second pile after the first
9     for i in range(1, len(piles) // 3):
10         total_coins += piles[i * 2] # You take the second largest pile
11
12     return total_coins
13
14
15 piles = [2, 4, 1, 3, 9, 6]
16 print(maxCoins(piles))
```

input

```
4
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

```
# Sort the piles in descending order
piles.sort(reverse=True)

# Initialize your total coins
total_coins = 0

# Iterate through the piles, taking every second pile after the first
for i in range(1, len(piles) // 3):
    total_coins += piles[i * 2] # You take the second largest pile

return total_coins

piles = [2, 4, 1, 3, 9, 6]
print(maxCoins(piles))
```

run finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.

Snip & Sketch

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