



Sri Lanka Institute of Information Technology

**KidniFy - A Mobile based Chronic Kidney Disease Patient Care System
Using ML and IoT**

2023-032

STATUS DOCUMENT - I

Student Name: Isurika W.B.M.A.

Student ID: IT20785192

Group Details

Supervisor: Ms. Wishalya Vanshanee Tissera**Co-Supervisor:** Mr. Samadhi Chathuranga Rathnayake

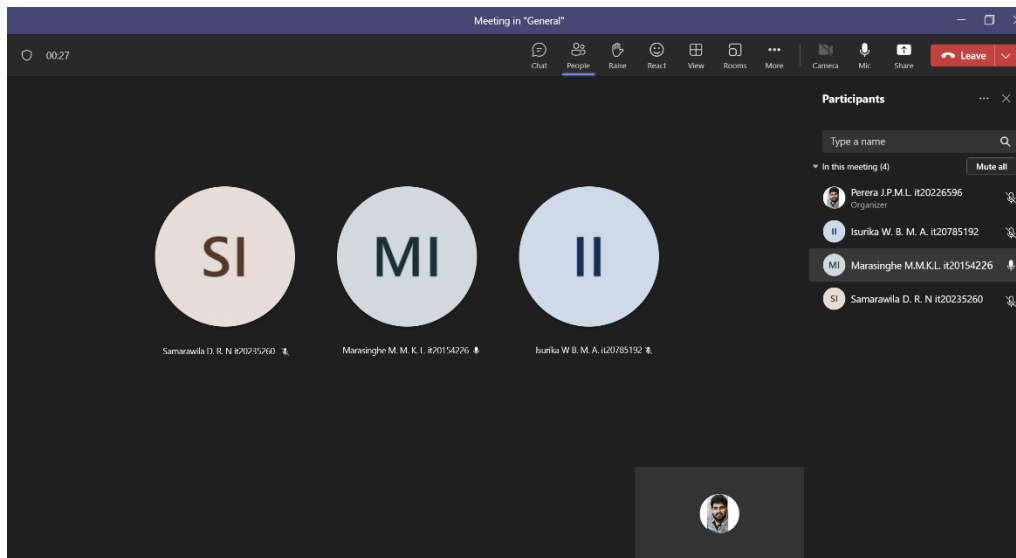
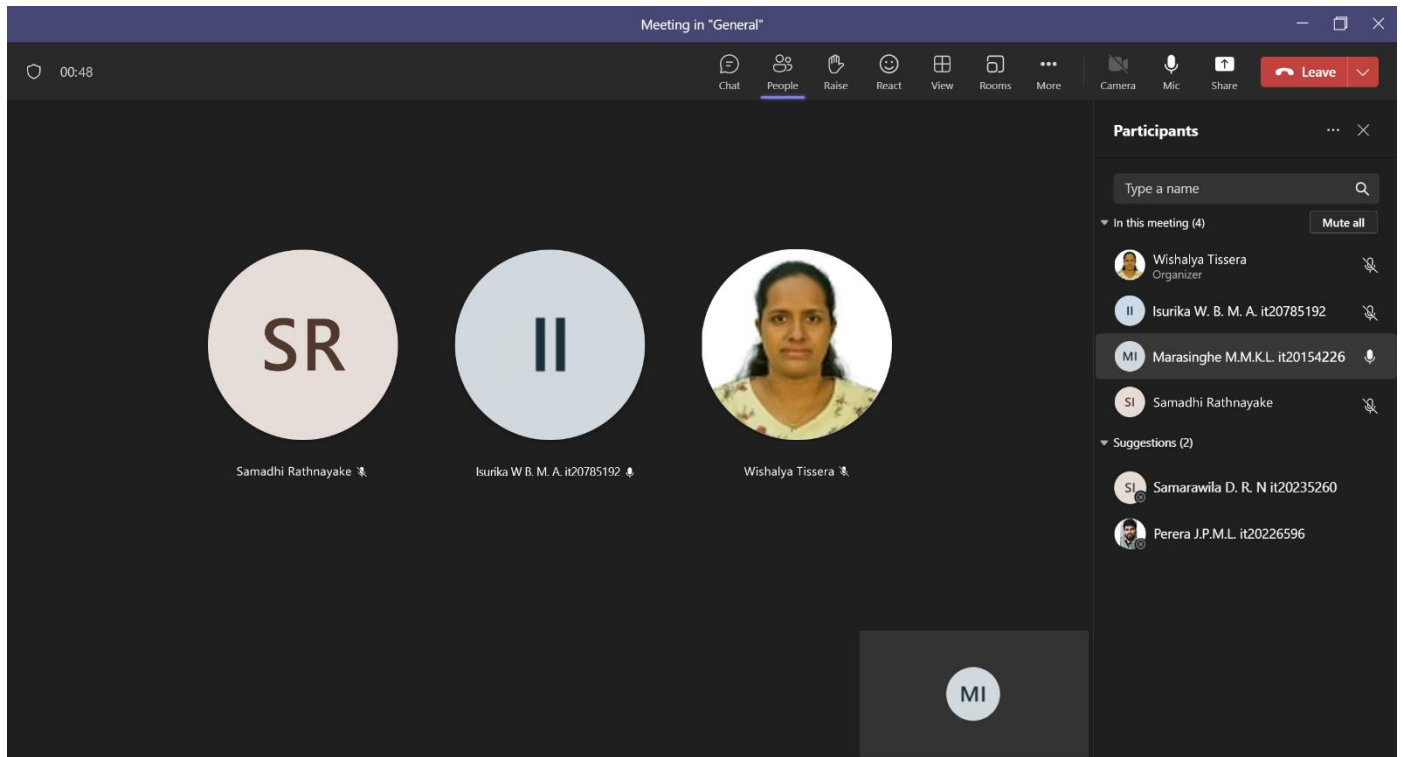
Student Name	Student ID	Contact No	Email Address
Marasinghe M.M.K.L.	IT20154226	0713037712	it20154226@my.sliit.lk
Isurika W.B.M.A.	IT20785192	0701484570	it20785192@my.sliit.lk
Perera J.P.M.L.	IT20226596	0776035479	it20226596@my.sliit.lk
Samarawila D.R.N.	IT20235260	0712421580	it20235260@my.sliit.lk

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1	Teams Meeting	3
1.1	Screenshots of Meetings & Calls.....	3
1.2	Meeting with the domain expert	4
2	Screenshots of the Tasks by Planner	6
2.1	Chart Overview	6
2.2	Bucket List.....	7
2.3	Screenshots of GitLab	8
3	Project Implementation	9
4	Gantt Chart.....	13
5	Work Breakdown Structure	14

1 Teams Meeting

1.1 Screenshots of Meetings & Calls

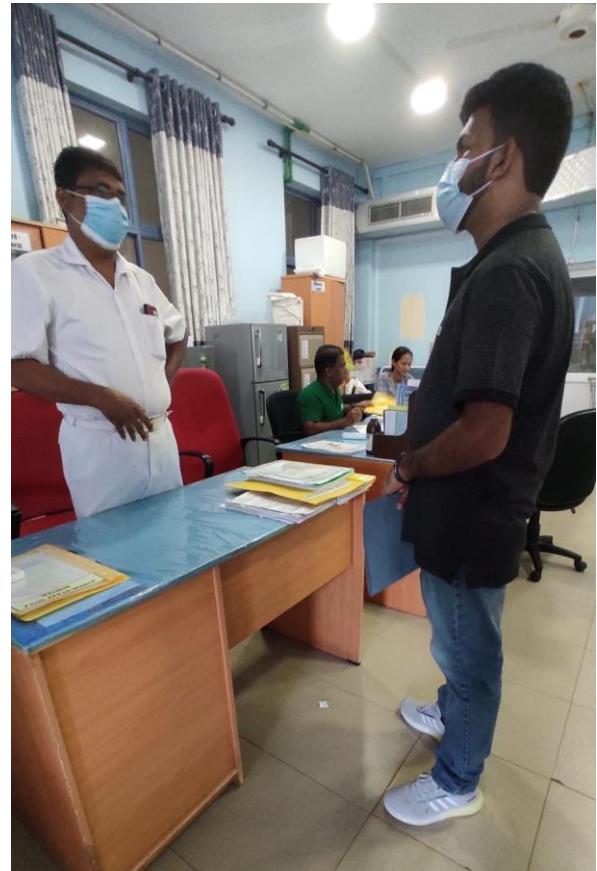


1.2 Meeting with the domain expert

Meeting with Consultant Nephrologist Dr. Pramil Rajakrishnan
At Kurunegala Teaching Hospital - Kidney dialysis Unit | 2023.04.29

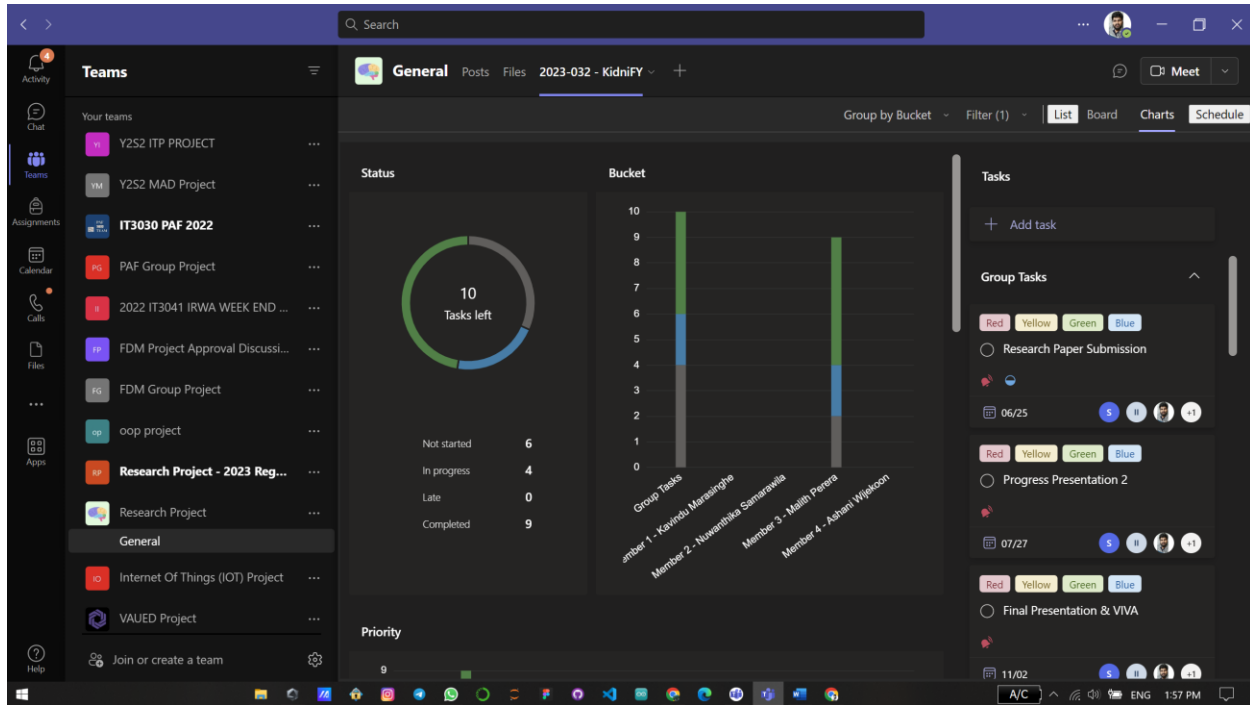


Meet the Ward Master of Kidney Dialysis Unit
At Anuradhapura Teaching Hospital | 2023.05.01



2 Screenshots of the Tasks by Planner

2.1 Chart Overview



- To-do

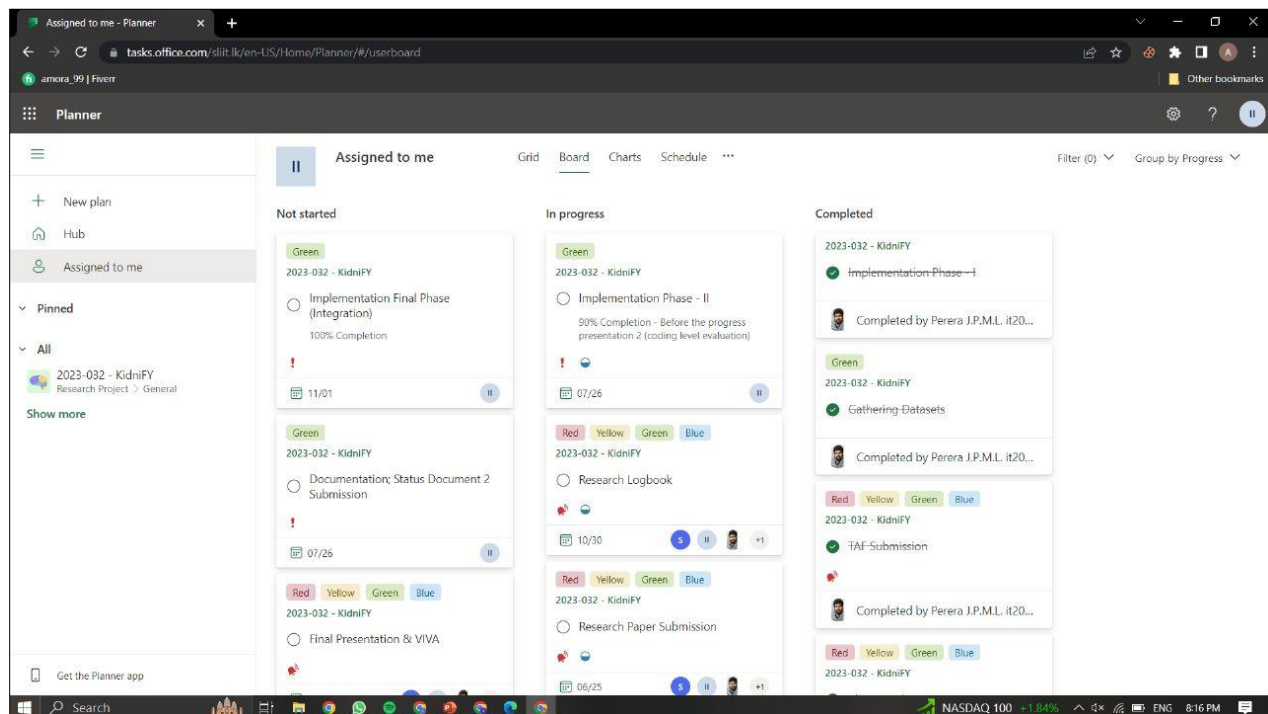
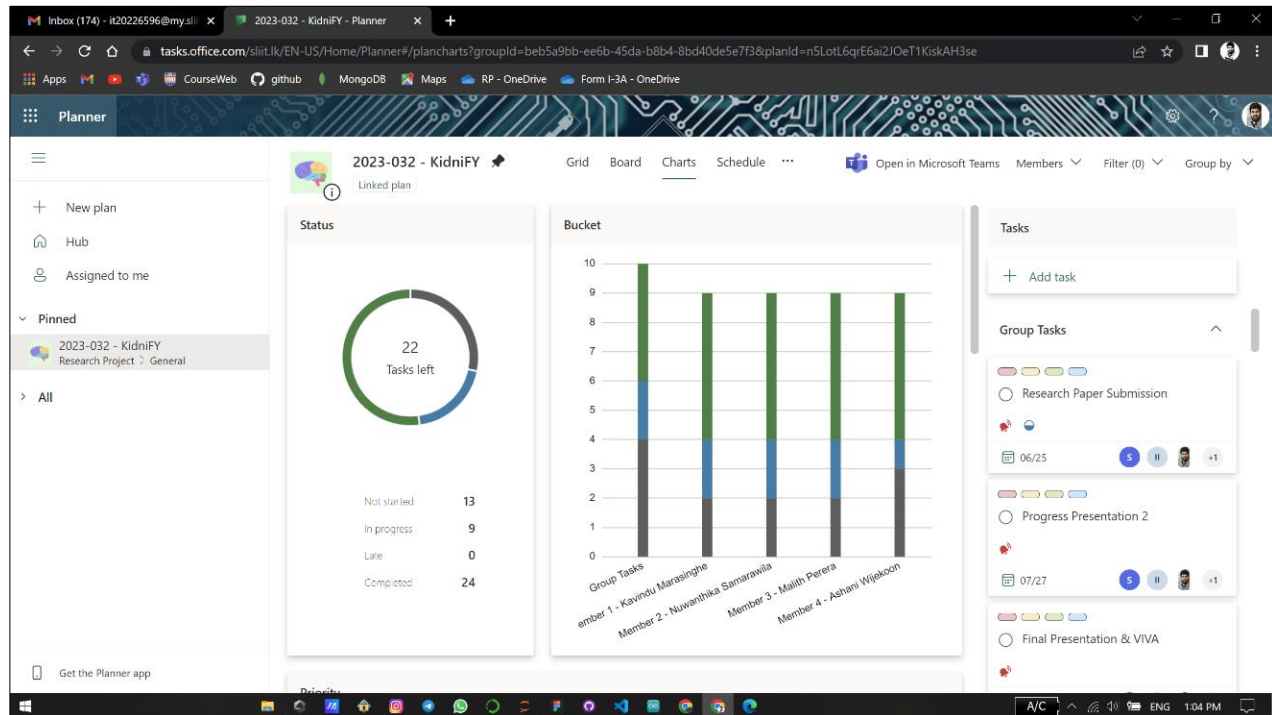


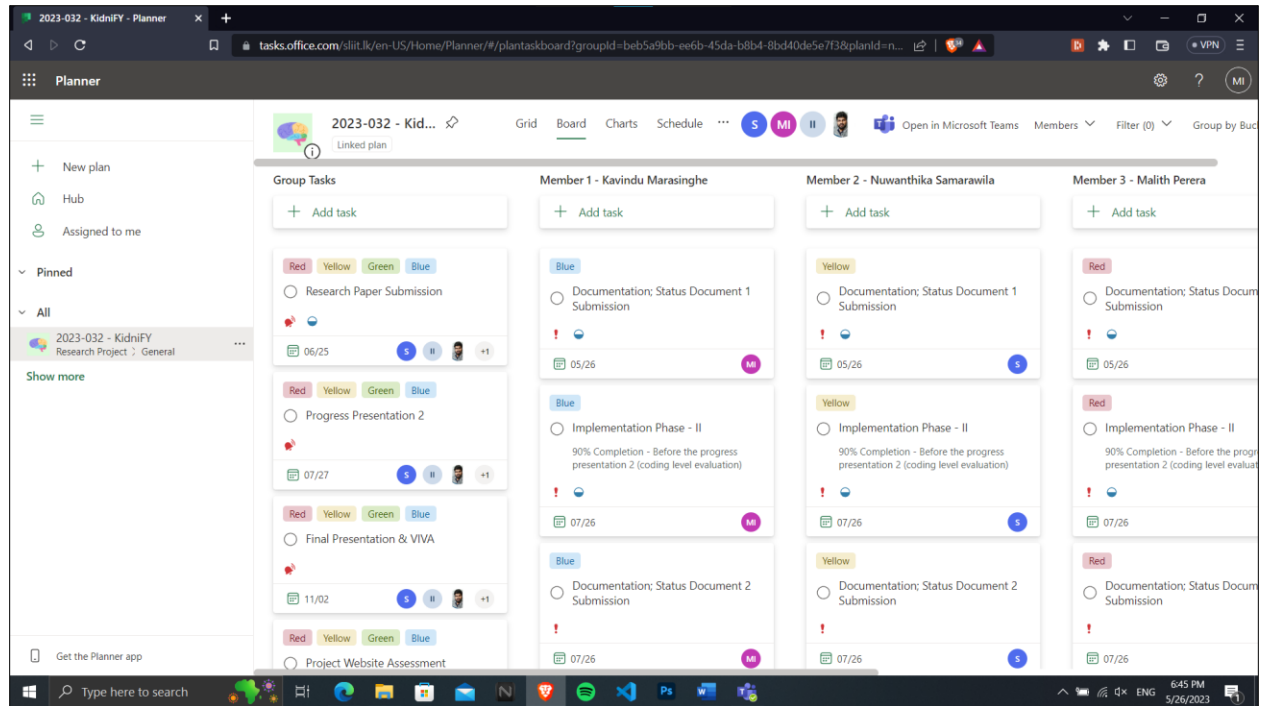
- In Progress



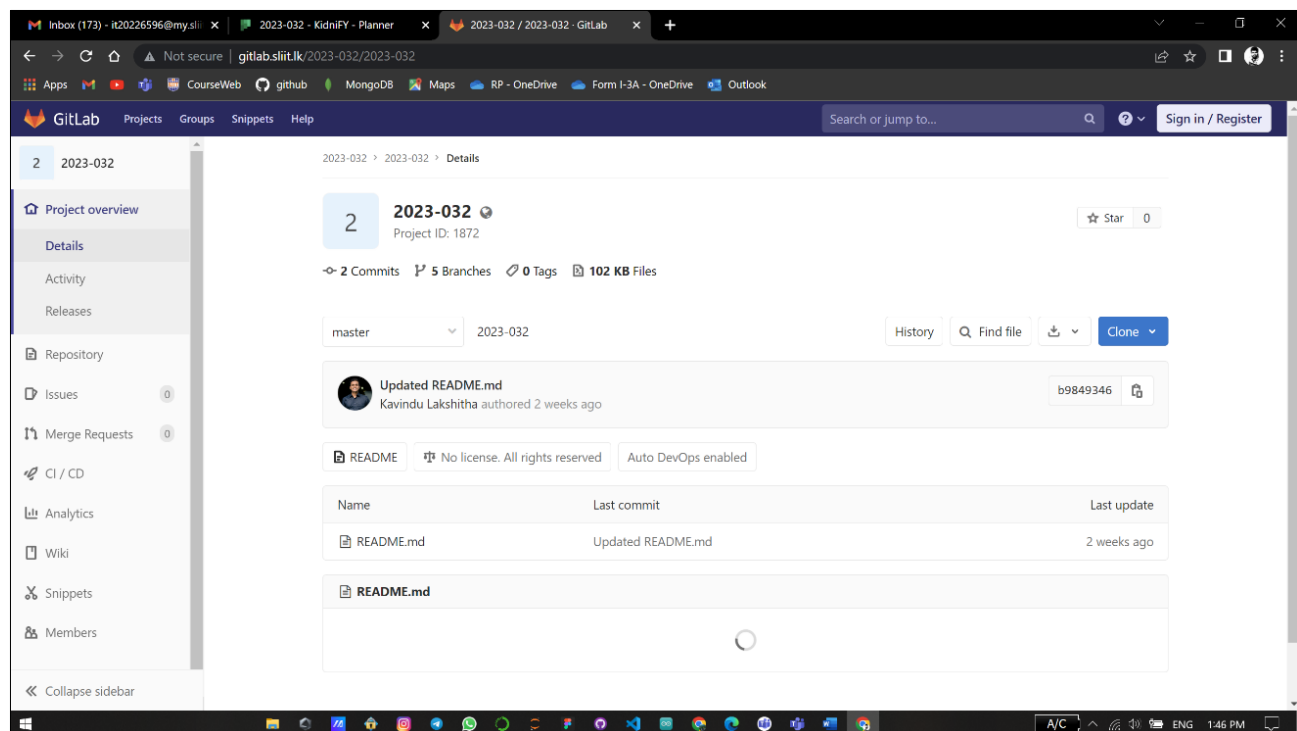
- Completed

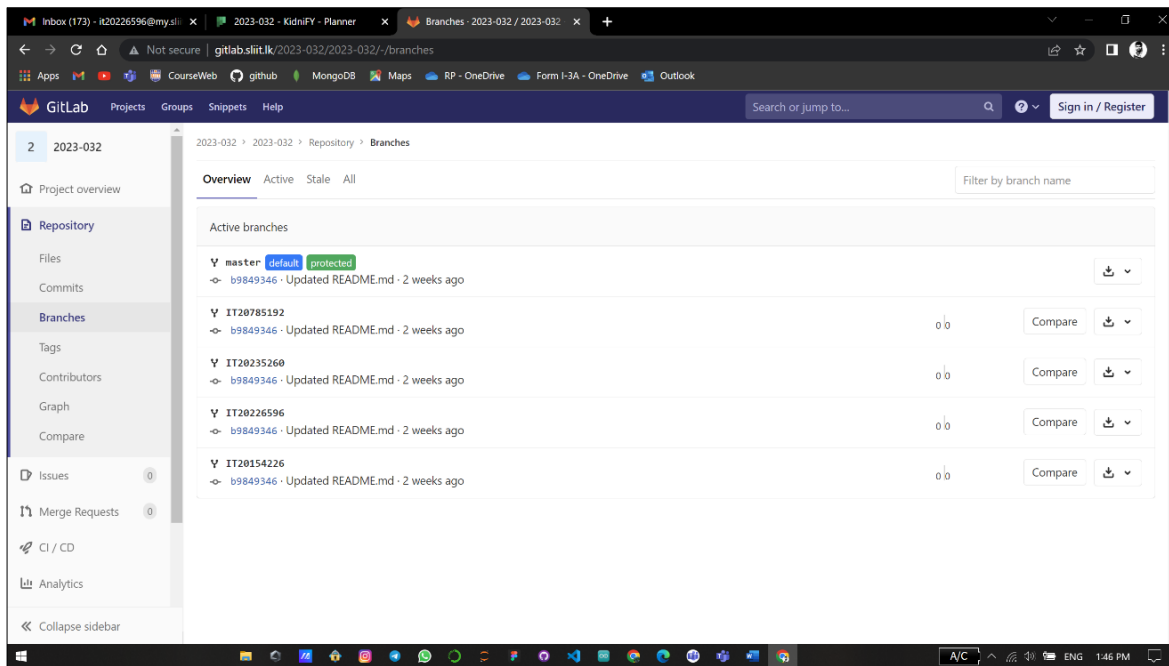
2.2 Bucket List





2.3 Screenshots of GitLab





3 Project Implementation

Personalized dietary prediction for CKD patients using Machine Learning

Importing the libraries

```

# import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import warnings
import numpy

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn import svm
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, r2_score

import warnings
%matplotlib inline
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

# Assuming you have a dataset with 'X' as input features and 'y' as the target variable
data = pd.read_csv("Diet Prediction Data 01.csv")
data.head()

```

	ID	Gender	Age	Height(m)	Weight(kg)	Current Medications	Stage of CKD	Serum Albumin (g/dL)	Potassium	Calcium	Phosphorus	Sodium	Hemoglobin	Cholesterol	Zone
0	1	Male	47	1.2	51.7	False	4.0	4.9	5.4	7.0	3.9	138.2	11.3	14.0	3
1	2	Male	42	1.5	73.4	True	3.0	5.4	3.8	11.0	5.9	139.4	12.3	14.3	2
2	3	Male	38	1.2	53.7	False	3.0	2.5	4.8	8.8	6.3	146.1	15.6	16.3	2
3	4	Male	86	1.5	70.3	True	5.0	2.5	6.9	8.3	6.7	123.7	12.3	13.8	4
4	5	Male	67	1.4	73.4	False	3.0	2.7	2.9	10.5	4.6	133.3	11.8	14.7	1

Data preprocessing

```
[145] #To view the last few rows,
data.tail()
```

ID	Gender	Age	Height(m)	Weight(kg)	Current Medications	Stage of CKD	Serum Albumin (g/dL)	Pottasium	Calcium	Phosphorus	Sodium	Himoglobin	Cholesterol	Zone
721	722	Female	35	1.4	82.76	False	3.0	6.3	3.5	9.1	3.4	147.0	13.2	15.2
722	723	Female	29	1.0	67.30	False	1.0	4.6	5.0	9.2	6.9	125.1	13.5	10.9
723	724	Female	61	1.1	100.45	False	3.0	4.4	6.5	9.9	2.7	139.8	14.2	10.5
724	725	Female	31	1.2	110.13	False	3.0	3.4	2.5	10.0	5.7	147.5	13.5	16.8
725	726	Female	44	1.6	95.65	False	3.0	4.0	6.1	6.7	2.3	140.3	13.1	14.8

```
[146] #get the column headings of the data set
data.columns.values

array(['ID', 'Gender', 'Age', 'Height(m)', 'Weight(kg)',
      'Current Medications', 'Stage of CKD', 'Serum Albumin (g/dL)',
      'Pottasium', 'Calcium', 'Phosphorus', 'Sodium', 'Himoglobin',
      'Cholesterol', 'Zone'], dtype=object)
```

```
[146] #get the column headings of the data set
data.columns.values

array(['ID', 'Gender', 'Age', 'Height(m)', 'Weight(kg)',
      'Current Medications', 'Stage of CKD', 'Serum Albumin (g/dL)',
      'Pottasium', 'Calcium', 'Phosphorus', 'Sodium', 'Himoglobin',
      'Cholesterol', 'Zone'], dtype=object)
```

```
[147] #Explore the data types of the columns
data.dtypes
```

ID	int64
Gender	object
Age	int64
Height(m)	float64
Weight(kg)	float64
Current Medications	object
Stage of CKD	float64
Serum Albumin (g/dL)	float64
Pottasium	float64
Calcium	float64
Phosphorus	float64
Sodium	float64
Himoglobin	float64
Cholesterol	float64
Zone	int64
dtype:	object

```
[148] #describe the data set
data.describe()
```

	ID	Age	Height(m)	Weight(kg)	Stage of CKD	Serum Albumin (g/dL)	Pottasium	Calcium	Phosphorus	Sodium	Himoglobin	Cholesterol	Zone
count	726.000000	726.000000	726.000000	726.000000	716.000000	726.000000	726.000000	720.000000	726.000000	726.000000	726.000000	720.000000	726.000000
mean	363.500000	57.071625	1.344766	75.338802	3.001397	4.442287	4.770386	9.230139	4.429063	140.465840	13.429477	14.487361	2.442149
std	209.722436	17.026662	0.157863	19.197597	1.097388	1.177497	1.306648	1.587852	1.487213	11.933203	2.135800	2.254686	1.035288
min	1.000000	28.000000	1.000000	48.000000	1.000000	2.400000	2.400000	6.500000	1.900000	120.100000	10.500000	10.500000	1.000000
25%	182.250000	42.000000	1.200000	60.100000	2.750000	3.500000	3.625000	7.900000	3.100000	130.425000	11.700000	12.600000	2.000000
50%	363.500000	57.000000	1.300000	72.200000	3.000000	4.400000	4.800000	9.300000	4.400000	141.400000	13.100000	14.500000	2.000000
75%	544.750000	72.000000	1.500000	88.152500	3.000000	5.400000	5.900000	10.600000	5.700000	150.100000	14.500000	16.325000	3.000000
max	726.000000	87.000000	1.600000	119.690000	5.000000	6.500000	7.000000	12.000000	7.000000	160.000000	18.500000	18.500000	4.000000

```
[149] #To get an idea about the null values
data.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 726 entries, 0 to 725
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---
0   ID                     726 non-null   int64
1   Gender                 726 non-null   object
2   Age                    726 non-null   int64
3   Height(m)              726 non-null   float64
4   Weight(kg)             726 non-null   float64
5   Current Medications    704 non-null   object
6   Stage of CKD           716 non-null   float64
7   Serum Albumin (g/dL)   726 non-null   float64
8   Pottasium              726 non-null   float64
9   Calcium                726 non-null   float64
10  Phosphorus             726 non-null   float64
11  Sodium                 726 non-null   float64
12  Himoglobin             726 non-null   float64
13  Cholesterol            726 non-null   float64
14  Zone                   726 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(10), int64(3), object(2)
```

```

[150] #Getting the null value count
data.isnull().sum()

ID          0
Gender      0
Age         0
Height(m)   0
Weight(kg)  0
Current Medications 22
Stage of CKD 10
Serum Albumin (g/dL) 0
Potassium   0
Calcium     6
Phosphorus  0
Sodium      0
Himoglobin  0
Cholesterol 6
Zone        0
dtype: int64

#replace null values using mean and value counts
Df_dataset = data.apply(lambda x: x.fillna(x.mean())
                        if x.dtype == 'float'
                        else x.fillna(x.value_counts().index[0]))

[153] from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder

# Convert categorical variable using LabelEncoder
label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
data['Gender'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(data['Gender'])
data['Current Medications'] = label_encoder.fit_transform(data['Current Medications'])

```

```

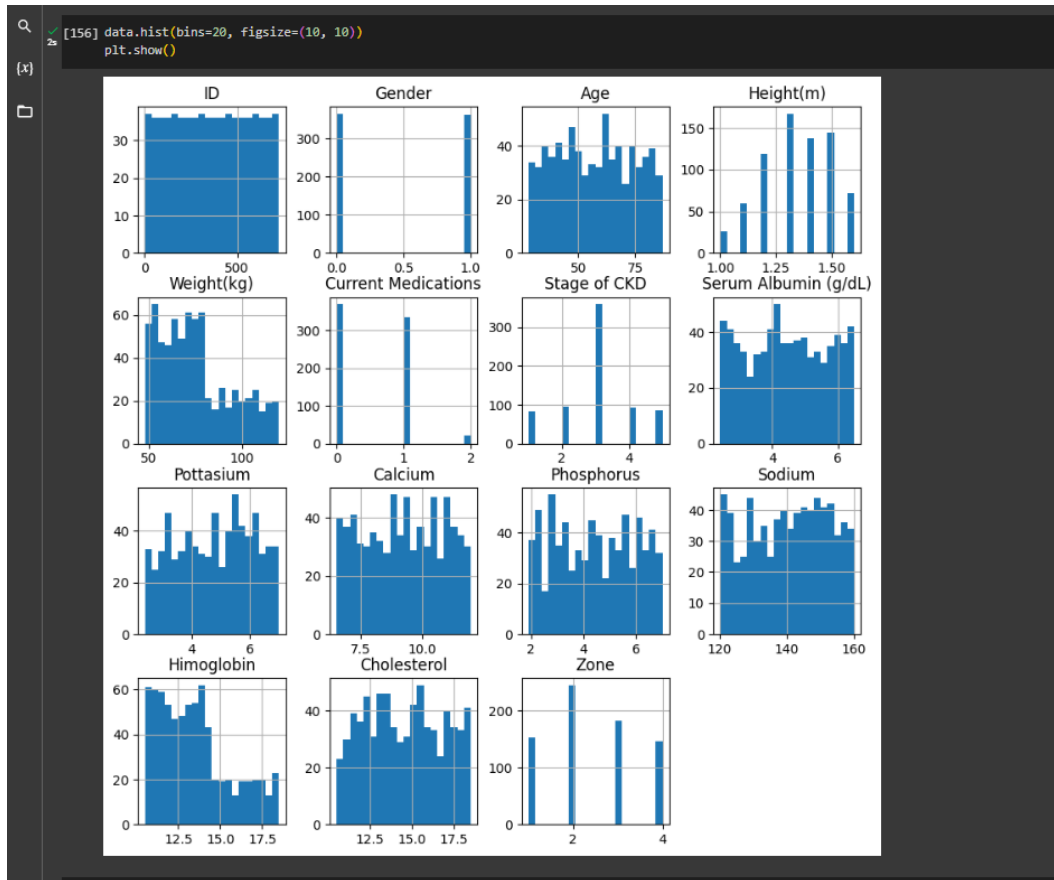
[154] data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 726 entries, 0 to 725
Data columns (total 15 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  ---                                -
0   ID                                    726 non-null   int64
1   Gender                              726 non-null   int64
2   Age                                 726 non-null   int64
3   Height(m)                           726 non-null   float64
4   Weight(kg)                           726 non-null   float64
5   Current Medications                  726 non-null   int64
6   Stage of CKD                        716 non-null   float64
7   Serum Albumin (g/dL)                726 non-null   float64
8   Potassium                           726 non-null   float64
9   Calcium                             720 non-null   float64
10  Phosphorus                          726 non-null   float64
11  Sodium                              726 non-null   float64
12  Himoglobin                          726 non-null   float64
13  Cholesterol                         720 non-null   float64
14  Zone                                726 non-null   int64
dtypes: float64(10), int64(5)
memory usage: 85.2 KB

[155] data

```

	ID	Gender	Age	Height(m)	Weight(kg)	Current Medications	Stage of CKD	Serum Albumin (g/dL)	Potassium	Calcium	Phosphorus	Sodium	Himoglobin	Cholesterol	Zone
0	1	1	47	1.2	51.70	0	4.0	4.9	5.4	7.0	3.9	138.2	11.3	14.0	3
1	2	1	42	1.5	73.40	1	3.0	5.4	3.8	11.0	5.9	139.4	12.3	14.3	2
2	3	1	38	1.2	53.70	0	3.0	2.5	4.8	8.8	6.3	146.1	15.6	16.3	2
3	4	1	86	1.5	70.30	1	5.0	2.5	6.9	8.3	6.7	123.7	12.3	13.8	4
4	5	1	67	1.4	73.40	0	3.0	2.7	2.9	10.5	4.6	133.3	11.8	14.7	1
...
721	722	0	35	1.4	82.76	0	3.0	6.3	3.5	9.1	3.4	147.0	13.2	15.2	2
722	723	0	29	1.0	67.30	0	1.0	4.6	5.0	9.2	6.9	125.1	13.5	10.9	2
723	724	0	61	1.1	100.45	0	3.0	4.4	6.5	9.9	2.7	139.8	14.2	10.5	4



```
[158] #split the dataset before balancing the class.
X = Df_dataset.drop(columns=['Zone'], axis=1)
y = Df_dataset['Zone']

[159] X.columns.values

array(['ID', 'Gender', 'Age', 'Height(m)', 'Weight(kg)',
       'Current Medications', 'Stage of CKD', 'Serum Albumin (g/dL)',
       'Potassium', 'Calcium', 'Phosphorus', 'Sodium', 'Hemoglobin',
       'Cholesterol'], dtype=object)

[160] y.value_counts()

2    245
3    182
1    153
4    146
Name: Zone, dtype: int64

#delete missing values rows
data = data.dropna(axis=0)

[163] # Split the data into train and test sets
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data.drop("Zone", axis=1), data["Zone"], test_size=0.25)

# Create the random forest model
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(n_estimators=100, max_depth=10)

# Fit the model to the training data
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

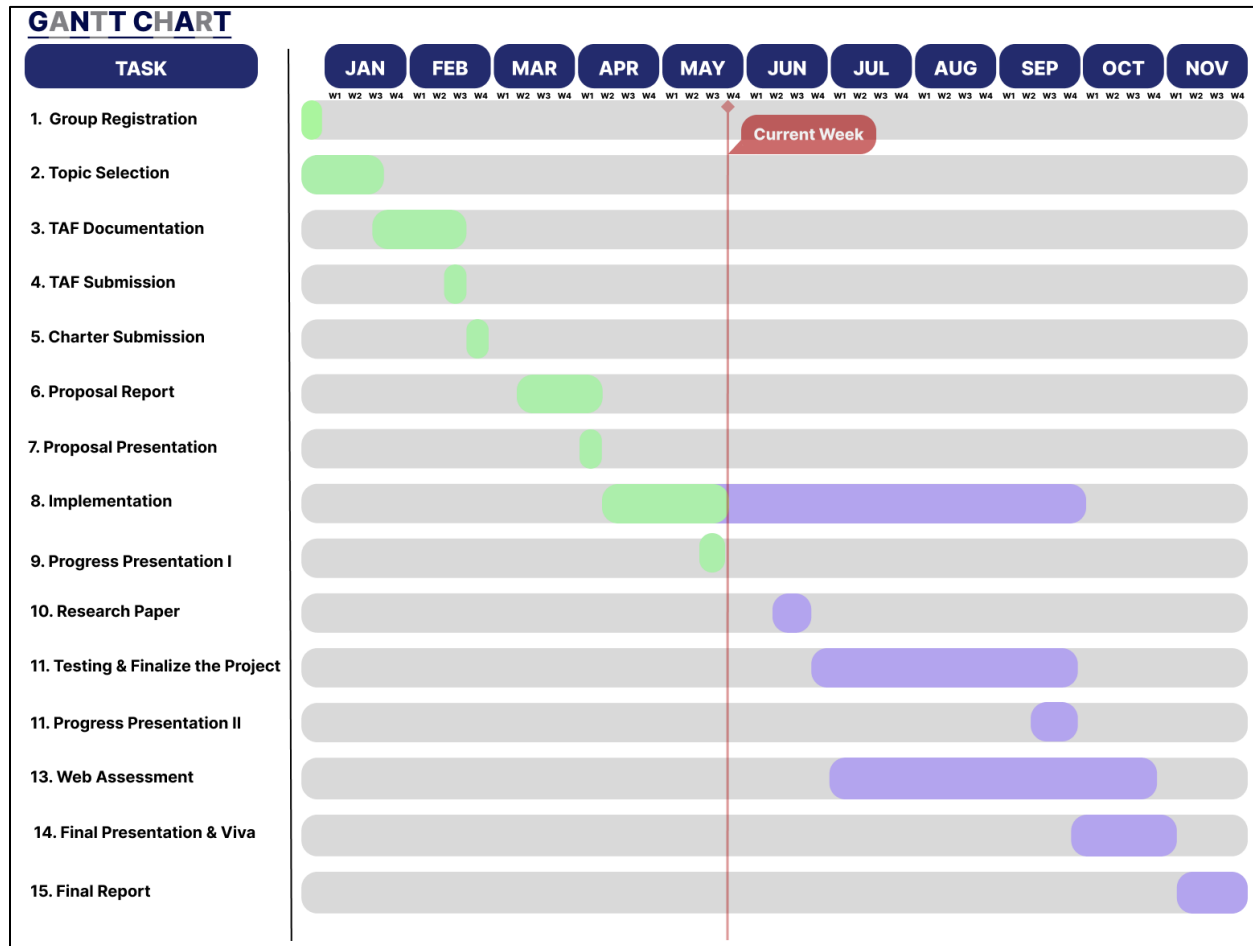
# Predict the labels for the test data
y_pred = rf_model.predict(X_test)

# Calculate the accuracy of the model
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("Accuracy:", accuracy)

# Calculate the R-squared value of the model
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)
print("R-squared:", r2)

Accuracy: 0.95
R-squared: 0.94269853783
```

4 Gantt Chart



- Completed



- In Progress

5 Work Breakdown Structure

