

1. Write your own program using arithmetic operators.

```
--->
package Assignment5;
//binary arithmetic operators
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Ques1 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a first Number: ");
        int num1=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter a second Number: ");
        int num2=sc.nextInt();

        int sum=num1+num2;
        int sub=num1-num2;
        int mul=num1*num2;
        int div=num1/num2;
        int mod=num1%num2;

        System.out.println("Addition: "+sum);
        System.out.println("Subtraction: "+sub);
        System.out.println("Multiplication: "+mul);
        System.out.println("Division: "+div);
        System.out.println("Modulus: "+mod);

        System.out.println("prints then Increment "+num1++);    //post increment
        System.out.println("Increment then Prints: "+ ++num2); //pre increment
        System.out.println("Prints then Decrement: "+num1--);  //posr decrement
        System.out.println("Decrement then Prints: "+ --num2); //pre decrement
    }
}
```

2. Write your own program using arithmetic assignment operators.

```
--->
package Assignment5;
//Assigned operations are +=, -=, *=, /=, %=
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Ques2 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a First Number: ");
        int num1=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter a Second Number: ");
        int num2=sc.nextInt();

        System.out.println(num1+=num2); //this performs a=a+b
        System.out.println(num1-=num2); //a=a-b
        System.out.println(num1*=num2); //a=a*b
        System.out.println(num1/=num2); //a=a/b
        System.out.println(num1%=num2); //a=a%b
    }
}
```

```
}
```

3. Write your own program using relational operators.

--->

```
package Assignment5;
```

```
//relational operators are ==,!=,>,<,<=,>=
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Ques3 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter the First number: ");
```

```
        int num1= sc.nextInt();
```

```
        System.out.println("Enter the Second number: ");
```

```
        int num2=sc.nextInt();
```

```
        //it will give the boolean value
```

```
        System.out.println("num1 > num2 is "+ (num1>num2));
```

```
        System.out.println("num1 < num2 is "+ (num1<num2));
```

```
        System.out.println("num1 == num2 is "+ (num1==num2));
```

```
        System.out.println("num1 >= num2 is "+ (num1>=num2));
```

```
        System.out.println("num1 <= num2 is "+ (num1<=num2));
```

```
        System.out.println("num1 != num2 is "+ (num1!=num2));
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

4. Write your own program using logical operators.

--->

```
package Assignment5;
```

```
//logical operators &&,||,!
```

```
public class Ques4 {
```

```
    public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
```

```
        boolean a = true;
```

```
        boolean b = false;
```

```
        System.out.println("a: "+a);
```

```
        System.out.println("b: "+b);
```

```
        System.out.println("a && b: " + (a && b)); //both condition should be true
```

```
        System.out.println("a || b: "+(a || b)); //one of the condition should be true
```

```
        System.out.println("!a: "+ !a); //the result will be opposite in not operator
```

```
        System.out.println("!b: "+ !b);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

5. Write your own program to show the use of assignment operator.

--->

6. Write a program to check age of student is greater than 18.

--->

```
package Assignment5;
```

```

import java.util.Scanner;
public class Ques5 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a student age: ");
        int age=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println(age>18);
    }

}

```

7. Write a program to check number is even or odd.

--->

```
package Assignment5;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Ques6 {
```

```

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number: ");
        int num=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println("If number is even then it will print true or else false ");
        System.out.println(num%2==0); //checks even and odd number
    }
}

```

8. write a program to check whether number is greater than 100 and 200.

--->

```
package Assignment5;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Ques7 {
```

```

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number: ");
        int num=sc.nextInt();
        System.out.println(num>100 || num>200); //it will check whether a number is greater than 100 and 200
    }
}

```

9. write a program to check whether both numbers are same or not.

--->

```
package Assignment5;
```

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class Ques8 {  
  
    public static void main(String[] args) {  
        // TODO Auto-generated method stub  
        Scanner sc=new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.println("Enter a number1: ");  
        int num1=sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.println("Enter a number2: ");  
        int num2=sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.println(num1 == num2);  
    }  
  
}
```

Note: dont use the if and switch case. write a simple programs without using if and switch in all the above programs.