

Started on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 8:15 AM

State Finished

Completed on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 8:37 AM

Time taken 22 mins 4 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade 10.00 out of 10.00 (100%)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

void function (int n)

```
{  
    int i= 1;  
    int s =1;  
    while(s <= n)  
    {  
        i++;  
        s += i;  
    }  
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

For example:

Input	Result
9	12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

[Reset answer](#)

Ace editor not ready. Perhaps reload page?

Falling back to raw text area.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void function(int);
int count;
int main()
{
    int n;
    scanf("%d", &n);
    function(n);
    printf("%d", count);
}
void function(int n)
{
    int i=1;
    count++;
    int s=1;
    count++;
    while(s<=n)
    {
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	9	12	12	✓
✓	4	9	9	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Started on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 8:39 AM

State Finished

Completed on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 9:01 AM

Time taken 22 mins 9 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using the counter method.

```
void func(int n)
{
    if(n==1)
    {
        printf("*");
    }
    else
    {
        for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
        {
            for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
            {
                printf("*");
                printf("*");
                break;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

[Reset answer](#)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void function(int);
3  int count=0;
4  int main()
5  {
6      int n;
7      scanf("%d",&n);
8      function(n);
9      printf("%d",count);
10 }
11 void function(int n)
12 {
13     if(n==1)
14     {
15         count++;
16         //printf("*");
17         count++;
18     }
19     else
20     {count++;
21       for(int i=1; i<=n; i++)
22       {count++;
23         for(int j=1; j<=n; j++)
24         {count++;
25           //printf("*");
```

```
26         count++;
27         //printf("*");
28         count++;
29         break;
30     }
31     count++;
32 }
33 count++;
34 }
35
36 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	2	12	12	✓
✓	1000	5002	5002	✓
✓	143	717	717	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Started on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 9:02 AM

State Finished

Completed on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 9:14 AM

Time taken 12 mins 40 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
Factor(num) {
{
    for (i = 1; i <= num; ++i)
    {
        if (num % i == 0)
        {
            printf("%d ", i);
        }
    }
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and counter variable printf() statement.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

Reset answer

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void factor(int num);
3  int count=0;
4  int main()
5  {
6      int num;
7      scanf("%d",&num);
8      factor(num);
9      printf("%d",count);
10 }
11 void factor( int num)
12 {
13     for(int i=1;i<=num;i++)
14     {count++;
15         count++;
16         if(num % i==0)
17         {
18             //printf("%d",i);
19             count++;
20         }
21     }count++;
22 }
23
24
25
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	31	31	✓

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	25	54	54	✓
✓	4	12	12	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Started on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 9:16 AM

State Finished

Completed on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 9:32 AM

Time taken 15 mins 59 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time

complexity using counter method.

```
void function(int n)
{
    int c= 0;
    for(int i=n/2; i<n; i++)
        for(int j=1; j<n; j = 2 * j)
            for(int k=1; k<n; k = k * 2)
                c++;
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

[Reset answer](#)

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void function(int n);
3  int count =0;
4  int main()
5  {
6      int n;
7      scanf("%d",&n);
8      function(n);
9      printf("%d",count);
10 }
11 void function(int n)
12 {
13     int c=0;
14     count++;
15     for(int i=n/2;i<n;i++)
16     {
17         count++;
18         for(int j=1;j<n;j=2*j)
19         {
20             count++;
21             for(int k=1; k<n; k=k*2)
22             {
23                 count++;
24                 c++;
25                 count++;
26             }
27             count++;
28         }
29         count++;
30     }
31     count++;
32 }
33
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	30	30	✓
✓	10	212	212	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Started on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 9:32 AM

State Finished

Completed on Thursday, 31 July 2025, 9:39 AM

Time taken 6 mins 7 secs

Marks 1.00/1.00

Grade **10.00** out of 10.00 (**100%**)

Question 1 | Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Convert the following algorithm into a program and find its time complexity using counter method.

```
void reverse(int n)
{
    int rev = 0, remainder;
    while (n != 0)
    {
        remainder = n % 10;
        rev = rev * 10 + remainder;
        n /= 10;
    }
    print(rev);
}
```

Note: No need of counter increment for declarations and scanf() and count variable printf() statements.

Input:

A positive Integer n

Output:

Print the value of the counter variable

Answer:

Reset answer

```
1  #include<stdio.h>
2  void reverse(int n);
3  int count=0;
4  int main()
5  {
6      int n;
7      scanf("%d",&n);
8      reverse(n);
9      printf("%d",count);
10 }
11 void reverse(int n)
12 {
13     int rev=0,remainder;
14     count++;
15     while(n!=0)
16     {
17         count++;
18         remainder = n%10;
19         count++;
20         rev= rev*10 + remainder;
21         count++;
22         n/=10;
23         count++;
24     }
25     count++;
26     //print(rev);
27     count++;
28 }
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	12	11	11	✓
✓	1234	19	19	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.