

HW 8.1 - assigned

By substitution the Boolean expression equivalent of the binary operation as defined in Table of 16 functions on 2 variables, show the following:

- (a) The inhibition operation is neither commutative nor associative.
- (b) The exclusive-OR operation is commutative and associative.

a) Inhibition: $f_2 = xy'$ $f_4 = x'y$

if $f_2 = xy' = \frac{x}{y}$ is commutative then $\frac{x}{y} = \frac{y}{x}$

Counter example: $\frac{x}{y} \neq \frac{y}{x}$ if $x=1$ & $y=0$

$$\frac{x}{y} \neq \frac{y}{x} \iff xy' \neq yx' = 1 \cdot 1 \neq 0 \cdot 0 = 1 \neq 0 \checkmark$$

Thus, f_2 is not commutative

b) Exclusive-OR: $f_6(x, y) = xy' + x'y = x \oplus y$

if f_6 is associative, $(x \oplus y) \oplus z = x \oplus (y \oplus z)$

$$LS = (xy' + x'y) \oplus z = (xy' + x'y)z' + (xy' + x'y)'z = xy'z' + x'yz' + (x' + y)(x + y')z =$$

$$xy'z' + x'yz' + x'y'z + xyz$$

$$RS = x \oplus (yz' + y'z) = x(yz' + y'z)' + x'(yz' + y'z) = x(y' + z)(y + z') + x'yz' + x'y'z =$$

$$xy'z' + x'yz' + x'y'z + xyz$$

Thus F_6 is associative because $LS = RS$