

**Lab sheet 4-Questions**

1. Find x and y using octave for the following linear equations.
  - $X+2y=10$   
 $2x-y=5$
  - $3x+3y=9$   
 $X+2y=8$
2. Compute the LU decomposition of following matrices.
  - $a = [1, 2; 3, 4]$
  - $b=[2, 4 ;3, 5]$
3. Find the best (least-squares sense) second-order polynomial that fits the points (-1, 0), (0, 1), and (1, 4).
4. Evaluate  $y=3x^2+1$  for  $x=-5:0.1:5$ 
  - (i)Add random noise to these samples. Use `randn`. Put the noisy signal with. markers.
  - (ii)Fit a second degree polynomial to the noisy data.
  - (iii)Plot the fitted polynomial on the same plot using the same x values and red line.
5. Write a separate function to find the maximum value and the minimum value of given two numbers.
6. Solving this in Octave is a case of turning the equations into matrix-vector form and then using the inverse of A to find the solution:
 
$$x + y = 3$$

$$2x - 3y = 5$$
7. Solve the Equation use your Octave knowledge
  - a)  $u + v + w = 2$   
 $2u + 3w = 5$   
 $3u + v + 4w = 6$
  - b)  $2x - y = 2$   
 $x + y = 5$   
 $6x - y = -5$
8. Use your polynomial knowledge and solve this equation
 
$$x^5 + 2x^4 - 5x^3 + x + 3 = 0$$

