

Section: Week-14-Structures and Unions

Not secure rajalakshmicolleges.org/moodle/course/section.php?id=41

REC-CIS

KAVYASRI V 2024-CSE K2

Week-14-Structures and Unions

Dashboard / My courses / GE23131-PUC-2024 / Week-14-Structures and Unions

Navigation

Dashboard

Site home

Site pages

My courses

GE23131-PUC-2024

Participants

Competencies

Grades

General

Skill Test-01-MCQ & Coding

Lecture Notes

Week-01-Overview of C, Constants, Variables and Data Types

Assessment-01-Overview of C, Constants, Variables and Data Types

Week-02-Operators and Expressions, Managing Arrays and Strings

Assessment-13-Passing Arrays and Strings to Functions

Week-14-Structures and Unions

Assessment-13-Passing Arrays and Strings to Functions

Jump to...

Week-15-Pointers

Week-15-Pointers

Done

Type here to search

NIFTY +0.34%

23:45 14-01-2025

# GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Navigation

- Dashboard
  - Site home
  - Site pages
- My courses
  - GE23131-PUC-2024
    - Participants
    - Competencies
    - Grades
    - General
    - Skill Test-01-MCQ & Coding
    - Lecture Notes
    - Week-01-Overview of C, Constants, Variables and Da...
    - Assessment-01-Overview of C, Constants, Variables ...
    - Week-02-Operators and Expressions, Managing Input ...
    - Assessment-02-Operators and Expressions, Managing

Attempts allowed: 4

This quiz has been configured so that students may only attempt it using the Safe Exam Browser.

Time limit: 1 hour 30 mins

Grading method: Highest grade

Your attempts

Attempt 1	
Status	Finished
Started	Wednesday, 15 January 2025, 12:06 PM
Completed	Wednesday, 15 January 2025, 12:40 PM
Duration	33 mins 55 secs
Review	

The Safe Exam Browser keys could not be validated. Check that you're using Safe Exam Browser with the correct configuration file.

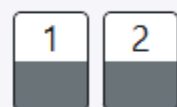
Launch Safe Exam Browser

Download configuration

REC-CIS

# GE23131-Programming Using C-2024

Quiz navigation



Show one page at a time

Finish review

Status	Finished
Started	Wednesday, 15 January 2025, 12:06 PM
Completed	Wednesday, 15 January 2025, 12:40 PM
Duration	33 mins 55 secs

Question 1

Correct

Flag question

You are transporting some boxes through a tunnel, where each box is a parallelepiped, and is characterized by its length, width and height.

The height of the tunnel **41** feet and the width can be assumed to be infinite. A box can be carried through the tunnel only if its height is strictly less than the tunnel's height. Find the volume of each box that can be successfully transported to the other end of the tunnel. Note: Boxes cannot be rotated.

Input Format

The first line contains a single integer ***n***, denoting the number of boxes.

***n*** lines follow with three integers on each separated by single spaces - ***length<sub>i</sub>***, ***width<sub>i</sub>*** and ***height<sub>i</sub>*** which are length, width and height in feet of the ***i***-th box.

Constraints

$$1 \leq n \leq 100$$



REC-CIS

**$1 \leq \text{length}_i, \text{width}_i, \text{height}_i \leq 100$**

Output Format

For every box from the input which has a height lesser than **41** feet, print its volume in a separate line.

Sample Input 0

4

5 5 5

1 2 40

10 5 41

7 2 42

Sample Output 0

125

80

Explanation 0

The first box is really low, only **5** feet tall, so it can pass through the tunnel and its volume is  **$5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$** .

The second box is sufficiently low, its volume is  **$1 \times 2 \times 4 = 80$** .

REC-CIS

The first box is really low, only **5** feet tall, so it can pass through the tunnel and its volume is  **$5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$** .

The second box is sufficiently low, its volume is  **$1 \times 2 \times 4 = 80$** .

The third box is exactly **41** feet tall, so it cannot pass. The same can be said about the fourth box.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```
1 #include<stdio.h>
2 struct Box{
3     int length;
4     int width;
5     int height;
6 };
7 int main(){
8     int n;
9     scanf("%d",&n);
10    struct Box boxes[n];
11    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
12        scanf("%d %d %d",&boxes[i].length,&boxes[i].width,&boxes[i].height);
13    }
14    for(int i=0; i<n;i++){
15        if(boxes[i].height< 41){
16            int volume =boxes[i].length*boxes[i].width*boxes[i].height;
17            printf("%d \n",volume);
18        }
19    }
20    return 0;
21 }
22
23 }
```

REC-CIS

```

15 for(int i=0; i<n;i++){
16
17     if(boxes[i].height< 41){
18         int volume =boxes[i].length*boxes[i].width*boxes[i].height;
19         printf("%d \n",volume);
20     }
21 }
22 return 0;
23 }
    
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4	125	125	✓
	5 5 5	80	80	
	1 2 40			
	10 5 41			
	7 2 42			

Passed all tests! ✓

Question **2**

Correct

Flag question

You are given  $n$  triangles, specifically, their sides  $a_i$ ,  $b_i$  and  $c_i$ . Print them in the same style but sorted by their areas from the smallest one to the largest one. It is guaranteed that all the areas are different.

The best way to calculate a volume of the triangle with sides  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  is Heron's formula:

$$S = \sqrt{p * (p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c)} \text{ where } p = (a + b + c) / 2.$$



## REC-CIS

## Input Format

First line of each test file contains a single integer  **$n$** .  **$n$**  lines follow with  **$a_i$** ,  **$b_i$**  and  **$c_i$**  on each separated by single spaces.

## Constraints

$$1 \leq n \leq 100$$

$$1 \leq a_i, b_i, c_i \leq 70$$

$$a_i + b_i > c_i, a_i + c_i > b_i \text{ and } b_i + c_i > a_i$$

## Output Format

Print exactly  **$n$**  lines. On each line print **3** integers separated by single spaces, which are  **$a_i$** ,  **$b_i$**  and  **$c_i$**  of the corresponding triangle.

## Sample Input 0

3

7 24 25

5 12 13

3 4 5

## Sample Output 0



REC-CIS

3 4 5

5 12 13

7 24 25

Explanation 0

The square of the first triangle is **84**. The square of the second triangle is **30**. The square of the third triangle is **6**. So the sorted order is the reverse one.

**Answer:** (penalty regime: 0 %)

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  #include<math.h>
3  typedef struct{
4      int a; int b; int c;
5      double area;
6  }Triangle;
7  void swap(Triangle *a,Triangle*b){
8      Triangle temp=*a;
9      *a=*b;
10     *b=temp;
11 }
12 void asced(Triangle arr[],int n){
13     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
14         for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++){
15             if(arr[i].area>arr[j].area){
16                 swap(&arr[i],&arr[j]);
17             }
18         }
19     }
20 }
21 int main(){
22     int n;

```



# REC-CIS

```

17         }
18     }
19 }
20 }
21 int main(){
22     int n;
23     scanf("%d",&n);
24     Triangle triangles[n];
25     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
26         scanf("%d %d %d",&triangles[i].a,&triangles[i].b,&triangles[i].c);
27         double s=(triangles[i].a+triangles[i].b+triangles[i].c)/2.0;
28         triangles[i].area=sqrt(s*(s-triangles[i].a)*(s-triangles[i].b)*(s-triangles[i].c));
29     }
30     asced(triangles,n);
31     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
32         printf("%d %d %d\n",triangles[i].a,triangles[i].b,triangles[i].c);
33     }
34     return 0;
35 }
36
37
38

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	3 4 5	3 4 5	✓
	7 24 25	5 12 13	5 12 13	
	5 12 13	7 24 25	7 24 25	
	3 4 5			

Passed all tests! ✓

REC-CIS

```

22     int n;
23     scanf("%d",&n);
24     Triangle triangles[n];
25     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
26         scanf("%d %d %d",&triangles[i].a,&triangles[i].b,&triangles[i].c);
27         double s=(triangles[i].a+triangles[i].b+triangles[i].c)/2.0;
28         triangles[i].area=sqrt(s*(s-triangles[i].a)*(s-triangles[i].b)*(s-triangles[i].c));
29     }
30     asced(triangles,n);
31     for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
32         printf("%d %d %d\n",triangles[i].a,triangles[i].b,triangles[i].c);
33     }
34     return 0;
35 }
36
37
38

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3	3 4 5	3 4 5	✓
	7 24 25	5 12 13	5 12 13	
	5 12 13	7 24 25	7 24 25	
	3 4 5			

Passed all tests! ✓

Finish review