Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: Kavyasri M

Email: 240701248@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701248 Phone: 6383586337

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE AH

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



NeoColab_REC_CS23231_DATA STRUCTURES

REC_DS using C_Week 3_MCQ_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 18

Section 1: MCQ

1. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
```

```
return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
   void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
        stack[++top] = item;
   int main() {
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
    push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
    10
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
       Elements are Added on _
                                  ____ of the Stack.
   Answer
    Top
    Status: Correct
                                                                       Marks: 1/1
```

4. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it?

Answer

Peek

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

5. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is

```
push(1);
pop();
push(2);
push(3);
pop();
push(4);
pop();
pop();
pop();
push(5);
Answer
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack?

```
push(1);
  pop();
  push(2);
  push(3);
  pop();
  push(2);
  pop();
  pop();
```

push(4);
 pop();
 pop();
 push(5);

Answer

Underflow Occurs

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
  if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
    printf("Stack Overflow\n");
    return;
  stack[++(*top)] = item;
int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
  if (*top == -1) {
    printf("Stack Underflow\n");
    return -1;
  }
  return stack[(*top)--];
int main() {
  int stack[MAX_SIZE];
  int top = -1;
  push(stack, &top, 10);
push(stack, &top, 20);
  push(stack, &top, 30);
```

```
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
return 0;
}
Answer
302010Stack Underflow
Status: Wrong
```

13. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

Marks: 0/1

14. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

Answer

None of the mentioned options

Status: Wrong Marks: 0/1

15. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
void display() {
   if (top == -1) {
      printf("Stack is empty\n");
   } else {
```

```
printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i-) {
           printf("%d ", stack[i]);
        printf("\n");
    }
    void push(int value) {
      if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      } else {
         stack[++top] = value;
int main() {
      display();
      push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      display();
      push(40);
      push(50);
      push(60);
      display();
      return 0;
    Answer
    Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30
```

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

16. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / * 8 - is

Answer

20 10

142

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

17. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3*(6*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

4

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

18. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

19. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - *?

Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

20. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2,407012,48

20101248

2,40701248

240701248