# **CS23336-Introduction to Python Programming**

Started on Monday, 21 October 2024, 10:57 PM

Finished

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Time taken 3 days 13 hours **Marks** 10.00/10.00

**100.00** out of 100.00 Grade

#### Question 1

Correct Mark 1.00 out of 1.00 Flag guestion

#### **Ouestion text**

You are given an integer tuple nums containing distinct numbers. Your task is to perform a sequence of operations on this tuple until it becomes empty. The operations are defined as follows:

- 1. If the first element of the tuple has the smallest value in the entire tuple, remove it.
- 2. Otherwise, move the first element to the end of the tuple.

You need to return an integer denoting the number of operations required to make the tuple empty.

#### **Constraints**

- The input tuple nums contains distinct integers.
- The operations must be performed using tuples and sets to maintain immutability and efficiency.
- Your function should accept the tuple nums as input and return the total number of operations as an integer.

#### Example:

```
Input: nums = (3, 4, -1)
Output: 5
Explanation:
Operation 1: [3, 4, -1] -> First element is not the smallest, move to the end -> [4, -1, 3]
Operation 2: [4, -1, 3] -> First element is not the smallest, move to the end -> [-1, 3, 4]
Operation 3: [-1, 3, 4] -> First element is the smallest, remove it -> [3, 4]
Operation 4: [3, 4] -> First element is the smallest, remove it -> [4]
Operation 5: [4] -> First element is the smallest, remove it -> []
Total operations: 5
```

For example:

#### Result Test

```
print(count_operations((3, 4, -1))) 5
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

# Reset answer

```
def count operations(nums: tuple) -> int:
    0=qo
    nums=list(nums)
    while nums:
       if nums[0]== min(nums):
            nums.pop(0)
            nums.append(nums.pop(0))
    return op
```

Test	<b>Expected Got</b>	
<pre>print(count_operations((3, 4, -1)))</pre>	5	5
<pre>print(count_operations((1, 2, 3, 4, 5)))</pre>	5	5
<pre>print(count_operations((5, 4, 3, 2, 1)))</pre>	15	15
<pre>print(count_operations((42, )))</pre>	1	1
<pre>print(count_operations((-2, 3, -5, 4, 1))</pre>	) 11	11

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 2**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Flag question

#### **Question text**

The DNA sequence is composed of a series of nucleotides abbreviated as 'A', 'C', 'G', and 'T'.

• For example, "ACGAATTCCG" is a **DNA sequence**.

When studying **DNA**, it is useful to identify repeated sequences within the DNA.

Given a string s that represents a **DNA sequence**, return all the **10-letter-long** sequences (substrings) that occur more than once in a DNA molecule. You may return the answer in **any order**.

# Example 1:

```
Input: s = "AAAAACCCCCAAAAACCCCCCAAAAAGGGTTT"
Output: ["AAAAACCCCC","CCCCCAAAAA"]
```

## Example 2:

Input: s = "AAAAAAAAAAA"
Output: ["AAAAAAAAAA"]

For example:

Input Result

AAAAACCCCCAAAAAAGGGTTT AAAAACCCCCC
CCCCAAAAAA

Input Expected Got

AAAAACCCCCAAAAAACCCCCCAAAAAAGGGTTT AAAAAACCCCC AAAAAACCCCC CCCCAAAAA

ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ ΑΑΑΑΑΑΑΑ

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 3**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Given a tuple and a positive integer k, the task is to find the count of distinct pairs in the tuple whose sum is equal to K.

#### **Examples:**

```
Input: t = (5, 6, 5, 7, 7, 8), K = 13

Output: 2

Explanation:

Pairs with sum K(=13) are \{(5, 8), (6, 7), (6, 7)\}.

Therefore, distinct pairs with sum K(=13) are \{(5, 8), (6, 7)\}.

Therefore, the required output is 2.
```

For example:

#### **Input Result**

```
1,2,1,2,5
3
1,2
0
```

```
1  def fun(t, k):
2     s= set()
3     p=set()
4     for n in t:
5          c=k - n
6          if c in s:
7
8          p.add(tuple(sorted((n,c))))
9          s.add(n)
10     return len(p)
```

```
11     t=tuple(map(int,input().split(',')))
12     k=int(input())
13     print(fun(t,k))
```

# Input Expected Got

```
5,6,5,7,7,8 2 2 2
1,2,1,2,5 1 1
1,2 0 0 0
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 4**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

### **Question text**

Given an array of integers nums containing n+1 integers where each integer is in the range [1, n] inclusive. There is only **one repeated number** in nums, return this repeated number. Solve the problem using set.

# Example 1:

```
Input: nums = [1,3,4,2,2]
Output: 2
Example 2:
Input: nums = [3,1,3,4,2]
```

For example:

Output: 3

### Input Result

1 3 4 4 2 4



Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 5**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Flag question

#### **Question text**

# Check if a set is a subset of another set.

Example:

Sample Input1:

mango apple

mango orange

mango

output1:

yes

set3 is subset of set1 and set2

input2:

mango orange

banana orange

grapes

output2:

no



For example:

Tes	t Input	Result
1	mango apple mango orange mango	yes set3 is subset of set1 and set2

mango orange 2 banana orange No grapes

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### **Feedback**

Test	t <b>Input</b>	Expect	ed	Got	
1	mango apple mango orange mango	yes set3 is subset of	yes set1 and set2 set3	is subset of se	t1 and set2
2	mango orange banana orange grapes	e No	No		

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 6**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00
Flag question

#### **Question text**

Program to print all the distinct elements in an array. Distinct elements are nothing but the unique (non-duplicate) elements present in the given array.

Input Format:

First line take an Integer input from stdin which is array length n.

Second line take n Integers which is inputs of array.

Output Format:

Print the Distinct Elements in Array in single line which is space Separated

Example Input:

5

12234

Output:

1234

For example:

# **Input Result**

```
1
2
2
        1 2 3 4
3
```

```
Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

1  n=int(input())
    2 a=[]
    3 for _ in range(n):
4 b=int(input())
    5 a.appe
6 a=set(a)
7 print(*a)
```

# Feedback

2

# Input Expected Got

```
5
1
2
      1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4
3
4
6
1
1
2
2
      1 2 3
              1 2 3
3
5
11
22
      11 22
               11 22
11
22
11
10
1
```

```
3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5 1 2 3 4 5
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 7**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Write a program to eliminate the common elements in the given 2 arrays and print only the non-repeating elements and the total number of such non-repeating elements.

Input Format:

The first line contains space-separated values, denoting the size of the two arrays in integer format respectively.

The next two lines contain the space-separated integer arrays to be compared.

### Sample Input:

# Sample Output:

1 5 10

3

### Sample Input:

12345

12345

5 5

Sample Output:

NO SUCH ELEMENTS

For example:

# Input Result

```
5 4
1 2 8 6 5 3 1 5 10
2 6 8 10 3
5 5
1 2 3 4 5 NO SUCH ELEMENTS
1 2 3 4 5
```

```
1 s1,s2=map(int,input().split())
2 a1=list(map(int,input().split()))
3 a2=list(map(int,input().split()))
4 c=set(a1+a2)
```

```
5  ce=set(a1)&set(a2)
6  n=sorted(c-ce)
7 * if n:
8     print(*n)
9     print(len(n))
10 * else:
11     print("NO SUCH ELEMENTS")
```

Input	Expected	Got
5 4 1 2 8 6 5 3 2 6 8 10	L 5 10 3	1 5 10 3
3 3 10 10 10 1 10 11 12	11 12	11 12 2
5 5 1 2 3 4 5 N 1 2 3 4 5	NO SUCH ELEMENTS	NO SUCH ELEMENTS

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 8**

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

#### **Question text**

Given an array of strings words, return the words that can be typed using letters of the alphabet on only one row of American keyboard like the image below.

# In the American keyboard:

- the first row consists of the characters "qwertyuiop",
- the second row consists of the characters "asdfghjkl", and
- the third row consists of the characters "zxcvbnm".



# Example 1:

```
Input: words = ["Hello","Alaska","Dad","Peace"]
Output: ["Alaska","Dad"]
```

# Example 2:

```
Input: words = ["omk"]
```

Output: []

## Example 3:

```
Input: words = ["adsdf","sfd"]
Output: ["adsdf","sfd"]
```

For example:

#### **Input Result**

```
4
Hello
Alaska
Dad
Peace

2
adsfd
afd
```

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

#### **Feedback**

# Input Expected Got

```
Hello
Hello Alaska
Alaska Dad
                     Alaska
                     Dad
Dad
Peace
1
        No words
                     No words
omk
2
        adsfd
                     adsfd
{\sf adsfd}
                     afd
        afd
afd
```

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Ouestion 9**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

There is a malfunctioning keyboard where some letter keys do not work. All other keys on the keyboard work properly.

Given a string text of words separated by a single space (no leading or trailing spaces) and a string brokenLetters of all

distinct letter keys that are broken, return the number of words in text you can fully type using this keyboard.

Example 1:

Input: text = "hello world", brokenLetters = "ad"

Output:

1

Explanation: We cannot type "world" because the 'd' key is broken.

For example:

	Input	Result
hello world ad		1

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Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 import re
2 a=input()
3 a=a.lower()
4 b=input()
5 b=b.lower()
6 c=re.findall(r'[a-z]+',a)
7 d=re.findall(r'[a-z]',b)
8 res=0
9 for i in d:
10 for j in c:
11 if i not in j:
12 pass
13 else:
14 c.remove(j)
15 print(len(c))
```

#### **Feedback**

Input	Expected	<b>Expected Got</b>	
hello world ad	1	1	
Welcome to REC e	1	1	
Faculty Upskilling in Python Programmin ak	<sup>9</sup> 2	2	

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

# **Question 10**

Correct
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Flag question

# **Question text**

Coders here is a simple task for you, Given string str. Your task is to check whether it is a binary string or not by using python set.

Examples:

Input: str = "01010101010"

Output: Yes

Input: str = "REC101"

Output: No

For example:

#### Input Result

01010101010 Yes

010101 10101 No

Answer:(penalty regime: 0 %)

```
b=set(a)
    print("No")
```

#### **Feedback**

#### Input **Expected Got**

01010101010 Yes Yes REC123 No No 010101 10101 No No

Passed all tests!

Correct

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

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