

Lab 2: HDFS

Solution 1

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ ls
hadoop-3.3.4      spark-3.3.1-bin-hadoop3      test
hadoop-3.3.4.tar.gz  spark-3.3.1-bin-hadoop3.tgz
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ cd test
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ ls
test.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ cat test.txt
This is a test file
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -ls /
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -mkdir test
mkdir: `hdfs://localhost:9000/user/ubuntu': No such file or directory
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /test
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 1 items
drwxr-xr-x  - ubuntu supergroup          0 2023-02-09 03:38 /test
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /user
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 2 items
drwxr-xr-x  - ubuntu supergroup          0 2023-02-09 03:38 /test
drwxr-xr-x  - ubuntu supergroup          0 2023-02-09 03:39 /user
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -mkdir /user/test
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 2 items
drwxr-xr-x  - ubuntu supergroup          0 2023-02-09 03:38 /test
drwxr-xr-x  - ubuntu supergroup          0 2023-02-09 03:39 /user
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -ls /user
Found 1 items
drwxr-xr-x  - ubuntu supergroup          0 2023-02-09 03:39 /user/test
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -put test.txt /test
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -ls /test
Found 1 items
-rw-r--r--  1 ubuntu supergroup          19 2023-02-09 03:40 /test/test.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -cat /test/test.txt
This is a test file
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ hdfs dfs -cat /test/test.txt
This is a test file
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~/test$ cd ..
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ hdfs dfs -put /test/test.txt .
put: `.`: No such file or directory: `hdfs://localhost:9000/user/ubuntu'
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ hdfs dfs -get /test/test.txt .
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ ls
hadoop-3.3.4      spark-3.3.1-bin-hadoop3      test
hadoop-3.3.4.tar.gz  spark-3.3.1-bin-hadoop3.tgz  test.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ hdfs dfs -rm /test/test.txt
Deleted /test/test.txt
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ hdfs dfs -ls /test
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ hdfs dfs -rmdir /test
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ hdfs dfs -ls /
Found 1 items
drwxr-xr-x  - ubuntu supergroup          0 2023-02-09 03:39 /user
ubuntu@ip-172-31-23-6:~$ |
```

Solution 2

1. `ls` – List information about files and directories in the current directory in HDFS
2. `mkdir` – Create a new directory in HDFS
3. `cat` – Concatenate files from HDFS to standard output
4. `put` – Copy files or directories from the local file system to the destination file system
5. `get` – Copy files or directories from HDFS to the local file system
6. `rm` – Remove/Delete file from HDFS
7. `rmdir` – Remove/Delete directory from HDFS only if empty

Solution 3

Commands used to:

1. Format Namenode – **`hdfs namenode -format`** OR **`bin/hdfs namenode -format`**
2. Start HDFS server – **`start-dfs.sh`** OR **`sbin/start-dfs.sh`**
3. Stop HDFS server – **`stop-dfs.sh`** OR **`sbin/stop-dfs.sh`**

*We can directly use these commands once the **`hadoop-3.3.4/sbin`** & **`hadoop-3.3.4/bin`** is added to the `$PATH` environment variable; otherwise, we need to change the current working directory to `hadoop-3.3.4` and execute the commands with appending the parent directory before the actual command.

Solution 4

Files modified while setting up a single-node cluster on a pseudo-distributed mode

1. `etc/hadoop/hadoop-env.sh` – This script sets up the environment for Hadoop and its daemons. Here we have the environment variable setting the root of the Java installation, i.e., points the `JAVA_HOME` environment variable to the file system path where Java JDK or JRE is installed.
2. `etc/hadoop/core-site.xml` – To define global configuration properties and settings for core services in the Hadoop cluster: HDFS namenode, datanode, YARN resource manager, and map-reduce job history server. Configure the default file system for namenode and datanode. The value for the site configuration property denotes where the namenode will be hosted on cluster & binded on which port, additionally the port where datanode will send its heartbeat.
3. `etc/hadoop/hdfs-site.xml` – Configure properties for HDFS components that control the behavior and performance and help to ensure the reliability and efficiency of data storage in a Hadoop cluster. Here, we set the datanode file system replicas to 1.