Status	Finished
Started	Monday, 23 December 2024, 5:33 PM
Completed	Monday, 23 December 2024, 7:38 PM
Duration	2 hours 5 mins
Overdue	35 mins 31 secs

Question **1** Correct Marked out of	Two strings **A** and **B** comprising of lower case English letters are compatible if they are equal or can be made equal by following this step any number of times

Q1) Two strings A and B comprising of lower-case English letters are compatible if they are
equal or can be made equal by following this step any number of times:
· Select a prefix from the string A (possibly empty), and increase the alphabetical
value of all the characters in the prefix by the same valid amount. For example, if
the string is xyz and we select the prefix xy then we can convert it to yx by
increasing the alphabetical value by 1. But if we select the prefix xyz then we
cannot increase the alphabetical value.
Your task is to determine if given strings A and B are compatible.
Input format
First line: String A
Next line: String B
Output format
For each test case, print YES if string A can be converted to string B, otherwise print NO.
Constraints
1 ≤ len(A) ≤ 1000000
1 ≤ len(B) ≤ 1000000
Sample Input
abaca
cdbda
Sample Output
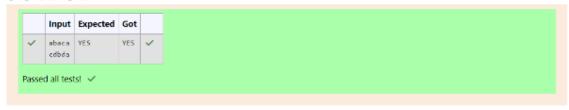**YES**

Explanation
The string abaca can be converted to bcbda in one move and to cdbda in the next move.

Code:

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
    char str1[1000000],str2[1000000];
    int flag =-1;
    scanf("%s",str1);
    scanf("%s",str2);
    int a =strlen(str1);
    int b = strlen(str2);
    if(a==b){
        for(int i =a-1;i>=0;i--){
            while (str1[i]!=str2[i])
            {
                for(int j=0;j<=i;j++)
                {
                    if(str1[j]<'z')
                    str1[j]++;
                    else
                    {
                        flag=0;
                        break;
                    }
                    if(flag==0)
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    else
    flag=0;
    if(flag==0)
    printf("NO");
    else
    printf("YES");
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abaca cdbda	YES	YES	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Q2) Danny has a possible list of passwords of Manny's facebook account. All passwords length
is odd. But Danny knows that Manny is a big fan of palindromes. So, his password and
reverse of his password both should be in the list.
You have to print the length of Manny's password and it's middle character.
Note: The solution will be unique.

Input Format
The first line of input contains the integer **N**, the number of possible passwords.
Each of the following N lines contains a single word, its length being an odd number
greater than 2 and lesser than 14. All characters are lowercase letters of the English
alphabet.

Output Format
The first and only line of output must contain the length of the correct password and its
central letter.
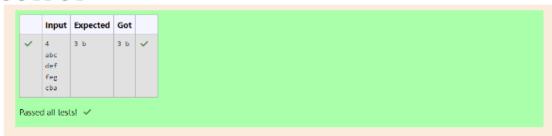
Constraints
1 ≤ N ≤ 100

Sample Input
4
abc
def
feg
cba

Sample Output
3 b

Code:

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
    int n,flag=0;
    char temp;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    char words[n][14];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    scanf("%s",words[i]);
    char reverse[14];
    for (int i =0;i<n-1;i++)
    {
        strcpy(reverse,words[i]);
        int size=strlen(reverse);
        for(int k=0;k<size/2;k++)
        {
            temp=reverse[k];
            reverse[k]=reverse[size-k-1];
            reverse[size-k-1]=temp;

        }
        for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
            if(strcmp(reverse,words[j])==0)
            {
                flag=1;
                break;

            }
        }
        if(flag==1)
        break;
    }
    int len=strlen(reverse);
    printf("%d %c ",len,reverse[len/2]);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4 abc def feg cba	3 b	3 b	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Q3) Joey loves to eat Pizza. But he is worried as the quality of pizza made by most of the
restaurants is deteriorating. The last few pizzas ordered by him did not taste good :(. Joey
is feeling extremely hungry and wants to eat pizza. But he is confused about the restaurant
from wherehe should order. As always he asks Chandler for help.
Chandler suggests that Joey should give each restaurant some points, and then choose the
restaurant having maximum points. If more than one restaurant has same points, Joey can
choose the one with lexicographically smallest name.
Joey has assigned points to all the restaurants, but can't figure out which restaurant satisfies
Chandler's criteria. Can you help him out?

Input Format:
First line has N, the total number of restaurants.
Next N lines contain Name of Restaurant and Points awarded by Joey, separated by a
space.
Restaurant name has no spaces, all lowercase letters and will not be more than 20
characters.

Output Format:
Print the name of the restaurant that Joey should choose.

Constraints:
1 <= N <= 105
1 <= Points <= 106

Sample Input
3
Pizzeria 108
Dominos 145
Pizzapizza 49

Sample Output
Dominos

Code:

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
    int n;
    scanf("%d",&n);
    char res[n][21];
    int rate[n];
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%s",res[i]);
        scanf("%d",&rate[i]);
    }
    int max=rate[0];
    char ans[20];
    strcpy(ans,res[0]);
    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
    {
        if(rate[i]>max)
        {
            max=rate[i];
            strcpy(ans,res[i]);
        }
        else if(rate[i]==max)
        {
            if(strcmp(res[i],ans)<0)
            strcpy(ans,res[i]);
        }
    }
    printf("%s",ans);
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 Pizzeria 108 Dominos 145 Pizzapizza 49	Dominos	Dominos	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Q4) These days Bechan Chacha is depressed because his crush gave him list of mobile number
some of them are valid and some of them are invalid. Bechan Chacha has special power
that he can pick his crush number only if he has valid set of mobile numbers. Help him to
determine the valid numbers.
You are given a string "S" and you have to determine whether it is Valid mobile number
or not. Mobile number is valid only if it is of length 10 , consists of numeric values and it
shouldn't have prefix zeroes.

Input Format:
First line of input is T representing total number of test cases.
Next T line each representing "S" as described in in problem statement.

Output Format:
Print "YES" if it is valid mobile number else print "NO".
Note: Quotes are for clarity.

Constraints:
1<= T <= 103
sum of string length <= 105

Sample Input
3
1234567890
0123456789
0123456.87

Sample Output
YES
NO
NO

Code:

```c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int main(){
    int t;
    scanf("%d",&t);
    while (t--)
    {
        int flag =1;
        char s[100000];
        scanf("%s",s);
        int k =strlen(s);
        if(k==10)
        {
            for(int i=0;i<10;i++)
            {
                if(s[0]=='0')
                {
                    flag =0;
                    break;
                }
                if(s[i]<'0'||s[i]>'9')
                {
                    flag = 0;
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
        else
        flag =0;
        if(flag==1)
        printf("YES\n");
        else
        printf("NO\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

OUTPUT:

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	YES	YES	✓
	1234567890	NO	NO	
	0123456789	NO	NO	
	0123456.87			

Passed all tests! ✓