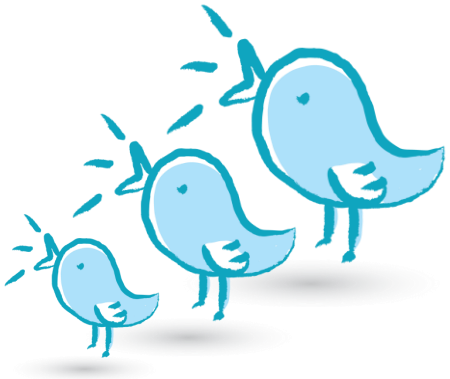
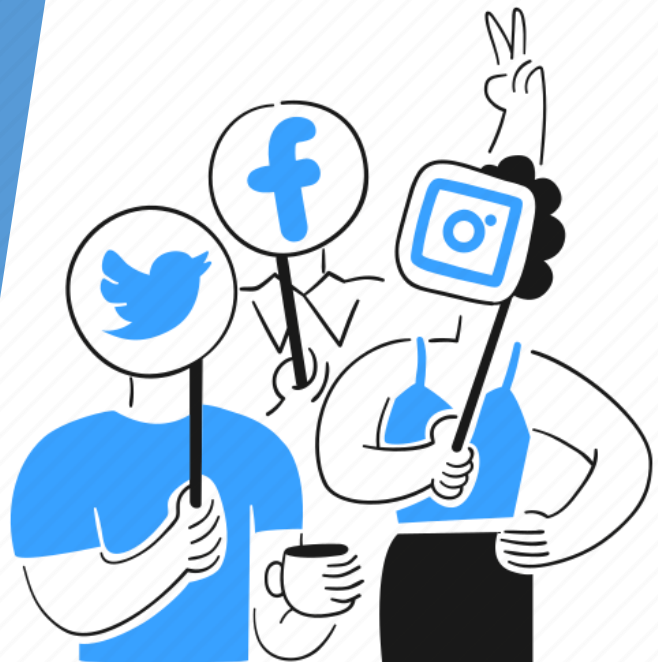
Building Predictive Models for Social Media Data





Dr. Geetha Raju

ML Engineer

Tamil Nadu e-Governance Agency, Chennai

Social Media and Data Analytics

- Social Media
  - Reinforce social bonds; manage social identities
  - Easy and open access
  - Social networking (Facebook, LinkedIn, Google+)
  - Microblogging (Twitter, Tumblr)
  - Photo sharing (Instagram, Snapchat, Pinterest)
  - Video sharing (YouTube, Facebook Live, Periscope, Vimeo)
- Practitioners, researchers and analyst – rich resources – social media data
- What they do?
  - Gather data
  - Find meaning / context
  - Derive insights that support decision making
  - Analyze / predict performance
- What is data in SM?
  - Post specific data - likes, reactions, comments, clicks, previews, etc.,
  - User specific data – name, DOB, followers, friends, etc.,
  - Network specific data – followers, following, friends, community / group, etc.,

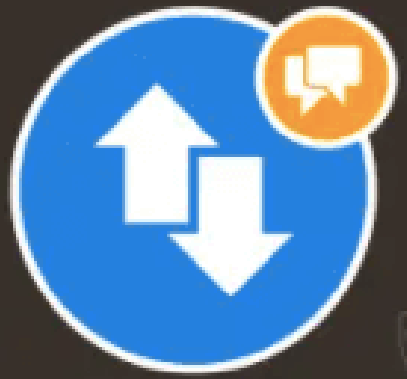
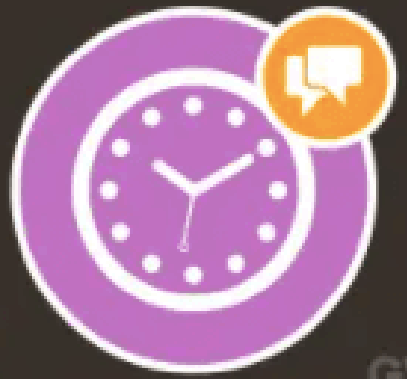
What's Happening ?!?

OCT 2021

SOCIAL MEDIA USE AROUND THE WORLD

USE OF SOCIAL NETWORKS AND MESSENGER SERVICES, WITH DETAIL FOR MOBILE SOCIAL MEDIA USE

⚠ *SOCIAL MEDIA USER NUMBERS MAY NOT REPRESENT UNIQUE INDIVIDUALS*

TOTAL NUMBER OF ACTIVE SOCIAL MEDIA USERS*	SOCIAL MEDIA USERS AS A PERCENTAGE OF THE GLOBAL POPULATION	ANNUAL CHANGE IN THE NUMBER OF GLOBAL SOCIAL MEDIA USERS	AVERAGE AMOUNT OF TIME PER DAY SPENT USING SOCIAL MEDIA	AVERAGE NUMBER OF PLATFORMS USED EACH MONTH PER INTERNET USER
				
4.55 BILLION	**57.6%**	**+9.9%** +409 MILLION	**2H 27M**	**6.7**

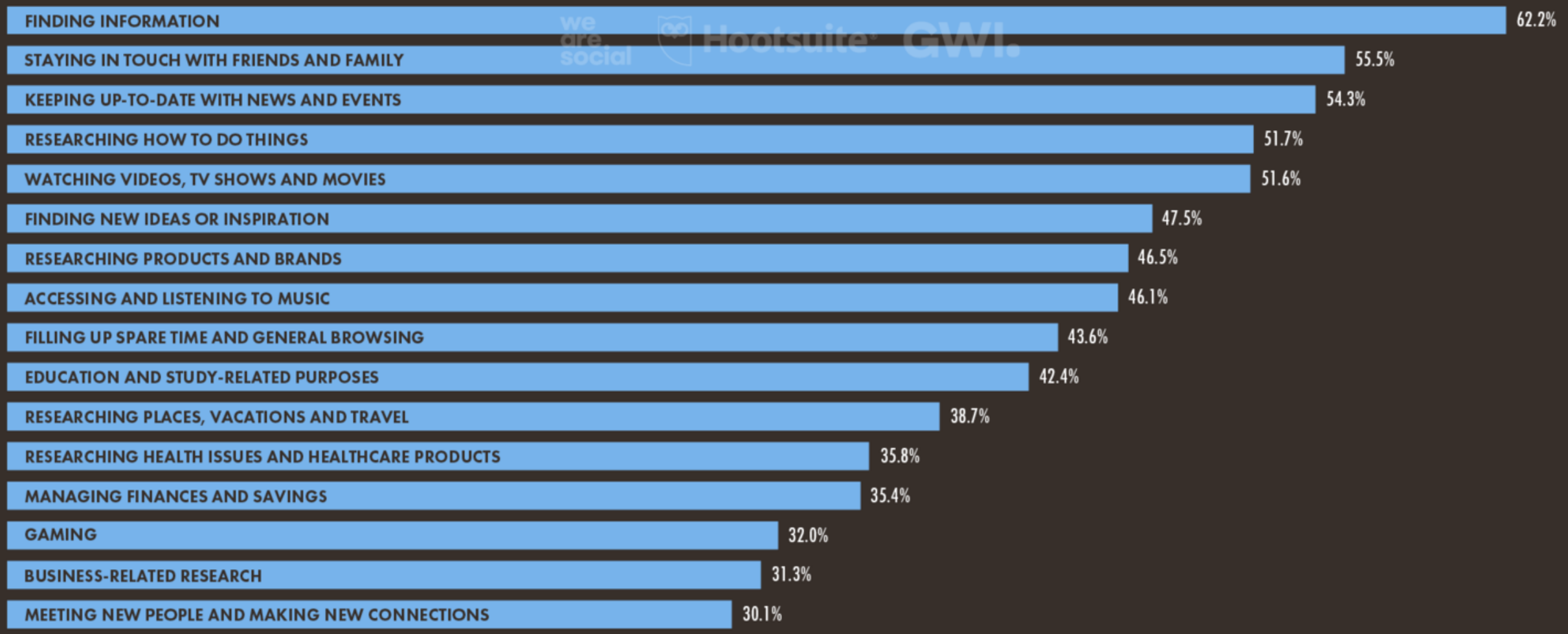
we are social · KEPIOS · GWI.

SOURCES: KEPIOS (OCT 2021), BASED ON DATA FROM: COMPANY EARNINGS ANNOUNCEMENTS; PLATFORMS' SELF-SERVICE ADVERTISING TOOLS; CNNIC; MEDIASCOPE. TIME SPENT DATA FROM GWI (Q2 2021). SEE GWI.COM FOR MORE DETAILS. ***ADVISORY:** SOCIAL MEDIA USERS MAY NOT REPRESENT UNIQUE INDIVIDUALS, AND MAY EXCEED INTERNET USER NUMBERS IN SOME COUNTRIES. ⊕ **COMPARABILITY ADVISORY:** BASE CHANGES AND HISTORICAL REVISIONS. DATA MAY NOT CORRELATE WITH FIGURES PUBLISHED IN PREVIOUS REPORTS.

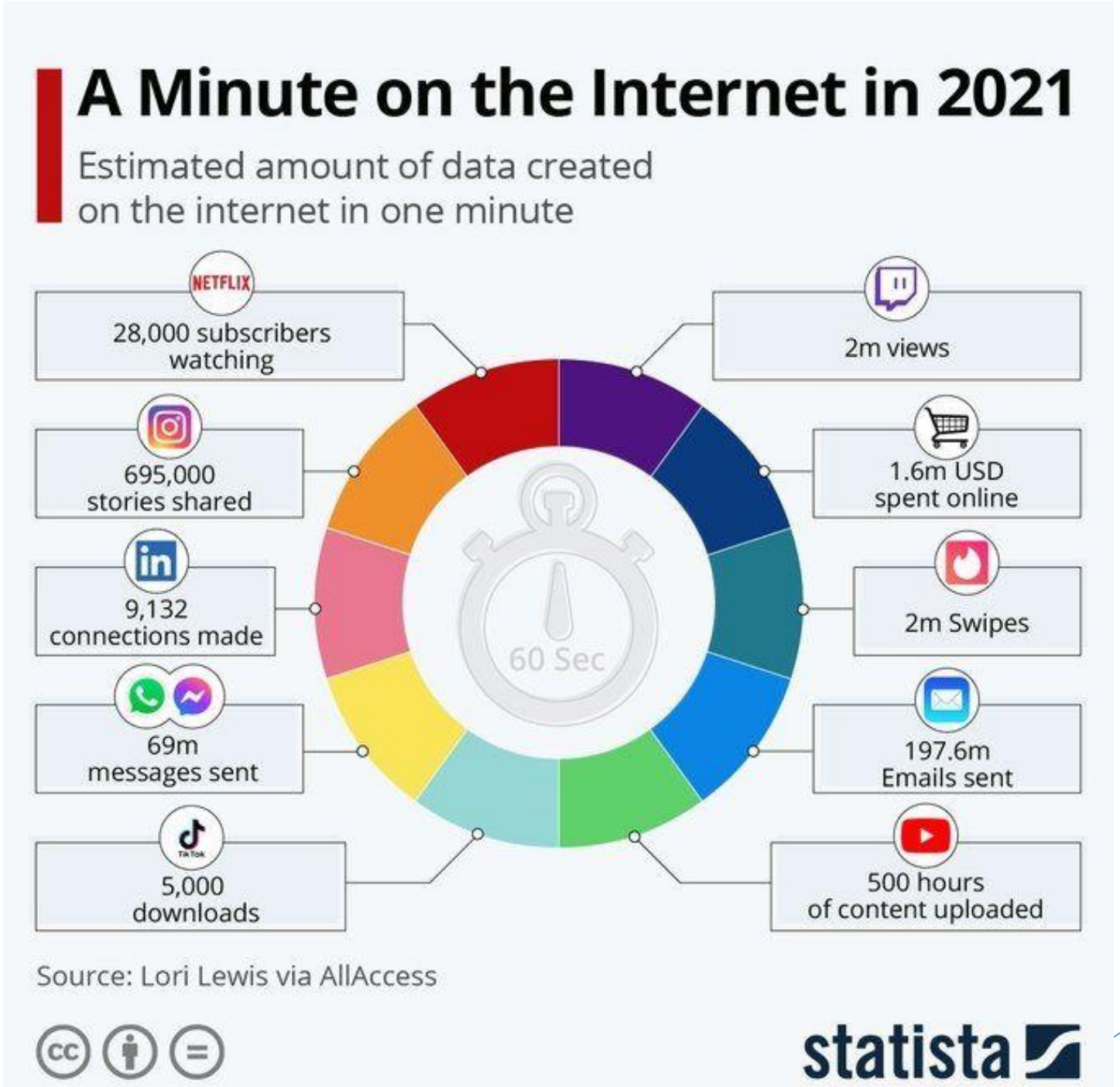
JUL 2021

REASONS FOR USING THE INTERNET

PRIMARY REASONS WHY GLOBAL INTERNET USERS AGED 16 TO 64 USE THE INTERNET



SOURCE: GWI (Q1 2021). FIGURES REPRESENT THE FINDINGS OF A BROAD GLOBAL SURVEY OF INTERNET USERS AGED 16 TO 64. SEE GWI.COM FOR MORE DETAILS.


A Minute on the Internet in 2021
Estimated amount of data created on the internet in one minute
NETFLIX
28,000 subscribers watching
695,000 stories shared
9,132 connections made
69m messages sent
5,000 downloads
2m views
1.6m USD spent online
2m Swipes
197.6m Emails sent
500 hours of content uploaded
60 Sec
Source: Lori Lewis via AllAccess
statista

Twitter Statistics 2022

Twitter reached
211 million
daily active users in the third quarter of 2021

79%
of marketers will continue investing in Twitter Spaces in 2022 according to HubSpot

Twitter stands
15th
in the list of the world's most 'active' social media platforms

42% of all Twitter
users have graduated college

83% of all
the world's leaders are on Twitter

26% of US users
check their Twitter account several times a day

42% of all registered
Twitter users visit the platform daily

STATUSBREW

Engage with customers on social at scale
Start today: https://statusbrew.com/

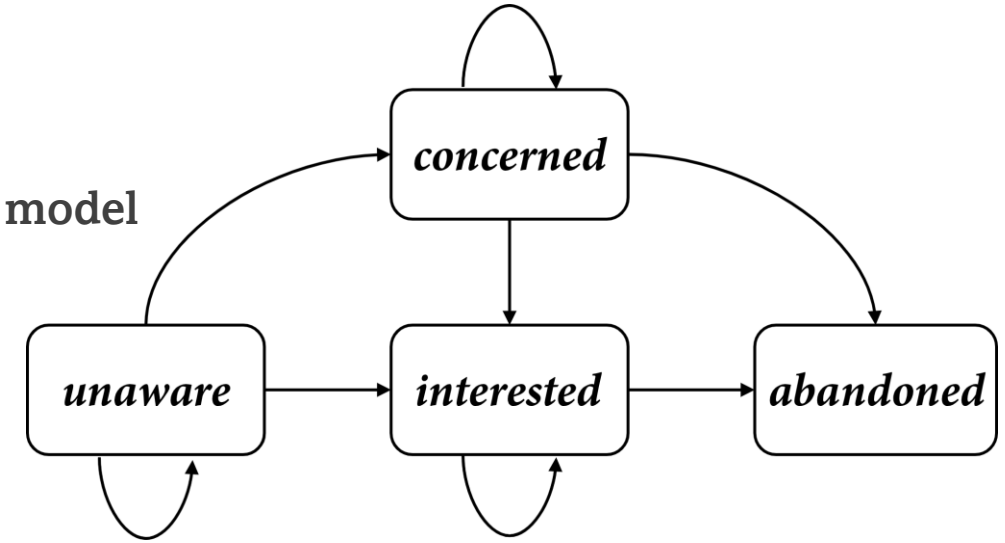
Social Media and Data Analytics

- Challenges in social media data
  - Time Sensitivity
  - Short length
  - Unstructured form
- More than 7 million web pages of text are being added to our collective repository, daily
- Processing speed
  - 15,000- 250,000 pages an hour – TM software
  - 60 pages for humans

Real Life Vs Online Social Media

Information Spread and Flow in Social Media

- Information sharing
  - Why - Pleasure and helps in gaining public attention
  - What - Profile, Status, Location and shred content
  - How - Noisy and unstructured
- Online social network information spreading (OSIS) model



- Information amplification
- Influenced by psychological and social factors
- False news
- How to analyze information flows?
  - Subgraph constructions
  - Activity and degree distributions
  - Network analysis

What ML / AL can do?

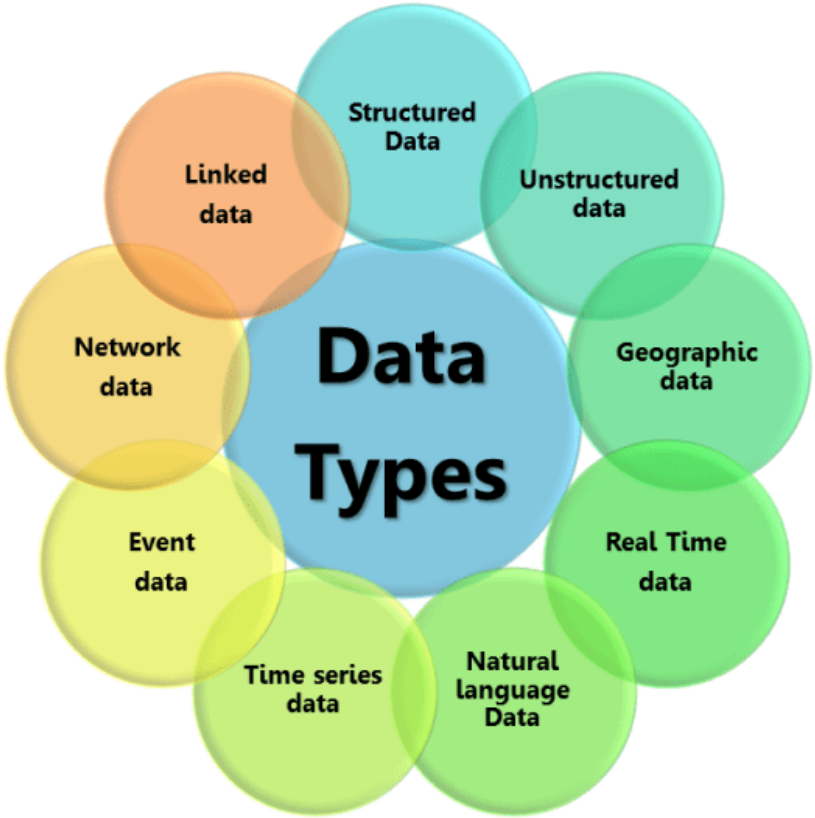
Capability

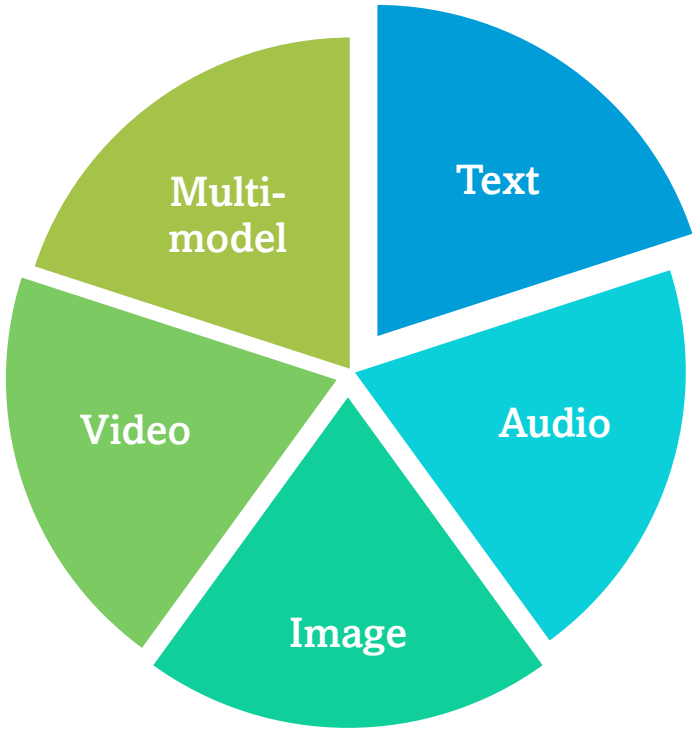
Category	Types of Analytics	Questions Answered
Prescriptive	▸ Optimization ▸ Randomized Testing	▸ What is the best that can happen? ▸ What happens if we try this?
Predictive	▸ Predictive modeling / forecasting ▸ Statistical modeling	▸ What will happen next? ▸ What is making this happen?
Diagnostic	▸ Data exploration ▸ Intuitive visuals	▸ Why did this happen? ▸ What insights can I gain?
Descriptive	▸ Alerts ▸ Query / drill down ▸ Ad Hoc reports / scorecards ▸ Standard reports	▸ What actions are needed? ▸ What is the problem? ▸ How many, often, where? ▸ What happened?

Scope of Predictive analytics on Social Media Data

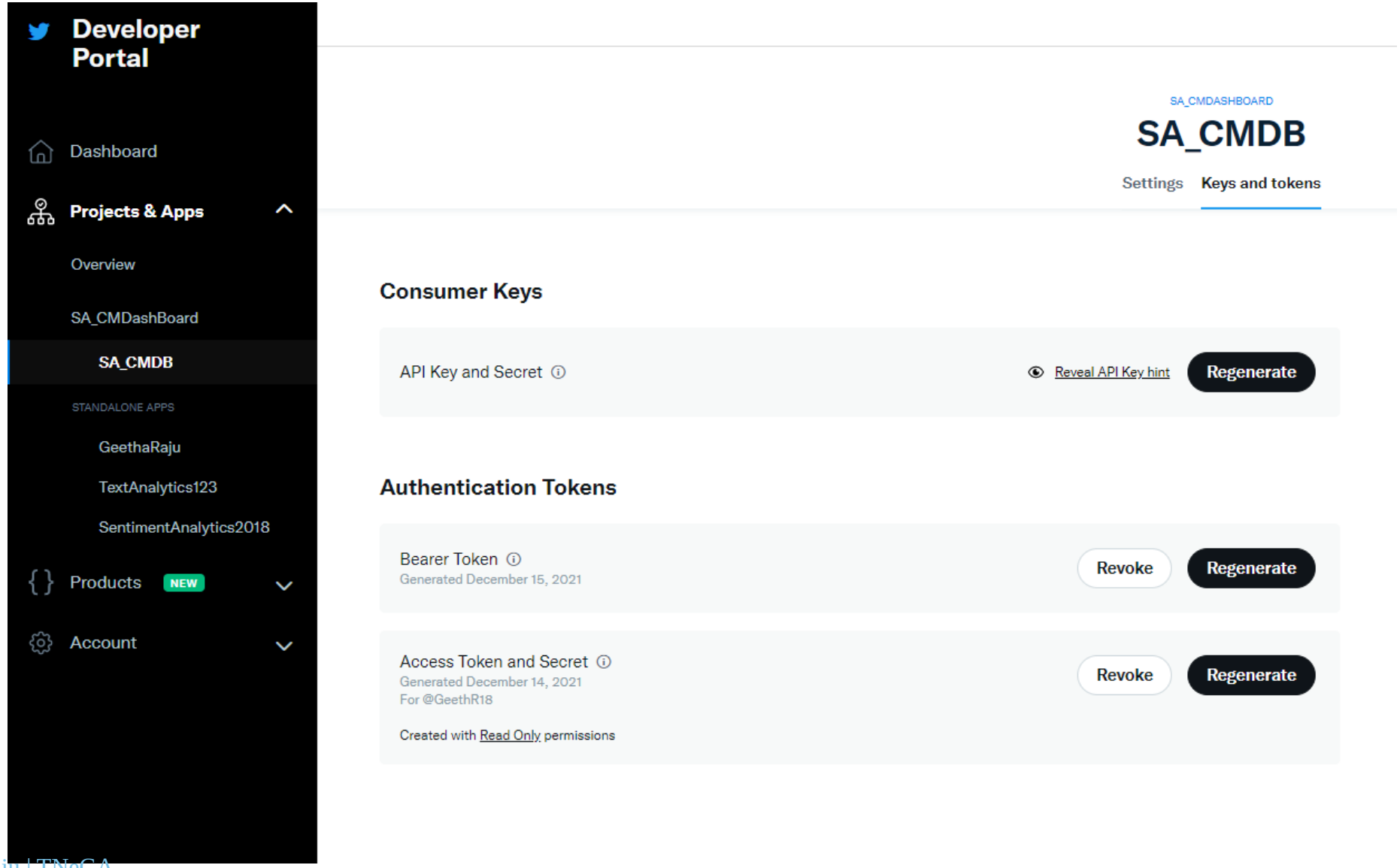
- Predictive systems
  - Stock Market Predictions
  - Spam Detection
- Content based Recommender Systems
  - News, Movie, Product reviews / suggestions.
- Social media and Text Analytics
  - Sentiment Analysis – Product / Brand / Topic
  - Topic / Keyword / Phrase Identification
  - Cybercrimes and Cyberbullying
- Linguistic Rules and Machine Learning Analysis

So, Lets Start with Data Preparation



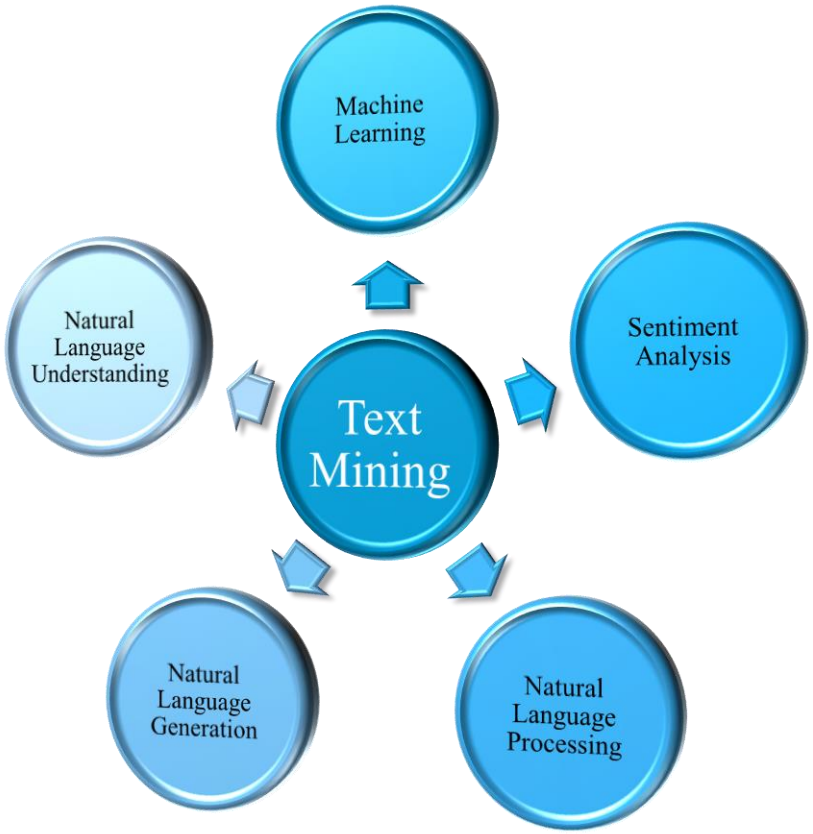


Data Collection Pipeline – Twitter Developer Account

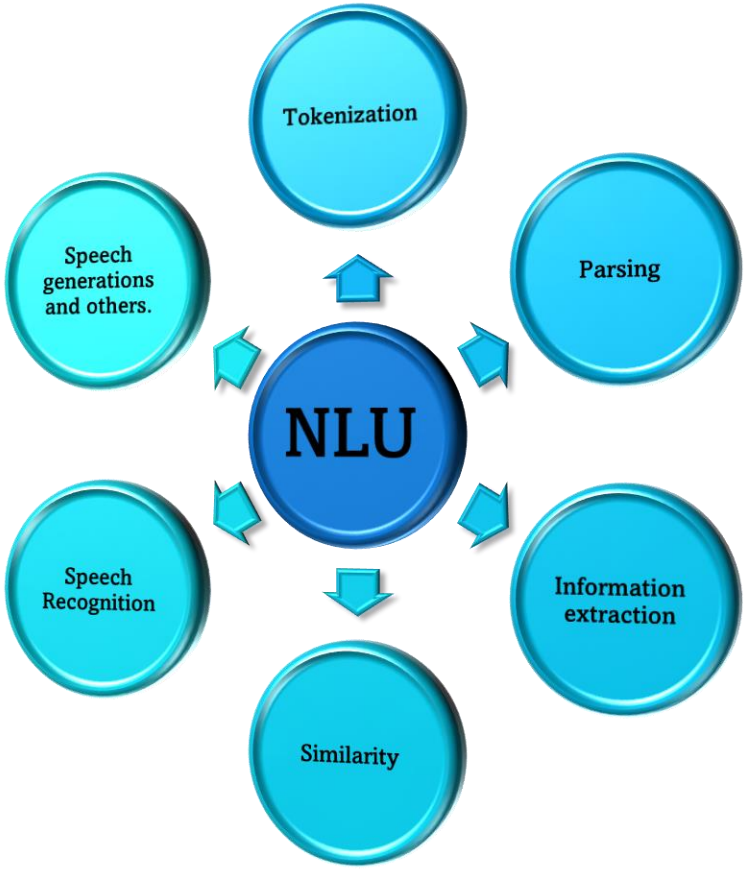


Text Data Features

- Generate structure where there is no structure
- Challenges
  - unstructured textual form (80% - 90% of world's data)
  - large text data
  - high dimension but sparse
  - word / phrase types in various languages
  - complex relationship between concepts in text
  - word ambiguity and context sensitivity
  - noisy data



NLU Vs NLP


Tokenization
Parsing
Information extraction
Similarity
Speech Recognition
Speech generations and others.
NLU


Chatbot
Text summarization
Text categorization
Parts of speech tagging
Stemming
Text Mining
Machine Translation
Ontology population
Language modelling and others
NLP

Overview of building a Text based Predictive Model

Problem Definition

Unorganised State

Organised State

Document Selection / Text Collection

Organisation

Feature Extraction

Feature Selection

Analysis

Insight

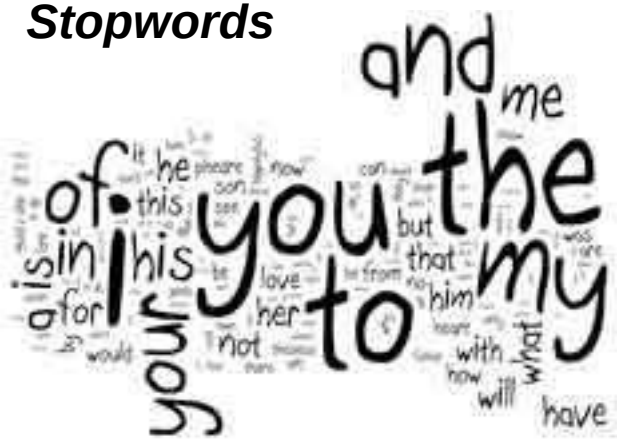
Predictive Modelling

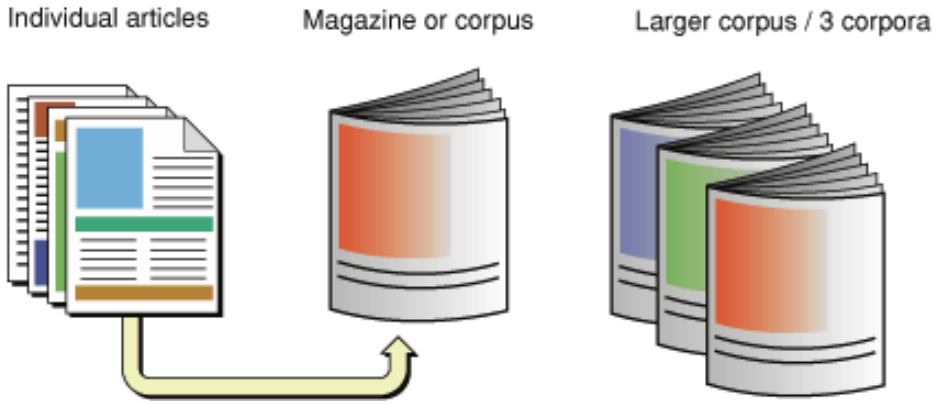
Text Analytics - Terminologies

Document

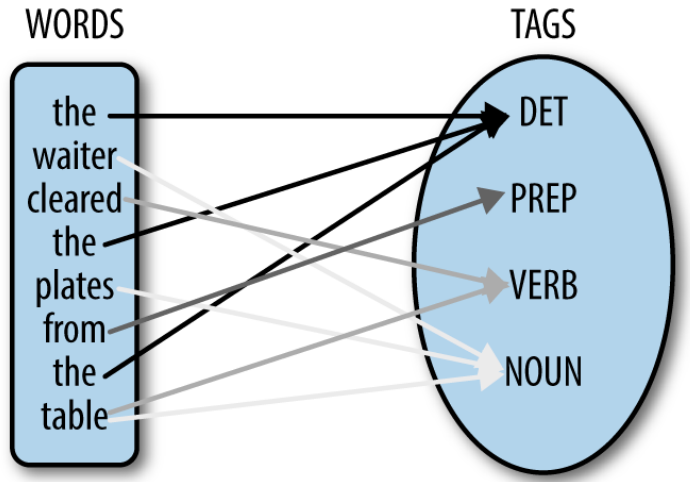
Tokens / Terms

Stopwords





Corpus



Parts of Speech Tagging

Textual Features – Extraction Methods

- Bag-of-words
- n-grams
- Scoring words – counts, frequencies, binary
  - Histogram
  - Document Term Matrix
  - Term Frequency – Inverse Document Frequency
- Word hashing
- Word embeddings

Document Term Matrix

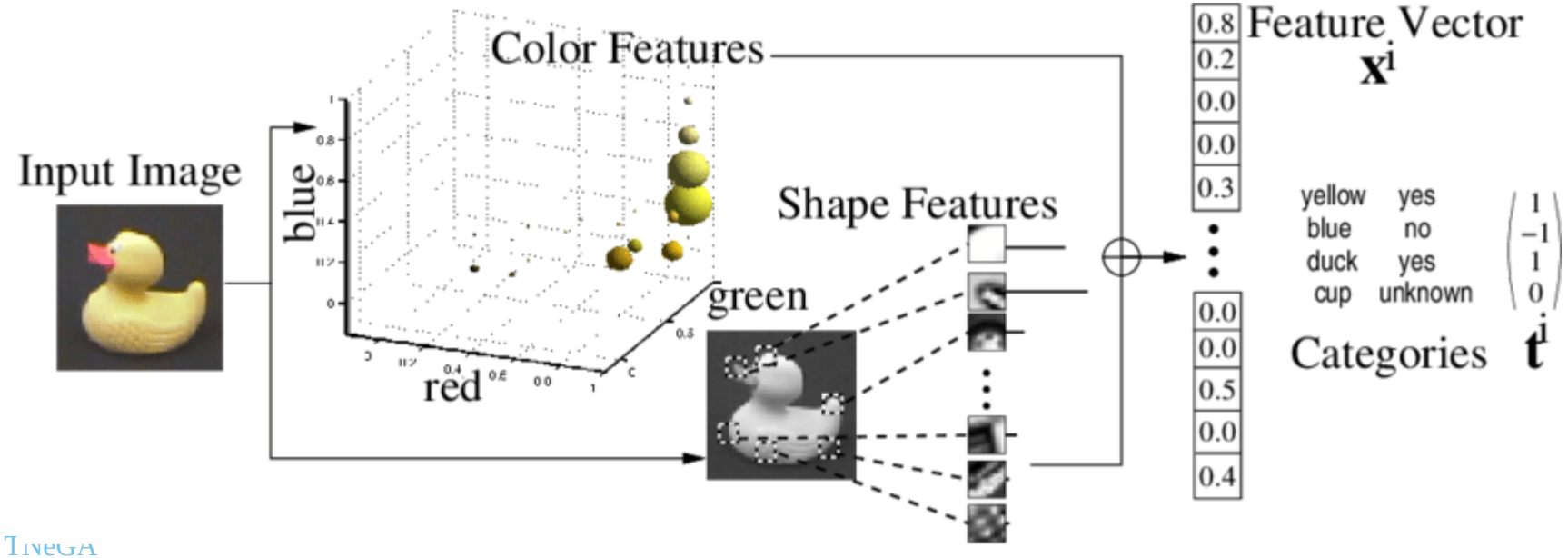
	Term 1	Term 2	.	.	Term n
Document 1					
Document 2					
.					
.					
Document m					

Term Frequency – Inverse Document Frequency (TF-IDF)

- Importance / Significance of a word.
- $TF = \frac{Number\ of\ times\ Term\ t\ occurs}{Total\ number\ of\ terms}$
- $IDF = Log(\frac{Total\ number\ of\ docs}{Number\ of\ docs\ containing\ Term\ t})$
- $TF - IDF = TF * IDF$

Image Feature

- Matrix of numbers
- Size of this matrix depends on the number of pixels of the input image.
- Pixel Values
  - Intensity and Brightness - how bright that pixel is?
  - what color it should be?
  - Important shape / objects / edges



Audio Features

Abstraction Level

High – Understood and enjoyed by humans

- instrumentation, key, chords, melody, harmony, rhythm, genre, mood, etc

Mid – Perceived by humans

- pitch, beat-related descriptors, note onsets, fluctuation patterns, s, etc

Low - statistical features which sense to the machine, but not to humans

- amplitude envelope, energy, spectral centroid, spectral flux, zero-crossing rate,

Temporal scope

Instantaneous

- Range in milliseconds – 10ms

Segment-level

- Wider range

Global

- Aggregate feature for whole word / sentence

Signal domains

Time zone

- waveforms of the raw audio.

Frequency zone

- Frequency component

Time-Frequency zone

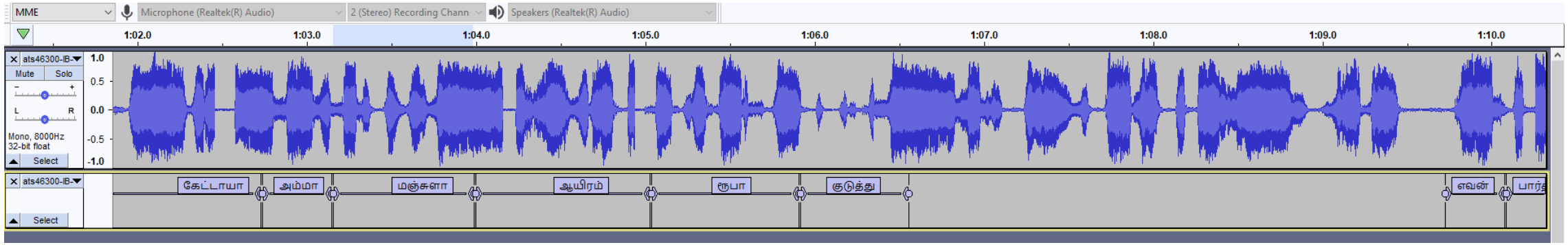
- Combination of Time and Frequency

Time domain

Amplitude

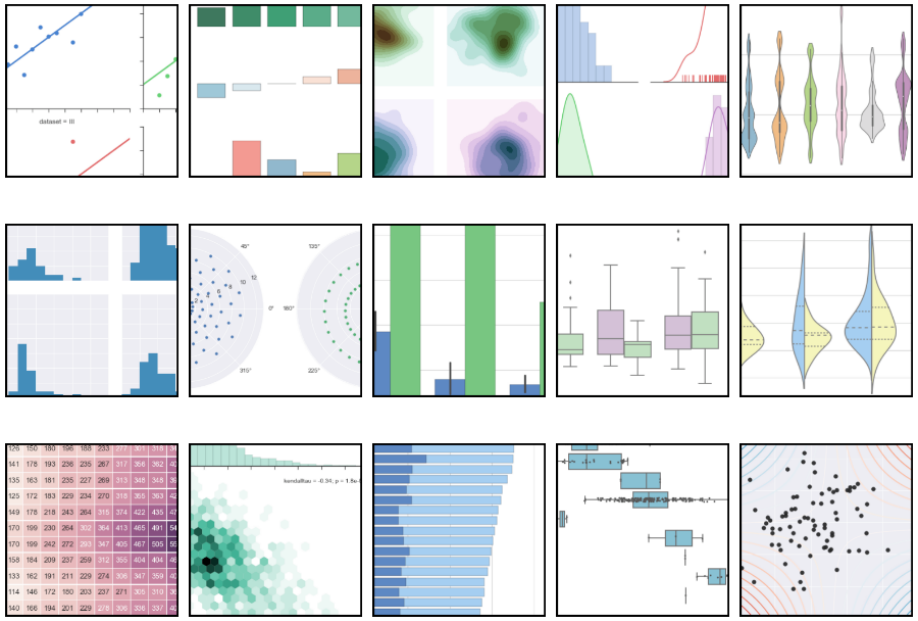
Root mean square energy

Zero crossing rate



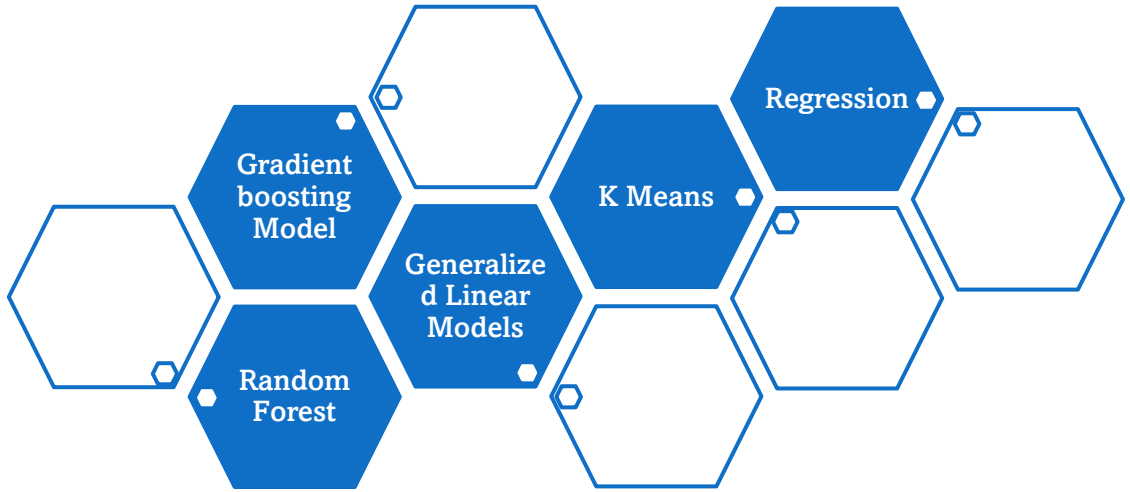
Exploratory Data Analytics

- Examine the data distribution
- Handling missing values of the dataset
- Handling the outliers
- Removing duplicate data
- Encoding the categorical variables
- Normalizing and Scaling

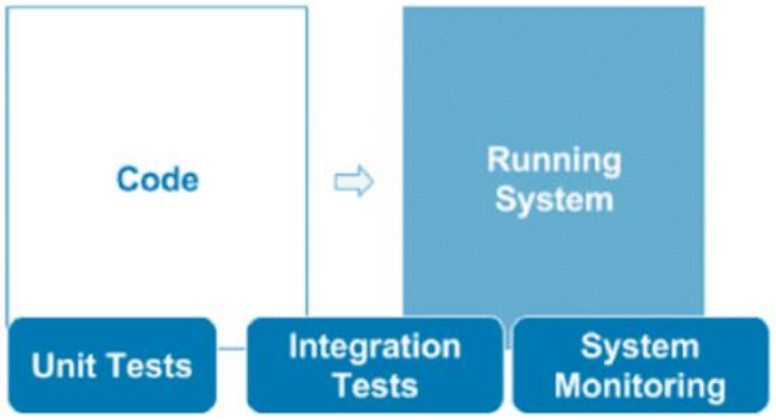


Predictive Modeling

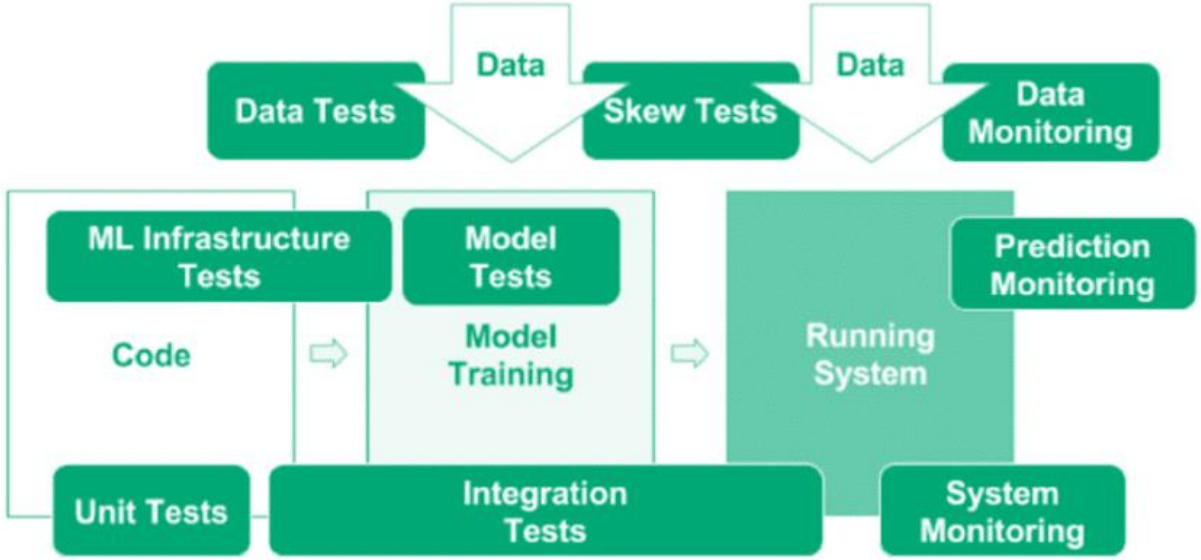
- Statistical technique using machine learning and data mining
- Requires historical and existing data
- Forecast future based on historical and existing data
- Types of Predictive Modelling
  - Classification Model
  - Clustering Model
  - Time Series Model
  - Forecast Model
  - Language Model



Traditional Vs ML System



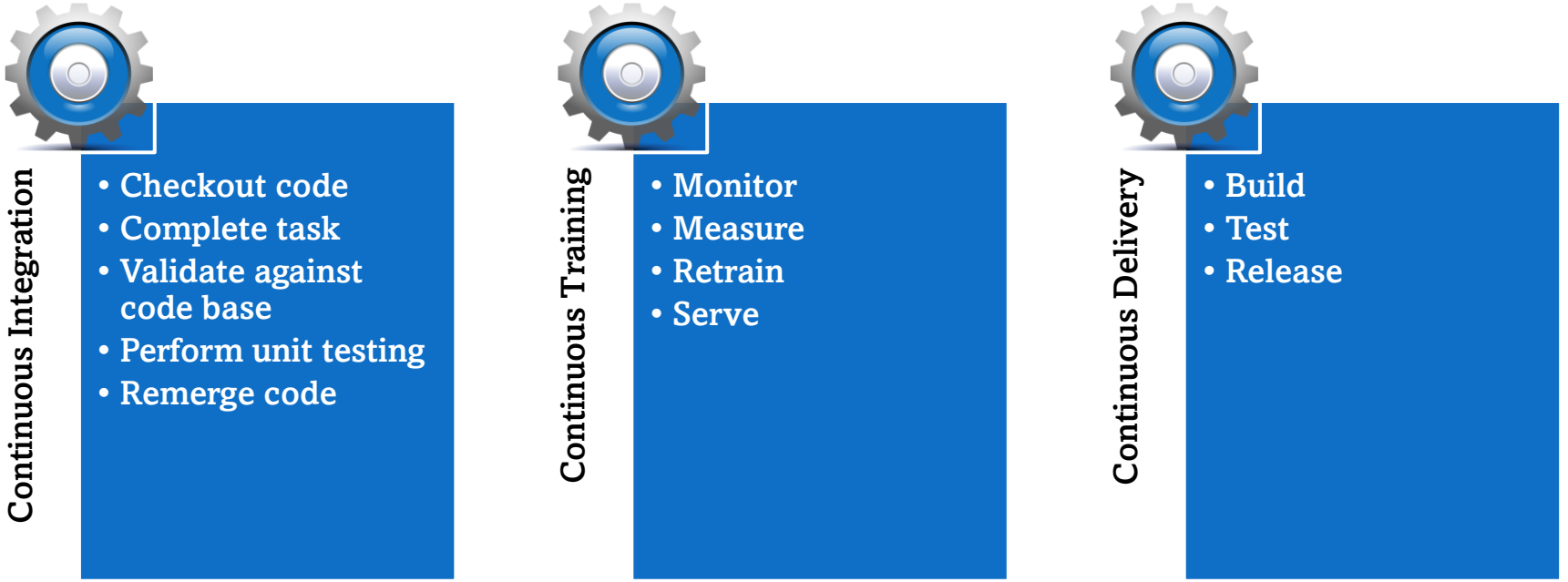
Traditional System Testing and Monitoring



ML-Based System Testing and Monitoring

ML-Ops – System Pipeline

- Major challenges in ML Models and SM Data
  - Tracability – What ideas have been tried? What are successful?
  - Reproducibility – How to reproduce successful ideas?
- ML Lifecyle
  - Manage resources, data, code, time, and quality to meet objectives.



Predictive Modeling – Case Study

Predictive Modeling
Emotion Modeling

Identifiable Entities in Social Media Data

Entities	Description
ORG	referring to institutions, organizations, companies, agencies etc.,
GPE	denoting countries, states, and cities
PERSON	representing people names and fictional characters
DATE	symbolizing relative or absolute dates or time periods
TIME	pertaining to time periods that are shorter than a day
NORP	mapping to nationalities, political and religious groups or communities
LOC	signifying any non-GPE entities like water bodies, mountains, etc.,
PRODUCT	Characterizing things, objects, food, vehicles and other non-service entities
EVENT	for data indicating any disasters like battles, hurricanes, earthquakes, wars, sports and well-established happenings
PERCENT	implying any values represented in percentage format (%)

Text Data Preprocessing

Raw Tweet

1. Convert tweet to lower case
2. Remove '@' in user mentions
3. Remove '#' in hashtags
4. Remove punctuations
5. Replace links with 'URL'
6. Remove Expressions
7. Remove leading and lagging blank spaces
8. Remove stop words
9. Remove Non-English Words
10. Replace date / time values with "at_datetime"
11. Replace phone numbers with "at_tele"

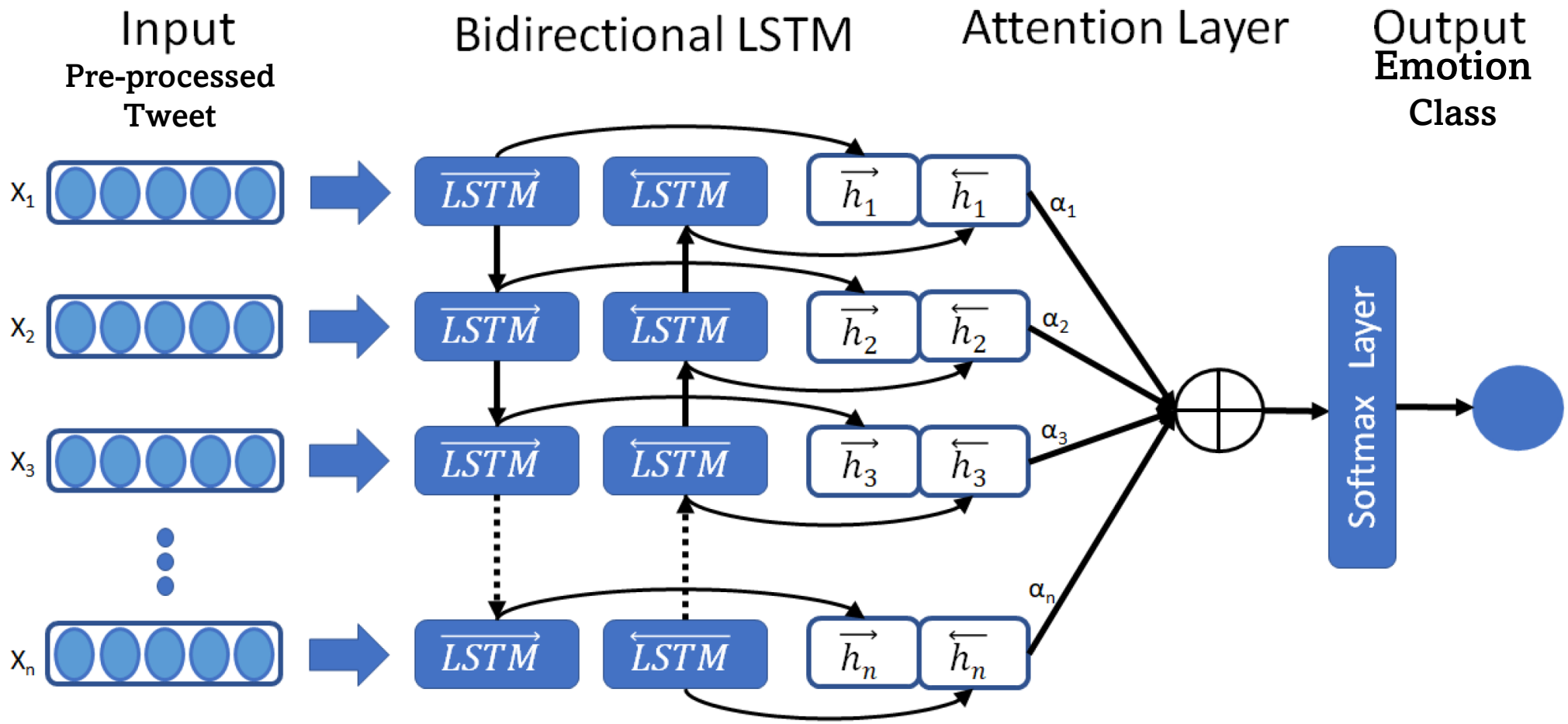
Pre-processed Tweet

Entity – Emotion Modeling

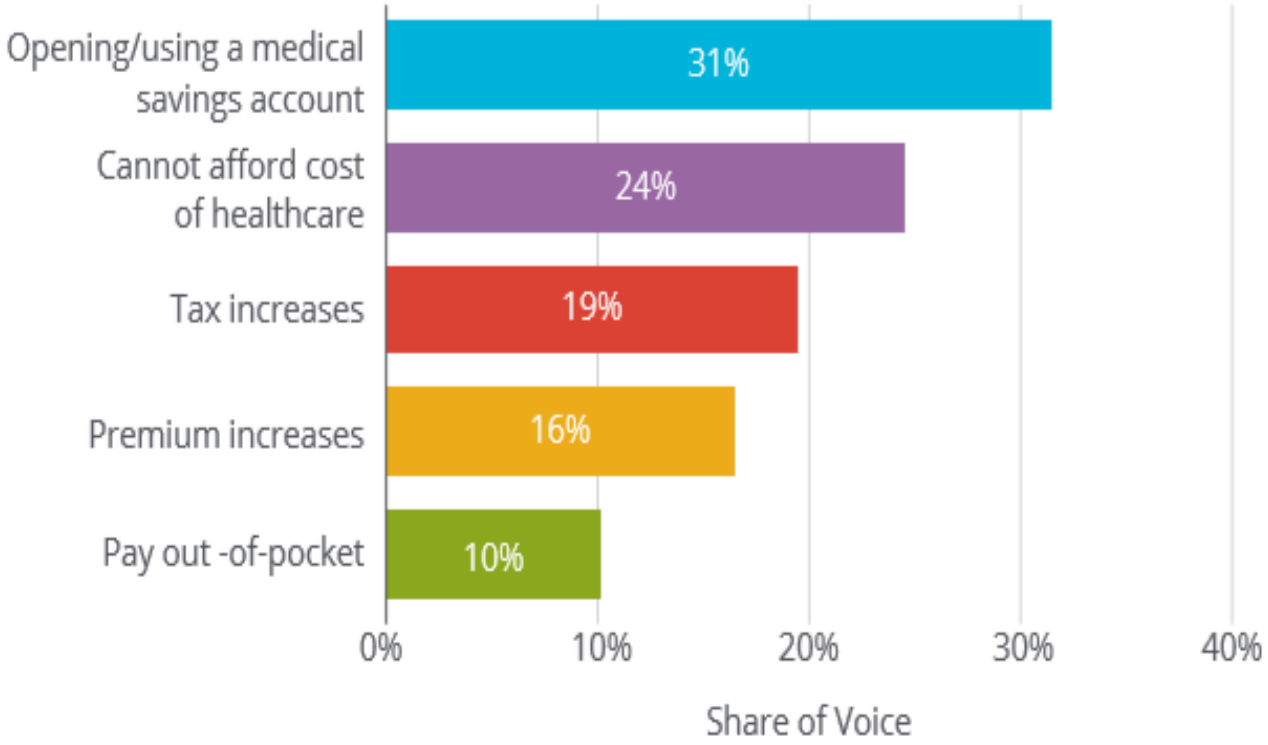
- Identification of entities through NER – Sequence labelling task
- Understanding the emotions through emotion mining mechanism
- Build features based on discovered entities and emotion
- Study ‘Correlations’ by joint probability between adjacent features
- Interdependency modelling by statistical analysis on univariate and multi-variate entity correlation
- Rank based correlation – Spearman’s correlation coefficient

$$\rho = 1 - \frac{6\sum_{i=1}^{n}(u_i - v_i)^2}{n(n^2-1)}$$

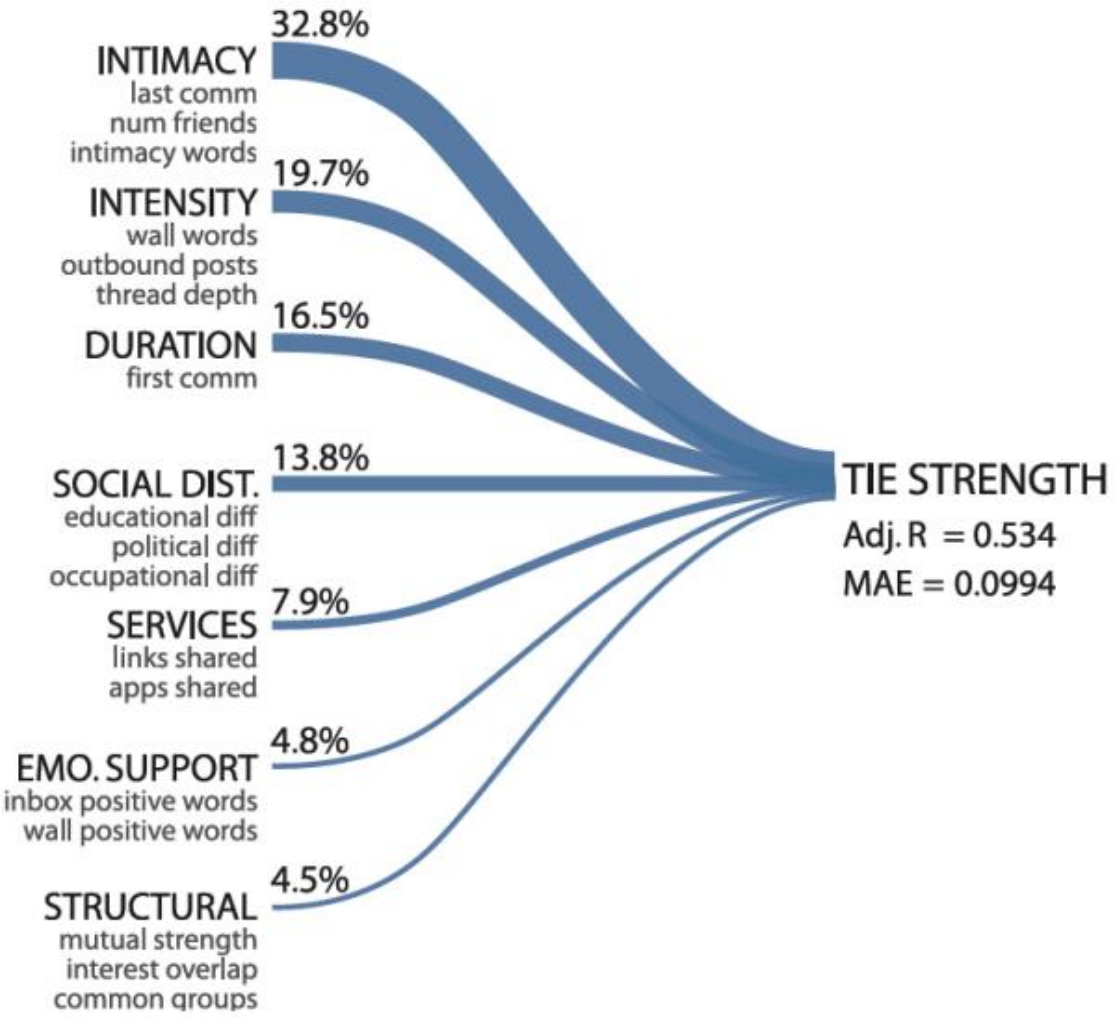
Predictions – Insights on Citizen opinions



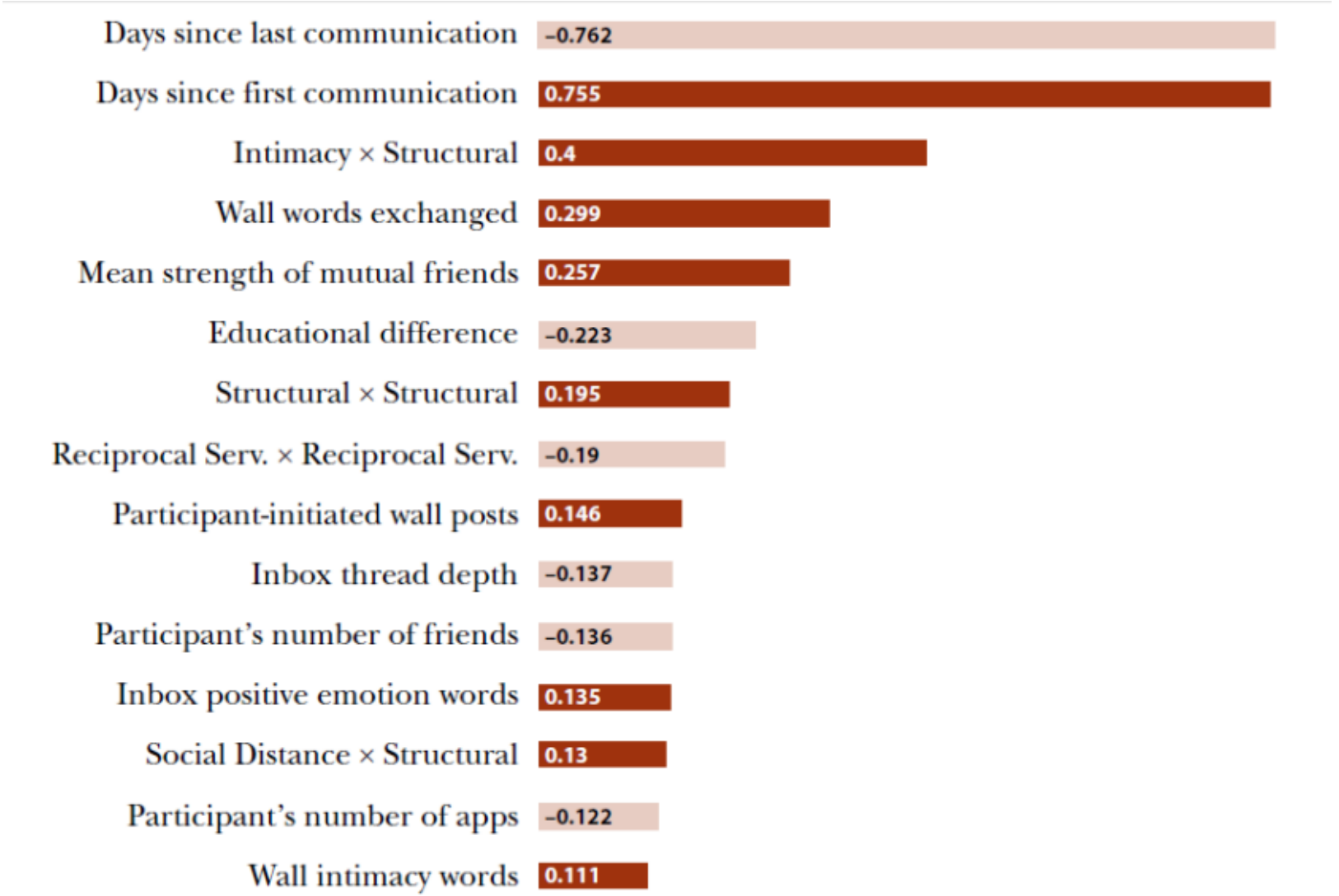
Predictions – Insights on Citizen opinions



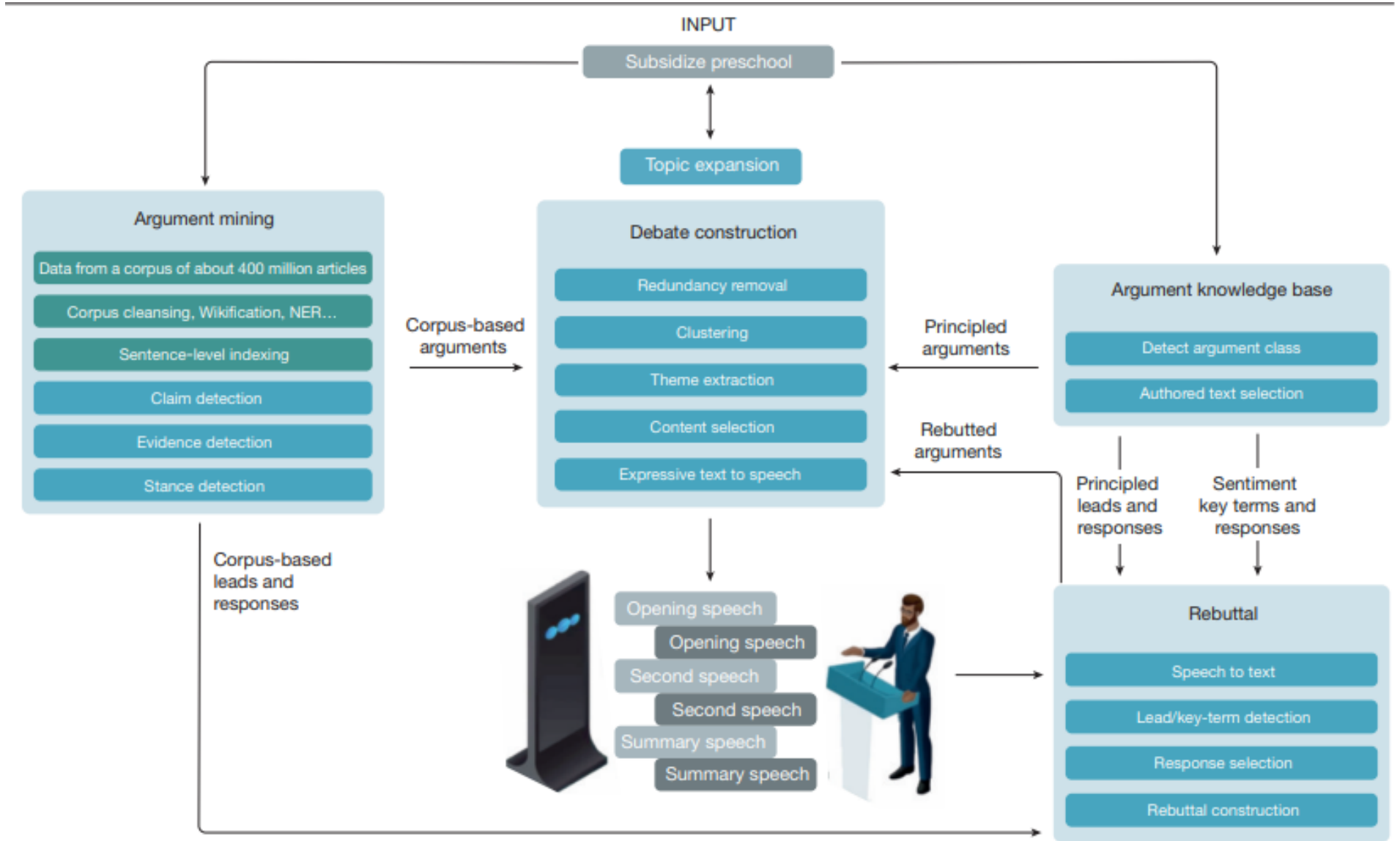
Linear Regression model
How strong is your relationship?



Predictable Network Features in Social Media



Audio – Debater - An automated Debating System



Where are we now…?!

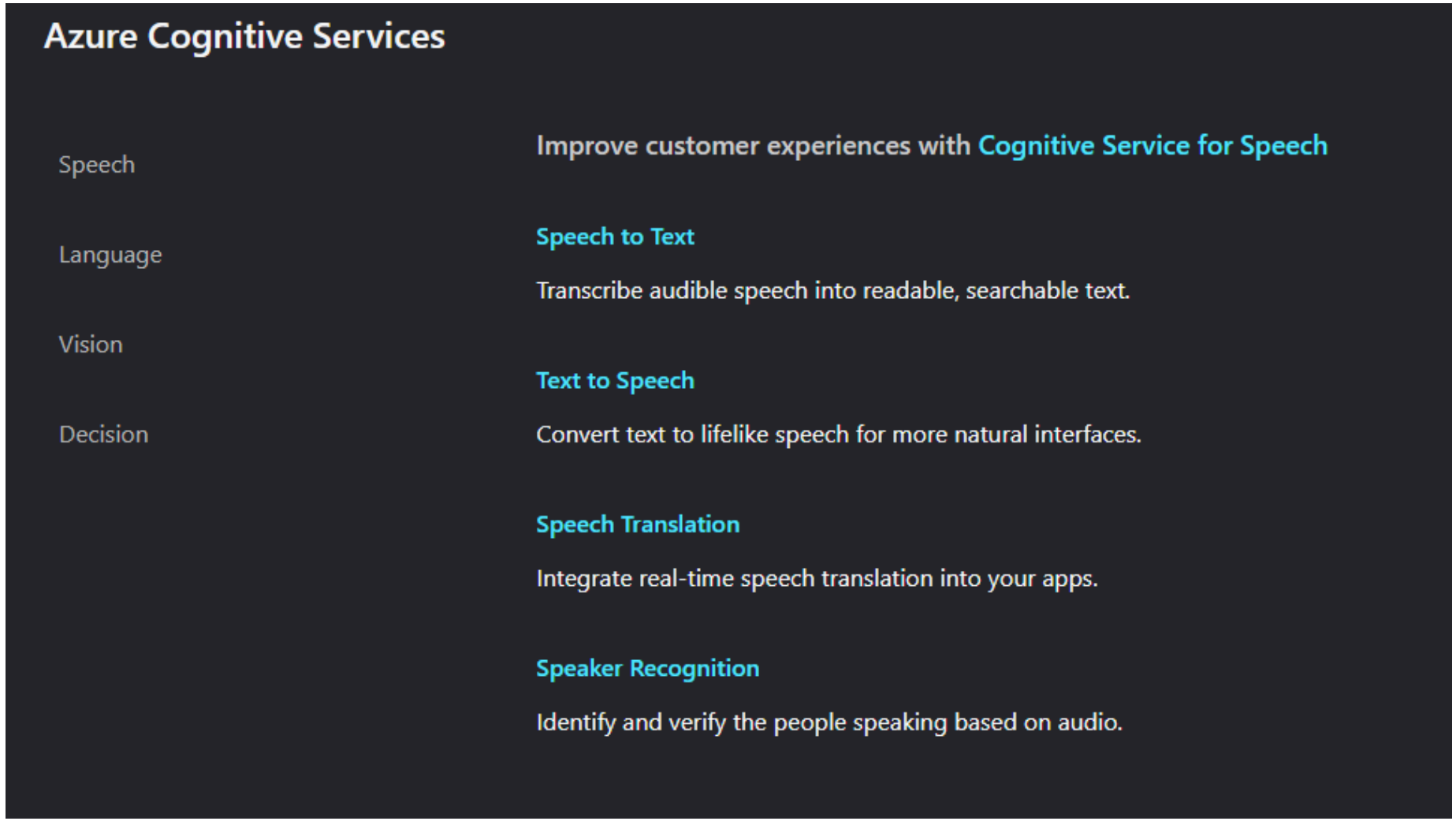
Google Cloud Platform

https://cloud.google.com/automl

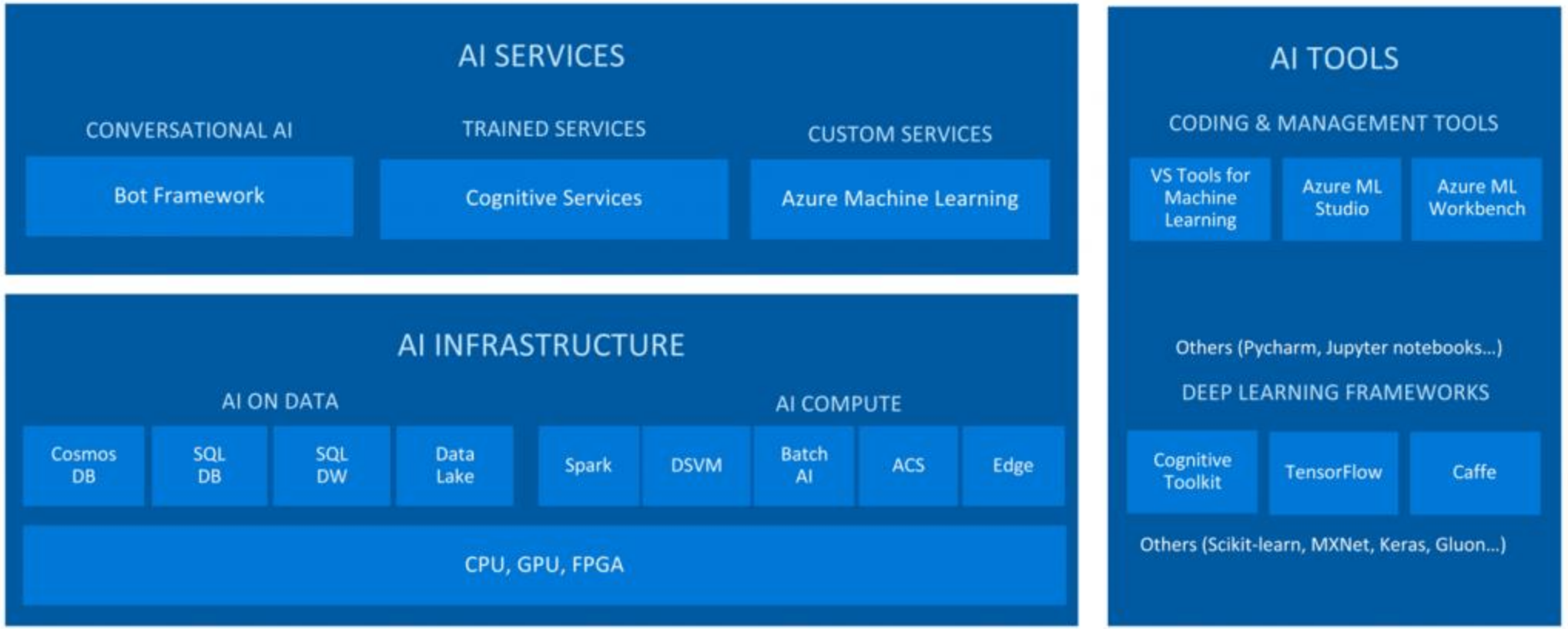
CATEGORY	PRODUCT	FEATURES
Vertex AI	**Vertex AI** Unified platform to help you build, deploy and scale more AI models.	✓ Prepare and store your datasets ✓ Access the ML tools that power Google ✓ Experiment and deploy more models, faster ✓ Manage your models with confidence
Sight	**AutoML Image** Derive insights from object detection and image classification, in the cloud or at the edge. Try it now.	✓ Use REST and RPC APIs ✓ Detect objects, where they are, and how many ✓ Classify images using custom labels ✓ Deploy ML models at the edge
	AutoML Video Enable powerful content discovery and engaging video experiences. Try it now.	✓ Annotate video using custom labels ✓ Streaming video analysis ✓ Shot change detection ✓ Object detection and tracking
Language	**AutoML Text** Reveal the structure and meaning of text through machine learning. Try it now.	✓ Integrated REST API ✓ Custom entity extraction ✓ Custom sentiment analysis ✓ Large dataset support
	AutoML Translation Dynamically detect and translate between languages. Try it now.	✓ Integrated REST and gRPC APIs ✓ Supports 50 language pairs ✓ Translate with custom models
Structured data	**AutoML Tabular** Automatically build and deploy state-of-the-art machine learning models on structured data. Try it now.	✓ Handles wide range of tabular data primitives ✓ Easy to build models ✓ Easy to deploy and scale models

Microsoft Azure

https://azure.microsoft.com/en-in/services/cognitive-services/#overview

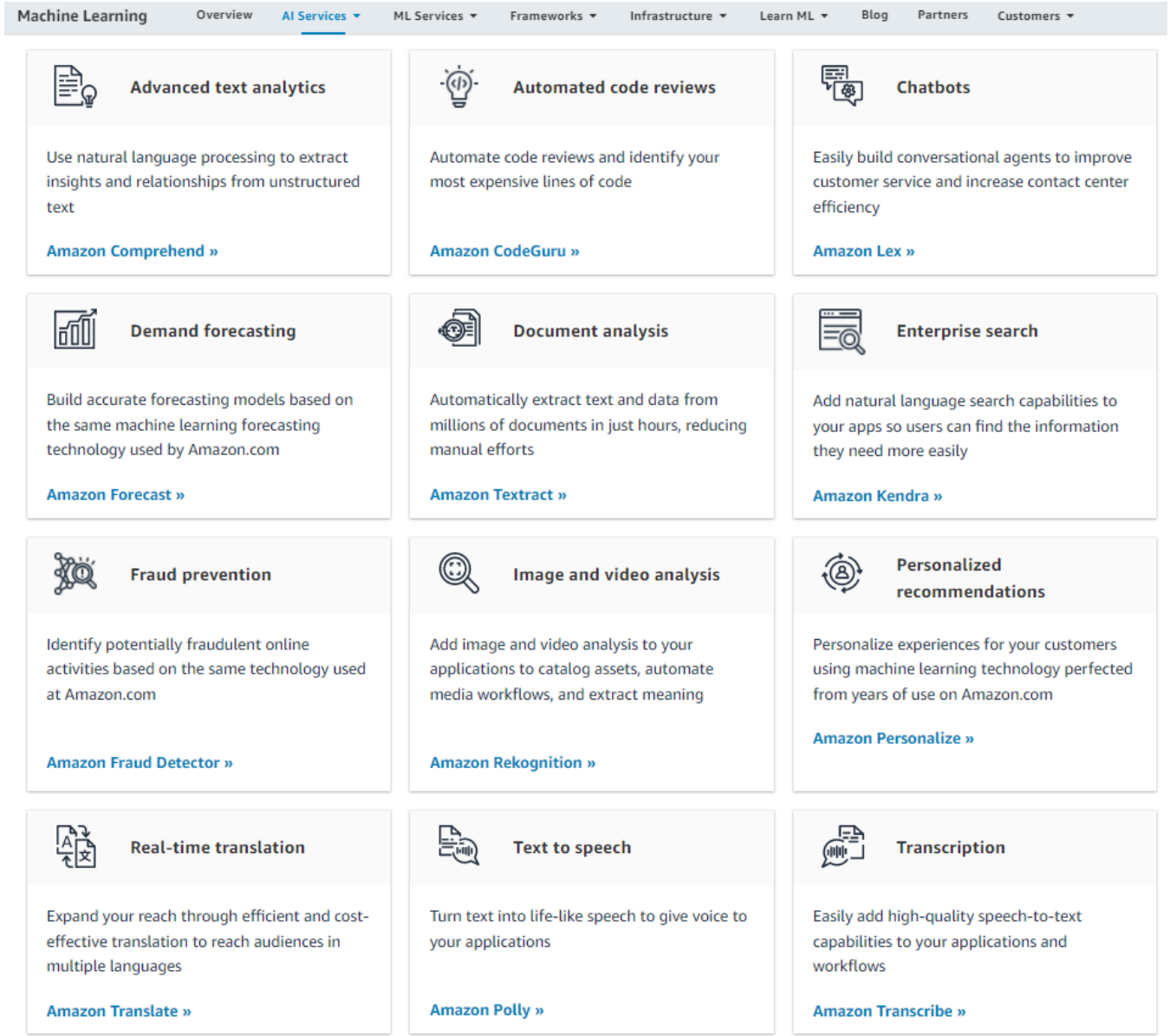


Microsoft Azure



Amazon Web Services – AI / ML Services

https://aws.amazon.com/machine-learning/



And now, build 'problem statements' from what you know / want...!

Dr. Geetha Raju | TNeGA