SQL WORKSHEET

1. Which of the following constraint requires that there should not be duplicate entries?
   Ans: D) Unique

2. Which of the following constraint allows null values in a column?
   Ans: C) Null

3. Which of the following constraint allows null values in a column?
   Ans: A) Each entry in the primary key uniquely identifies each entry or row in the table.

4. Which of the following statements are true regarding Unique Key?
   Ans: A) There should not be any duplicate entries

5. Which of the following is/are example of referential constraint?
   Ans: B) Foreign Key

6. How many foreign keys are there in the Supplier table?
   Ans: C) 1

7. The type of relationship between Supplier table and Product table is:
   Ans: A) one to many

8. The type of relationship between Order table and Headquarter table is:
   Ans: C) one to one

9. Which of the following is a foreign key in Delivery table?
   Ans: B) supplier id

10. The number of foreign keys in order details is:
    Ans: D) 2

11. The type of relationship between Order Detail table and Product table is:
    Ans: C) one to one

12. DDL statements perform operation on which of the following database objects?
    Ans: C) Table

13. Which of the following statement is used to enter rows in a table?
    Ans: A) Insert in to

14. Which of the following is/are entity constraints in SQL?
    Ans: B) Unique, C) Primary key, D) Null

15. Which of the following statements is an example of semantic Constraint?
    Ans: A) A blood group can contain one of the following values – A, B, AB and O.
    D) Two or more donors can have same blood group.