```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
df = pd.read csv("train.csv")
df.head()
<del>____</del>
        User_ID Product_ID Gender
                                    Age Occupation City_Category Stay_In_Current_City_Years Marital_Status Product_Category_1 Prod
      0 1000001
                  P00069042
                                                  10
                                                                  Α
                                                                                                             0.0
                                                                                                                                3.0
                                      17
                                       0-
      1 1000001
                  P00248942
                                                  10
                                                                  Α
                                                                                              2
                                                                                                             0.0
                                                                                                                                1.0
                                      17
                 P00087842
                                                                                              2
                                                                                                            0.0
     2 1000001
                                                  10
                                                                  Α
                                                                                                                                12.0
df.info()
<pr
     RangeIndex: 383980 entries, 0 to 383979
     Data columns (total 12 columns):
                                      Non-Null Count
         Column
                                                       Dtype
     0
          User ID
                                      383980 non-null int64
          Product_ID
                                      383980 non-null object
      1
                                      383980 non-null
      2
          Gender
                                                       object
                                      383980 non-null
      3
          Age
                                                       object
      4
          Occupation
                                      383980 non-null
                                                       int64
         City_Category
                                      383980 non-null object
          Stay_In_Current_City_Years 383979 non-null
                                                       object
          Marital_Status
                                      383979 non-null
                                                      float64
          Product_Category_1
                                      383979 non-null
         Product_Category_2
                                      264893 non-null
                                                       float64
      10 Product_Category_3
                                      117520 non-null float64
     11 Purchase
                                      383979 non-null float64
     dtypes: float64(5), int64(2), object(5)
     memory usage: 35.2+ MB
print(df.isnull().sum())
₹
   User_ID
     Product_ID
     Gender
     Age
     Occupation
    City_Category
Stay_In_Current_City_Years
Marital_Status
                                        0
                                        1
                                        1
     Product_Category_1
                                        1
     Product_Category_2
                                   119087
     Product_Category_3
                                   266460
     Purchase
                                        1
     dtype: int64
df.fillna(-1, inplace=True)
print(df.isnull().sum())
→ User_ID
     Product_ID
     Gender
                                   0
     Age
     Occupation
                                   0
     City_Category
     Stay_In_Current_City_Years
     Marital_Status
     Product_Category_1
                                   0
     Product_Category_2
                                   0
     Product_Category_3
                                   0
     Purchase
     dtype: int64
df["Gender"] = df["Gender"].map({"M": 1, "F": 0})
```

df.head()

```
df["City_Category"] = df["City_Category"].map({"A": 0, "B": 1, "C": 2})

age_mapping = {'0-17': 0, '18-25': 1, '26-35': 2, '36-45': 3, '46-50': 4, '51-55': 5, '55+': 6}
df["Age"] = df["Age"].map(age_mapping)

df["Stay_In_Current_City_Years"] = df["Stay_In_Current_City_Years"].replace("4+", 4).astype(int)
```

₹ Age Occupation City_Category Stay_In_Current_City_Years Marital_Status Product_Category_1 Prod User_ID Product_ID Gender 0 1000001 P00069042 0 0 10 0 2 0.0 3.0 0 2 0.0 1 1000001 P00248942 0 0 10 1.0 2 1000001 P00087842 0 0 10 0 2 0.0 12.0 3 1000001 P00085442 0 10 2 0.0 12.0 0 0 1000002 P00285442 6 16 0.0 8.0

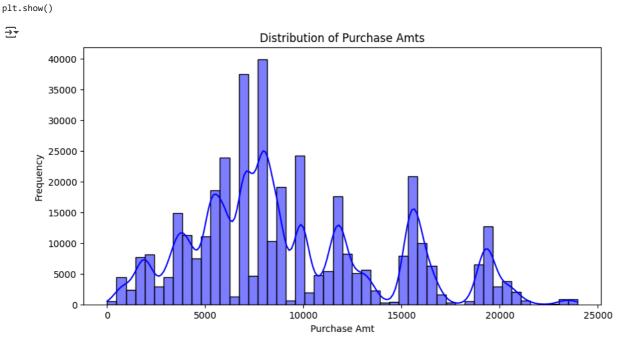
```
df["Customer_Loyalty_Score"] = df.groupby("User_ID")["Purchase"].transform("sum") / df.groupby("User_ID")["Product_ID"].transform("nunix")

df["Product_Popularity_Index"] = df.groupby("Product_ID")["Purchase"].transform("sum")

df["Total_Products_Bought"] = df.groupby("User_ID")["Product_ID"].transform("count")

df.drop(["User_ID", "Product_ID"], axis=1, inplace=True)

plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    sns.histplot(df["Purchase"], bins=50, kde=True, color="blue")
    plt.title("Distribution of Purchase Amts")
    plt.xlabel("Purchase Amt")
    plt.ylabel("Frequency")
```



```
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
sns.histplot(df["Customer_Loyalty_Score"], bins=50, kde=True, color="green")
plt.title("Distribution of Customer Loyalty Score")
plt.xlabel("Customer Loyalty Score")
plt.ylabel("Frequency")
plt.show()
```

17500

20000

15000



Distribution of Customer Loyalty Score 40000 35000 25000 15000 10000 5000 -

10000

Customer Loyalty Score

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.boxplot(x="Age", y="Purchase", data=df, palette="coolwarm")
plt.title("Purchase Amount by Age Group")
plt.xlabel("Age Group")
plt.ylabel("Purchase Amount")
plt.show()
```

5000

7500

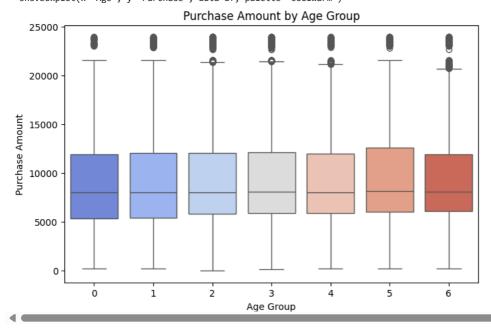
<ipython-input-19-bdcee78464ef>:2: FutureWarning:

0

2500

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `less.boxplot(x="Age", y="Purchase", data=df, palette="coolwarm")

12500

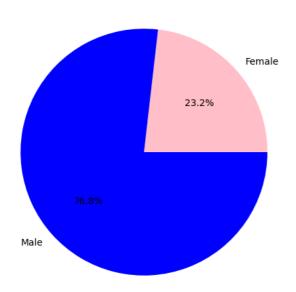


```
gender_revenue = df.groupby("Gender")["Purchase"].sum().reset_index()

plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6))
plt.pie(gender_revenue["Purchase"], labels=["Female", "Male"], autopct="%1.1f%%", colors=["pink", "blue"])
plt.title("Revenue Contribution by Gender")
plt.show()
```



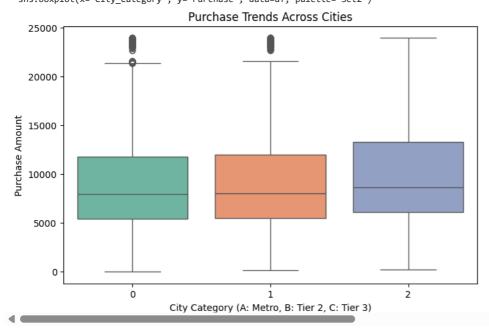
Revenue Contribution by Gender



```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))
sns.boxplot(x="City_Category", y="Purchase", data=df, palette="Set2")
plt.title("Purchase Trends Across Cities")
plt.xlabel("City Category (A: Metro, B: Tier 2, C: Tier 3)")
plt.ylabel("Purchase Amount")
plt.show()
```

<ipython-input-21-fec2ce1f3b8a>:2: FutureWarning:

Passing `palette` without assigning `hue` is deprecated and will be removed in v0.14.0. Assign the `x` variable to `hue` and set `le sns.boxplot(x="City_Category", y="Purchase", data=df, palette="Set2")



from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

import math

```
X = df.drop("Purchase", axis=1)
y = df["Purchase"]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score
```

```
lr_model = LinearRegression()
lr_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_lr = lr_model.predict(X_test)
mae_lr = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_lr)
rmse_lr = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_lr))
r2_lr = r2_score(y_test, y_pred_lr)
print("Linear Regression Performance:")
print(f"MAE: {mae_lr:.4f}")
print(f"RMSE: {rmse_lr:.4f}")
print(f"R2 Score: {r2_lr:.4f}")
→ Linear Regression Performance:
     MAE: 2959.9453
     RMSE: 3889.1440
     R2 Score: 0.3902
import pandas as pd
comparison_df = pd.DataFrame({
    'Actual': y_test,
    'Predicted': y_pred_lr
})
print(comparison_df.tail(10))
₹
                        Predicted
             Actual
     209096
            6033.0
                      5917.931109
     44791 11961.0 9412.522603
     298974 19008.0 11059.827371
     257433
             5258.0 5814.386634
     348555 20158.0 10945.729336
     301262
             3677.0
                      6887.784883
     168533 8822.0 11425.420344
     243302 19155.0 15087.268346
     73592 19175.0 15358.140413
254399 2078.0 7219.667331
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score
import math
rf_model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_rf = rf_model.predict(X_test)
mae_rf = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_rf)
rmse_rf = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_rf))
r2_rf = r2_score(y_test, y_pred_rf)
print("Random Forest Performance:")
print(f"MAE: {mae_rf:.4f}")
print(f"RMSE: {rmse_rf:.4f}")
print(f"R2 Score: {r2_rf:.4f}")
Random Forest Performance:
     MAE: 1934,6645
     RMSE: 2619,6267
     R2 Score: 0.7234
import pandas as pd
comparison_df = pd.DataFrame({
    'Actual': y_test,
    'Predicted': y_pred_rf
```

print(comparison_df.tail(10))

```
₹
             Actual Predicted
    209096 6033.0
                      6850.37
    44791 11961.0
                     13311.99
    298974 19008.0
                     11624.30
    257433
            5258.0
                      5131.46
    348555 20158.0
                     17456.87
             3677.0
    301262
                      3782.34
             8822.0
                      6903.43
    168533
    243302 19155.0
                     16436.67
    73592 19175.0
                     16767.92
    254399 2078.0
                      6993.27
import xgboost as xgb
from sklearn.metrics import mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score
import math
xgb_model = xgb.XGBRegressor(objective='reg:squarederror', random_state=42)
xgb_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
y pred xgb = xgb model.predict(X test)
mae_xgb = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_xgb)
rmse_xgb = math.sqrt(mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_xgb))
r2_xgb = r2_score(y_test, y_pred_xgb)
print("Basic XGBoost Performance:")
print(f"MAE: {mae xgb:.4f}")
print(f"RMSE: {rmse_xgb:.4f}")
print(f"R2 Score: {r2_xgb:.4f}")

    Basic XGBoost Performance:
    MAE: 1892.8309
    RMSE: 2550.0058
    R2 Score: 0.7379
import pandas as pd
comparison_df = pd.DataFrame({
    'Actual': y_test,
    'Predicted': y_pred_xgb
})
print(comparison_df.tail(10))
→
             Actual
                       Predicted
    209096 6033.0
                     7038.531738
    44791 11961.0 12416.989258
    298974 19008.0 12940.225586
    257433 5258.0 4973.995605
    348555 20158.0 16805.087891
    301262
             3677.0
                     6362.686523
                     7270.750000
    168533
             8822.0
    243302 19155.0 16966.843750
    73592 19175.0 16197.197266
    254399 2078.0
                     7471.643066
Start coding or generate with AI.
```