

## LAB 4 - CLASSIFICATION (DECISION TREE)

### SUBMITTED BY:

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### LAB OVERVIEW:

Perform Classification using Decision Trees.

Demonstrate Multiple Datasets, do the necessary EDA and show various evaluation metrics.

### PROBLEM DEFINITION:

To import multiple datasets and perform various exploratory data analysis on it. Split the dataset into train and test. Perform Classification using Decision Trees and evaluate the model.

### APPROACH:

Use Pandas to Import the Datasets.

Performing necessary Exploratory Data Analysis. Visualizing the dataset using various plots from matplotlib and seaborn.

Use the train\_test\_split method available in SCIKIT to split the dataset into Train Dataset and Test Dataset.

Perform classification on the datasets using Decision tree with various parameters.

Finding the accuracy of the model and evaluation the model based on various evaluation metrics.

### Importing the necessary libraries

In [1]:

```
1 import numpy as np
2 import pandas as pd
3 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
4 import seaborn as sns
5 %matplotlib inline
6 import sklearn
7 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
8 from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
9 from sklearn import preprocessing
10 from sklearn import metrics
11 from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
12 from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error
13 from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
14 from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
```

Importing a dataset which contains various attributes about a car based on which the car is being evaluated for its safety.

```
In [2]: 1 df = pd.read_csv('car_evaluation.csv', header=None)
```

## Exploratory data analysis

```
In [3]: 1 df.head()
```

Out[3]:

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
0	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	small	low	unacc
1	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	small	med	unacc
2	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	small	high	unacc
3	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	med	low	unacc
4	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	med	med	unacc

```
In [4]: 1 df.columns
```

Out[4]: Int64Index([0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6], dtype='int64')

## Rename column names

We can see that the dataset does not have proper column names. The columns are merely labelled as 0,1,2.... and so on. WE are assigning them names based on their nature as follows:

```
In [5]: 1 col_names = ['buying_price', 'maint', 'doors', 'persons', 'lug_boot', 'safet
2 df.columns = col_names
3 col_names
```

Out[5]: ['buying\_price', 'maint', 'doors', 'persons', 'lug\_boot', 'safety', 'class']

```
In [6]: 1 df.head()
```

Out[6]:

	buying_price	maint	doors	persons	lug_boot	safety	class
0	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	small	low	unacc
1	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	small	med	unacc
2	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	small	high	unacc
3	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	med	low	unacc
4	vhigh	vhigh	2	2	med	med	unacc

In [7]: 1 df.describe()

Out[7]:

	buying_price	maint	doors	persons	lug_boot	safety	class
<b>count</b>	1728	1728	1728	1728	1728	1728	1728
<b>unique</b>	4	4	4	3	3	3	4
<b>top</b>	vhigh	vhigh	3	more	small	high	unacc
<b>freq</b>	432	432	432	576	576	576	1210

In [8]: 1 df.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1728 entries, 0 to 1727
Data columns (total 7 columns):
#   Column          Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   buying_price    1728 non-null   object
1   maint           1728 non-null   object
2   doors           1728 non-null   object
3   persons         1728 non-null   object
4   lug_boot        1728 non-null   object
5   safety          1728 non-null   object
6   class           1728 non-null   object
dtypes: object(7)
memory usage: 94.6+ KB
```

The dataframe contains 7 columns and 1728 entries in each column.

### Frequency distribution of values in variables¶

```
In [9]: 1 for col in col_names:
        2
        3     print(df[col].value_counts())
```

```
vhigh    432
high     432
low      432
med      432
Name: buying_price, dtype: int64
vhigh    432
high     432
low      432
med      432
Name: maint, dtype: int64
3         432
5more     432
2         432
4         432
Name: doors, dtype: int64
more      576
2         576
4         576
Name: persons, dtype: int64
small     576
big       576
med       576
Name: lug_boot, dtype: int64
high      576
low       576
med       576
Name: safety, dtype: int64
unacc    1210
acc       384
good      69
vgood     65
Name: class, dtype: int64
```

## INFERENCE:

There are 7 variables in the dataset. All the variables are of categorical data type. These are given by buying, maint, doors, persons, lug\_boot, safety and class. Where buying, maint, doors, persons, lug\_boot, safety are the feature variables. Class is the target variable.

### Checking for null values in the dataframe

```
In [10]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))
2 sns.heatmap(df.isnull(),cmap='viridis')
3 plt.title('Missing value in the dataset');
```



There are no null values

## Encode categorical variables

Machine learning algorithms cannot work with categorical data directly, categorical data must be converted to number.

Since the variables are mostly categorical data type, converting them into numerical form using label encoder.

Label encoding refers to transforming the word labels into numerical form so that the algorithms can understand how to operate on them.

```
In [11]: 1 label_encoder = preprocessing.LabelEncoder()
```

```
In [12]: 1 list = ['buying_price', 'maint', 'doors', 'persons', 'lug_boot', 'safety', '
2         for i in list:
3             print(df[i].unique())
4             df[i] = label_encoder.fit_transform(df[i])
5         df.head()
```

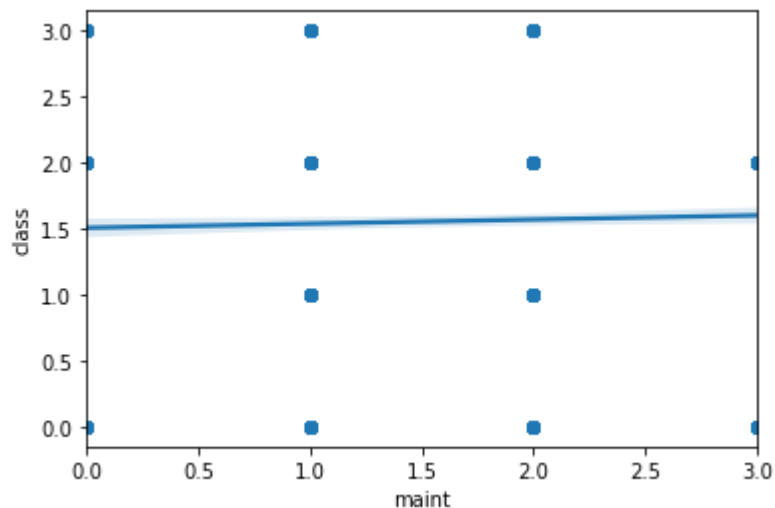
```
['vhigh' 'high' 'med' 'low']
['vhigh' 'high' 'med' 'low']
['2' '3' '4' '5more']
['2' '4' 'more']
['small' 'med' 'big']
['low' 'med' 'high']
['unacc' 'acc' 'vgood' 'good']
```

Out[12]:

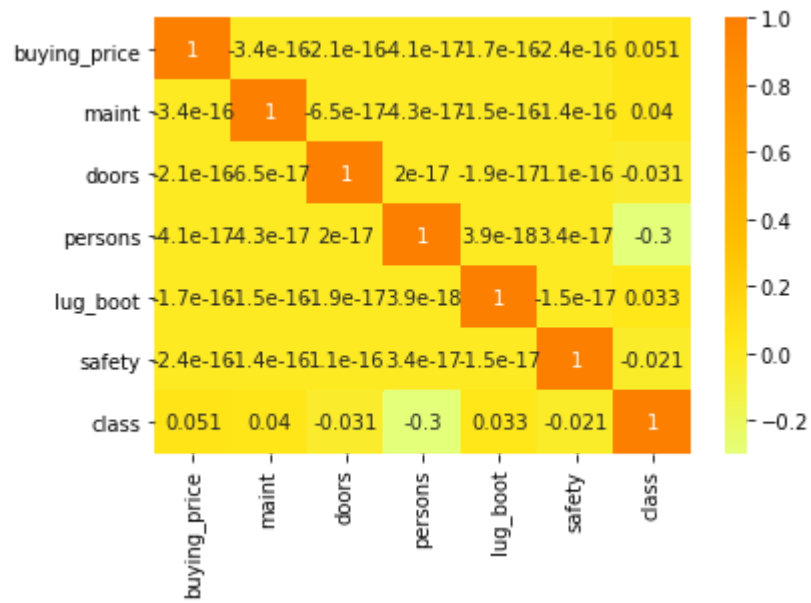
	buying_price	maint	doors	persons	lug_boot	safety	class
0	3	3	0	0	2	1	2
1	3	3	0	0	2	2	2
2	3	3	0	0	2	0	2
3	3	3	0	0	1	1	2
4	3	3	0	0	1	2	2

```
In [13]: 1 sns.regplot(x = 'maint', y = 'class', data=df)
```

Out[13]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='maint', ylabel='class'>

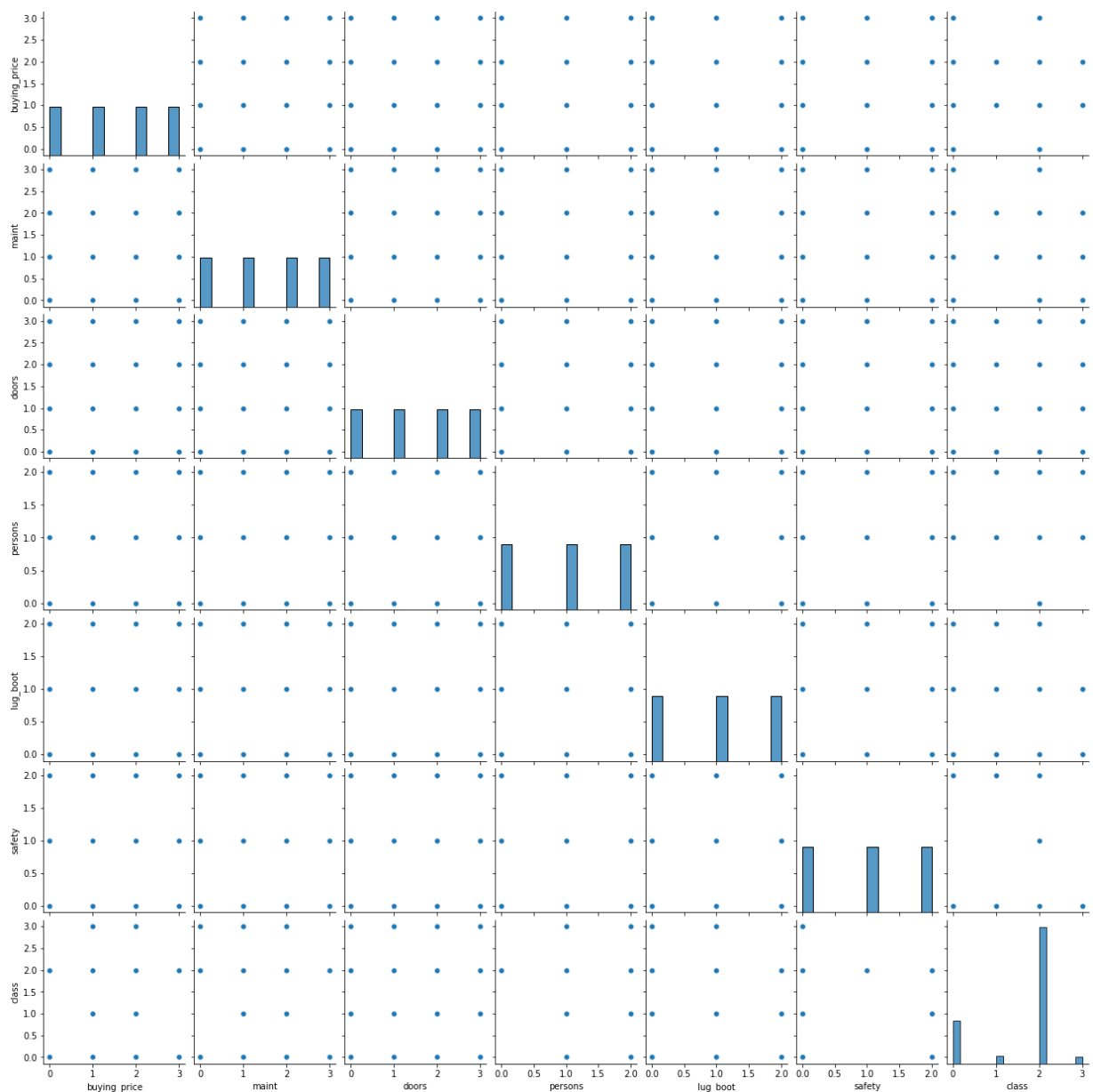


```
In [14]: 1 corr = df.corr()
2         sns.heatmap(corr, cmap = 'Wistia', annot= True);
```



```
In [15]: 1 sns.pairplot(df)
```

```
Out[15]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x14b32e763a0>
```

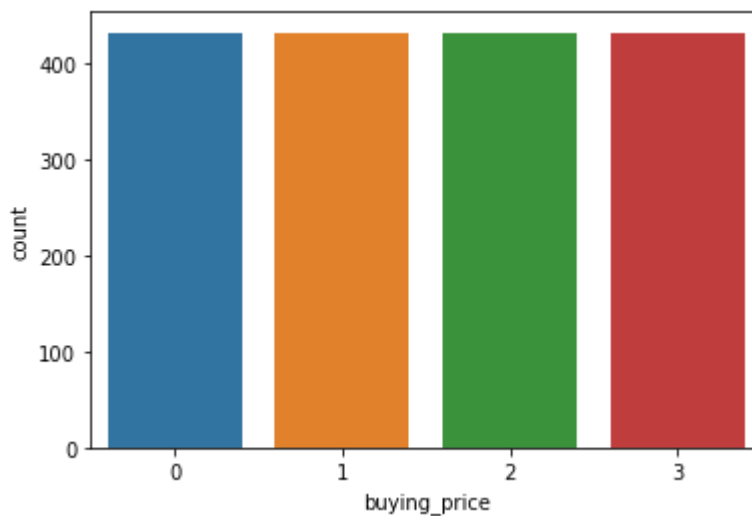




```
In [16]: 1 sns.countplot("buying_price",data=df)
```

C:\Users\SRIDHAR\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.  
warnings.warn(

```
Out[16]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='buying_price', ylabel='count'>
```



```
In [17]: 1 f= plt.figure(figsize=(12,4))
2
3 ax=f.add_subplot(121)
4 sns.distplot(df['buying_price'],bins=100,color='b',ax=ax)
5 ax.set_title('Distribution of Buying price')
```

C:\Users\SRIDHAR\anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)

Out[17]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Distribution of Buying price')



## Declare feature vector and target variable

```
In [18]: 1 X = df.drop(['class'], axis=1)
2
3 y = df['class']
```

## Split data into separate training and test set

```
In [19]: 1 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
2
3 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.33,
```

```
In [20]: 1 X_train.shape, X_test.shape
```

```
Out[20]: ((1157, 6), (571, 6))
```

```
In [21]: 1 X_train.head()
```

```
Out[21]:
```

	buying_price	maint	doors	persons	lug_boot	safety
48	3	3	1	2	1	1
468	0	3	1	1	2	1
155	3	0	1	2	2	0
1721	1	1	3	2	2	0
1208	2	1	0	2	2	0

```
In [22]: 1 y_train.head()
```

```
Out[22]: 48      2
468      2
155      2
1721     1
1208     2
Name: class, dtype: int32
```

## Decision Tree Classifier with criterion gini index

```
In [23]: 1 from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier
```

```
In [24]: 1 # instantiate the DecisionTreeClassifier model with criterion gini index
2 clf_gini = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini', max_depth=3, random_stat
3
4 # fit the model
5 clf_gini.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[24]: DecisionTreeClassifier(max_depth=3, random_state=0)
```

## Predict the Test set results with criterion gini index

```
In [25]: 1 y_pred_gini = clf_gini.predict(X_test)
```

## Check accuracy score

```
In [26]: 1 print('Model accuracy score with criterion gini index: {0:0.4f}'. format(acc
```

Model accuracy score with criterion gini index: 0.7653

## Compare the train-set and test-set accuracy

```
In [27]: 1 y_pred_train_gini = clf_gini.predict(X_train)
2
3 y_pred_train_gini
```

Out[27]: array([2, 2, 0, ..., 0, 2, 2])

```
In [28]: 1 print('Training-set accuracy score: {:.f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_train, y_
```

Training-set accuracy score: 0.774417

## Print the scores on training and test set

```
In [29]: 1 print('Training set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_gini.score(X_train, y_train)))
2
3 print('Test set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_gini.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

Training set score: 0.7744

Test set score: 0.7653

## EVALUATION METRICS

```
In [30]: 1 print('Mean Absolute Error : ', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_g
2 print('Mean Squared Error : ', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_gin
3 print('Root Mean Squared Error : ', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_tes
```

Mean Absolute Error : 0.47810858143607704

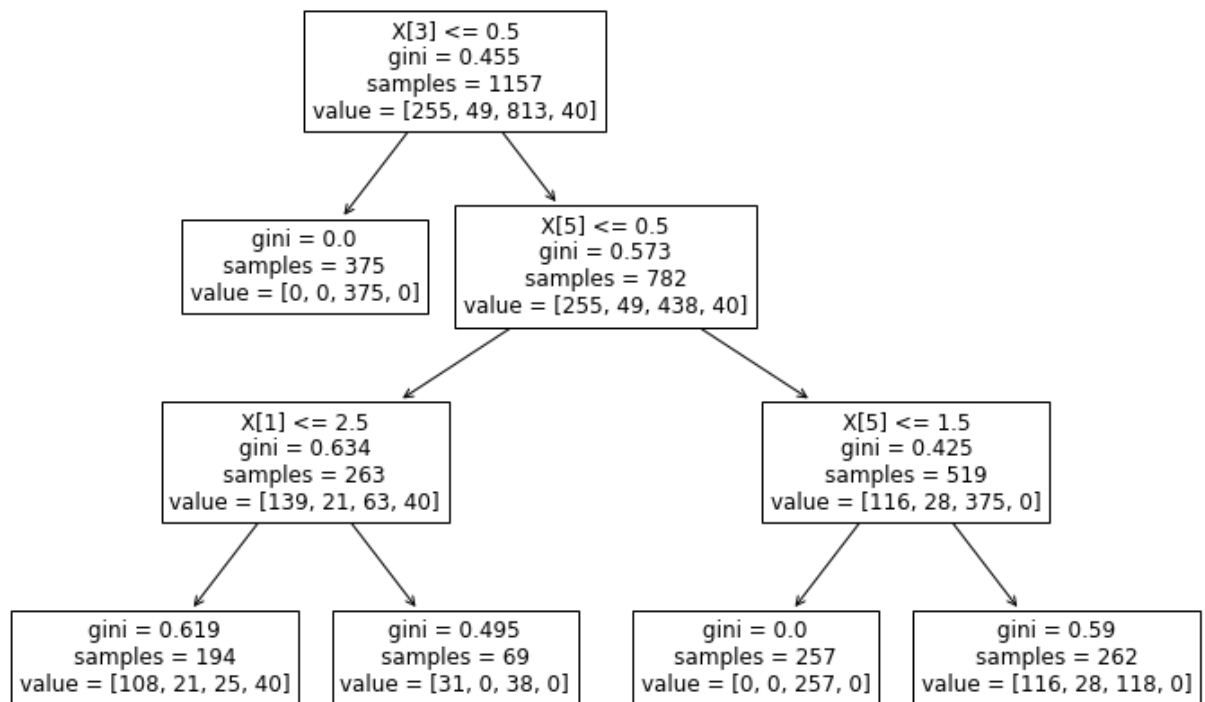
Mean Squared Error : 1.052539404553415

Root Mean Squared Error : 1.0259334308586572

## Visualize decision-trees

```
In [31]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
2
3 from sklearn import tree
4
5 tree.plot_tree(clf_gini.fit(X_train, y_train))
```

```
Out[31]: [Text(251.10000000000002, 380.52, 'X[3] <= 0.5\ngini = 0.455\nsamples = 1157\nvalue = [255, 49, 813, 40]'),
Text(167.4, 271.8, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 375\nvalue = [0, 0, 375, 0]'),
Text(334.8, 271.8, 'X[5] <= 0.5\ngini = 0.573\nsamples = 782\nvalue = [255, 49, 438, 40]'),
Text(167.4, 163.07999999999998, 'X[1] <= 2.5\ngini = 0.634\nsamples = 263\nvalue = [139, 21, 63, 40]'),
Text(83.7, 54.360000000000014, 'gini = 0.619\nsamples = 194\nvalue = [108, 21, 25, 40]'),
Text(251.10000000000002, 54.360000000000014, 'gini = 0.495\nsamples = 69\nvalue = [31, 0, 38, 0]'),
Text(502.20000000000005, 163.07999999999998, 'X[5] <= 1.5\ngini = 0.425\nsamples = 519\nvalue = [116, 28, 375, 0]'),
Text(418.5, 54.360000000000014, 'gini = 0.0\nsamples = 257\nvalue = [0, 0, 257, 0]'),
Text(585.9, 54.360000000000014, 'gini = 0.59\nsamples = 262\nvalue = [116, 28, 118, 0]')]
```



## Decision Tree Classifier with criterion entropy

```
In [32]: 1 clf_en = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy')
```

```
In [33]: 1 clf_en.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[33]: DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy')
```

## Predict the Test set results and Check accuracy score with criterion entropy

```
In [34]: 1 y_pred_en = clf_en.predict(X_test)
2 print('Model accuracy score with criterion entropy: {0:0.4f}'. format(accura
```

```
Model accuracy score with criterion entropy: 0.9720
```

## Compare the train-set and test-set score

```
In [35]: 1 y_pred_train_en = clf_en.predict(X_train)
2
3 y_pred_train_en
```

```
Out[35]: array([2, 2, 2, ..., 0, 2, 0])
```

```
In [36]: 1 print('Training-set accuracy score: {0:0.4f}'. format(accuracy_score(y_train
```

```
Training-set accuracy score: 1.0000
```

## Print the scores on training and test set

```
In [37]: 1 print('Training set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_en.score(X_train, y_train)))
2 print('Test set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_en.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

```
Training set score: 1.0000
```

```
Test set score: 0.9720
```

## INFERENCE:

Now, based on the above analysis we can conclude that our classification model accuracy is very good. Our model is doing a very good job in terms of predicting the class labels. In case of classification with criterion entropy, The training accuracy score is 1 showing the excellent training of the model on the training data, because we dint mention any parameter and the dataset is very

small, the model trained well on all the data. Whereas in the Classification with criterion gini index the training accuracy was a bit less, because the max\_depth was 3. Showing the the branching stooped at 3rd step and the model has been trained until only that.

## Confusion matrix

```
In [38]: 1 cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_en)
          2
          3 print('Confusion matrix\n\n', cm)
```

Confusion matrix

```
[[118  9  2  0]
 [ 0 20  0  0]
 [ 2  0 395  0]
 [ 3  0  0 22]]
```

```
In [39]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_en))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.91	0.94	129
1	0.69	1.00	0.82	20
2	0.99	0.99	0.99	397
3	1.00	0.88	0.94	25
accuracy			0.97	571
macro avg	0.91	0.95	0.92	571
weighted avg	0.98	0.97	0.97	571

## EVALUATION METRICS

```
In [41]: 1 print('Mean Absolute Error : ', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_e)
          2 print('Mean Squared Error : ', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_en)
          3 print('Root Mean Squared Error : ', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_tes
```

```
Mean Absolute Error : 0.04553415061295972
Mean Squared Error : 0.09106830122591944
Root Mean Squared Error : 0.30177524952507195
```

## Visualize decision-trees

```
In [42]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
2
3 from sklearn import tree
4
5 tree.plot_tree(clf_en.fit(X_train, y_train))
```

```
Out[42]: [Text(357.78319672131147, 420.384, 'X[3] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.2\nsamples = 1157\nvalue = [255, 49, 813, 40]'),
Text(346.8061475409836, 391.392, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 375\nvalue = [0, 0, 375, 0]'),
Text(368.76024590163934, 391.392, 'X[5] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.465\nsamples = 782\nvalue = [255, 49, 438, 40]'),
Text(198.6159836065574, 362.4, 'X[1] <= 2.5\nentropy = 1.684\nsamples = 263\nvalue = [139, 21, 63, 40]'),
Text(111.82868852459016, 333.408, 'X[0] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.668\nsamples = 194\nvalue = [108, 21, 25, 40]'),
Text(32.93114754098361, 304.416, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.232\nsamples = 53\nvalue = [51, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(21.95409836065574, 275.424, 'X[4] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.65\nsamples = 12\nvalue = [10, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(10.97704918032787, 246.432, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 8\nvalue = [8, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(32.93114754098361, 246.432, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [2, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(21.95409836065574, 217.44, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [2, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(43.90819672131148, 217.44, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [0, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(43.90819672131148, 275.424, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 41\nvalue = [41, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(190.72622950819672, 304.416, 'X[0] <= 2.5\nentropy = 1.88\nsamples = 141\nvalue = [57, 21, 23, 40]'),
Text(145.44590163934427, 275.424, 'X[4] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.753\nsamples = 92\nvalue = [26, 21, 5, 40]'),
Text(87.81639344262295, 246.432, 'X[1] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.196\nsamples = 59\nvalue = [13, 6, 0, 40]'),
Text(65.86229508196722, 217.44, 'X[0] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.988\nsamples = 23\nvalue = [13, 0, 0, 10]'),
Text(54.885245901639344, 188.44799999999998, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.779\nsamples = 13\nvalue = [3, 0, 0, 10]'),
Text(43.90819672131148, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 8\nvalue = [0, 0, 0, 8]'),
Text(65.86229508196722, 159.45599999999996, 'X[2] <= 2.0\nentropy = 0.971\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [3, 0, 0, 2]'),
Text(54.885245901639344, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [3, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(76.83934426229509, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [0, 0, 0, 2]'),
Text(76.83934426229509, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 10\nvalue = [10, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(109.77049180327869, 217.44, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.65\nsamples = 36\nvalue = [0, 6, 0, 30]'),
Text(98.79344262295082, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 19\nvalue = [0, 0, 0, 19]'),
Text(120.74754098360656, 188.44799999999998, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.937\nsamples = 17\nvalue = [0, 6, 0, 11]'),
```



```

Text(109.77049180327869, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [0, 5, 0, 0]'),
Text(131.72459016393444, 159.45599999999996, 'X[2] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.414\nsamples = 12\nvalue = [0, 1, 0, 11]'),
Text(120.74754098360656, 130.464, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.918\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [0, 1, 0, 2]'),
Text(109.77049180327869, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 1, 0, 0]'),
Text(131.72459016393444, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [0, 0, 0, 2]'),
Text(142.7016393442623, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 9\nvalue = [0, 0, 0, 9]'),
Text(203.07540983606557, 246.432, 'X[1] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.459\nsamples = 33\nvalue = [13, 15, 5, 0]'),
Text(175.6327868852459, 217.44, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.439\nsamples = 11\nvalue = [10, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(164.65573770491804, 188.44799999999998, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [1, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(153.67868852459017, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [1, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(175.6327868852459, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(186.60983606557377, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 9\nvalue = [9, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(230.51803278688524, 217.44, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.216\nsamples = 22\nvalue = [3, 15, 4, 0]'),
Text(208.5639344262295, 188.44799999999998, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.985\nsamples = 7\nvalue = [0, 3, 4, 0]'),
Text(197.58688524590164, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [0, 3, 0, 0]'),
Text(219.54098360655738, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [0, 0, 4, 0]'),
Text(252.47213114754098, 188.44799999999998, 'X[0] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.722\nsamples = 15\nvalue = [3, 12, 0, 0]'),
Text(241.4950819672131, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 9\nvalue = [0, 9, 0, 0]'),
Text(263.4491803278689, 159.45599999999996, 'X[1] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsamples = 6\nvalue = [3, 3, 0, 0]'),
Text(252.47213114754098, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [0, 3, 0, 0]'),
Text(274.42622950819674, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [3, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(236.00655737704918, 275.424, 'X[1] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.949\nsamples = 49\nvalue = [31, 0, 18, 0]'),
Text(225.0295081967213, 246.432, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 18\nvalue = [0, 0, 18, 0]'),
Text(246.98360655737704, 246.432, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 31\nvalue = [31, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(285.4032786885246, 333.408, 'X[0] <= 2.5\nentropy = 0.993\nsamples = 69\nvalue = [31, 0, 38, 0]'),
Text(274.42622950819674, 304.416, 'X[0] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.958\nsamples = 50\nvalue = [31, 0, 19, 0]'),
Text(263.4491803278689, 275.424, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 17\nvalue = [0, 0, 17, 0]'),
Text(285.4032786885246, 275.424, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.33\nsamples = 33\nvalue = [31, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(274.42622950819674, 246.432, 'X[4] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.863\nsamples = 7\nvalue = [0, 0, 0, 0, 7]')

```

```

value = [5, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(263.4491803278689, 217.44, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [4, 0, 0,
0]'),
Text(285.4032786885246, 217.44, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.918\nsamples = 3\nva
lue = [1, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(274.42622950819674, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalu
e = [1, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(296.3803278688525, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue
= [0, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(296.3803278688525, 246.432, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 26\nvalue = [26, 0,
0, 0]'),
Text(296.3803278688525, 304.416, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 19\nvalue = [0, 0,
19, 0]'),
Text(538.9045081967213, 362.4, 'X[5] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.049\nsamples = 519\nv
alue = [116, 28, 375, 0]'),
Text(527.9274590163934, 333.408, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 257\nvalue = [0, 0,
257, 0]'),
Text(549.8815573770491, 333.408, 'X[4] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.383\nsamples = 262
\nvalue = [116, 28, 118, 0]'),
Text(463.094262295082, 304.416, 'X[0] <= 2.5\nentropy = 1.432\nsamples = 170\n
value = [91, 28, 51, 0]'),
Text(377.3360655737705, 275.424, 'X[0] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.381\nsamples = 125
\nvalue = [74, 28, 23, 0]'),
Text(340.28852459016395, 246.432, 'X[1] <= 2.5\nentropy = 0.974\nsamples = 42
\nvalue = [25, 0, 17, 0]'),
Text(329.3114754098361, 217.44, 'X[2] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.758\nsamples = 32\nv
alue = [25, 0, 7, 0]'),
Text(318.3344262295082, 188.44799999999998, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.989\nsam
ples = 16\nvalue = [9, 0, 7, 0]'),
Text(307.35737704918034, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 7\nvalu
e = [7, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(329.3114754098361, 159.45599999999996, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.764\nsam
ples = 9\nvalue = [2, 0, 7, 0]'),
Text(318.3344262295082, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 6\nvalue = [0, 0,
6, 0]'),
Text(340.28852459016395, 130.464, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.918\nsamples = 3\n
value = [2, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(329.3114754098361, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue
= [0, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(351.2655737704918, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue
= [2, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(340.28852459016395, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 16\nval
ue = [16, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(351.2655737704918, 217.44, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 10\nvalue = [0, 0, 1
0, 0]'),
Text(414.38360655737705, 246.432, 'X[1] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.252\nsamples = 83
\nvalue = [49, 28, 6, 0]'),
Text(373.21967213114755, 217.44, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.439\nsamples = 22\n
value = [20, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(362.2426229508197, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 12\nvalu
e = [12, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(384.1967213114754, 188.44799999999998, 'X[2] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.722\nsam
ples = 10\nvalue = [8, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(373.21967213114755, 159.45599999999996, 'X[0] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.971\nsa
mples = 5\nvalue = [3, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(362.2426229508197, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [2, 0,
0, 0]'),

```

```

Text(384.1967213114754, 130.464, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.918\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [1, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(373.21967213114755, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(395.1737704918033, 101.47199999999998, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [1, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(384.1967213114754, 72.47999999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(406.15081967213115, 72.47999999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [1, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(395.1737704918033, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [5, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(455.54754098360655, 217.44, 'X[1] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.283\nsamples = 61\nvalue = [29, 28, 4, 0]'),
Text(428.1049180327869, 188.44799999999998, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.276\nsamples = 21\nvalue = [1, 20, 0, 0]'),
Text(417.127868852459, 159.45599999999996, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.722\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [1, 4, 0, 0]'),
Text(406.15081967213115, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [0, 4, 0, 0]'),
Text(428.1049180327869, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [1, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(439.08196721311475, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 16\nvalue = [0, 16, 0, 0]'),
Text(482.9901639344262, 188.44799999999998, 'X[0] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.157\nsamples = 40\nvalue = [28, 8, 4, 0]'),
Text(461.0360655737705, 159.45599999999996, 'X[1] <= 2.5\nentropy = 1.272\nsamples = 16\nvalue = [7, 8, 1, 0]'),
Text(450.0590163934426, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 8\nvalue = [0, 8, 0, 0]'),
Text(472.01311475409835, 130.464, 'X[2] <= 1.0\nentropy = 0.544\nsamples = 8\nvalue = [7, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(461.0360655737705, 101.47199999999998, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.918\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [2, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(450.0590163934426, 72.47999999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [2, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(472.01311475409835, 72.47999999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(482.9901639344262, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [5, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(504.94426229508196, 159.45599999999996, 'X[1] <= 2.5\nentropy = 0.544\nsamples = 24\nvalue = [21, 0, 3, 0]'),
Text(493.9672131147541, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 14\nvalue = [14, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(515.9213114754099, 130.464, 'X[2] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.881\nsamples = 10\nvalue = [7, 0, 3, 0]'),
Text(504.94426229508196, 101.47199999999998, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.971\nsamples = 5\nvalue = [2, 0, 3, 0]'),
Text(493.9672131147541, 72.47999999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [1, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(515.9213114754099, 72.47999999999996, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.811\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [1, 0, 3, 0]'),
Text(504.94426229508196, 43.488, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [0, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(526.8983606557377, 43.488, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [1, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(515.9213114754099, 14.495999999999981, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue

```

```

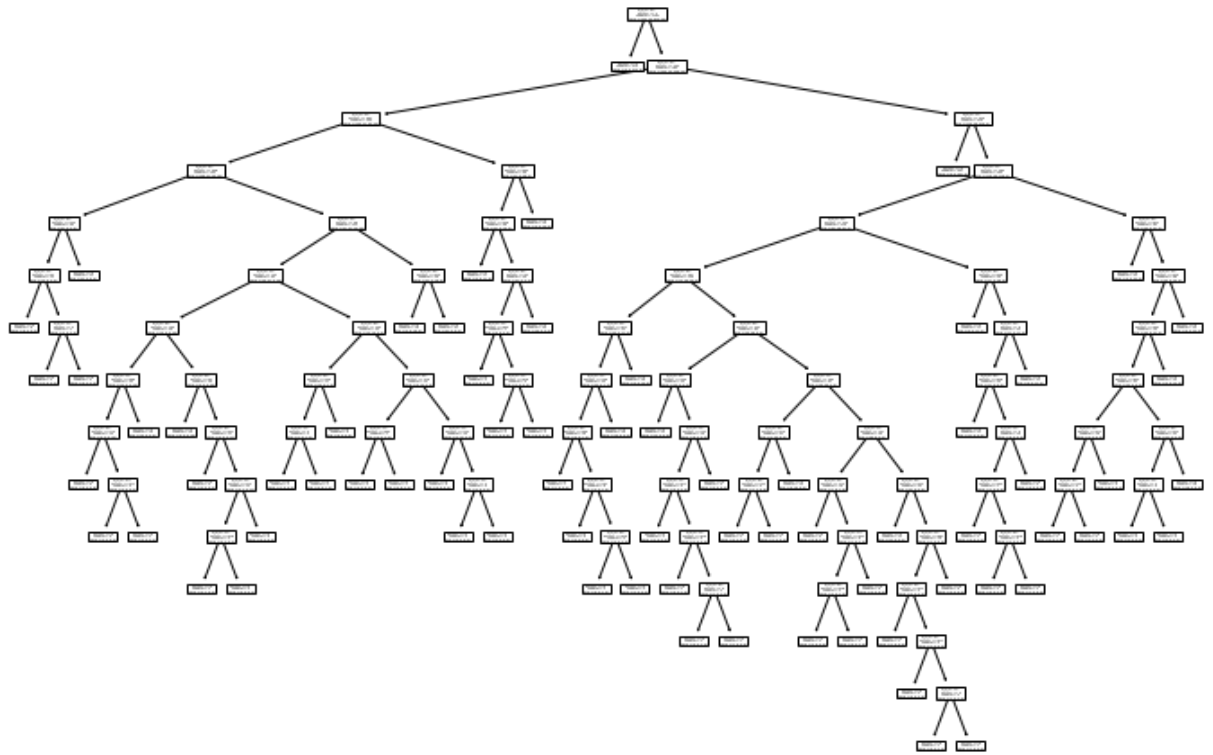
= [0, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(537.8754098360656, 14.495999999999981, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue
= [1, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(526.8983606557377, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue
= [5, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(548.8524590163935, 275.424, 'X[1] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.956\nsamples = 45\n
value = [17, 0, 28, 0]'),
Text(537.8754098360656, 246.432, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 11\nvalue = [0, 0,
11, 0]'),
Text(559.8295081967213, 246.432, 'X[1] <= 2.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsamples = 34\nva
lue = [17, 0, 17, 0]'),
Text(548.8524590163935, 217.44, 'X[4] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.828\nsamples = 23\nv
alue = [17, 0, 6, 0]'),
Text(537.8754098360656, 188.44799999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 11\nvalu
e = [11, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(559.8295081967213, 188.44799999999998, 'X[2] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsampl
es = 12\nvalue = [6, 0, 6, 0]'),
Text(548.8524590163935, 159.45599999999996, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.592\nsam
ples = 7\nvalue = [1, 0, 6, 0]'),
Text(537.8754098360656, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [0, 0,
4, 0]'),
Text(559.8295081967213, 130.464, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.918\nsamples = 3\nv
alue = [1, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(548.8524590163935, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue
= [0, 0, 2, 0]'),
Text(570.8065573770492, 101.47199999999998, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue
= [1, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(570.8065573770492, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue
= [5, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(570.8065573770492, 217.44, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 11\nvalue = [0, 0, 1
1, 0]'),
Text(636.6688524590164, 304.416, 'X[0] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.844\nsamples = 92\n
value = [25, 0, 67, 0]'),
Text(625.6918032786886, 275.424, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 24\nvalue = [0, 0,
24, 0]'),
Text(647.6459016393443, 275.424, 'X[0] <= 2.5\nentropy = 0.949\nsamples = 68\n
value = [25, 0, 43, 0]'),
Text(636.6688524590164, 246.432, 'X[1] <= 2.5\nentropy = 0.995\nsamples = 46\n
value = [25, 0, 21, 0]'),
Text(625.6918032786886, 217.44, 'X[1] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.834\nsamples = 34\nv
alue = [25, 0, 9, 0]'),
Text(603.7377049180328, 188.44799999999998, 'X[0] <= 1.5\nentropy = 0.971\nsam
ples = 10\nvalue = [4, 0, 6, 0]'),
Text(592.760655737705, 159.45599999999996, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.722\nsamp
les = 5\nvalue = [4, 0, 1, 0]'),
Text(581.7836065573771, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 0,
1, 0]'),
Text(603.7377049180328, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [4, 0,
0, 0]'),
Text(614.7147540983607, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 5\nvalue
= [0, 0, 5, 0]'),
Text(647.6459016393443, 188.44799999999998, 'X[2] <= 0.5\nentropy = 0.544\nsam
ples = 24\nvalue = [21, 0, 3, 0]'),
Text(636.6688524590164, 159.45599999999996, 'X[3] <= 1.5\nentropy = 1.0\nsampl
es = 6\nvalue = [3, 0, 3, 0]'),
Text(625.6918032786886, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [3, 0,
0, 0]'),

```

```

Text(647.6459016393443, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [0, 0, 3, 0]'),
Text(658.6229508196722, 159.45599999999996, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 18\nvalue = [18, 0, 0, 0]'),
Text(647.6459016393443, 217.44, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 12\nvalue = [0, 0, 12, 0]'),
Text(658.6229508196722, 246.432, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 22\nvalue = [0, 0, 22, 0]')]

```



## IMPORTING THE SECOND DATASET

We are using the wine dataset which is already present in the sklearn.

```

In [43]: 1 from sklearn import datasets
          2 from sklearn.datasets import load_wine

```

```

In [44]: 1 wine = datasets.load_wine(as_frame = True)

```

## Declare feature vector and target variable

data\_wine are the feature variables  
target is the target variable

```
In [45]: 1 data_wine = wine['data']
          2 target = wine['target']
          3 data_wine.head()
```

```
Out[45]:
```

	alcohol	malic_acid	ash	alcalinity_of_ash	magnesium	total_phenols	flavanoids	nonflavanoid_
0	14.23	1.71	2.43	15.6	127.0	2.80	3.06	
1	13.20	1.78	2.14	11.2	100.0	2.65	2.76	
2	13.16	2.36	2.67	18.6	101.0	2.80	3.24	
3	14.37	1.95	2.50	16.8	113.0	3.85	3.49	
4	13.24	2.59	2.87	21.0	118.0	2.80	2.69	

## EXPLORATORY DATA ANALYSIS

```
In [46]: 1 target.head()
```

```
Out[46]: 0    0
          1    0
          2    0
          3    0
          4    0
          Name: target, dtype: int32
```

```
In [47]: 1 data_wine.describe()
```

```
Out[47]:
```

	alcohol	malic_acid	ash	alcalinity_of_ash	magnesium	total_phenols	flavanoids
<b>count</b>	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000	178.000000
<b>mean</b>	13.000618	2.336348	2.366517	19.494944	99.741573	2.295112	2.029270
<b>std</b>	0.811827	1.117146	0.274344	3.339564	14.282484	0.625851	0.998859
<b>min</b>	11.030000	0.740000	1.360000	10.600000	70.000000	0.980000	0.340000
<b>25%</b>	12.362500	1.602500	2.210000	17.200000	88.000000	1.742500	1.205000
<b>50%</b>	13.050000	1.865000	2.360000	19.500000	98.000000	2.355000	2.135000
<b>75%</b>	13.677500	3.082500	2.557500	21.500000	107.000000	2.800000	2.875000
<b>max</b>	14.830000	5.800000	3.230000	30.000000	162.000000	3.880000	5.080000

```
In [48]: 1 target.describe()
```

```
Out[48]: count      178.000000  
mean         0.938202  
std          0.775035  
min          0.000000  
25%          0.000000  
50%          1.000000  
75%          2.000000  
max          2.000000  
Name: target, dtype: float64
```

```
In [49]: 1 data_wine.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[49]: alcohol                0  
malic_acid                    0  
ash                          0  
alcalinity_of_ash            0  
magnesium                    0  
total_phenols                0  
flavanoids                   0  
nonflavanoid_phenols        0  
proanthocyanins              0  
color_intensity              0  
hue                          0  
od280/od315_of_diluted_wines 0  
proline                      0  
dtype: int64
```

## Split data into separate training and test set

```
In [50]: 1 X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data_wine, target, test_
```

```
In [51]: 1 print('X train shape=', X_train.shape)  
2 print('X test shape=', X_test.shape)  
3 print('y train shape=', y_train.shape)  
4 print('y test shape=', y_test.shape)
```

```
X train shape= (106, 13)  
X test shape= (72, 13)  
y train shape= (106,)  
y test shape= (72,)
```

## Decision Tree Classifier with criterion gini index

```
In [52]: 1 clf_gini = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='gini')  
2 clf_gini.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[52]: DecisionTreeClassifier()
```

## Predict the Test set results and Check accuracy score

```
In [53]: 1 y_pred_gini = clf_gini.predict(X_test)
```

```
In [54]: 1 print('Model accuracy score with criterion gini index: {0:0.4f}'.format(acc
```

Model accuracy score with criterion gini index: 0.9306

## Compare the train-set and test-set accuracy

```
In [55]: 1 y_pred_train_gini = clf_gini.predict(X_train)
2
3 y_pred_train_gini
```

```
Out[55]: array([2, 2, 1, 1, 0, 2, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1,
1, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 1, 2, 2, 0, 1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 2, 1,
1, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 2, 2, 1, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2,
0, 2, 2, 0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 0, 2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 0,
2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1, 0, 0, 2, 1, 1, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 0])
```

```
In [56]: 1 print('Training-set accuracy score: {0:0.4f}'.format(accuracy_score(y_train
```

Training-set accuracy score: 1.0000

## Print the scores on training and test set

```
In [57]: 1 print('Training set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_gini.score(X_train, y_train)))
2
3 print('Test set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_gini.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

Training set score: 1.0000

Test set score: 0.9306

## EVALUATION METRICS

```
In [58]: 1 print('Mean Absolute Error : ', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_g
2 print('Mean Squared Error : ', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_gin
3 print('Root Mean Squared Error : ', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_tes
```

Mean Absolute Error : 0.08333333333333333

Mean Squared Error : 0.11111111111111111

Root Mean Squared Error : 0.3333333333333333

## Classification Report



```
In [59]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_gini))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.96	0.93	0.95	28
1	0.93	0.93	0.93	27
2	0.89	0.94	0.91	17
accuracy			0.93	72
macro avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	72
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	72

## Decision Tree Classifier with criterion entropy

```
In [60]: 1 clf_en = DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy',max_depth=4)
```

```
In [61]: 1 clf_en.fit(X_train, y_train)
```

```
Out[61]: DecisionTreeClassifier(criterion='entropy', max_depth=4)
```

## Predict the Test set results and Check accuracy score

```
In [62]: 1 y_pred_en = clf_en.predict(X_test)
2 print('Model accuracy score with criterion entropy: {0:0.4f}'.format(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_en)))
```

```
Model accuracy score with criterion entropy: 0.9306
```

## Compare the train-set and test-set accuracy

```
In [64]: 1 y_pred_train_en = clf_en.predict(X_train)
2 print('Training-set accuracy score: {0:0.4f}'.format(accuracy_score(y_train, y_pred_train)))
```

```
Training-set accuracy score: 1.0000
```

## Print the scores on training and test set

```
In [65]: 1 print('Training set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_en.score(X_train, y_train)))
2 print('Test set score: {:.4f}'.format(clf_en.score(X_test, y_test)))
```

```
Training set score: 1.0000
```

```
Test set score: 0.9306
```

## EVALUATION METRICS

```
In [68]: 1 print('Mean Absolute Error : ', metrics.mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred_e
2 print('Mean Squared Error : ', metrics.mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred_en)
3 print('Root Mean Squared Error : ', np.sqrt(metrics.mean_squared_error(y_tes
```

Mean Absolute Error : 0.06944444444444445

Mean Squared Error : 0.06944444444444445

Root Mean Squared Error : 0.26352313834736496

## Confusion matrix

```
In [69]: 1 cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred_en)
2 print('Confusion matrix\n\n', cm)
```

Confusion matrix

```
[[27  1  0]
 [ 3 24  0]
 [ 0  1 16]]
```

## Classification Report

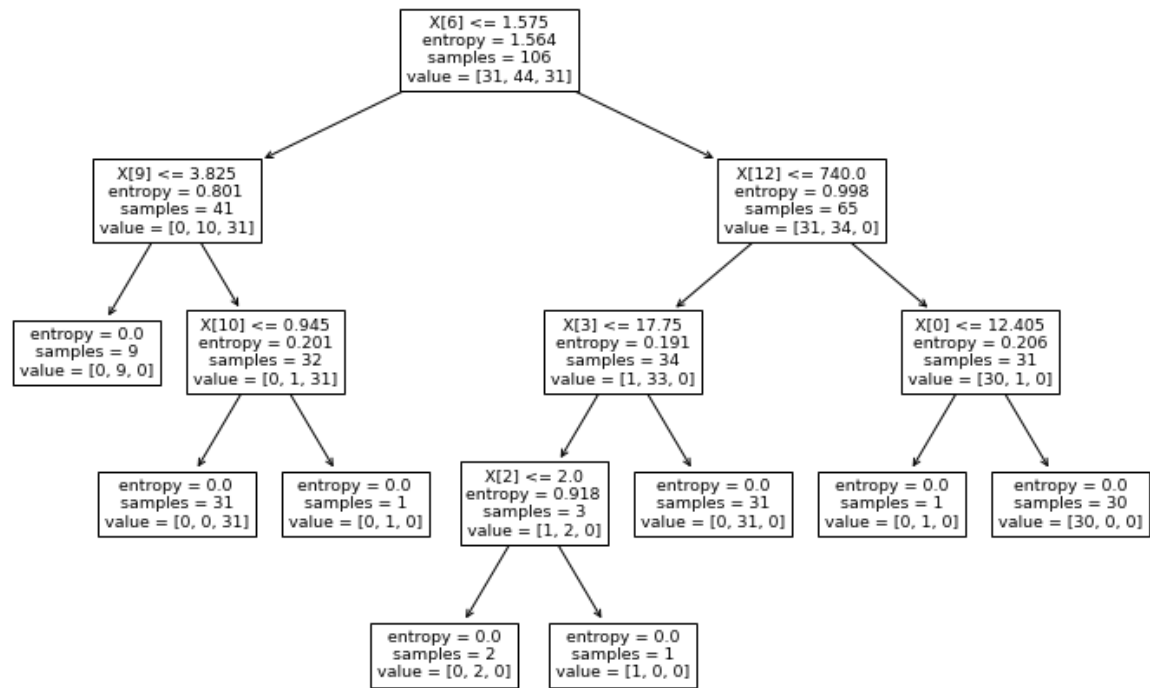
```
In [70]: 1 print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred_en))
```

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.90	0.96	0.93	28
1	0.92	0.89	0.91	27
2	1.00	0.94	0.97	17
accuracy			0.93	72
macro avg	0.94	0.93	0.94	72
weighted avg	0.93	0.93	0.93	72

## Visualize decision-trees¶

```
In [71]: 1 plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
        2
        3 from sklearn import tree
        4
        5 tree.plot_tree(clf_en.fit(X_train, y_train))
```

```
Out[71]: [Text(283.2923076923077, 391.392, 'X[6] <= 1.575\nentropy = 1.564\nsamples = 10\nvalue = [31, 44, 31]'),
Text(103.01538461538462, 304.416, 'X[9] <= 3.825\nentropy = 0.801\nsamples = 4\nvalue = [0, 10, 31]'),
Text(51.50769230769231, 217.44, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 9\nvalue = [0, 9, 0]'),
Text(154.52307692307693, 217.44, 'X[10] <= 0.945\nentropy = 0.201\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [0, 1, 31]'),
Text(103.01538461538462, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 31\nvalue = [0, 0, 31]'),
Text(206.03076923076924, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 1, 0]'),
Text(463.5692307692308, 304.416, 'X[12] <= 740.0\nentropy = 0.998\nsamples = 6\nvalue = [31, 34, 0]'),
Text(360.55384615384617, 217.44, 'X[3] <= 17.75\nentropy = 0.191\nsamples = 34\nvalue = [1, 33, 0]'),
Text(309.04615384615386, 130.464, 'X[2] <= 2.0\nentropy = 0.918\nsamples = 3\nvalue = [1, 2, 0]'),
Text(257.53846153846155, 43.488, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 2\nvalue = [0, 2, 0]'),
Text(360.55384615384617, 43.488, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [1, 0, 0]'),
Text(412.0615384615385, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 31\nvalue = [0, 31, 0]'),
Text(566.5846153846154, 217.44, 'X[0] <= 12.405\nentropy = 0.206\nsamples = 31\nvalue = [30, 1, 0]'),
Text(515.0769230769231, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 1\nvalue = [0, 1, 0]'),
Text(618.0923076923077, 130.464, 'entropy = 0.0\nsamples = 30\nvalue = [30, 0, 0]')]
```



## CONCLUSION:

Imported two dataset and performed classification using decision tree with various criterion. Evaluated each model on various evaluation metrics.

## REFERENCES:

<https://www.kaggle.com/code/prashant111/decision-tree-classifier-tutorial/notebook>  
<https://www.kaggle.com/code/prashant111/decision-tree-classifier-tutorial/notebook>  
<https://www.kaggle.com/code/satishgunjal/tutorial-decision-tree/notebook>  
<https://www.kaggle.com/code/satishgunjal/tutorial-decision-tree/notebook> <https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier.html> <https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.tree.DecisionTreeClassifier.html>