REMOVE-Upgrading from WSO2 EI 6.1.1

This page walks you through the process of upgrading to WSO2 Enterprise Integrator (EI) 6.6.0 from WSO2 EI 6.1.1. This covers the steps for upgrading all of the following profiles in WSO2 EI:



- For information on what is new in this release and why you should upgrade, see About this Release.
- For more information on ports, see Default Ports of WSO2 Enterprise Integrator.
- ESB profile
- Message Broker profile
- Business Process profile
- Analytics profile

See the following topics for details:

- Preparing to upgrade
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- Business Process profile
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 - Migrating artifacts of the Business Process profile
- Migrating Log4j configurations
- Starting the profiles

Preparing to upgrade

The following prerequisites must be completed before upgrading:

- Create a backup of the databases in your WSO2 EI 6.1.1 instance.
- Copy the <EI_6.1.1_HOME> directory to back up the product configurations.
- Go to the WSO2 Integration website and download WSO2 EI 6.6.0.
- Install WSO2 EI 6.6.0.



The downtime is limited to the time taken for switching databases in the production environment.

ESB profile

Follow the instructions given below to upgrade the ESB profile from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0.

Upgrading the databases

You can use the same databases that you used for the ESB profile of EI 6.1.1 with EI 6.6.0. However, you need to apply the following updates.

Update the database structure

There may be changes in the database structure (schema) that is used in El 6.6.0. To update the database schema:

- 1. Download the database migration scripts.
- 2. Unzip the downloaded file and select the script relevant to your database type.
- 3. Connect to the database and run the script.

Your database schema is now updated for EI 6.6.0.

Update the data

You need to update some of the data in the database before you use it with El 6.6.0.

· Re-encrypt (using OAEP) the internally-encrypted information in the database.



As per the **Security Advisory (WSO2-2017-0345)**, EI 6.6.0 uses OAEP for data encryption in addition to the RSA algorithm (which is used in the ESB profile of EI 6.1.1). Therefore, the internally-encrypted data in your current databases (such as datasource configurations, syslog passwords, user store configurations, keystore registry entries, service security policies, event publisher configurations, event receiver configurations, and event sink configurations), as well as data encrypted using secure vault (such as plain text passwords in configuration files and synapse configurations) should be re-encrypted using OAEP.

• Remove any instances of Message Processor Tasks that were stored in the registry database by El 6.1.1.



El 6.6.0 requires Message Processor Tasks to be stored in the registry using a **new** naming convention. The naming convention has changed from

TASK_PREFIX + messageProcessorName + taskNumber (in El 6.1.1) to TASK_PREFIX + messageProcessorName + SYMBOL_UNDERSCORE + taskNumber (in El 6.6.0).

When you run the migration client, the existing **Task** references in the registry will be removed. Later in this migration guide, when you migrate the integration artifacts from your El 6.1.1 instance to El 6.6.0, new records will be created in the registry with the new naming convention.

Step 1: Re-encrypt all internally-encrypted data using OAEP

First, let's re-encrypt all the internally-encrypted data by using OAEP.

- 1. Get the latest WUM updates (later than the update level released on 18/04/2018) for your El 6.1.1. This will give you a new El distribution with the latest updates.
- 2. Connect the WUM-updated EI distribution to your existing databases (which are used for registry data and user management data):
 - a. Open the master-datasources.xml file (stored in the <WUM_UPDATED_EI_6.1.1_HOME>/conf/datasources/ directory) and update the parameters given below.



By default, registry and user management data are stored in one database and is configured in the master-datasources.xml file. If you have separate databases for registry and user management data, you may have separate datasource configurations.

Element	Description		
url	The URL of the database.		
username and password	The name and password of the database user.		
driverClassName	The class name of the database driver.		

b. Open the registry.xml file (stored in the <WUM_UPDATED_EI_6.1.1_HOME>/conf directory) and specify the datasource name.

c. If a JDBC user store is used in your ESB, open the user-mgt.xml file (stored in the <WUM_UPDATED_EI_6.1.1_HOME> /conf/ directory), and update the following database connection parameters under the <UserStoreManager class="org.wso2.carbon.user.core.jdbc.JDBCUserStoreManager"> section.

Element	Description
url	The URL of the database.
username and password	The name and password of the database user.
driverClassName	The class name of the database driver.

Further, update the system administrator configurations and the datasource name in the user-mgt.xml file. See Configuring a JDBC user store for instructions.

- d. Encrypt the plain text passwords that you added to the configuration files (master-datasources.xml, user-mgt.xml, etc.).
- 3. Be sure that the carbon properties file is included in the <wum_UPDATED_EI_6.1.1_HOME>/conf/ directory with the following parameter:

org.wso2.CipherTransformation=RSA/ECB/OAEPwithSHAlandMGF1Padding

4. Start the WUM-updated ESB server of EI 6.1.1. This will re-encrypt the data in the databases.

Step 2: Set up the WSO2 EI 6.6.0 server

Apply the following updates to your EI 6.6.0 server.

- 1. Connect the ESB profile of EI 6.6.0 to your existing databases (which are used for registry data and user management data):
 - a. Open the master-datasources.xml file (stored in the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/conf/datasources/ directory) and update the parameters given below.



By default, registry and user management data are stored in one database and is configured in the master-datasources.xml file. If you have separate databases for registry and user management data, you may need separate datasource configurations.

Element	Description
url	The URL of the database.
username and password	The name and password of the database user.
driverClassName	The class name of the database driver.

b. Open the registry.xml file (stored in the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/conf directory) and specify the datasource name (as defined in step 'a').

c. If a JDBC user store is used, open the user-mgt.xml file (stored in the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/conf/ directory), and update the following database connection parameters under the <UserStoreManager class="org.wso2.carbon.user.core.jdbc.JDBCUserStoreManager"> section.

Element	Description	
url	The URL of the database.	
username and password	The name and password of the database user.	
driverClassName	The class name of the database driver.	

- d. Further, update the system administrator configurations and the datasource name in the user-mgt.xml file. See Configurin g a JDBC user store for instructions.
- 2. Migrate the keystores from FI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0 .



These keystores are required when you perform data re-encryption later in this guide.

- a. Move the keystore and truststore files by copying the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/repository/resources/security directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- b. Open the carbon.xml file (stored in the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/conf/ directory) and update the details of the keystore used for data encryption.

Update the following configuration element:

Add the following configuration element under <Security> in the carbon.xml file, and update the values:

```
<CryptoService>
  <Enabled>true</Enabled>
  <InternalCryptoProviderClassName>org.wso2.carbon.crypto.provider.
KeyStoreBasedInternalCryptoProvider</InternalCryptoProviderClassName>
  <ExternalCryptoProviderClassName>org.wso2.carbon.core.encryption.
KeyStoreBasedExternalCryptoProvider</ExternalCryptoProviderClassName>
  <KeyResolvers>
    <KeyResolver className="org.wso2.carbon.crypto.defaultProvider.resolver.</pre>
ContextIndependentKeyResolver" priority="-1"/>
  </KeyResolvers>
</CryptoService>
<InternalKeyStore> <Location>${carbon.home}/repository/resources/security/internal.jks
  <Type>JKS</Type>
  <Password>wso2carbon</Password>
  <KeyAlias>wso2carbon</KeyAlias>
  <KeyPassword>wso2carbon</KeyPassword>
</InternalKeyStore>
```

See Configuring Keystores in WSO2 Products for more information.

Step 3: Run the migration client

Now, let's run the migration client from EI 6.6.0. This client re-encrypts plain text strings with OAEP and also changes any message processor data according to the new naming convention.

- 1. Create a folder named 'migration' inside <EI_6.6.0_HOME>.
- 2. Copy the migration-conf.properties file to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/migration folder and update the following properties:

admin.user.name	The user name of the system administrator.
keystore.identity. location	The location of the keystore that is used for data encryption in the El 6.6.0. By default, this is <ei_6.6.0_home> /repository/resources/security/wso2carbon.jks.</ei_6.6.0_home>
keystore.identity. key.password	The key password of the default keystore. By default, this is wso2carbon.

- 3. Download the migration JAR file and copy it to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/dropins/ directory
- 4. Open a terminal and navigate to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/bin/ directory.
- 5. Execute the product startup script with the '-Dmigrate.from.product.version=ei611' command as shown below.

On MacOS/Linux/CentOS

Open a terminal and execute the following command:

sh integrator.sh -Dmigrate.from.product.version=ei611

On Windows

Open a terminal and execute the following command:

integrator.bat -Dmigrate.from.product.version=ei611

6. Once the migration is successful, stop the server and delete the migration JAR (org.wso2.carbon.ei.migration-6.6.0.jar) from the <EI _6.6.0_HOME>/dropins/ directory.

You can now migrate the configurations and artifacts for the ESB profile as explained below and start the ESB profile.

Migrating configurations of the ESB profile



Do not copy configuration files directly between servers. Instead, update the files manually.

To migrate all the required folders, files, libraries, etc. from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0:

- 1. Copy the database connector JAR files stored in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/1ib directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0.
- 2. Verify that the keystores are migrated. See Configuring Keystores in WSO2 products.



If you successfully followed the instructions on upgrading the databases, the keystore configurations should already be migrated by now.

- 3. If you have secondary user stores created for the ESB profile of EI 6.1.1, you need to copy the 'userstore' folder in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME> /repository/deployment/server/ directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- 4. If there are any third-party libraries used with EI 6.1.1 that you want to migrate, copy the relevant libraries from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0:
 - If you have used JMS libraries, JDBC libraries, etc., copy the contents from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/lib directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0.
 - If you have used OSGi bundles such as SVN kit etc., copy the contents from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/dropins directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0.

To migrate the configurations from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0:

- 1. Go to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/conf/datasources directory and update the Carbon datasource configuration in the master-datasources.xml file. The instructions are available in Changing the Carbon Database.
- 2. Go to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/conf directory and update the datasource references in the user-mgt.xml and registry.xml files to match the updated configurations in the master-datasources.xml file. The instructions are available in Changing the Carbon Database.
- 3. Check for any other configurations that were done for El 6.1.1 based on your solution, and update the configuration files in El 6.6.0 accordingly. For example, check the configurations related to external user stores, caching, mounting, transports, etc.
- 4. See the instructions on migrating log4j configurations for the ESB profile.



WSO2 EI no longer packs the smb provider by default. If you need to use the VFS SMB feature, you can download the jcifs-1.3.17.jar from here and then place it in <EI_6.6.0_HOME/lib directory. Please note that (since the above library is licensed under LGPL version 2.1) by downloading and installing the library you have to comply with the terms of LGPL version 2.1 and its restrictions as found in this page.

Migrating artifacts of the ESB profile

You should manually deploy the Composite Application Archive (C-APP) files that you have in El 6.1.1 to El 6.6.0.



If you have a class mediator packed in a CAR, all the artifacts using that mediator should also be included in the same CAR.

- To migrate mediation artifacts including message flow configurations, copy the required Synapse artifacts from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>
 /repository/deployment/server/synapse-configs/default directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0.
- To migrate connector artifacts:
 - Create a folder named synapse-libs in the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/repository/deployment/server/synapse-configs /default/ directory of EI 6.6.0, and copy the JARs from the directory by the same name in EI 6.1.1. Note that this directory will not exist in your EI 6.1.1 distribution if no connectors are used.

- Copy the JARs from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/repository/deployment/server/synapse-configs/default/imports directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- To migrate the data service artifacts, copy the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/repository/deployment/server/dataservices directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0.
- If you have custom artifacts created in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/repository/deployment/server/ directory, copy them to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- If multitenancy is used, copy the tenant artifacts from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/repository/tenants directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.

Analytics profile

In EI 6.1.1, the Analytics profile is based on WSO2 Data Analytics Server (WSO2 DAS). In EI 6.6.0 and later versions, the Analytics profile is based on WSO2 Stream Processor (WSO2 SP). Because of this change, you need to follow the instructions given below when migrating the Analytics profile from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0.



WSO2 Data Analytics Server is the predecessor of WSO2 Stream Processor. Similar to WSO2 SP, WSO2 DAS processed events via an event flow that consisted of event streams, receivers, publishers, and execution plans. These elements of the event flow are defined separate from each other via the DAS Management Console. WSO2 SP defines the complete event flow within a single application created via a Siddhi file. The application is then deployed in a SP worker node and executed at runtime.

In EI 6.6.0, the Siddhi application required to process EI statistics is already created and deployed in the SP-based EI Analytics profile. Similarly, datasources required for storing data are pre-configured. This setup functions the same way the pre-configured DAS artifacts functioned together in EI Analytics 6.6.0. Therefore, unless you have configured any custom DAS artifacts in your EI Analytics 6.1.1 setup, you do not need to migrate any artifacts. However, you need to setup the databases and migrate the analytics data that you have already saved in EI Analytics 6.1.1.



You cannot roll back the upgrade process. However, it is possible to restore a backup of the previous database so that you can restart the upgrade progress.

Upgrading the databases and migrating analytics-related data

The default databases for the SP-based Analytics profile in EI 6.6.0 are available in the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/analytics/wso2/<PROFILE>/database directory. However, you need to create the same databases and tables that you currently have in the DAS-based Analytics profile in EI 6.1.1, and then transfer the data that you have in EI 6.1.1.

Follow the steps given below.

- 1. Fork the wos2/product-ei repository.
- 2. Then, download this repository from your fork.



In the following steps, the directory that is downloaded into your machine is referred to as <PROJECT_HOME>.

3. In your terminal, navigate to the <PROJECT_HOME>/distribution/src/analytics/migration/migration-EI6.x.x-6.4.0 /resources/mig-ei-analytics sub directory and issue the following command.

mvn clean install

A new JAR named migEI.one-jar.jar is now created inside the <PROJECT_HOME>/distribution/src/analytics/migration/migration-EI6.x.x-6.4.0/resources/mig-ei-analytics/target directory. The dependencies of this JAR are also created within the same directory.

- 4. Copy the migEIAnalytics.bat and migEIAnalytics.sh files from the <PROJECT_HOME>/distribution/src/analytics/migration/migration-EI6.x.x-6.4.0/resources directory to the <PROJECT_HOME>/distribution/src/analytics/migration/migration-EI6.x.x-6.4.0/resources/mig-ei-analytics/target directory.
- 5. Navigate to the <PROJECT_HOME>/distribution/src/analytics/migration/migration-EI6.x.x-6.4.0/resources/mig-ei-analytics/target directory and execute the Analytics migration script:

On MacOS/Linux/CentOS			
sh migEIAnalytics.sh			
On Windows			
migEIAnalytics.bat			

6. As shown below, you must provide the database type.

(i)

This should be the same database that is configured for EI Analytics 6.6.0.

Database types...

1) MYSQL
2) ORACLE
3) POSTGRESQL
4) MSSQL
Enter no. of your database type:

The system creates the tables related to EI Analytics in the database you specify.

7. To run the Analytics profile of EI 6.1.1, open the terminal, navigate to the <EI-6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/analytics/bin directory, and issue the following command.

```
On MacOS/Linux/CentOS
sh wso2server.sh

On Windows
wso2server.bat
```

8. To migrate data related to the Analytics profile, navigate to the PROJECT_HOME>/distribution/src/analytics/migration
/migration-E16.x.x-6.4.0/resources directory and execute the migEIAnalyticsSpark.sql Spark script. As a result, the migrated data is stored in the RDBMS database that you specified in step 6.

Migrating custom deployable artifacts

If you have created any custom DAS artifacts in your EI 6.1.1 Analytics profile, you need to add them in the EI 6.6.0 Analytics profile. For detailed instructions, see WSO2 Stream Processor Documentation - Upgrading from a previous release - Deployable artifacts.

Testing the migration

To test whether the EI Analytics profile is successfully migrated, follow the steps below:

1. To start the Analytics profile of EI 6.6.0, navigate to the <EI-6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/analytics/bin directory and execute the following command.



2. To view the migrated statistics, navigate to the <EI-6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/analytics/bin directory and execute the following command:

On MacOS/Linux/CentOS		
sh dashboard.sh		
On Windows		
dashboard.bat		

Once you run one of these scripts, you can access the dashboard via the dashboard URL displayed in the terminal.

Message Broker profile

Follow the instructions given below to upgrade the Message Broker profile from El 6.1.1 to El 6.6.0.

Migrating configurations of the Message Broker profile



Do not copy configuration files directly between servers. Instead, update the files manually.

To migrate all the required folders, files, libraries, etc. from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0:

- 1. Copy the database connector JAR files stored in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/lib directory to the same directory El 6.6.0.
- 2. Copy the keystores and truststores used in the Message Broker profile of El 6.1.1 from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/broker/repository /resources/security directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0.
- 3. If you have secondary user stores created for the Message Broker profile of EI 6.1.1, you need to copy the 'userstore' folder in the <EI_6.1.1 _HOME>/wso2/broker/repository/deployment/server/ directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.

To migrate the configurations from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0:

- Update the configuration files with information of the migrated keystores and truststores. For instructions, see Configuring Keystores in WSO2 products.
- 2. Go to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/broker/conf/datasources directory and update the Carbon datasource configuration in the master-d atasources.xml file. The instructions are available in Changing the Carbon Database.
- Update the configurations related to the broker-specific database in the master-datasources.xml file and other related configurations files.See Changing the Default Broker Database for instructions.
- 4. Go to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/broker/conf directory and update the datasource references in the user--mgt.xmland registry. xml files to match the updated configurations in the master--datasources.xmlfile.
- 5. Check for any further configurations that were done for the Message Broker profile in El 6.1.1 based on your solution. For example, check and update the following configurations in the Message Broker profile of El 6.6.0:
 - a. broker.xml
 - b. metrics.xml
 - C. metrics-properties.xml
 - $d.\ {\tt messaging-event-broker.xml}$
 - e. Check configurations related to external user stores, caching, mounting, transports etc.
- 6. See the instructions on migrating log4j configurations for the Message Broker profile.

Migrating artifacts of the Message Broker profile

If multitenancy is used, copy the tenant artifacts from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/broker/repository/tenants directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.

Business Process profile

Follow the instructions given below to upgrade the Business Process profile from El 6.1.1 to El 6.6.0.

Migrating configurations of the Business Process profile



Do not copy configuration files directly between servers. Instead, update the files manually.

To migrate all the required folders, files, libraries, etc. from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0:

- 1. Copy the database connector JAR files stored in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/lib directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0. For example, the JAR for the Oracle database (ojdbc7.jar) can be copied.
- 2. Copy the keystores and truststores used in the Business Process profile of EI 6.1.1 from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/business-process /repository/resources/security directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- 3. If you have secondary user stores created for the Business Process profile of El 6.1.1, you need to copy the 'userstore' folder in the <EI_6.1.1 _HOME>/wso2/business-process/repository/deployment/server/ directory to the same directory in El 6.6.0.

To migrate the configurations from EI 6.1.1 to EI 6.6.0:

- 1. Update the configuration files with information of the migrated keystores and truststores. For more information, see Configuring Keystores in WSO2 products.
- 2. Go to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/business-process/conf/datasources directory and update the Carbon datasource configuration in the master-datasources.xml file. The instructions are available in Changing the Carbon Database.
- 3. Go to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/business-process/conf directory and update the datasource references in the user--mgt.xmland registry.xml files to match the updated configurations in the master--datasources.xmlfile.
- 4. Go to the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/business-process/conf/datasources directory and update the files relevant to your BPMN/BPEL database:
 - If you are using BPMN, update the activiti-datasources.xml file with the datasource connection details.
 - If you are using BPEL, update the bps-datasources.xml file with the datasource connection details.

For instructions, see Changing the Default Databases for BPMN and BPEL .

Open the <EI_6.6.0_HOME>/wso2/business-process/conf/humantask.xml file and change GenerateDdl to false. You can see the
deployed human task packages with the version in the console. A migration success message is printed once the migration completes
successfully.

```
<GenerateDdl>false</GenerateDdl>
```

- 6. Check for any further configurations that were done for the Business Process profile of El 6.1.1 based on your solution. For example, check and update the following configurations in El 6.6.0:
 - a. humantask.xml
 - b. axis2.xml
 - C. bps.xml
 - d. Activiti.xml
 - e. Tenant-mgt.xml
 - f. b4p-coordination-config.xml
 - 9. process-cleanup.properties
 - h. Check the configurations related to external user stores, caching, mounting, transports, etc.
- 7. See the instructions on migrating log4j configurations for the Business Process profile.

Migrating artifacts of the Business Process profile

Follow the steps given below:

- Copy the BPEL .zip packages in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/business-process/repository/deployment/server/bpel directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- Copy the BPMN .bar packages in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/business-process/repository/deployment/server/bpmn directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- Copy the humantask.zip packages in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/business-process/repository/deployment/server/humantasks directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.
- If you have custom artifacts created in the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/business-process/repository/deployment/server/ directory, copy them to the same directory in El 6.6.0.
- If multitenancy is used, copy the tenant artifacts from the <EI_6.1.1_HOME>/wso2/business-process/repository/tenants directory to the same directory in EI 6.6.0.

Migrating Log4j configurations



All profiles of El 6.6.0 use log4j2 instead of log4j. Therefore, the following configurations apply to all profiles of WSO2 El.

El 6.6.0 is based on Carbon Kernel 4.5.0, which introduces **log4j2**. Also, the **carbon.logging** jar is not packed with the El 6.6.0 distribution and the **pax-logging-api** is used instead.

Follow the instructions given below to migrate from log4j (in El 6.1.1) to log4j2 (in El 6.6.0).

- 1. If you have used a custom log4j component in EI 6.1.1, apply the following changes to your component:
 - a. Replace carbon logging or commons.logging dependencies with pax-logging dependency as shown below.

b. If log4j dependency is directly used, apply one of the options given below.

Option 1

Replace the log4j dependency (shown below) with log4j2 and rewrite the loggers accordingly.

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.ops4j.pax.logging</groupId>
  <artifactId>pax-logging-log4j2</artifactId>
  <version>${pax.logging.log4j2.version}</dependency>
```

Replace the log4j dependency with pax-logging dependency and rewrite the loggers using commons.logging accordingly.

c. If commons.logging is imported using Import-Package add the version range.

```
org.apache.commons.logging;
version="${commons.logging.version.range}"
<commons.logging.version.range>[1.2.0,2.0.0)</commons.logging.version.range>
```

2. Follow the instructions on configuring log4j2 to register the Appenders and Loggers.

Starting the profiles

You can now start the El 6.6.0 product. For instructions on starting each of the profiles in the product, see Running the Product.