

Week 3 – 1:

--Coding-C-Language Features-Optional.

ROLL NO.:240801152

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Q1) Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false.

Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8.

Sample Input 1

25 53

Sample Output 1

false

Sample Input 2

27 77

Sample Output 2

true

Code:

## GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

<b>Status</b>	Finished
<b>Started</b>	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
<b>Completed</b>	Saturday, 26 October 2024, 2:37 PM
<b>Duration</b>	58 days 2 hours

Question **1**

Correct

Marked out of 3.00

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Write a program to read two integer values and print true if both the numbers end with the same digit, otherwise print false. Example: If 698 and 768 are given, program should print true as they both end with 8. Sample Input 1 25 53 Sample Output 1 false Sample Input 2 27 77 Sample Output 2 true

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main (){
3     int num1,num2;
4     scanf("%d %d",&num1,&num2);
5     if(num1%10==num2%10){
6         printf("true");}
7     else{
8         printf("false");}
9     return 0;
10 }
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	25 53	false	false	✓
✓	27 77	true	true	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Q2) In this challenge, we're getting started with conditional statements.

#### Task

Given an integer,  $n$ , perform the following conditional actions:

- If  $n$  is odd, print Weird
- If  $n$  is even and in the inclusive range of 2 to 5, print Not Weird
- If  $n$  is even and in the inclusive range of 6 to 20, print Weird
- If  $n$  is even and greater than 20, print Not Weird

Complete the stub code provided in your editor to print whether or not  $n$  is weird.

#### Input Format

A single line containing a positive integer,  $n$ .

#### Constraints

- $1 < n < 100$

#### Output Format

Print Weird if the number is weird; otherwise, print Not Weird.

#### Sample Input 0

3

#### Sample Output 0

Weird Code:

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 int main()
3 {
4     int n;
5     scanf("%d",&n);
6     if(n%2==1){
7         printf("Weird");
8     }
9     else if(n%2==0&&2<=5){
10         printf("Not Weird");
11     }
12     else if(n%2==0&&6<=20){
13         printf("Weird");
14     }
15     else{
16         printf("Not Weird");
17     }
18     return 0;
19 }
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	Weird	Weird	✓
✓	24	Not Weird	Not Weird	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Q3) Three numbers form a Pythagorean triple if the sum of squares of two numbers is equal to the square of the third.

For example, 3, 5 and 4 form a Pythagorean triple, since  $3^2 + 4^2 = 25 = 5^2$ . You are given three integers, a, b, and c. They need not be given in increasing order. If they form a Pythagorean triple, then print "yes", otherwise, print "no". Please note that the output message is in small letters.

Sample Input 1

3

5

4

Sample Output 1

Yes

Code:

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  int main(){
3      int a,b,c;
4      scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
5      if(a*a==b*b+c*c || b*b==a*a+c*c || c*c==a*a+b*b){
6          printf("yes");
7      }
8      else{
9          printf("no");
10     }
11 }
12
13 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 5 4	yes	yes	✓
✓	5 8 2	no	no	✓

OUTPUT: