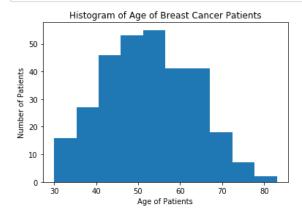
```
In [2]: import numpy as np
 In [3]: import pandas as pd
 In [ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
          import matplotlib.mlab as mlab
          import seaborn as sns
 In [6]: h_data = pd.read_csv('haberman.csv')
 In [8]: df_new=h_data.drop(['status'], axis=1)
In [10]: h_data.head()
Out[10]:
            age operation_year axil_nodes status
          0 30
                 64
          1 30
                 62
                                3
                                           1
          2 30
                 65
                                0
                                           1
          3 31
                                2
                 59
                                           1
                                4
                                           1
          4 31
                 65
In [11]: h_data.shape
Out[11]: (306, 4)
In [12]: h_data.info()
          <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
         RangeIndex: 306 entries, 0 to 305
         Data columns (total 4 columns):
                            306 non-null int64
         age
                            306 non-null int64
         operation_year
         axil_nodes
                            306 non-null int64
          status
                            306 non-null int64
         dtypes: int64(4)
         memory usage: 9.7 KB
In [13]: #Figure 1
In [13]: h_data.boxplot()
          plt.show()
           80
           40
           20
                                                   status
                  age
                         operation year
                                      axil nodes
In [15]: #Figure 2
In [14]: plt.boxplot(h_data.age)
          plt.title('Boxplot for Age of Breast Cancer Patients')
          plt.show()
                   Boxplot for Age of Breast Cancer Patients
           80
```

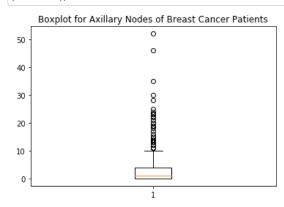
```
In [17]: #Figure 3 #Histogram
```

```
In [15]: plt.hist(h_data.age, bins=10)
    plt.xlabel('Age of Patients')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Patients')
    plt.title('Histogram of Age of Breast Cancer Patients')
    plt.show()
```



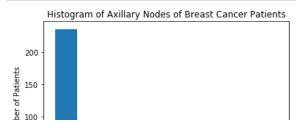
```
In [19]: #Figure 4
```

```
In [16]: plt.boxplot(h_data.axil_nodes)
   plt.title('Boxplot for Axillary Nodes of Breast Cancer Patients')
   plt.show()
```



```
In [26]: #Figure 5 #Histogram
```

```
In [17]: plt.hist(h_data.axil_nodes, bins=10)
    plt.xlabel('Axillary Nodes of Patients')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Patients')
    plt.title('Histogram of Axillary Nodes of Breast Cancer Patients')
    plt.show()
```



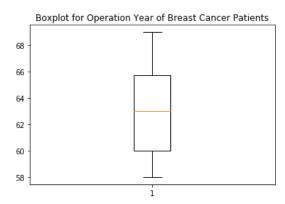
```
50 0 10 20 30 40 50 Axillary Nodes of Patients
```

```
In [21]: #Figure 6
```

In [22]: plt.boxplot(h_data.operation_year)

plt.title('Boxplot for Operation Year of Breast Cancer Patients')

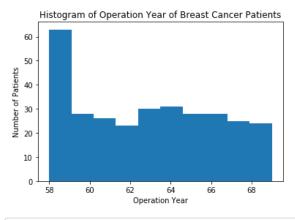
Out[22]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Boxplot for Operation Year of Breast Cancer Patients')



```
In [23]: #Figure 7 #Histogram
```

```
In [24]: plt.hist(h_data.operation_year, bins=10)
    plt.xlabel('Operation Year')
    plt.ylabel('Number of Patients')
    plt.title('Histogram of Operation Year of Breast Cancer Patients')
```

 ${\tt Out[24]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Histogram \ of \ Operation \ Year \ of \ Breast \ Cancer \ Patients')}$



```
In [25]: #Figure 8
# Bar diagram
```

```
In [19]: objects = ('Survived', 'Dead')
```

In [20]: x_pos = np.arange(len(objects))

In [21]: status_fre=[225, 81]

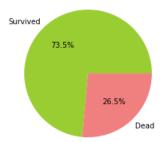
```
In [22]: plt.bar(x_pos, status_fre)
   plt.xticks(x_pos, objects)
   plt.ylabel('Number of Patients')
   plt.title('Survival Status of Breast Cancer Patients')
   plt.show()
```

Survival Status of Breast Cancer Patients

```
In [31]: #Figure 9 #Pie Chart
```

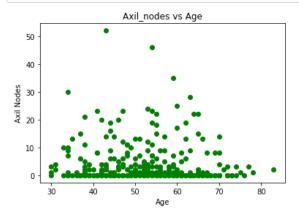
In [24]: status_fre=[225, 81]

In [25]: plt.pie(status_fre, labels=['Survived', 'Dead'], colors=['yellowgreen', 'lightcoral'], autopct='%.1f%%')
plt.show()



```
In [35]: #Figure 10 #Scatter Diagram
```

```
In [26]: plt.scatter(h_data['age'],h_data['axil_nodes'], color = 'g')
    plt.xlabel('Age')
    plt.ylabel('Axil Nodes')
    plt.title('Axil_nodes vs Age')
    plt.show()
```



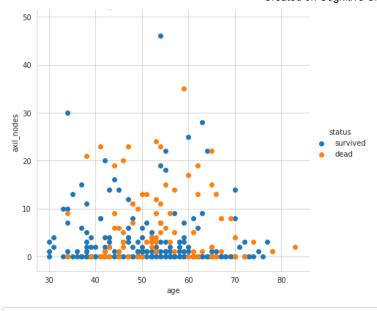
```
In [37]: #to label status variable in readable format, 1 labeled as 'survived' and 2 labeled as 'dead'
```

```
In [27]: h_data['status'] = h_data['status'].map({1:'survived', 2:'dead'})
```

In [39]: #Figure 11

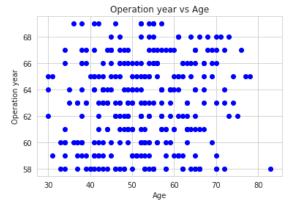
In [28]: sns.set_style('whitegrid');

```
In [29]: sns.FacetGrid(h_data, hue = 'status', height = 6)\
    .map(plt.scatter, 'age', 'axil_nodes')\
    .add_legend();
```



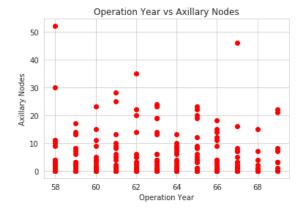
```
In [44]: #Figure 12
#Scatter Diagram
```

```
In [30]: plt.scatter(h_data['age'],h_data['operation_year'], c = 'b')
    plt.xlabel('Age')
    plt.ylabel('Operation year')
    plt.title('Operation year vs Age')
    plt.show()
```



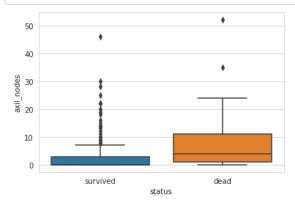
```
In [46]: #Figure 13 #Scatter Diagram
```

```
In [22]: plt.scatter(h_data['operation_year'],h_data['axil_nodes'], color = 'r')
    plt.xlabel('Operation Year')
    plt.ylabel('Axillary Nodes')
    plt.title('Operation Year vs Axillary Nodes')
    plt.show()
```

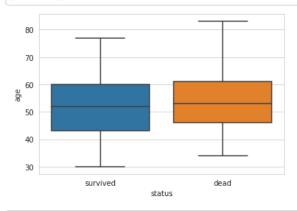


In [48]: #Figure 14

```
In [32]: sns.boxplot(x='status',y='axil_nodes', data=h_data)
plt.show()
```

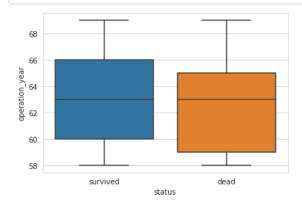


In [33]: #Figure 15
 sns.boxplot(x='status',y='age', data=h_data)
 plt.show()



In [56]: #Figure 16

In [34]: sns.boxplot(x='status',y='operation_year', data=h_data)
plt.show()



In [58]: #Figure 17
#Pairplots

In [24]: sns.set_style('whitegrid')

In [10]: h_data['status'] = h_data['status'].map({1:'survived', 2:'dead'})

In [7]: sns.pairplot(h_data, hue = 'status', height = 4)
plt.show()

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.6/site-packages/scipy/stats/stats.py:1713: FutureWarning: U sing a non-tuple sequence for multidimensional indexing is deprecated; use `arr[tuple(seq)]` instead of `a rr[seq]`. In the future this will be interpreted as an array index, `arr[np.array(seq)]`, which will result either in an error or a different result.

return np.add.reduce(sorted[indexer] * weights, axis=axis) / sumval

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.6/site-packages/statsmodels/nonparametric/kde.py:487: Runti meWarning: invalid value encountered in true_divide

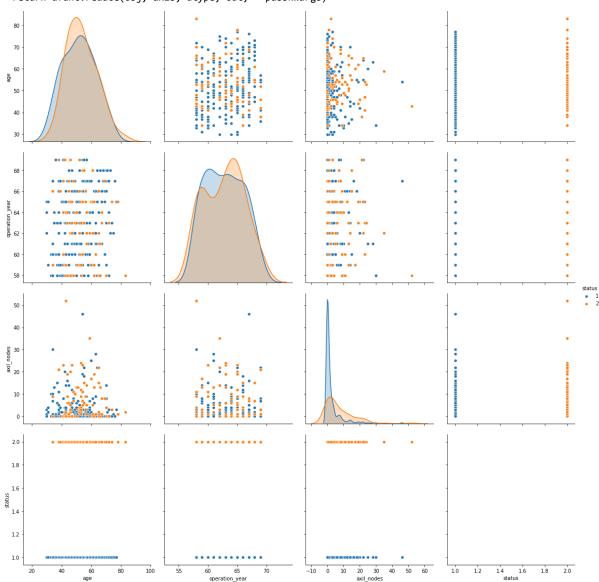
binned = fast_linbin(X, a, b, gridsize) / (delta * nobs)

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.6/site-packages/statsmodels/nonparametric/kdetools.py:34: R untimeWarning: invalid value encountered in double_scalars

FAC1 = 2*(np.pi*bw/RANGE)**2

/home/jupyterlab/conda/envs/python/lib/python3.6/site-packages/numpy/core/fromnumeric.py:83: RuntimeWarnin g: invalid value encountered in reduce

return ufunc.reduce(obj, axis, dtype, out, **passkwargs)



In [12]: #Summary Measures

In [13]: h_data.describe()

Out[13]:

	age	operation_year	axil_nodes
count	306.000000	306.000000	306.000000
mean	52.457516	62.852941	4.026144
std	10.803452	3.249405	7.189654
min	30.000000	58.000000	0.000000
25%	44.000000	60.000000	0.000000
50%	52.000000	63.000000	1.000000
75%	60.750000	65.750000	4.000000
max	83.000000	69.000000	52.000000

In [15]. h data mode()

